Simulink[®] Report Generator™ User's Guide

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Simulink[®] Report Generator[™] User's Guide

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Getting Started

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- "Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAB Report Generator" on page 1-3
- "System Design Documentation and Results Reporting" on page 1-7
- "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
- "Generate Reports Without Customizing" on page 1-21
- "Report Creation Workflow" on page 1-23
- "Report Components" on page 1-24
- "Acknowledgments" on page 1-27

Simulink Report Generator Product Description

Design and automatically generate reports from Simulink models and Stateflow charts

Simulink Report Generator provides functions and APIs that enable you to include block diagrams, Stateflow[®] charts, MATLAB[®] Function blocks, truth tables, data dictionaries, and other model elements in your reports. You can design and generate reports in PDF, Microsoft[®] Word, Microsoft PowerPoint[®], and HTML. You can generate standard reports such as system design descriptions, as well as custom reports containing design artifacts such as generated code, requirements traceability, documentation, and test results. Artifacts for DO-178, ISO 26262, IEC 61508, and related industry standards can also be included.

Simulink Report Generator enables you to create web views that let you view, navigate, and share Simulink models from a web browser without a Simulink license. You can embed model web views in HTML code generation, requirements, coverage, and other types of reports.

Key Features

- Automated reporting from Simulink and Stateflow
- PDF, Microsoft Word, Microsoft PowerPoint, and HTML formats
- Templates for programmatic and forms-based reporting
- Automatic capture of simulation results and model specifications
- Web views for viewing and navigating models in web browsers
- Artifacts for DO-178 and IEC 61508

Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAB Report Generator

Simulink Report Generator extends MATLAB Report Generator by adding the ability to find and report on Simulink block diagrams and elements and Stateflow charts and elements. Simulink Report Generator also provides Web Views and Embedded Web Views of Simulink models.

Finders and Reporters

The Simulink Report API has finder classes that find and report on Simulink diagrams, subsystems, blocks, annotations, and other elements. It also has finders for Stateflow, which find and report on charts, states, transitions, and other elements. All of the finders are derived from the mlreportgen.finder.Finder base class. In addition to finders, the Report API has reporter classes, which you use to customize reporting on finder results. See "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 for more information and a full list of available finders and reporters. In addition the finders and reporters, the MATLAB Report API and DOM API provide many features useful for creating Simulink reports, such as title page, table of contents, and chapter reporters.

This example shows results reported for Simulink blocks by the Report API BlockFinder class.

Chapter 1. Blocks in slrgex_vdp model		
1.1. Constant		
Table 1.1. slrgex_vdp/Constant Properties		
Property		Value
Туре		Block
Block Type		Constant
Constant value		1
Interpret vector parameters as 1-D		on
Output data type		Inherit: Inherit from 'Constant value'
Lock output data type setting against changes by the fixed-point tools		off
Sample time		inf
Frame period		inf
1.2. More Info		
Table 1.2. slrgex_vdp/More Info Properties		
Property	Value	
Туре	System	

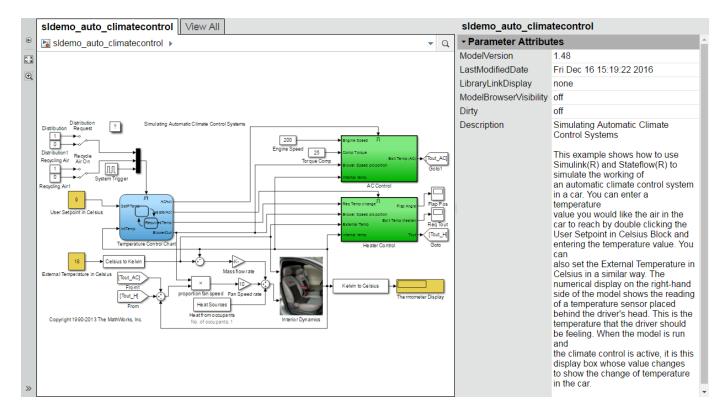
This example shows results reported for Stateflow transitions by the Report API StateflowDiagramElementFinder class.

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Destination	None
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	?
	Value
Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	None
Destination	One
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC
Table 2.3. slrgex_f	uelsys_fuel_rate
Property	Transition
Туре	
Source	One
Destination	Two
ExecutionOrder	1

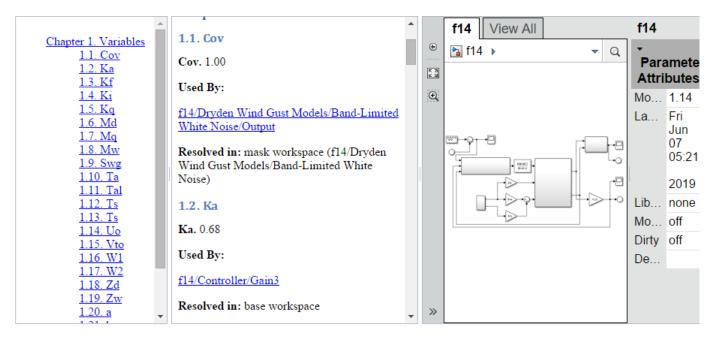
Web Views and Embedded Web Views

Simulink Report Generator also provides Web Views and Embedded Web Views. A Web View is an interactive rendition of a Simulink model that you can view in a Web browser. An Embedded Web View is an HTML report that contains one or more Web Views.

This example shows a Web View.



This example shows a portion of an Embedded Web View report.



See Also

mlreportgen.finder.Finder

More About

- "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
- "What Are Reporters?"
- "Create a Report Generator"
- "Create Simulink Report Generator Reports" on page 4-2
- "Create and Use Web Views of Models" on page 5-18
- "Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30

System Design Documentation and Results Reporting

Types of Reports

Two common goals for creating reports are:

- "System Design Documentation" on page 1-7 Capture information about the design decisions, structure, implementation, and operational details of a system.
- Results reporting on page 1-7 Present results of running a system.

You use a similar workflow for creating and generating reports for both goals. However, some components are particularly useful for each use case.

System Design Documentation

System documentation helps you to:

- Capture design decisions
- Record implementation details
- Communicate the system design and interfaces among groups

When you create a Simulink Report Generator report to provide system design documentation, the report captures information about the system design from the model. Each time that you generate the report, you see up-to-date documentation for the design.

The table includes examples of components that are useful for system design documentation reports.

System Information	Examples of Components to Use	
Requirements	Requirements Summary Table (for requirements specified with Requirements Toolbox [™])	
System layout	System Hierarchy, System Snapshot	
Model configuration	Model Configuration Set, Model Advisor Report	
Block parameter settings	Simulink Dialog Snapshot,Block Loop	
Properties	Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table	
Variables	Variable Table,Simulink Workspace Variable	
System documentation included in a model	Documentation, Simulink Name	

Results Reporting

Capturing results from simulating a model is useful for:

- Model regression testing
- Verifying and validating designs
- Exploring design alternatives
- Optimizing designs

The table includes examples of components that are useful in results reports.

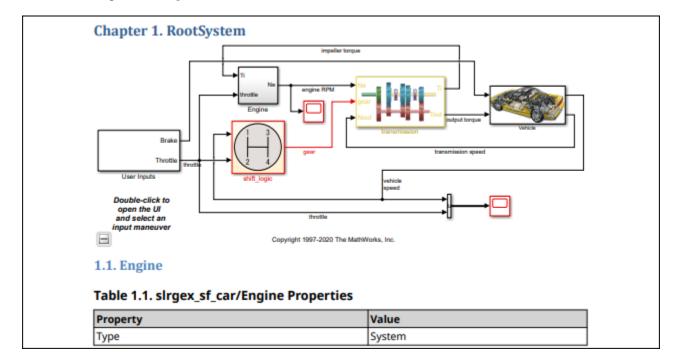
Results Information	Examples of Components to Use
Signal values	Scope Snapshot, Block Loop
Simulation processing	Model Simulation, Model Configuration Set, Fixed Point Logging Options
Figures generated with MATLAB	Figure Snapshot, To Workspace Plot
Generated code	Code Generation Summary, Import Generated Code

You can use components such as the Model Simulation component to control how the model simulates. Other components, such as the Scope Snapshot, show the results of the simulation.

Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements

Finders and reporters reduce the amount of time and complexity required to write code to find and report on Simulink model elements, such as diagrams and blocks, and on Stateflow charts and transitions, etc. The Simulink Report Generator Report API is a layer on top of the DOM API. Its finders and reporters are based on the Simulink and Stateflow find base class. You specify the container in which to find specific elements, such as blocks in a subsystem or states in a chart. Finder objects return their results in a corresponding array of finder result objects.

The Simulink Report API also includes reporter classes, which return an image of the container. This image is the top level of a model.



Every result object returned by a finder has an associated reporter object, which reports on those results. The reporter object holds the content and formats the content, such as tables of properties and data plots. You add the reporter objects to your reports. Use the MATLAB Report API reporters to define common report elements. See "What Are Reporters?" for information.

All finders and reporters have these features:

- Default behaviors and values
- Allow overriding and customizing their output

All finders have find, hasNext, and next methods. The find method finds and returns in an array of result objects all elements for each found element of the specified type. The hasNext and next methods find and return one element at a time and are used to iterate over a list of results. The hasNext method checks whether the container has at least one of the element of the specified type. If the container has one or more of the elements, then the hasNext method queues it for the next method to find and return as a result object.

All reporters have predefined templates. The template for each reporter defines its formatting, layout, and content holes. You do not need to change the template or specify any formats, layouts, or holes

unless you want a customized report. You can customize your report by copying and editing its default template or by using a new template. Editing a copy of the default template gives you a starting point and structure to follow to customize your template. Using a new template lets you completely define your template starting with a blank file. To change the order of the report content, reorder the holes in the template. Finders do not use templates. Another way to customize a reporter class is by subclassing it.

The default reporter templates for each output type are in a template library, which is at

```
matlab\toolbox\shared\slreportgen\rpt\rpt\+slreportgen\
+report\@<reporter>\resources\templates\<output>
```

For example, the path to the default template for the DiagramReporter for PDF output is

```
matlab\toolbox\shared\slreportgen\rpt\rpt\+slreportgen\
    +report\@DiagramReporter\resources\templates\pdf\default.pdftx
```

For a detailed example of editing a template, see the "Reporter Elements" section of "What Are Reporters?"

Simulink Report API Classes

The Simulink Report API provides these finder, result, and reporter classes. To use these classes in a report generator program, you must create a container of type slreportgen.report.Report to hold the report.

Finder and Result Classes

Report API Class	Description
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder	Finds Simulink block diagram annotations.
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder	Finds blocks in a Simulink block diagram.
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult	Contains a block found by a BlockFinder object.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder</pre>	Finds Stateflow charts in a model.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinde r</pre>	Finds Simulink data dictionaries.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResul t</pre>	Contains a data dictionary found by a DataDictionary object.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinde r</pre>	Finds elements of a Simulink block diagram or Stateflow chart.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t</pre>	Contains a diagram element found by a DiagramElementFinder object.
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder	Finds block diagrams and charts in a Simulink model.
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult	Contains a diagram found by a DiagramFinder object.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder</pre>	Finds variables used by a Simulink model.

Report API Class	Description
<pre>slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult</pre>	Contains a model variable found by a ModelVariableFinder object.
slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder	Finds signals used by a model or block.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.SignalResult</pre>	Contains a signal found by a SignalFinder object.
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder	Finds states in a Stateflow chart.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramEle mentFinder</pre>	Finds elements of a Stateflow chart.
<pre>slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder</pre>	Finds system block diagrams in a Simulink model.

Reporter Classes

Report API Class	Description	
slreportgen.report.Bus	Reports on buses selected or created by Simulink blocks.	
slreportgen.report.BusObject	Reports on Simulink.Bus objects used by a model.	
slreportgen.report.CFunction	Reports on a C Function block.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.DataDictionary</pre>	Reports on a Simulink data dictionary.	
slreportgen.report.Diagram	Creates a snapshot of a Simulink block diagram or a Stateflow chart.	
slreportgen.report.DocBlock	Reports on a Simulink DocBlock.	
slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram	Reports on an element diagram snapshot and caption.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder</pre>	Reports on the tasks of a model or nonvirtual subsystem and the blocks in each task, sorted by execution order.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.LookupTable</pre>	Reports on breakpoints and output points of a Simulink lookup table block.	
slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction	Reports on a MATLAB Function block or a Stateflow MATLAB function.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration</pre>	Reports on the active configuration set of a model.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.ModelVariable</pre>	Reports on a model variable.	
slreportgen.report.Notes	Reports on Simulink or Stateflow diagram notes.	
slreportgen.report.Signal	Reports on a signal.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectPrope rties</pre>	Creates a table of the properties of a Simulink object.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProp erties</pre>	Creates a table of the properties of a Stateflow object.	
<pre>slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy</pre>	Creates a nested list of the subsystems of a Simulink model or subsystem.	

Report API Class	Description
	Reports on Simulink system input and output signals.
slreportgen.report.TestSequence	Reports on a Simulink Test Sequence block.
	Reports on a Simulink truth table block or a Stateflow truth table object.

Find and Report on Blocks in a Model

This example shows how to find and report on all Simulink blocks in the slrgex_vdp model using the BlockFinder class. The resulting HTML report includes default information and uses default formatting for each block.

Import the Report API package, which let you use class names without including their package names. For example, you can use BlockFinder instead of slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder. In addition to importing the Simulink Report API base classes, import the MATLAB Report API base class. A typical report includes a title page, table of contents, chapters, and sections, which you include as reporter classes in the MATLAB Report API.

import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

2 Load the slrgex_vdp model.

model_name = 'slrgex_vdp'; load_system(model_name)

3 Create the container object to hold the report and open the report. In this case, the output report is saved in zipped slrgex_vdp_model.htmx HTML report. You can use any output name you want. If you run the report generator more than once using the same output file name, the output file is overwritten. To use Simulink Report API finders and reporters in your report generator program, you must use the fully qualified name to create the container object.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('slrgex_vdp_model', 'html');
open(rpt)
```

4 Add a chapter and specify its title.

ch = Chapter('Blocks in slrgex_vdp model');

5 Use the BlockFinder class to create a finder. In this case, the BlockFinder finds all the blocks in the model. Use the find method to find the blocks specified by the finder.

finder = BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);

6 Loop through the results of the find method and create a section for each block, and add the block property table to the section. Then, add each section to the chapter. After all blocks have been added, add the chapter to the report.

```
for result = results
    sect = Section('Title',result.Name);
    append(sect,result)
    append(ch,sect)
end
append(rpt,ch);
```

7 Close the report and model, and view the report.

```
close(rpt);
   close_system(model_name);
    rptview(rpt);
The full program is
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'slrgex_vdp';
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('slrgex vdp model', 'html');
open(rpt)
ch = Chapter('Blocks in slrgex vdp model');
finder = BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
     sect = Section('Title', result.Name);
     append(sect,result)
     append(ch,sect);
end
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt)
close system(model name)
rptview(rpt)
```

The chapter heading and the section headings and property tables of the first two blocks of the resulting report are shown.

Chapter 1. Blocks in slrgex_vdp model		
1.1. Constant		
Table 1.1. slrgex_vdp/Constant Properties		
Property		Value
Туре		Block
Block Type		Constant
Constant value		1
Interpret vector parameters as 1-D		on
Output data type		Inherit: Inherit from 'Constant value'
Lock output data type setting against changes by the fixed-point tools	off	
Sample time		inf
Frame period		inf
1.2. More Info		
Table 1.2. slrgex_vdp/More Info Properties		
Property	Value	
Туре	System	

Use Specific Finders and Reporters for Different Block Types

Create a PDF report generator that finds all blocks in the slrgex_radar_eml model.

To find all blocks, use the BlockFinder. The if statement shows how to test for MATLAB Function blocks. Use the MATLABFunction reporter to report MATLAB Function block details. The else statement shows how blocks other than MATLAB Function blocks use the BlockFinder find method results.

```
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(blks(i).Object)
     rptr = MATLABFunction(blks(i).Object);
     sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
     append(sec,rptr)
     append(ch,sec)
else
     sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
     append(sec,blks(i))
     append(ch,sec)
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
The full program is
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

```
model_name = 'slrgex_radar_eml';
load_system(model_name)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('radar','pdf');
open(rpt)
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
ch = Chapter('Blocks in slrgex radar eml Model');
for i=1:length(blks)
   if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(blks(i).Object)
      rptr = MATLABFunction(blks(i).Object);
      sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
      append(sec,rptr)
      append(ch,sec)
   else
      sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
      append(sec,blks(i))
      append(ch,sec)
   end
end
append(rpt,ch)
close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

An example of the information reported for a MATLAB Function block by the MATLABFunction reporter is:

Table 1.1. MATLAB Function Object Prope	rties
Property	Value
Update Method	INHERITED
Sample Time	-1
Support variable-size arrays	0
Saturate on integer overflow	1
Treat these inherited Simulink signal types as fi obj ects	Fixed-point
MATLAB Function block fimath	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLeng th', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32 'CastBeforeSum', true)
Description	

Name	Scope	Port	Data Type	Size
meas	Input	1	double	2
residual	Output	1	double	2
xhatOut	Output	2	double	4
deltat	Parameter	NaN	double	1

MATLAB Function Function Script

function [residual, xhatOut] = EXTKALMAN(meas, deltat) %EXTKALMAN Radar Data Processing Tracker Using an Extended Kalman Filter

An example of the information reported by the find method of the BlockFinder is:

Table 1.3. slrgex_radar_eml/Meas. noise intensity Pro	perties	
Property Type	Block	
Block Type	Gain	
Gain	[300 0; 0 .01]	
Multiplication	Matrix(K*u) (u vector)	
Parameter data type	Inherit: Inherit via internal rule	
Output data type	Inherit: Inherit via internal rule	
Lock output data type setting against changes by the fixed-point t ools	off	
Integer rounding mode	Floor	
Saturate on integer overflow off		
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1	
1.3. Radar Measurement Noise Table 1.4. slrgex_radar_eml/Radar Measurement Noi		
	Value	
Property	Block	
Туре		
Type Block Type	SubSystem	
Type Block Type Noise power	[1 1]	
Type Block Type	[1 1] 0.1	
Type Block Type Noise power	[1 1]	

Find and Report on Stateflow Elements

This example describes how to find and report on Stateflow states, transitions, and junctions. It reports on the control_logic chart of the slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control model.

This portion of the code uses a StateFinder object and its find method to find and report on states in the chart. It loops through the array of found states and adds each one to the chapter.

```
stFinder = StateFinder(subsys);
states = find(stFinder);
for state = states
    append(chapter,state)
end
append(rpt,chapter)
```

Chapter 1. States

Table 1.1. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/O2 Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
Description	This state determines the validity of the exhaust gas oxygen sensor (EGO) data.
Label	02

Table 1.2. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Pressure Properties

Pro	operty	Value
Тур)e	AND State
Des	scription	This state assesses the validity of the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor.
Lab	pel	Pressure

Table 1.3. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Throttle Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
Description	This state determines the validity of the throttle sensor signal.
Label	Throttle

Table 1.4. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Speed Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
	This state infers the validity of the speed sensor data. A failure is indicated by the pre sence of manifold vacuum at zero speed.
Label	Speed

To report on the transitions, use a StateflowDiagramElementFinder object and its find method. To show the property table with a narrower width than the default, customize the output. First, obtain the reporter for the result. To set the width, use the TableWidth property of the reporter.

```
chapter = Chapter("Title", "Transitions");
trFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder...
("Container", subsys, "Types", "transition");
transitions = find(trFinder);
for transition = transitions
    rptr = transition.getReporter;
    rptr.PropertyTable.TableWidth = "3in";
    append(chapter, rptr)
end
append(rpt, chapter)
```

Chapter 2. Transitions

Table 2.1. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/? Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Destination	None
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	?

Table 2.2. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/INC Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	None
Destination	One
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC

Table 2.3. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/INC Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	One
Destination	Two
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC

The complete program is

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "slrgex fuelsys fuel rate control";
load system(model name);
subsys = "slrgex fuelsys fuel rate control/control logic";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
open(rpt)
tp = TitlePage("Title",...
   "Control Logic Chart of slrgex fuelsys fuel rate control");
append(rpt,tp)
append(rpt,TableOfContents);
chapter = Chapter("Title", "States");
stFinder = StateFinder(subsys);
states = find(stFinder);
for state = states
   append(chapter,state)
end
append(rpt,chapter)
```

```
chapter = Chapter("Title", "Transitions");
trFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder...
("Container", subsys, "Types", "transition");
transitions = find(trFinder);
for transition = transitions
    rptr = transition.getReporter;
    rptr.PropertyTable.TableWidth = "3in";
    append(chapter, rptr)
end
append(rpt, chapter)
close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
```

rptview(rpt)

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report

More About

- "Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAB Report Generator" on page 1-3
- "What Are Reporters?"
- "Templates"

Generate Reports Without Customizing

In this section...

"Predefined Standard Reports" on page 1-21

"Report API" on page 1-21

"Web View" on page 1-21

You can use Simulink Report Generator without customizing reports by using:

- Predefined standard reports
- Report API objects
- Web view

Predefined Standard Reports

Simulink Report Generator comes with two predefined, standard reports for Simulink:

- System Design Description Report
- System Requirements (requires Requirements Toolbox)

The System Design Description Report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model. You can choose report options by using the report dialog box, or you can create a customized version using the Report Explorer. You can use the System Design Description report setup file as a starting point for creating a setup file for your own report. For details, see "Generate System Design Description Reports" on page 2-5.

The System Requirements report includes information about all the requirements associated with the model and its objects. You must have Requirements Toolbox installed to use the System Requirements report.

To generate the System Requirements report from the Simulink Toolstrip:

- 1 If the **Requirements** tab is not available, on the **Apps** tab, in the **Model Verification**, **Validation**, and **Test** section, click **Requirements Manager**.
- 2 On the **Requirements** tab, in the **Share** section, click **Share** > **Generate Model Traceability Report**.

Report API

The Report API, which is based on the DOM API, is a set of document objects, such as title page, table of contents, chapter, and figure objects, that do the work of dozens of lines of code based on DOM objects. As a result, the Report API greatly reduces the amount of code needed to generate reports. As with the DOM API, you can add content to your report in the form of built-in MATLAB objects, such as strings, number and character arrays, and cell arrays. The Report API converts these to DOM objects before adding them to your report. You can also use text, paragraph and other DOM objects directly to format the content that you add to your report.

Web View

A web view is a view of a model that you can explore in a web browser. Web views are useful for presenting models to audiences and for sharing models with colleagues who do not have MathWorks®

products installed. You can use web views to navigate subsystems and see properties of blocks and signals. For details, see "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4.

Report Creation Workflow

Use this general approach for creating reports interactively.

- **1** Open the Report Explorer. In the Simulink Toolstrip, on the **Apps** tab, under **Simulation Graphics and Reporting**, click **Report Generator**.
- **2** Create a report setup file for your new report design.
- **3** Add components to the report setup file. Components determine the behavior and contents of your report. You can use the supplied components and you can create your own custom components.
- **4** Choose a Microsoft Word, HTML, or PDF template or a Report Explorer style sheet to associate styles with the report setup file.
- **5** Generate the report.

To create reports programmatically using the Report API and DOM API, see "Report Generator Development" and "Create Report Programs".

See Also

Related Examples

- "Generate a Report Using a Template"
- "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-51

More About

- "Report Setup"
- "Layout Style Sheets"

Report Components

In this section		
"About Report Components" on page 1-24		
"Report Structure Components" on page 1-24		
"System-Based Components" on page 1-24		
"User-Supplied Information Components" on page 1-25		
"Dynamic Reporting Components" on page 1-26		
"Format Control at the Component Level" on page 1-26		

About Report Components

Include components in a report setup file to specify report behavior and insert content, such as tables, lists, and figures, into a report. Use the Report Explorer to add components to a report and to specify their behavior.

Component Type	Description
"Report Structure Components" on page 1-24	Include a title page, sections, and other components to organize the content of a report.
"System-Based Components" on page 1-24	Include components that obtain information directly from a model to include in a report.
"User-Supplied Information Components" on page 1-25	Include text and graphics that you supply, independent of a model.
"Dynamic Reporting Components" on page 1-26	Set up dynamic control for when to include components and what information to report on for a component, based on data from a model or on other conditions that you specify.

Use a combination of these types of components in your report setup file.

Report Structure Components

To add a title page, use a **Title Page** component. You can include an abstract and legal notice information. For an example, see "Add a Title Page" on page 4-57.

To organize a report into sections, use Chapter/Subsection components. For an example, see "Create a Section for Each Iteration" on page 4-69.

System-Based Components

The Simulink Report Generator includes components that get information from a model to include in a report. Using system-based components allows your report to describe the current state of a model. Once the setup file contains these components, you can generate the report whenever you want to capture the latest version of a model.

Property table components display property name/property value pairs for objects in tables. Summary table components insert tables that include specified properties for objects into generated reports. The tables contain one object per row, with each object property appearing in a column.

To use descriptive information from DocBlock blocks, use the Documentation component.

A few examples of system-based components include:

- MATLAB Property Table
- Simulink Workspace Variable
- System Hierarchy
- Simulink Summary Table
- Simulink Dialog Snapshot
- Block Execution Order List
- Model Loop
- Model Configuration Set
- Scope Snapshot

For examples of using system-based components, see:

- "Property Table Components"
- "Summary Table Components"
- "Create the Body of the Report" on page 4-63

The Simulink Report Generator also includes system-based components that contain model elements from the following Simulink products:

- Stateflow
- Fixed-Point Designer[™]
- Simulink Coder[™]
- Simulink Check[™]
- Requirements Toolbox

User-Supplied Information Components

In addition to using system-based components to extract data from a system and insert that information into a report, you can also add content that you, or others, supply. For example, to include text, use the Paragraph and Text components.

To insert a graphic from a file, use an Image component. To insert ASCII text, use an Import File component.

To include notes about the report source files, use a Comment component.

For an example, see "Add Introductory Text to the First Chapter".

Dynamic Reporting Components

Dynamic reporting components execute conditionally, enabling you to decide when a child component executes or how many times a child component executes. To control the report generation flow, use logical and flow components such as Logical If, Logical Then, While Loop, or For Loop.

A looping component runs its child components a specified number of times. There are several looping components, including logical loops, Handle Graphics[®] loops, and model and chart loops. For model and chart loops, you can control aspects such as the order in which the report sorts blocks.

For examples, see:

- "Logical and Looping Components"
- "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-60
- "Create the Body of the Report" on page 4-63
- "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-88

Format Control at the Component Level

The output format and stylesheet that you select for a report determines most aspects of the generated report formatting. For details, see "Report Output Format".

In addition to stylesheets that control the format and layout of the report, for some components you can set properties to specify formatting details for that specific instance of a component. For example, for the Simulink Property Table, you can specify whether to display table borders or specify the alignment of text in table cells.

Acknowledgments

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Generate System Design Description Reports

- "System Design Description" on page 2-2
- "Generate System Design Description Reports" on page 2-5
- "Customize System Design Descriptions" on page 2-6
- "Generate System Design Reports with Report API" on page 2-8

System Design Description

In this section...

"Predefined Standard Reports" on page 2-2

"What Is the System Design Description?" on page 2-2

"What You Can Do with the Report" on page 2-2

"Report Contents" on page 2-3

Predefined Standard Reports

From the Simulink Toolstrip, you can generate two predefined, standard Simulink Report Generator reports called:

- System Design Description
- System Requirements Traceability

The System Design Description report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model. You can choose report options using the report dialog, or you can create a customized version using the Report Explorer. For details, see "Generate System Design Description Reports" on page 2-5.

You can use the System Design Description report setup file as a starting point for creating a setup file for your own report. For more information, see "Print Model Reports".

The System Requirements Traceability report requires that you have Requirements Toolbox installed. The System Requirements Traceability report includes information about all the requirements associated with the model and its objects.

Follow these steps to generate the System Requirements Traceability report from the Simulink Toolstrip:

- 1 If the **Requirements** tab is not available, on the **Apps** tab, in the **Model Verification**, **Validation**, and **Test** section, click **Requirements Manager**.
- 2 On the **Requirements** tab, in the **Share** section, click **Share** > **Generate Model Traceability Report**.

What Is the System Design Description?

The System Design Description is a prebuilt Simulink Report Generator report that describes the system design represented by a Simulink model.

By default, the Simulink Report Generator generates the report for the model from which you invoke the System Design Description report option.

What You Can Do with the Report

You can use the System Design Description to

• Review a system design without having the model open

- Generate summary and detailed descriptions of the design
- Assess compliance with design requirements
- Archive the system design in a format independent of the modeling environment
- Build a customized version of the report, using the Report Explorer

Report Contents

You can specify what kinds of information to include in the report, in terms of:

- What elements of a model to include in the report (for example, whether to include subsystems from custom libraries)
- Whether to generate a summary version or a detailed version of the System Design Description report.

For details, see "Generate System Design Description Reports" on page 2-5.

Section	Information
Report Overview	Model version
Root System	Block diagram representing the algorithms that compute root system outputs
	Description (if available from model)
	• Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the system input and output signals
	• Subsystems: the path and a block diagram for each subsystem
	State charts
	Requirements (optional)
Subsystems	• Path
	• Block diagram
System Design Variables	Design variables
	Functions in design variable expressions

Summary Version

Detailed Version

The detailed version of the report includes all the information that is in the summary form of the report, as well as more information about the system components. The atomic subsystem information is more detailed than virtual subsystem information.

Section	Information
Report Overview	Model version

Section	Information
Root system	Block diagram representing the algorithms that compute root system outputs
	Description (if available from model)
	• Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the root system input and output signals
	Block parameters
	Includes detailed information about MATLAB Function blocks
	• Block execution order for root system and atomic subsystems
	Look-up tables
	Simulink workspace variables
	Model configuration sets
	State charts
	Requirements (optional)
Subsystems	The same type of information as the information for the root system, as well as:
	Path of the subsystem in the model
	• (For atomic subsystems) Checksum that indicates whether the version of an atomic subsystem that generates the report differs from other versions of the subsystem
	Referenced models (optional)
	Subsystems from custom libraries (optional)
State Charts	State chart
	• States
	Transitions between the states
	• Junctions
	Events that trigger state transitions
	Data types
	• Targets
	Truth tables

Report Captures Documentation Included in a Model

The System Design Description reports documentation included in a model, including:

- The model description (from the model properties)
- The block property Description
- DocBlock model documentation blocks

To enrich the generated System Design Description, add corresponding information in the model.

Generate System Design Description Reports

Generate a system design description report to create a standard report of your model from the Simulink Editor. The System Design Description report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model.

When you generate the report, you can specify layout and content options for:

- Title page contents
- Report content
- Report file format and storage location

Tip For faster report generation, set **File format** to one of the from template options. For example, select Direct PDF (from template) to output to PDF.

- **1** Open the model or subsystem for which you want to generate a report. The model must compile without error for the report to generate.
- 2 On the Modeling tab, in the Design section, click System Design Report.
- **3** In the Design Description dialog box, specify layout and content options for the report. To display detailed information about each option, right-click the label and select **What's This**.
- 4 Click Generate.

To create a customized version of the report, click **Customize Content**. This option creates a copy of the report setup file and opens the copy in the Report Explorer. See "Customize System Design Descriptions" on page 2-6.

See Also

More About

• "System Design Description" on page 2-2

Customize System Design Descriptions

In this section...

"Use Report Explorer to Customize Reports" on page 2-6

"Build Dialog Boxes for Custom Report Setup Files" on page 2-7

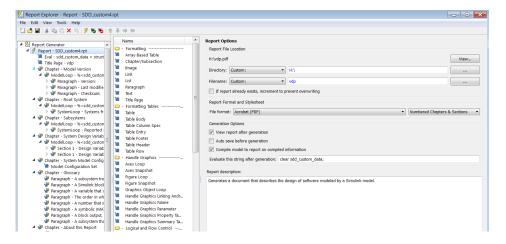
You can create customized versions of the System Design Description report by using the Report Explorer and, optionally the MATLAB tools for building graphical user interfaces.

By default, when you open a customized version of the report, the System Design Description dialog box does not open.

Use Report Explorer to Customize Reports

To customize the System Design Description setup file in the Simulink Report Generator using the Report Explorer:

1 In the System Design Description dialog box, click the **Customize Content** button to open the Report Explorer.



The Report Explorer reflects any changes (for example, a different report name) that you made in the System Design Description dialog box.

- 2 In the Report Explorer, add or modify components. See "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-51 and "Information Components".
 - Do not remove the sdd_custom_data structure, which is defined as:

```
sdd_custom_data = struct('model',bdroot,'rootSystem',gcs);
```

You can modify the model argument, which is the model for which you generated the report and the rootSystem argument, which is the system-level in the model at which, and below which, you want to use to generate the report.

- Do not remove or modify functions that begin with StdRpt, such as %StdRpt.getChecksum
- **3** Optionally modify a style sheet (see "Layout Style Sheets").
- 4 Save the customized report with a name other than SDD_custom.rpt.

Build Dialog Boxes for Custom Report Setup Files

To provide options for your custom report, you can create a dialog box, like the System Design Description dialog box. The dialog box that you create for your custom report can allow others to adapt the report to meet their needs, without their having to use the Report Explorer.

Generate System Design Reports with Report API

This example shows how to generate a Report API-based system design report. The system design report is a description of the design of a dynamic system generated from the Simulink® model of the system.

A Report API-based system design report uses objects of Report API classes to report on system components. See "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9.

The gensdd Function

The **gensdd** function, which is included with this example, generates a report that includes these sections:

- Title Page
- Table of Contents
- List of Figures
- List of Tables
- System Hierarchy
- Root System chapter that contains the root block diagram, task and block execution order, and properties of each block in the root diagram
- SubSystems chapter that contains the diagram, block execution order, and block properties of the model subsystems
- Charts chapter that contains the charts and chart object properties of each of the model charts
- Design Data chapter that contains the model variables
- System Model Configuration chapter that contains details about the active configuration set for the model $% \mathcal{A}_{\mathrm{S}}$

The complete gensdd function is listed at the end of this example. You can modify the gensdd.m file to create a custom system design report.

Generate a PDF System Design Report for the slrgex_sf_car Model

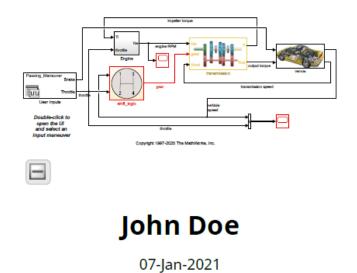
Generate a system design report for the slrgex_sf_car model and specify that the document is a PDF.

gensdd('slrgex_sf_car','PDF');

Here is the first page of the report:

SLRGEX_SF_CAR

System Design Description



A copy of the report is included with this example in the file sdd_slrgex_sf_car_copy.pdf.

Customize the Report

The gensdd function uses objects of these Report API classes to find system design elements and report on the system design:

- slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy
- slreportgen.report.Diagram
- slreportgen.report.SystemIO
- slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder
- slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration
- slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder
- slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult
- slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

- slreportgen.report.LookupTable
- slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
- slreportgen.report.TruthTable
- slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder
- slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
- slreportgen.report.ModelVariable
- slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder
- slreportgen.finder.BlockResult
- slreportgen.report.CFunction
- slreportgen.report.DocBlock
- slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction
- slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
- slreportgen.report.TestSequence
- slreportgen.report.Bus

You can use the properties of these objects to filter and format the information that is reported. For example, in the makeSystemHierarchy function in the gensdd.m file, you can change the system hierarchy list format to an ordered list by setting the ListFormatter property of the slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy reporter.

```
function makeSystemHierarchy(rpt, hModel)
% Create a chapter reporting on the system hiearchy
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
ch = Chapter("Title", "System Hierarchy");
ol = mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList();
add(ch,SystemHierarchy("Source",hModel,"ListFormatter",ol));
add(rpt, ch);
end
```

Chapter 1. System Hierarchy

- 1. <a><u>sirgex sf car</u>
 - 1. 🖻 Engine
 - 2. 🖻 transmission
 - 1. 🛅 transmission ratio

The report also uses objects of these Report API classes to create and format the sections of the report:

- mlreportgen.report.TitlePage
- mlreportgen.report.TableOfContents

- mlreportgen.report.ListOfFigures
- mlreportgen.report.ListOfTables
- mlreportgen.report.Chapter
- mlreportgen.report.Section

You can customize the appearance of the report and sections. See "Report Formatting Approaches".

The Complete gensdd Function

```
type gensdd.m
```

```
function gensdd(model,doctype)
%GENSDD Generates a system design description from the system's model
    gensdd() generates a PDF system design description for the
%
%
    slrgex_sf_car model.
%
%
    gensdd(model) generates a PDF system design description for the
%
    specified model.
%
%
    gensdd(model, doctype) generates a system design description document
%
    from the specified model and document type: 'html', 'docx', or 'pdf'.
%
%
    The generated document is a description of a dynamic system's design
%
    generated from its Simulink model. The description contains the
%
    following sections:
%
%
   * Title Page
   * Table of Contents
%
   * List of Figures
%
%
   * List of Tables
    * System Hierarchy
%
%
   * Root System Chapter -- Contains root block diagram, task and block
     execution order, and properties of each block in the root diagram.
%
%
    * Subsystems Chapter -- Contains diagram, block execution order, and
%
     block properties of model's subsystems.
%
   * Charts Chapter -- Contains charts and chart object properties of each
%
     of the model's charts.
%
   * Design Data Chapter -- Contains the model variables.
   * System Model Configuration Chapter -- Contains details about the
%
      active configuration set for the model.
%
import mlreportgen.dom.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
if nargin < 1
    model = 'slrgex_sf_car';
    doctype = 'pdf';
end
if nargin < 2
    doctype = 'pdf';
end
hModel = load system(model);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(['sdd_' get_param(model, 'Name')], doctype);
open(rpt);
```

```
makeTitlePage(rpt, hModel);
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
add(rpt, ListOfFigures);
add(rpt, ListOfTables);
makeSystemHierarchy(rpt, hModel);
makeRootSystemChapter(rpt, hModel);
makeSubsystemsChapter(rpt, hModel);
makeChartsChapter(rpt, hModel);
makeDesignDataChapter(rpt, hModel);
makeModelConfigurationChapter(rpt, hModel);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
close system(model);
end
function makeTitlePage(rpt, hModel)
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
tp = TitlePage;
tp.Title = upper(get_param(hModel, 'Name'));
tp.Subtitle = 'System Design Description';
tp.Author = 'John Doe';
diag = Diagram(hModel);
diag.Scaling = 'custom';
diag.Height = '2in';
diag.Width = '3in';
tp.Image = getSnapshotImage(diag, rpt);
add(rpt, tp);
end
function makeSystemHierarchy(rpt, hModel)
% Create a chapter reporting on the system hierarchy
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
ch = Chapter("Title", "System Hierarchy");
add(ch,SystemHierarchy(hModel));
add(rpt, ch);
end
function makeRootSystemChapter(rpt, hModel)
\% Create a chapter reporting on the root system diagram and its blocks
% and add the chapter to the main report.
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
ch = Chapter("Title", "Root System");
diag = Diagram(hModel);
add(ch, diag);
add(ch, SystemIO(hModel));
```

```
% Add block execution order section
makeExecutionOrderSection(ch, hModel);
\% Add subsections containing the properties for each block in the
% subsystem diagram.
makeBlockSections(ch, hModel);
add(rpt, ch);
end
function makeSubsystemsChapter(rpt, hModel)
\% Create a chapter reporting on a model's subsystems and the blocks that
% they contain and add the chapter to the main report.
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
% Create a chapter to hold the subsystems.
ch = Chapter("Title", "Subsystems");
% Use a finder to find all the subsystem diagrams in the model. The finder
% returns an array of SystemDiagramResult objects, each of which
% contains a Diagram reporter that creates a snapshot of the subsystem
% diagram
finder = SystemDiagramFinder(hModel);
finder.IncludeRoot = false;
systems = find(finder);
% Add the subsystem diagram results to the chapter.
for system = systems
    % Create a subsection to contain the subsystem diagram.
    section = Section("Title", system.Name);
   % Add the subsystem diagram reporter to the diagram subsection.
   % Add the subsystem diagram results to the chapter.
    diag = getReporter(system);
    diag.MaskedSystemLinkPolicy = 'system';
    add(section, diag);
    ioSect = Section('Title', 'System Interface');
    add(ioSect, SystemIO('Object', system, 'ShowDetails', false));
    add(section, ioSect);
   % If the subsystem is nonvirtual, add a subsection detailing the block
   % execution order
    if strcmp(system.Type, "Simulink.BlockDiagram") || ...
        strcmp(get_param(system.Object, "IsSubsystemVirtual"), "off")
        makeExecutionOrderSection(section, system);
   end
   % Add subsections containing the properties for each block in the
   % subsystem diagram.
   makeBlockSections(section, system);
   % Add the subsystem diagram section to the chapter.
    add(ch, section);
end
```

```
% Add the subsystems chapter to the main report.
add(rpt, ch);
end
function makeChartsChapter(rpt, hModel)
\% Create a chapter reporting on a model's Stateflow charts and the \, objects
% that they contain and add the chapter to the main report.
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
finder = ChartDiagramFinder(hModel);
charts = find(finder);
if ~isempty(charts)
    ch = Chapter("Title", "Charts");
    for chart = charts
        section = Section("Title", chart.Name);
        diag = getReporter(chart);
        add(section, diag);
        % Report the objects in this chart
        objFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart);
        sf0bjects = find(objFinder);
        for sf0bj = sf0bjects
            objSection = Section("Title", sf0bj.Name);
            add(objSection, sf0bj);
            add(section, objSection);
        end
        add(ch, section);
    end
    add(rpt, ch);
end
end
function makeDesignDataChapter(rpt, hModel)
% Create a chapter reporting on the model variables
import mlreportgen.dom.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
ch = Chapter("Title", "Design Data");
finder = ModelVariableFinder(hModel);
results = find(finder);
n = numel(results);
if n > 0
    s = Section("Title", "Design Data Summary");
```

```
vars = cell(n, 4);
    for i = 1:n
        result = results(i);
        % Get link target for variable reporter
        lt = getVariableID(result);
        value = getVariableValue(results(i));
        vars{i, 1} = InternalLink(lt, results(i).Name);
        vars{i, 2} = class(value);
        vars{i, 3} = results(i).Source;
        vars{i, 4} = results(i).SourceType;
    end
    t = FormalTable(["Name", "Type", "Source", "Source Type"], vars);
   % Set styles for table header
   t.Header.TableEntriesStyle = {Bold, BackgroundColor("lightgrey")};
   % Set styles for entire table
   t.Width = "100%";
    t.Border = "solid";
    t.RowSep = "solid";
    t.ColSep = "solid";
    add(s, t);
   add(ch, s);
    s = Section("Title", "Design Data Details");
    % Separate multiple variable details be a horizontal rule
   if n > 1
        for result = results(1:end-1)
            add(s, result);
            add(s, HorizontalRule);
        end
    end
    add(s, results(end));
    add(ch, s);
    add(rpt, ch);
end
end
function makeModelConfigurationChapter(rpt, hModel)
% Create a chapter reporting on the active configuration set of the
% reported model.
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
ch = Chapter("Title", "System Model Configuration");
modelConfig = ModelConfiguration(hModel);
% Add the reporter to the chapter and chapter to the report
add(ch,modelConfig);
add(rpt,ch);
end
function section = makeBlockSections(parent, system)
% Create subsections containing the properties of each block in the
```

```
% system and add it to the parent chapter or subsection.
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
blocksSection = Section("Title", "Blocks");
finder = BlockFinder(system);
elems = find(finder);
for elem = elems
    section = Section("Title", strrep(elem.Name, newline, ' '));
    add(section. elem):
   % If this block creates a bus or selects signals from a bus, report the
    % bus signal details
    busRptr = slreportgen.report.Bus(elem);
    add(section, busRptr);
    add(blocksSection, section);
end
add(parent, blocksSection);
end
function makeExecutionOrderSection(parent, system)
% Create a section to display a list of blocks in the system in order of
\% execution. If the system is a top-level model, display information about
% all tasks in the model.
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
section = Section('Title', 'Block Execution Order');
eo = ExecutionOrder(system);
if ~slreportgen.utils.isModel(system)
   % Only show task details for top-level models
    eo.ShowTaskDetails = false;
end
add(section, eo)
add(parent, section);
end
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.SystemI0|slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder|slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
```

More About

• "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

System Design Description

System Design Description Dialog Box

In this section...

"System Design Description Overview" on page 3-2 "Title" on page 3-2 "Subtitle" on page 3-3 "Authors" on page 3-3 "Image" on page 3-4 "Legal Notice" on page 3-4 "Design details" on page 3-5 "Model references" on page 3-5 "Subsystems from custom libraries" on page 3-5 "Requirements traceability" on page 3-6 "Glossary and report explanation" on page 3-6 "File format" on page 3-6 "Stylesheet or Template" on page 3-7 "File name" on page 3-9 "Folder" on page 3-10 "If report exists, increment name to prevent overwriting" on page 3-10 "Package type" on page 3-10

System Design Description Overview

Choose options for the content, format, and location of the generated System Design Description report. To customize the report template, click the **Customize** button to open the report in the Report Explorer.

To get help on an option

- **1** Right-click the option's text label.
- 2 Select **What's This** from the popup menu.

Sol fao co What's This?

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Title

Provide the title text. For PDF, Word, and RTF format reports, the title is on the title page. For HTML format reports, the title is at the top of the report.

Settings

Default: <Model name>

- Title can include letters, numbers, and special characters.
- Length is unlimited.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Subtitle

Provide the subtitle text. For PDF, Word, and RTF format reports, the subtitle is under the title on the title page. For HTML format reports, the subtitle is under the title at the top of the report.

Settings

Default: System Design Description

- If you do not want a subtitle, delete the default setting and leave the field blank.
- Subtitle can include letters, numbers, and special characters.
- Length is unlimited.

Тір

If you generate both summary and detailed versions of the report, consider reflecting the type of report in the subtitle.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Authors

List the names of the creators of the system for which you are generating the design description. List of authors is under the subtitle.

Settings

Default: Value of the ModifiedBy parameter for the model. The ModifiedBy parameter indicates the last person who updated the model.

Тір

To find the creator of the system, in the Simulink Toolstrip, on the **Modeling** tab, in the **Setup** section, click **Model Settings** and then select **Model Properties**. Click the **History** tab.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Image

Include an image on the title page (for PDF, Word, and RTF format reports) or near the top of the report (for the HTML format).

Settings

No Default

- Specify the full path to the image file that you want to include in the report or click the **Select Image** button to browse to the image file.
- Supported image file formats include:
 - GIF
 - JPEG
 - BMP
 - PNG
 - TIF

Тір

An example of an image you might want to use is a logo or other graphic for a company, division, or project involved in the system design.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Legal Notice

Provide legal notification text. For PDF, Word, and RTF format reports, the legal notice appears at the bottom of the title page (second page). For HTML format reports, the legal notice appears near the top of the report.

Settings

Default: For Internal Distribution Only

- Length is unlimited.
- The Legal Notice field does not support text formatting (such as bold or italics).

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Design details

To generate a detailed system design description report, use the default (enabled). To generate a summary description, disable this option.

Settings

Default: Enabled (generate a detailed report)

- The summary report provides system design information about the root system and block diagrams for the subsystems in the model.
 - The information about the root system includes:
 - Block diagram
 - Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the system input and output signals
 - Look-up tables
 - State charts
 - Requirements (optional)
- The detailed version of the report includes all the information that is in the summary form of the report. The detailed version includes the following information, in addition to the summary information. Atomic subsystem information is more detailed than virtual subsystem information.
 - Block parameters
 - Block execution order for root system and atomic subsystems
 - (For atomic subsystems) Checksum that indicates whether the version of an atomic subsystem used to generate the report differs from other versions of the subsystem

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Model references

To include model references, use the default (enabled). To exclude model references, disable this option.

Settings

Default: Enabled

See Also

- "Generate Standard Reports"
- "Model References"

Subsystems from custom libraries

Include library links to subsystems defined in custom (user-created) libraries.

Settings

Default: Enabled

See Also

• "Generate Standard Reports"

Requirements traceability

Include links from blocks to the requirements that the blocks meet.

Settings

Default: Enabled

- To capture requirements links in the report, the model must include requirements links. Use Requirements Toolbox to establish requirements links.
- If you use the default (enabled) and there are no requirements links in the model, the generated report omits the Requirements section.

See Also

• "Generate Standard Reports"

Glossary and report explanation

Include a glossary of terms in the report and a description of the report contents. The glossary includes definitions of Simulink terms such as "atomic subsystem," "block diagram," "signal." The glossary helps readers who are unfamiliar with Simulink to understand the system design description. The glossary and report explanation sections appear at the end of the report and are three pages long (in PDF).

Settings

Default: Enabled

Тір

The report explanation ("About this Report") describes the information in each report section.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

File format

Specify the output format for the report. Generating a report formatted by a template is generally faster than generating a report formatted by a Report Explorer stylesheet.

Settings

Direct PDF (from template)

Generate a PDF report from a template.

PDF (from Word template)

Generate a PDF report using a Word template.

HTML (from template)

Generate an HTML report from a template. You can choose a **Package type** option.

Single-File HTML (from template)

Generate an HTML report from a template as a single file.

Word (from template)

Generate a Word report using a template.

Acrobat (PDF)

Generate a PDF report using an XSL stylesheet.

Web (HTML)

Generate an HTML report using an XSL stylesheet.

Word Document

Generate a Rich Text Format (RTF) document using a DSSSL stylesheet and convert the RTF document to a Word .doc file. Available only on Microsoft Windows[®].

Rich Text Format

Generate a Rich Text Format (RTF) document using a DSSSL stylesheet.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Stylesheet or Template

Specify the stylesheet or template to use for the report.

Settings

The settings depend on the **File format** option you choose.

When you use a from template option, you can use:

- The default template for the output type
- The Default Numbered template, which numbers sections in chapters with numbers like 1.1, 1.2, and 1.1.1
- A customized template provided at your site

When you use one of the other output options, you can choose from several standard style sheets or any customized versions provided at your site.

For the Acrobat (PDF) file format, these are the stylesheet options:

Default: Default print stylesheet

Default print stylesheet
Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles
Standard Print
Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles
Simple Print
Suppresses title page, table of contents, list of titles Compact Simple Print
Minimizes page count, suppresses title, table of contents, list of titles
Large Type Print
Uses 12-point font (slightly larger than Standard Print)
Very Large Type Print
Uses 24-point font and landscape paper orientation
Compact Print
Minimizes white space to reduce page count
Unnumbered Chapters & Sections
Chapters and sections are not numbered
Numbered Chapters & Sections
Chapters and sections are both numbered
Paginated Sections
Sections are printed with page breaks
Custom Header
Lets you specify custom headers and footers
Custom Titlepage
Lets you specify custom title page content and presentation
Verbose Print
Lets you specify advanced print options
For the Web (HTML) file format, these are the stylesheet options:
Default for Web (HTML): Default HTML stylesheet
Default HTML stylesheet
HTML on a single page
Simulink book HTML stylesheet
HTML on multiple pages; suppresses chapter headings and table of contents
Truth Table HTML stylesheet
HTML on multiple pages; suppresses chapter headings and table of contents
Multi-page Web
HTML, with each chapter on a separate page
Single-page Web
HTML on a single page

Single-page Unnumbered Chapters & Sections
HTML on a single page; chapters and sections are not numbered
Single-page Numbered Chapters & Sections
HTML on a single page; chapters and sections are numbered
Single-page Simple
HTML on a single page; suppresses title page and table of contents
Multi-page Simple
HTML on multiple pages; suppresses title page and table of contents
Multi-page Unnumbered Chapters & Sections
HTML on multiple pages; chapters and sections are not numbered
Multi-page Numbered Chapters & Sections
HTML on multiple pages; chapters and sections are not numbered
For the Rich Text Format and Word file formats, these are the stylesheet options:
Default for Rich Text Format and Word file formats: Standard Print
Standard Print
Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles
Simple Print
Suppresses title page, table of contents, list of titles
Compact Simple Print
Minimizes page count, suppresses title, table of contents, list of titles
Large Type Print
Uses 12-point font (slightly larger than Standard Print)
Very Large Type Print
Uses 24-point font and landscape paper orientation
Compact Print
Minimizes white space to reduce page count
Unnumbered Chapters & Sections
Chapters and sections are not numbered
Numbered Chapters & Sections
Chapters and sections are both numbered
See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

File name

Provide a name for the generated report file.

Settings

Default: <Name of model>

Do not include the file format extension. (For example, enter MyReport, but not MyReport.pdf.

Тір

If you generate both summary and detailed versions of the report, consider reflecting the type of report in the file name.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Folder

Provide a path to the folder in which to store the generated report file.

Settings

No Default

- Use a full path name
- Click the **Select Folder** button to browse to the folder where you want to store the generated report.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

If report exists, increment name to prevent overwriting

Increment the file name to preserve an existing report.

Settings

Default: Enabled (increments the file name to prevent overwriting of an existing report file)

Tips

If you generate both summary and detailed versions of the report, consider reflecting the type of report in the file name.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Package type

Packaging to use for reports generated using an HTML template

Settings

Default: Zipped

Zipped

Package report files in a single compressed file that has the report name, with a .zip extension. Unzipped

Generate the report files in a subfolder of the current folder. The subfolder has the report name.

Both zipped and unzipped

Package the report files as both zipped and unzipped.

Dependency

To use the **Packaging type options**, set **File format** to HTML (from template), choose a packaging options for the output files.

See Also

"Generate Standard Reports"

Creating Simulink Reports

- "Create Simulink Report Generator Reports" on page 4-2
- "Report on MATLAB Functions" on page 4-13
- "Use Simulink Report Explorer Components in Report API Reports" on page 4-20
- "Report Systems Hierarchically" on page 4-25
- "Customize Simulink Diagram Hyperlinks in HTML and PDF Reports" on page 4-27
- "Tile Simulink Diagrams" on page 4-29
- "Create Simulink Bus Object Reports" on page 4-32
- "Report System Inputs and Outputs" on page 4-34
- "Reporting on DocBlock Blocks" on page 4-37
- "Report Model Notes" on page 4-39
- "Report Execution Order of Tasks and Blocks in Simulink Systems" on page 4-41
- "Create Simulink Report Generator Reports Interactively" on page 4-50
- "Generate Reports Associated with Models" on page 4-86
- "Logical and Looping Components" on page 4-87
- "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-88
- "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90

Create Simulink Report Generator Reports

The Simulink Report Generator Report API comprises a set of objects designed to find and format model and simulation data. You can use these objects with MATLAB Report API and DOM API objects to create MATLAB programs that generate reports on Simulink models and simulations. The following example illustrates using the Simulink Report API and the MATLAB Report API to create a MATLAB program. This program generates a report on the contents of a Simulink model. The report contains these sections:

- Title Page
- Table of Contents
- Root System Chapter Contains the root block diagram and properties of each block in the root diagram
- Subsystems Chapter -- Contains the diagram and block properties of each subsystem of the model
- Stateflow Charts Chapter -- Contains charts and chart object properties of each chart in the model
- **1** Import the API functions.

To eliminate the need to use fully qualified names of Report, Finder, and DOM API functions, use these statements. For example, instead of using slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder, you can use BlockFinder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

2 Load the slrgex_sf_car model.

```
model = load_system('slrgex_sf_car');
```

3 Create a report object.

Use a Simulink report constructor (slreportgen.report.Report) to create a report object to hold the contents of the report. You must fully qualify the name of the constructor to distinguish it from the MATLAB report constructor (mlreportgen.report.Report). Set the name of the report to sdd followed by the value of the Name property of the model.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(['sdd_'...
get_param('slrgex_sf_car','Name')],'pdf');
```

To customize properties that apply to the whole report, see slreportgen.report.Report.

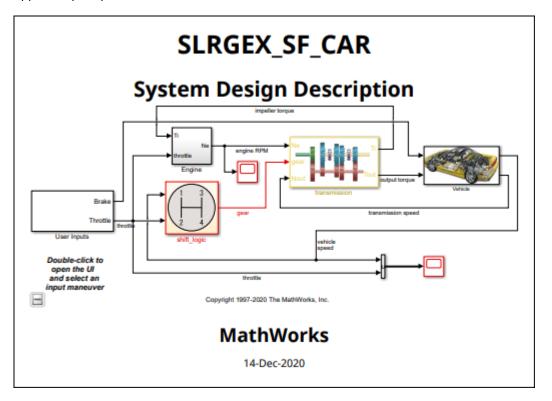
4 Add a title page.

Use a title page reporter constructor (mlreportgen.report.TitlePage) to create a title page reporter. This reporter generates a title page based on its properties. Set the Title, Subtitle, and Author properties to character arrays that specify the report title, subtitle, and author, respectively.

Use a diagram reporter constructor (slreportgen.report.Diagram) to create a diagram reporter for this model. This reporter generates an image of the block diagram of the model. To include this image on the report title page, assign the diagram reporter to the Image property of the title page reporter. Then, add the title page to the report.

```
tp = TitlePage;
tp.Title = upper(get_param(model,'Name'));
```

```
tp.Subtitle = 'System Design Description';
tp.Author = 'MathWorks';
tp.Image = Diagram(model);
append(rpt,tp);
```



To customize additional title page properties, see mlreportgen.report.TitlePage.

5 Add a table of contents.

Use a table of contents (TOC) reporter constructor to create a TOC reporter. This reporter generates a TOC for the report. Add the TOC reporter to the report.

```
toc = TableOfContents;
append(rpt,toc);
```

	Table of Contents
	Chapter 1. RootSystem
	1.1. Engine
	<u>1.2. Mux</u>
	1.3. Scope1
	<u>1.4. Scope2</u>
	1.5. User Inputs
	1.6. Vehicle
	<u>1.7. shift_logic</u>
	1.8. transmission
1	Chapter 2. Subsystems
	<u>2.1. Engine</u>
	<u>2.1.1. Ti</u>
	2.1.2. throttle
	2.1.3. Integrator
	<u>2.1.4. Sum</u>
	2.1.5. engine torque
	2.1.6. engine + impeller inertia
	<u>2.1.7. Ne</u>

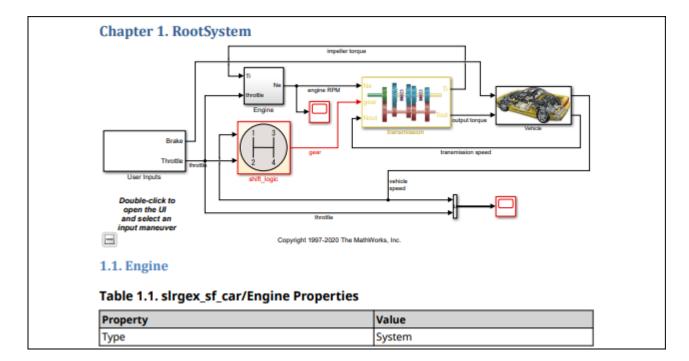
To customize the table of contents, see mlreportgen.report.TableOfContents.

6 Add a chapter for the root system.

Use a chapter constructor (mlreportgen.report.Chapter) to create a chapter reporter. This reporter generates a chapter based on its Title and Content properties. The reporter automatically numbers the chapter title. The chapter reporter also generates the chapter page headers and footers and its page numbers.

Add a model diagram reporter to the chapter. This reporter returns an image of the block diagram of the model that you add to the chapter.

```
ch = Chapter("Title", "RootSystem");
append(ch,Diagram(model));
```



For information on customizing chapters, see mlreportgen.report.Chapter.

7 Add chapter sections for each root system block.

Use the block finder constructor (slreportgen.report.BlockFinder) to create a block finder for the root diagram. Then, use the find function of the block finder. The find function returns an array of block result objects (slreportgen.report.BlockResult), each of which contains a block.

Loop through the block result objects. For each result, construct a section reporter (mlreportgen.report.Section). This reporter generates a numbered report section based on its Title and Content properties. Set the section Title property to the name of the block on which it reports.

Add the current block result to the section reporter. Adding the result sets the section reporter Content property to a simulink.report.SimulinkObjectProperties reporter. This SimulinkObjectProperties reporter generates a table of the properties of the current block, which is then added to the section. Add each subsection to the parent chapter. Then add the chapter to the report.

```
blkFinder = BlockFinder(model);
blocks = find(blkFinder);
for block = blocks
    section = Section("Title", ...
        strrep(block.Name, newline,' '));
    append(section,block);
    append(ch,section);
end
append(rpt,ch);
```

Property	Value
Туре	System
Fable 1.2. slrgex_sf_car/Mux F	Properties
	Properties Value
Property	•
Table 1.2. slrgex_sf_car/Mux F Property Type Block Type	Value
Property Type	Value Block

For information finding blocks and how to customize sections, see slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder and mlreportgen.report.Section, respectively.

8 Add a chapter for subsystems.

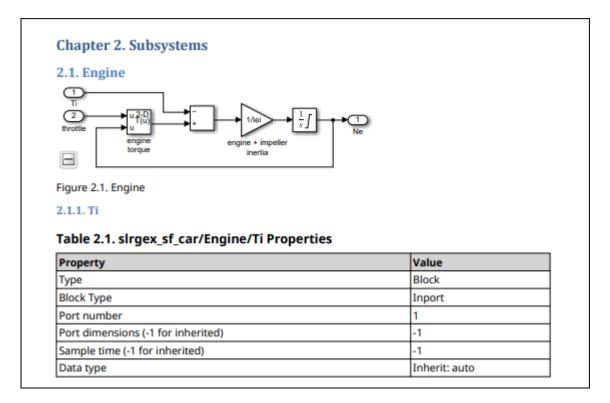
Create a chapter for the subsystems of the model and the blocks in each subsystem.

ch = Chapter("Title", "Subsystems");

9 Find subsystem diagrams in the model.

Find all subsystem diagrams in the model. The finder returns an array of DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a Diagram reporter that creates a snapshot of the subsystem diagram.

```
sysdiagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
sysdiagFinder.IncludeRoot = false;
```

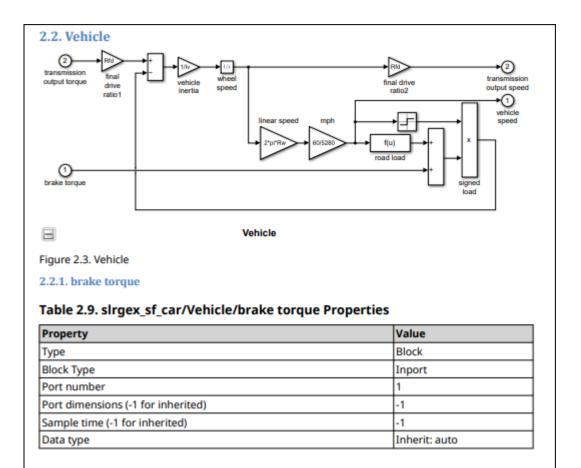


For more information, see slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder and slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult

10 Add results to chapter sections.

Using loops, create a chapter section for each subsystem. Find the blocks and block elements in each subsystem. Add a table of block elements to each chapter section and add each section to the chapter. Then, add the chapter to the report.

```
while hasNext(sysdiagFinder)
   system = next(sysdiagFinder);
   section1 = Section("Title",system.Name);
   append(section1,system);
   blkFinder1 = BlockFinder(system);
   elems = find(blkFinder1);
   for elem = elems
      section2 = Section("Title",...
        strrep(elem.Name,newline,' '));
        append(section2,elem);
        append(section1,section2);
   end
   append(ch,section1);
end
append(rpt,ch);
```



Note Simulink finders can operate in either array or iterator mode. In array mode, use the finder find function to return the search results as an array of results. In iterator mode, use the finder hasNext and next functions to return the search results one-by-one. Use iterator mode when searching for diagrams in models that have many model references. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can potentially consume all system memory and slow report generation. Although the model used in this example does not contain model references, the example uses iterator mode to illustrate its syntax.

11 Add a chapter for Stateflow charts and objects.

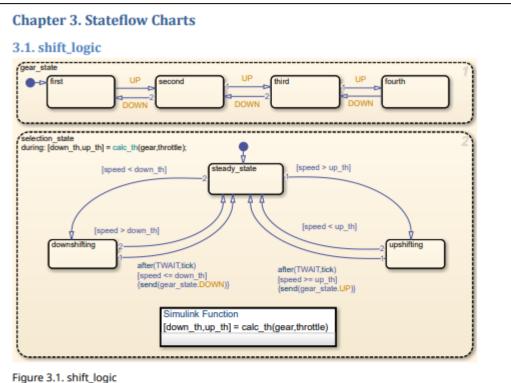
Find all Stateflow charts in the model. Create a chapter. Using loops, add subsections for each chart. Find all the elements in each chart and add them to the subsections. Then, add the section to the chapter and the chapter to the report.

```
ch = Chapter("Title", "Stateflow Charts");
chdiagFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(chdiagFinder)
chart = next(chdiagFinder);
section = Section("Title",chart.Name);
append(section,chart);
```

objFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart);

```
sf0bjects = find(objFinder);
for sf0bj = sf0bjects
    title = sf0bj.Name;
    if isempty(title)
        title = sf0bj.Type;
    end
    objSection = Section("Title",title);
    append(objSection,sf0bj);
    append(section,objSection);
    end
    append(ch,section);
end
    append(rpt,ch);
```

For information on chart and diagram element finders, see slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder and slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder.



rigure 5.1. shinclog

3.1.1. gear_state

Table 3.1. slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic/gear_state Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
Label	gear_state
Events	DOWN UP

3.1.2. selection_state

Table 3.2. slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic/selection_state Properties

Property	Value	
Туре	AND State	
Label	selection_state during: [down_th,up_th] = calc_th(gear,throttle);	

12 Close the report, run the report, and close the model.

```
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
close_system(model);
```

The complete code is:

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

```
model = load system('slrgex sf car');
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(['sdd '...
    get_param('slrgex_sf_car', 'Name')], 'pdf');
tp = TitlePage;
tp.Title = upper(get_param(model, 'Name'));
tp.Subtitle = 'System Design Description';
tp.Author = 'MathWorks';
tp.Image = Diagram(model);
append(rpt,tp);
toc = TableOfContents;
append(rpt,toc);
ch = Chapter("Title", "RootSystem");
append(ch,Diagram(model));
blkFinder = BlockFinder(model);
blocks = find(blkFinder);
for block = blocks
    section = Section("Title", ...
       strrep(block.Name, newline, ' '));
    append(section,block);
    append(ch,section);
end
append(rpt,ch);
ch = Chapter("Title", "Subsystems");
sysdiagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
sysdiagFinder.IncludeRoot = false;
while hasNext(sysdiagFinder)
    system = next(sysdiagFinder);
    section1 = Section("Title",system.Name);
    append(section1,system);
    blkFinder1 = BlockFinder(system);
    elems = find(blkFinder1);
    for elem = elems
       section2 = Section("Title",...
           strrep(elem.Name, newline, ' '));
       append(section2,elem);
       append(section1, section2);
    end
    append(ch.section1):
end
append(rpt,ch);
ch = Chapter("Title", "Stateflow Charts");
chdiagFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(chdiagFinder)
   chart = next(chdiagFinder);
   section = Section("Title", chart.Name);
   append(section, chart);
   objFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart);
   sf0bjects = find(objFinder);
   for sf0bj = sf0bjects
       title = sf0bj.Name;
       if isempty(title)
```

```
title = sf0bj.Type;
end
objSection = Section("Title",title);
append(objSection,sf0bj);
append(section,objSection);
end
append(ch,section);
end
append(rpt,ch);
```

```
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
close_system(model);
```

See Also

rptview

Report on MATLAB Functions

The Report API provides multiple ways to report on Simulink MATLAB Function blocks and Stateflow MATLAB functions. To report detailed information, use the

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter. This reporter reports properties, arguments, function code, function symbols, and supporting functions.

Other ways to report on MATLAB Function blocks or Stateflow MATLAB functions are by using the SimulinkObjectProperties or StateflowObjectProperties reporter, respectively. These reporters, however, do not provide function code formatting or report function symbols, supporting functions, or arguments. Use these reporters if you want only property information.

The Report API provides finders for finding blocks and Stateflow elements, including MATLAB Functions, throughout a model or chart. These finders are the BlockFinder, DiagramElementFinder, and StateflowDiagramElementFinder.

These examples show how to use a finder in your report generator program. For cases where you know the handle or path to a MATLAB Function, you do not need to use a finder (see slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction for examples).

Find and Report on MATLAB Function Blocks

Use Report API finders and the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter to report on MATLAB Function blocks.

Use the BlockFinder to find all blocks of type SubSystem, which includes MATLAB Function blocks. If you search for all block types, the BlockFinder can take more time to return results than if you limit the search to SubSystem block types.

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(model_name);
blkfinder.BlockTypes = "SubSystem";
blks = find(blkfinder);
```

Then, loop through the returned SubSystem blocks to test whether the block is a MATLAB Function block. Create a MATLABFunction reporter for each MATLAB Function block, set desired properties, and add each result to a report.

```
for i=1:length(blks)
    block = blks(i).Object;
    if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(block)
        rptr = MATLABFunction(block);
        rptr.IncludeArgumentProperties = true;
        add(rpt,rptr);
    end
ond
```

end

This code is an example of a report generator program that finds and reports MATLAB Function blocks.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model_name = 'sldemo_eml_galaxy';
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
```

```
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model_name);
blkfinder.BlockTypes = "SubSystem";
blks = find(blkfinder);
for i=1:length(blks)
    block = blks(i).Object;
    if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(block)
        rptr = MATLABFunction(block);
        rptr.IncludeArgumentProperties = true;
        add(rpt,rptr);
    end
end
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

This image shows a section of the report output for one of the MATLAB Function blocks. It shows the block properties table, the summary table for one of the arguments, and a portion of the function script. In the actual output, all of the argument tables appear before the function script.

Property	Value
Update Method	INHERITED
Sample Time	
Support variabl e-size arrays	0
Saturate on integ er overflow	1
Treat these inheri ted Simulink sign al types as fi obje cts	Fixed-point
MATLAB Function block fimath	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	<pre>fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLength', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)</pre>
Description	

Table 0.1. Apply Newtonian gravitation Object Properties

Table 0.2. Apply Newtonian gravitation Argument Summary

Name	Scope	Port	Data Type	Size
heavy1	Output	1	double	[700, 8]
light1	Output	2	double	[700, 8]
light	Input	1	double	[700, 8]
heavy	Input	2	double	[700, 8]

Apply Newtonian gravitation Function Script

function [heavy1,light1] = ApplyGravity(light,heavy)
G = 6.672E-11; % Nm^2/kg^2 (Gravitational constant)
YearInSeconds = 365*24*60*60;
timeStep = 2000000*YearInSeconds;
n = size(heavy,1);
heavy1 = heavy;
light1 = light;
for i = 1:n,
 mi = heavy(i,1);

Find and Report on Stateflow MATLAB Functions

Use the StateflowDiagramElementFinder and the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter to find and report on Stateflow MATLAB functions.

```
elemfinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart_name);
elemfinder.Types = "emfunction";
elems = find(elemfinder);
```

Then, loop through the returned MATLAB functions. Create a MATLABFunction reporter for each MATLAB function and add it to a report.

```
for i = 1:length(elems)
    rptr = MATLABFunction(elems(i).Object);
    add(rpt,rptr);
end
```

This code is an example of a report generator program that finds and reports MATLAB functions in Stateflow charts.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'sf server';
openExample(model name);
chart_name = 'sf server/transmitter';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
elemfinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart name);
elemfinder.Types = "emfunction";
elems = find(elemfinder);
for i = 1:length(elems)
   rptr = MATLABFunction(elems(i).Object);
   add(rpt,rptr);
end
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

This image shows a section of the report output for one of the MATLAB Function blocks. It shows the object properties table and a portion of the function script.

Table 0.1. init_gui Object Properties

Property	Value
Saturate on integer overflow	1
MATLAB Function block fima th	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	<pre>fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLength', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)</pre>
Description	

init_gui Function Script

```
function init_gui
```

coder.extrinsic('set', 'findall', 'figure', 'delete', 'axes', 'text', 'rectangl fig = sf_server_handle_map('fig'); if is invalid gui obj handle(fig)

```
% see if there is an existing figure
figTemp = findall(0, 'type', 'figure', 'tag', 'SF_SERVER');
if ~isempty(figTemp)
    deleteFig = 0;
    fig = figTemp;
    lastObj = fig;
    of correct bandle map(!fig!__fig);
```

Customize MATLAB Function Reporter Output

You can customize the output of a MATLAB Function reporter in the same way that you customize any report or reporter:

• Use DOM classes — Specify formats using DOM classes, such as mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph, and use them in your program. For example, this code sets the appearance of the function script.

```
rptr = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction;
paraScript = mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph;
paraScript.FontFamilyName = 'Arial';
paraScript.FontSize = '12pt';
paraScript.Color = 'blue';
rptr.FunctionScript = paraScript;
```

Edit a copy of the default template — The advantage of saving customizations in a new template is that you can easily reuse those customizations by using that template for another report generator program The template and style sheets for the MATLABFunction reporter are located in the matlab\toolbox\shared\slreportgen\rpt\rpt\+slreportgen\+report \@MATLABFunction\resources\templates folder.

This example shows the steps for copying and editing a MATLABFunction reporter html template.

1 Create a copy of the default html template. In this example, the template package is saved as myHTMLTemplate.htmtx in the current working folder.

```
mfunction = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction;
mfunction.createTemplate('myHTMLTemplate','html');
```

2 Unzip the template package. The unzipped template package is a folder of document, style sheet, and image files. In this example, the template package folder is saved to the current working folder.

```
unzipTemplate('myHTMLTemplate.htmtx');
```

3 From the stylesheets folder, open the root.css file in a text editor. The root.css file contains the default styles for the MATLABFunction reporter. The beginning of the file and the first style are:

```
/****
```

* MATLABFunction Reporter

/* Default style for the MATLAB function script title */

.MATLABFunctionFunctionScriptTitle {

font-family: 'Noto Sans', 'Noto Sans CJK JP', 'Noto Sans CJK SC', 'Noto Sans CJK KR';

font-weight: bold;

margin-top: 10pt;

color: black;

white-space: pre;

}

4 Edit the styles as desired. In this example, the top margin above the function script title is increased to 20 points and the color of the title to blue.

/*****

MATLABFunction Reporter

/* Default style for the MATLAB function script title */

.MATLABFunctionFunctionScriptTitle {

font-family: 'Noto Sans', 'Noto Sans CJK JP', 'Noto Sans CJK SC', 'Noto Sans CJK KR';

font-weight: bold;

margin-top: 12pt;

color: blue;

white-space: pre;

}

- **5** Save the file.
- 6 Zip the template folder into a template package. For this example, the template package is myHTMLTemplate.htmtx.

```
zipTemplate('myHTMLTemplate');
```

7 In your report generator program, to use the saved template, specify the template source.

```
mfunction.TemplateSrc = 'myHTMLTemplate';
```

See "Templates for DOM API Report Programs" for additional information.

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction | MATLAB Function |
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder | zipTemplate | unzipTemplate
```

Use Simulink Report Explorer Components in Report API Reports

The RptFile reporter lets you use Simulink Report Explorer components in a Report API-based report program. This reporter is useful if your report program needs to generate content for which a Report Explorer component exists but for which no Report API reporter is available. For example, the Report Explorer includes a component named Block Type Count that generates the number of each type of block that a model contains. No equivalent Report API reporter exists.

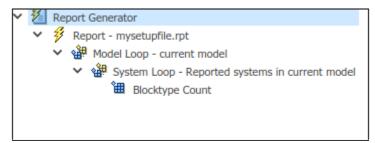
This example shows how to use the RptFile reporter to include a count of the types of blocks used in the f14 Simulink model. This information is obtained from the Report Explorer Block Type Count component and is presented in tables in the generated Report API report.

Create Report Explorer Setup Files

Create a Report Explorer setup file that includes a Block Type Count component. For information about creating a report setup file, see "Report Setup".

- **1** Type report to open the Report Explorer.
- 2 In the panel on the right, click **Create and edit a Report file**. Save the file as mysetupfile.rpt.
- **3** From the Simulink folder in the middle panel, add a Model Loop component to your report. Set the **Model name** to Current block diagram.
- **4** From the Simulink folder in the middle panel, add a System Loop component as a child of the Model Loop. Set these options:
 - Loop on Systems Select systems automatically
 - Include subsystems in Simulink functions selected
 - Sort Systems By system depth
- 5 From the Simulink folder in the middle panel, add a Block Type Count component as a child of the System Loop. Set these options:
 - Table title Block Type Count
 - Show block names in title selected
 - Sort table Alphabetically by block type
- **6** Save the file.

The mysetupfile.rpt hierarchy is



Create Report Generator Programs

These steps describe how to create a Report Generator program that includes a RptFile reporter for the mysetupfile.rpt Report Explorer setup file.

Note The full program is listed after the steps.

1 To eliminate the need to use fully-qualified names of the report, finder, and utility functions, import the API functions. For example, instead of using mlreportgen.report.TitlePage, you can use TitlePage.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.utils.*
```

2 Load the f14 model.

```
model = "f14";
load_system(model);
```

3 Create a report object to hold the contents of the report. Use a Simulink report constructor (slreportgen.report.Report) to create a report object You must fully qualify the name of the constructor to distinguish it from the MATLAB report constructor (mlreportgen.report.Report). Specify the name of the report as "My Report" and the output type as PDF.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
4 Add a title page and table of contents to the report.
```

```
titlepg = TitlePage();
titlepg.Title = "f14 Model Block Types ";
titlepg.Author = "MathWorks";
add(rpt,titlepg);
```

```
toc = TableOfContents;
add(rpt,toc);
```

f14 Model Block Types

MathWorks

10-Dec-2018

Table of Contents

Chapter 1.	f14	1
Chapter 2.	f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model	2
Chapter 3.	f14/Controller	3
Chapter 4.	f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models	4
Chapter 5.	f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models/Band-Limited White Noise	5
Chapter 6.	f14/Nz pilot calculation	6

5 Find all systems in the model.

```
sysdiag_finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
found_diags = find(sysdiag_finder);
```

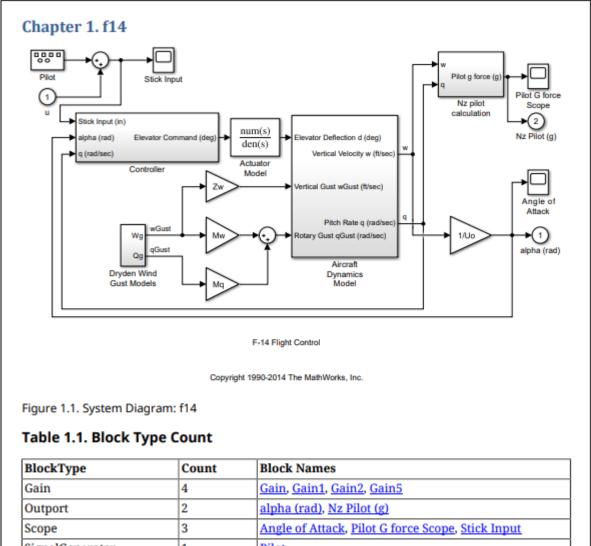
6 Use a for loop to create a separate chapter for each system and include a system snapshot with a single-line caption.

Create a RptFile reporter based on mysetupfile.rpt. The reporter generates a table of block type counts for the current system. Add the RptFile reporter to the chapter and add the chapter to the report.

```
for sysdiag = found_diags
    chap = Chapter(sysdiag.Path);
    snapshot = Diagram(sysdiag.Path);
    oneline = makeSingleLineText(sysdiag.Name);
    snapshot.Snapshot.Caption = strcat...
    ("System Diagram: ",oneline);
    add(chap,snapshot);
    rptFile = RptFile("mysetupfile.rpt");
    rptFile.Model = model;
    rptFile.System = sysdiag.Path;
    add(chap,rptFile);
    add(rpt,chap);
end
```

end

The first time this loop runs during report generation, a snapshot and block count of the top-level system of the model is added to the report.



BlockType	Count	Block Names
Gain	4	Gain, Gain1, Gain2, Gain5
Outport	2	alpha (rad), Nz Pilot (g)
Scope	3	Angle of Attack, Pilot G force Scope, Stick Input
SignalGenerator	1	Pilot
SubSystem	4	Aircraft Dynamics Model, Controller, Dryden Wind Gu st Models, Nz pilot calculation
Sum	2	Sum, Sum1
TransferFcn	1	Actuator Model

7 Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

The full program is

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.utils.*
```

```
model = "f14";
load_system(model);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
titlepg = TitlePage();
titlepg.Title = "f14 Model Block Types ";
titlepg.Author = "MathWorks";
add(rpt,titlepg);
toc = TableOfContents;
add(rpt,toc);
sysdiag_finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
found_diags = find(sysdiag_finder);
for sysdiag = found_diags
    chap = Chapter(sysdiag.Path);
    snapshot = Diagram(sysdiag.Path);
    oneline = makeSingleLineText(sysdiag.Name);
    snapshot.Snapshot.Caption = strcat...
      ("System Diagram: ",oneline);
    add(chap,snapshot);
    rptFile = RptFile("mysetupfile.rpt");
    rptFile.Model = model;
    rptFile.System = sysdiag.Path;
    add(chap,rptFile);
    add(rpt,chap);
end
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Report Systems Hierarchically

This example shows how to create a report with sections that are numbered according to system hierarchy. Each section contains a system snapshot and subsections that contain subsystem snapshots. To create such a section, create a section object, add a diagram snapshot, and then add subsystem sections. To create the subsystem sections, again create a section, add a subsystem diagram snapshot and then add its subsystem sections. The algorithm to create the sections is recursive. This example creates and uses a local function called createSystemSection, which implements the recursive algorithm.

Create Hierarchical Report Using createSystemSection Function

Open a model.

```
model = "slrgex_sf_car";
open_system(model);
```

Create and open a report object.

```
% Change the output type from "pdf" to "docx" or "html" to create a
% Word or HTML report, respectively.
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("myreport", "pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Add a title page.

```
titlepage = mlreportgen.report.TitlePage();
titlepage.Title = "Hierarchical Report";
add(rpt, titlepage);
```

Add a table of contents with the number of levels set to 6, which is the maximum.

```
toc = mlreportgen.report.TableOfContents();
toc.TOCObj.NumberOfLevels = 6;
add(rpt, toc);
```

Create system sections for the model by calling the createSystemSection local function (see below). This function recursively calls itself to create sections for the subsystems.

```
section = createSystemSection(model);
add(rpt, section);
```

Generate and display the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Define createSystemSection Local Function

A system section is composed of a system snapshot and its subsystems in subsections. To create a system section, find all systems one level deep by using an slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder with a SearchDepth of 1.

```
function section = createSystemSection(sys)
    df = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(sys);
    df.SearchDepth = 1;
```

```
% Use the finder in iterator mode. The next function returns search results
   % one-by-one and the hasNext function determines when there are no more
   % search results. To obtain the current system, call the next function
   % once.
   sysResult = next(df);
   % Now, create a section using mlreportgen.report.Section with the system
   % name as the title.
   section = mlreportgen.report.Section( ...
        "Title", mlreportgen.utils.normalizeString(sysResult.Name));
   % Add a system snapshot and a caption that shows the full diagram path.
   % To include additional information about the system, add it to the
   % section object.
   diag = slreportgen.report.Diagram(sysResult.Object);
   diag.Snapshot.appendCaption(sysResult.Path);
   add(section, diag);
   % To create subsections, loop through all subsystems and recursively call
   % createSystemSection. Before calling createSystemSection, add a page break
   % so each system starts on a new page. Note that adding a page break right
   % after the system snapshot would add a blank page at the end of the report.
   while hasNext(df)
       childSysResult = next(df);
       add(section, mlreportgen.dom.PageBreak());
       subSection = createSystemSection(childSysResult.Object);
       add(section, subSection);
    end
end
```

Customize Simulink Diagram Hyperlinks in HTML and PDF Reports

This example shows, for PDF and HTML reports, how to customize navigation hyperlinks of Simulink diagrams embedded in reports. By default, clicking on a diagram element navigates to the section of the report that documents that element. To specify a different destination for the hyperlinks, follow the procedure in this example.

Set up the report and load a Simulink model

Import the DOM and Report API packages so you do not have to use long, fully-qualified class names.

import mlreportgen.dom.*
import slreportgen.report.*

Create and open a Simulink report.

```
rpt = Report("myreport","pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Load a Simulink model.

model = "slrgex_sf_car"; load system(model);

Include the slrgex_sf_car root system diagram using the Diagram reporter

The Diagram reporter overlays each element of the slrgex_sf_car diagram snapshot with a hyperlink to navigate to a section of the report that describes that element. The hyperlink and its ID are created using the element's path in the model. For example, a subsystem block, such as Engine or transmission, includes a hyperlink used for navigating to the corresponding subsystem diagram snapshot in the report.

```
diag1 = Diagram(model);
diag1.Snapshot.Caption = strcat("Diagram snapshot for root system: ",model);
add(rpt,diag1);
add(rpt,PageBreak);
```

Include theslrgex_sf_car/Engine subsystem diagram using the Diagram reporter

This reporter prefaces the report object that it creates with a hyperlink target whose ID is also based on the reported element's path in the model. The Diagram reporter (diag1) for root system slrgex_sf_car also uses the same ID to create the hyperlink on the Engine block in the snapshot. So, clicking on the Engine block automatically targets to this subsystem diagram snapshot in the report.

```
engine = strcat(model,"/","Engine");
diag2 = Diagram(engine);
diag2.Snapshot.Caption = strcat("Diagram snapshot for subsystem: ",engine);
add(rpt,diag2);
add(rpt,PageBreak);
```

Include the slrgex_sf_car/transmission subsystem diagram using the Diagram reporter

Clicking on transmission block in the slrgex_sf_car root system diagram snapshot navigates to the transmission subsystem diagram snapshot in the report.

To customize the target for the hyperlink, remove the link target for this reporter by setting the LinkTarget property of the reporter to an empty string. This ensures that clicking on the transmission block in the slrgex_sf_car root system diagram snapshot does not navigate to the transmission subsystem diagram. Then create a custom target for the hyperlink as described in the next section.

```
transmission = strcat(model,"/","transmission");
```

```
diag3 = Diagram(transmission);
diag3.LinkTarget = "";
diag3.Snapshot.Caption = strcat("Diagram snapshot for subsystem: ",transmission);
add(rpt,diag3);
add(rpt,PageBreak);
```

Create custom target for the slrgex_sf_car/transmission block hyperlink

To set a new target for the hyperlink, first use the slreportgen.utils.getObjectID function to obtain the same ID that the Diagram reporter uses. Use the SimulinkObjectProperties reporter to generate a property table for the transmission block. Change the LinkTarget property of the reporter to the ID obtained with slreportgen.utils.getObjectID. The Diagram reporter (diag1) for root system slrgex_sf_car also uses the same ID to create the hyperlink on the transmission block in the snapshot, so clicking on the block now targets this block property table.

```
id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(transmission);
```

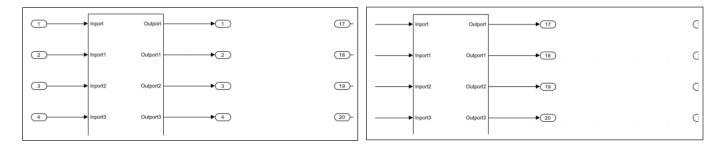
```
props = SimulinkObjectProperties(transmission);
props.LinkTarget = id;
add(rpt,props);
```

Close and view the report

```
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Tile Simulink Diagrams

This example shows how to create a report with a large diagram that spans across multiple pages.



Create Report with Image Tiles

Open a model with a large diagram.

model = 'slreportgen_demo_big_diagram';
open_system(model);

Create large image file to split into tiles.

```
imgFile = [model '.png'];
print('-dpng', ['-s' model], imgFile);
```

Create and open a report.

```
% To create a Word report, change the output type from "pdf" to "docx".
% To create an HTML report, change "pdf" to "html" or "html-file for
% a multifile or single-file report, respectively.
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('myreport2', 'pdf');
open(rpt);
```

Get the page layout information.

```
pageLayout = rpt.Document.CurrentPageLayout;
pageSize = pageLayout.PageSize;
pageMargins = pageLayout.PageMargins;
```

Set the page header and footer to 0 inches to maximize space.

```
pageMargins.Header = '0in';
pageMargins.Footer = '0in';
```

Determine the image tile size that fits onto the page. The optimal tile size is the page size minus the page margins, gutters, headers and footers. Also, adjust the tile height to allow 0.5 inches for the caption. Note that for PDF documents, MATLAB Report Generator defines one inch as equal to 96 pixels.

```
dpi = 96;
units = mlreportgen.utils.units;
tileHeight = units.toPixels(pageSize.Height, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
```

```
units.toPixels(pageMargins.Top, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
units.toPixels(pageMargins.Bottom, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
units.toPixels(pageMargins.Header, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
units.toPixels(pageMargins.Footer, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
units.toPixels('0.5in', 'Resolution', dpi);

tileWidth = units.toPixels(pageSize.Width, 'Resolution', dpi) ...

units.toPixels(pageMargins.Left, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
units.toPixels(pageMargins.Right, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
units.toPixels(pageMargins.Gutter, 'Resolution', dpi) ...
```

```
tileSize = [tileWidth tileHeight];
```

Call the sliceImage local function (see below) to slice the large image file into image tiles.

```
tiles = sliceImage(imgFile, [tileWidth tileHeight]);
```

Add the tile images to the report. Also, add a caption to indicate where the tile image belongs in relation to the overall image.

```
for i = 1:numel(tiles)
    tile = tiles{i};
    formalImage = mlreportgen.report.FormalImage(tile.File);
    formalImage.ScaleToFit = false;
    formalImage.Caption = sprintf('row: %d, col: %d', tile.Row, tile.Col);
    add(rpt, formalImage);
end
```

Generate and display the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Define sliceImage Local Function

To slice an image file into tiles, read in the image file and copy tile-size parts into multiple image files.

```
function tiles = sliceImage(imgFile, tileSize)
   % Read in the image file and determine the number of row and column
   % tiles. Note that the image data is row-major, where the rows are
   % specified first and the columns are second.
    img = imread(imgFile);
    imgSize = size(img);
    imgRows = imgSize(1); % image height
    imgCols = imgSize(2); % image width
    tileNumRows = tileSize(2); % tile height
    tileNumCols = tileSize(1); % tile width
    numCols = ceil(imgCols / tileNumCols);
   numRows = ceil(imgRows / tileNumRows);
   % Preallocate the tile data structures.
    tiles = cell(1, numCols*numRows);
    % Determine the base filename to create the tile image filenames.
    [fPath, fName, fExt] = fileparts(imgFile);
```

```
tileName = fullfile(fPath, fName);
    % Iterate through all rows and columns.
    count = 0;
    for rowIdx = 1:numRows
        for colIdx = 1:numCols
            % Determine the starting and ending image data indices to copy
            % into the tile image. At the edges, the ending indices are
            % the number of rows and number of columns.
             rowStart = (rowIdx - 1) * tileNumRows + 1;
             rowEnd = rowStart + tileNumRows - 1;
             colStart = (colIdx - 1) * tileNumCols + 1;
            colEnd = colStart + tileNumCols - 1;
            if (rowEnd >= imgRows)
                 rowEnd = imgRows;
            end
            nTileRows = rowEnd - rowStart + 1;
             if (colEnd >= imgCols)
                 colEnd = imgCols;
            end
            nTileCols = colEnd - colStart + 1;
            % Copy the tile image data onto a white image tile.
            tileImg = uint8(255 * ones(tileNumRows, tileNumCols, 3));
tileImg(1:nTileRows, 1:nTileCols, :) = img(rowStart:rowEnd,...
                 colStart:colEnd, :);
            % Write out the image tile.
            outFile = sprintf('%s_%d_%d.%s', tileName, rowIdx, colIdx, fExt);
             imwrite(tileImg, outFile);
            % Create the tile data structure to describe the tile.
             count = count + 1;
             tiles{count} = struct( ...
                 'File', outFile, ...
                 'Row', rowIdx, ...
                 'Col', colIdx);
        end
    end
end
```

Create Simulink Bus Object Reports

This example shows how to create a report that describes all of the bus objects used by a Simulink® model. This report creates a chapter for each bus object. Each chapter has a section for the bus object hierarchy, bus object properties table, bus elements properties table, and list of blocks that use the bus.

Chapter 1. sld	lemo,bux,arrays,bus	object	1.4. Used By
1.1. Hierarchy			Mobileg Anape of the Signals
1.2. Propertie			
Property	Value		
Elements	: :		
DataScope	Auto		The same second and a second and a second and the s
Headerfice			
Algoment	4		
D+Lorigtion			
1.3.Elements			to allow the first of the sector of the sector and the sector of the sec
Element	Property	Value	
	Oeta7ype	double	
	Complexity	real	 sldemo_bus_arrays/Bus Creator
	Dimensions	1	 sidemo_bus_arrays/Bus Creator1
	DimensionsMode	Fixed	 sldemo_bus_arrays/Constant4
•	SampleTime	-1	
	Min	0	
	Max	0	
	Unit		
	description		
	GetaType	double	
	Comprexity	real	
	Oimensions	1	
	DimensionsMode	Fixed	
b	SampleTime	4	
	Min	0	
	Mex	0	
	UNK		
	Omorption		
		1	2

Import Packages

Import the Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Open Model

Open a model that has bus objects.

```
model = "slrgex_sldemo_bus_arrays";
open_system(model);
```

Create Report

Create and open a report object. To create a Microsoft® Word, HTML, or single-file HTML report, change "pdf" to "docx", "html", or "html-file", respectively.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(model + "_bus_object_report","pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Add a title page and a table of contents.

```
titlepage = TitlePage("Title", model + ": Bus Object Report","Author","John Doe");
add(rpt,titlepage);
toc = TableOfContents();
add(rpt, toc);
```

Find and Report on Bus Objects

Find all the variables used in the model.

finder = ModelVariableFinder(model);

Loop through the variable finder results to find the bus objects and report on them. Use the getVariableValue method to identify which variables are bus objects. Use the slreportgen.report.BusObject reporter to report on the bus objects.

Close Report

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

View Sample Report

To see a more comprehensive bus object report, view the asbhl20_bus_object_report.pdf that is available with this example. You must have Aerospace Blockset[™] to open the asbhl20 model.

rptview asbhl20_bus_object_report.pdf

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder|slreportgen.report.BusObject|
getVariableValue
```

More About

- "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
- "What Are Reporters?"

Report System Inputs and Outputs

This example shows how to create a report that describes the inputs and outputs of a model or subsystem. The report includes a chapter for the top-level model and each subsystem in the model. Each chapter includes a section for the inputs and outputs and a section for the blocks in the system.

This image shows the input and output summaries included in the report.

1.1. Inputs and Outputs

Table 1.1. slreportgen_demo_SystemIO Input Summary

Port	Inport Block	Source	Name	DataType
1	Input1	mappedIO.getElement(1)	signal_1	double
2	Input2	mappedIO.getElement(2)	signal_2	double
3	<u>Input</u>	mappedIO.getElement(3)	signal_3	double

Table 1.2. slreportgen_demo_SystemIO Output Summary

Port Outport Block		ort Block Destination	
1	<u>Output</u>	yout{1}	double

2.1. Inputs and Outputs

Table 2.1. Compute Result Input Summary

Port	Inport Block	Source	Name	DataType
1	<u>Input</u>	slreportgen_demo_SystemIO/Input1	signal_1	double
2	Input1	slreportgen_demo_SystemIO/Math Function		double

Table 2.2. Compute Result Output Summary

[Port	Outport Block Destination I		DataType
[1	Output	slreportgen_demo_SystemIO/Sum (Port 1)	double

Open Model

Open a model. This example uses a model that has top-level input and output blocks and a subsystem with inputs and outputs. The top-level input signals are stored in a variable, mappedIO, which is created when the model is opened.

model = "slreportgen_demo_SystemI0";
open_system(model);

Report Setup

Import the Report Generator API packages so you do not have to use long, fully-qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Create and open a Simulink report object. To create a Microsoft® Word, HTML, or single-file HTML report, change "pdf" to "docx", "html", or "html-file", respectively.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(model + "_SystemI0_Report", "pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Add a title page and table of contents.

```
titlepage = TitlePage("Title",model + ": System I/O Report","Author","Jane Doe");
add(rpt,titlepage);
toc = TableOfContents();
add(rpt, toc);
```

Report on Inputs and Outputs

Find and loop through all systems in the model.

```
finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(finder)
    system = next(finder);
```

Create a new chapter and add the diagram result.

```
ch = Chapter("Title",sprintf("System %s",system.Name));
add(ch,system);
```

Create an "Inputs and Outputs" section and a SystemIO reporter.

```
ioSect = Section("Inputs and Outputs");
ioRptr = SystemIO(system);
```

For subsystem inputs and outputs, the SystemIO reporter by default includes details about the input and output ports of the subsystem. For model inputs and outputs, the reporter includes details about inport and outport blocks. If the system is a model, set the SystemIO options to omit these block details because this report includes the same information in the "Blocks" section of the chapter.

Create a section to include details about each block in the system. Source and destination blocks included in SystemIO summary tables link to the corresponding block details in this section.

```
blkSect = Section("Blocks");
blkFinder = BlockFinder(system);
results = find(blkFinder);
add(blkSect,results);
add(ch,blkSect);
```

Add the chapter to the report.

add(rpt,ch);

end

Close Report

Close and view the report.

```
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Reporting on DocBlock Blocks

This example shows how to include the contents of Simulink DocBlock blocks in a Microsoft® Word report generated by the Report API. The example model, slreportgen_demo_docblock, contains only DocBlock blocks, with one block for each kind of DocBlock document type:

- RTF
- HTML
- Text

In the generated report, the contents of the DocBlock blocks look like this:

Chapter 1. System slreportgen_demo_docblock

your Word documentation

your HTML documentation

Plain text documentation

Import the API packages so that you can refer to API classes by their unqualified names, that is, without the names of the class packages in which they reside.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.dom.*
```

Load the model for this example.

```
model = 'slreportgen_demo_docblock';
load_system(model);
```

Create a container to hold the report content. To avoid a compilation error due to the model containing only virtual blocks, set the CompileModelBeforeReporting property of the report object to false.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('ModelDoc', 'docx');
rpt.CompileModelBeforeReporting = false;
```

Add a title page and table of contents.

```
add(rpt,TitlePage('Title',sprintf('%s Model Documentation',model)));
add(rpt,TableOfContents);
```

Find and loop through all the systems in the model.

```
finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
for system = find(finder)
```

Create a chapter for each system. Include the system name in the chapter title. Use the chapter to report on the DocBlock content of the system.

ch = Chapter('Title',sprintf('System %s', system.Name));

Find all the DocBlock blocks in the current system. Each result returns the DocBlock reporter for the found DocBlock. The add method invokes the DocBlock reporter.

```
docBlockFinder = BlockFinder(system);
docBlockFinder.Properties = {'MaskType', 'DocBlock'}';
results = find(docBlockFinder);
if ~isempty(results)
    add(ch, results);
    else
    add(ch, "This system does not have documentation.");
end
add(rpt,ch)
end
```

Close and view the report.

close(rpt); close_system(model); rptview(rpt);

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.DocBlock|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|
DocBlock
```

More About

- "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
- "What Are Reporters?"

Report Model Notes

This example shows how to create a report that embeds model notes. The report includes a chapter for each system in the model. Each chapter includes a system snapshot and any notes for that system.

Open Model

Open a model that has notes.

```
model = "slreportgendemo_autotrans";
open_system(model);
```

Report Setup

Import the Report Generator API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Create and open a Simulink report object. To create a Microsoft® Word, HTML, or single-file HTML report, change "pdf" to "docx", "html", or "html-file", respectively.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(model + "_Notes_Report","pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Add a title page and table of contents.

```
titlepage = TitlePage("Title",model);
add(rpt,titlepage);
toc = TableOfContents();
add(rpt,toc);
```

Report on systems

Find and loop through all of the systems in the model.

```
finder = DiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(finder)
    system = next(finder);
```

Create a new chapter and add the system result, which adds a system snapshot to the report.

```
ch = Chapter("Title",system.Name);
add(ch,system);
```

Add model notes to the current system. If the current system does not have any notes associated with it, nothing is added.

```
notes = Notes(system);
add(ch,notes);
```

Add the chapter to the report

```
add(rpt,ch);
```

end

Close Report

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult

More About

- "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
- "What Are Reporters?"

Report Execution Order of Tasks and Blocks in Simulink Systems

This example shows how to create a report that displays information about all tasks executed by a model and the order in which blocks execute during each task.

Block execution can be separated into different tasks based on sample time if the Treat each discrete rate as a separate task configuration parameter is selected. Export-function models and systems containing certain blocks, such as asynchronous interrupts or event-triggered subsystems, also group block execution into different tasks. See "Control and Display Execution Order" for more information on viewing task information and block execution order in Simulink®.

This image shows a diagram of the sample model slreportgen_demo_ExecutionOrder and the task summary and block execution order for the model.

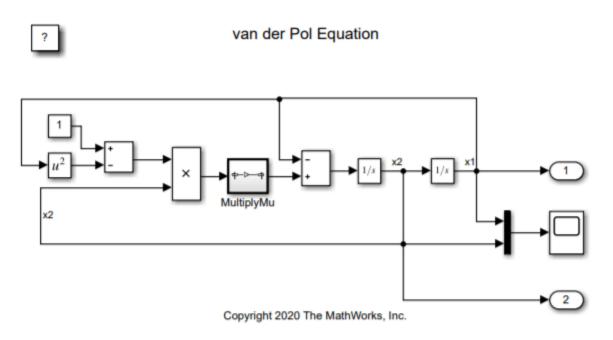


Figure 1.1. slreportgen_ExecutionOrder_example

1.1. Execution Order

Table 1.1. Tasks

Order	Name	Туре	Trigger	TaskID
1	<u>Cont</u>	Periodic	0	TID0
N/A	<u>Constant</u>	Constant		TID1

Block Execution Order

Cont

- 1. <u>x1</u> (Integrator)
- 2. Out1 (Outport)
- 3. x2 (Integrator)
- 4. Out2 (Outport)
- 5. Scope (Scope)
- 6. Square (Math)
- 7. <u>Sum1</u> (Sum)
- 8. Product (Product)
- 9. MultiplyMu (SubSystem) [Block Execution Order]
- 10. Sum (Sum)

Constant

1. Constant (Constant)

Because the model is a continuous system, the main task, Cont, has a sample time value of 0. In all models, constant blocks are separated into Constant tasks.

MultiplyMu is a nonvirtual subsystem. By default, nonvirtual subsystem entries in a block execution order list contain a link to the block execution order list for that subsystem. Alternatively, you can configure the ExecutionOrder reporter options to display subsystem blocks as a nested list.

Open Model

Open a model. This example uses a single-tasking model, that is, all blocks except constant blocks execute during the same task.

```
model = "slreportgen_ExecutionOrder_example";
open_system(model);
```

Report Setup

Import the Report Generator API packages so you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Create and open a Simulink report object. To create a Microsoft® Word, HTML, or single-file HTML report, change "pdf" to "docx", "html", or "html-file", respectively.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(model + "_Report", "pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Add a title page and table of contents.

```
titlepage = TitlePage("Title",model + ": Execution Order Report","Author","Jane Doe");
add(rpt,titlepage);
toc = TableOfContents();
add(rpt, toc);
```

Report on Task and Block Execution Order

Find and loop through all systems in the model.

```
finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(finder)
    system = next(finder);
```

Create a new chapter and add the diagram result.

```
ch = Chapter("Title",sprintf("System %s",system.Name));
add(ch,system);
```

Report the execution order of the system only if it is a block diagram or a nonvirtual subsystem. Blocks within virtual subsystems are reported in the parent's block execution order.

```
isNonvirtualSubsystem = strcmp(system.Type, "Simulink.SubSystem") ...
&& strcmp(get_param(system.Object, "IsSubsystemVirtual"), "off");
if strcmp(system.Type,"Simulink.BlockDiagram") || isNonvirtualSubsystem
```

Create an Execution Order section and an ExecutionOrder reporter.

```
eoSect = Section("Execution Order");
eoRptr = ExecutionOrder(system);
```

For subsystems, set the ExecutionOrder options so that task details are not reported, because this information is already reported by the parent block diagram execution order.

```
if isNonvirtualSubsystem
    eoRptr.ShowTaskDetails = false;
end
```

Add the ExecutionOrder reporter to the Execution Order chapter, and add the chapter to the report.

```
add(eoSect,eoRptr);
add(ch,eoSect);
end
```

Create a section to include details about each block in the system. Blocks included in ExecutionOrder block execution order lists link to the corresponding block details in this section.

```
blkSect = Section("Blocks");
blkFinder = BlockFinder(system);
results = find(blkFinder);
add(blkSect,results);
add(ch,blkSect);
```

Add the chapter to the report.

add(rpt,ch);

Close and View the Report

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

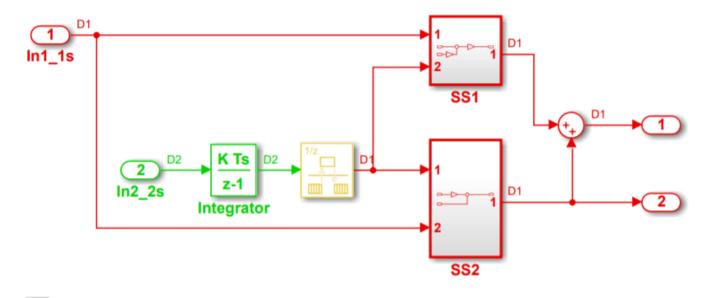
end

View Sample Reports

To see how execution order is reported for other types of models, view the sample reports available with this example.

Multitasking Models

The sample model slreportgen_demo_Multitasking is configured to treat each discrete sample time as a separate task. The sample time for blocks In1_1s, SS1, and SS2 is 1 second, and the sample time for block In2_2s is 2 seconds.





The model is also configured to display blocks color-coded by sample time. Blocks that execute at a 1 second sample time are red, and blocks that execute at a 2 second sample time are green. Multirate blocks, such as the rate-transition block between the Integrator block and the two subsystems, are yellow. To programmatically configure a model in this way, execute this command:

set_param(model, "SampleTimeColors", "on");

The execution order for this model reports two tasks. The Trigger column of the task details table reports the sample time, in seconds, for each task.

Table 1.1. Tasks

ጌ

Order	Name	Туре	Trigger	TaskID
1	<u>D1</u>	Periodic	1	TID0
2	<u>D2</u>	Periodic	2	TID1

The model blocks are separated by task. The rate-transition block executes during both tasks, so it is included in both lists. However, only its output port executes during task D1, and only its input port executes during task D2.

Block Execution Order

D1

- 1. RateTransition (RateTransition) Output Ports: 1
- 2. <u>SS1</u> (SubSystem) [<u>Block Execution Order</u>]
- <u>SS2</u> (SubSystem) [Block Execution Order]
- 4. <u>Sum</u> (Sum)
- 5. Out1 (Outport)
- 6. Out2 (Outport)

<u>D2</u>

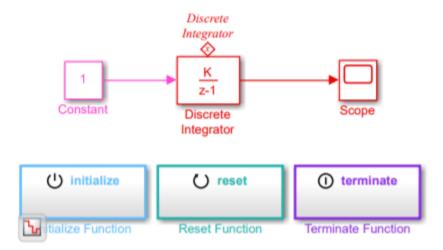
- 1. Integrator (DiscreteIntegrator)
- 2. RateTransition (RateTransition) Input Ports: 1

To view the full sample report, execute this command:

rptview("slreportgen_demo_Multitasking_Report.pdf")

Nonperiodic Tasks

Some tasks, such as those created by asynchronous interrupts or event listeners, do not execute based on sample time. For example, the sample model slreportgen_demo_InitResetTerm uses three subsystems with the execution controlled by event listeners. Each event listener is configured to execute a subsystem when it receives an initialize, reset, or terminate function-call event.



The initialize, reset, and terminate events are reported as separate tasks in the execution order. Their execution does not directly depend on the sample time of the model, so they are not given an order number in the task table. The SourceBlock column denotes which block defines the task.

Table 1.1. Tasks

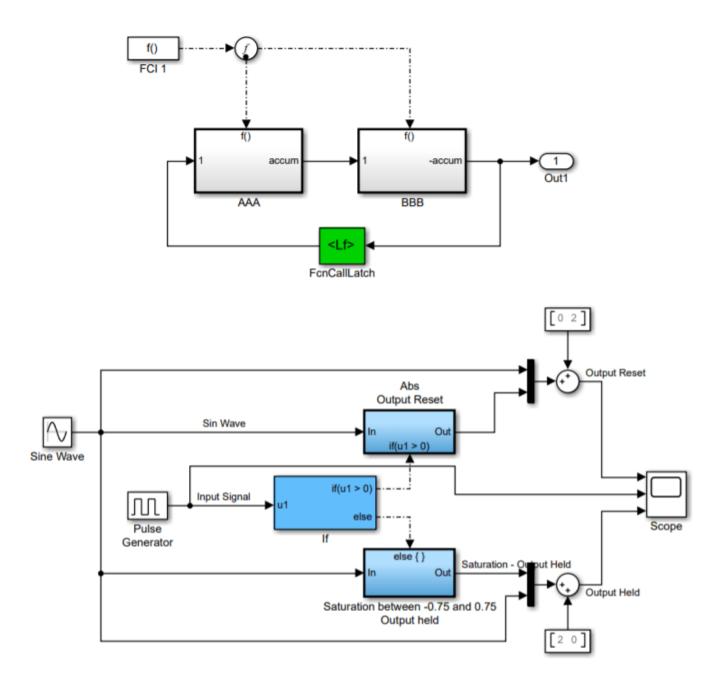
Order	Name	Туре	Trigger	TaskID	SourceBlock
1	<u>D1</u>	Periodic	1	TID0	
N/A	<u>Init</u>	Initialize		TID1	slreportgen_demo_InitResetTerm/Initialize Function
N/A	<u>Term</u>	Terminate		TID2	<u>slreportgen_demo_InitResetTerm/Terminate Functio</u> <u>n</u>
N/A	<u>reset</u>	Reset		TID3	slreportgen_demo_InitResetTerm/Reset Function
N/A	Constant	Constant		TID4	

To view the full sample report, execute this command:

rptview("slreportgen_demo_InitResetTerm_Report.pdf")

Conditional Execution

The sample model slreportgen_demo_ConditionalExecution contains an If block and a Function-Call Generator block that control when certain subsystems within the model execute.



The conditionally executed subsystems are not reported in the block execution order list because they do not necessarily execute at every time step. Instead, they are included in a Conditional Execution table that is reported after the block execution order list.

<u>Cont</u>

- 1. FCI 1 (S-Function)
- 2. Out1 (Outport)
- 3. Sine Wave (Sin)
- 4. Pulse Generator (DiscretePulseGenerator)
- 5. If (If)
- 6. <u>Sum</u> (Sum)
- 7. <u>Sum1</u> (Sum)
- 8. Scope (Scope)

Table 1.2. Conditional Execution

Trigger	Blocks Executed
FCI 1 (S-Func tion)	 <u>AAA</u> (SubSystem) [<u>Block Execution Order</u>] <u>BBB</u> (SubSystem) [<u>Block Execution Order</u>]
1	if(u1 > 0): <u>Abs Output Reset</u> (SubSystem) [<u>Block Execution Order</u>] else: <u>Saturation between -0.75 and 0.75 Output held</u> (SubSystem) [<u>Block Execution</u> <u>Order</u>]

To view the full sample report, execute this command:

rptview("slreportgen_demo_ConditionalExecution_Report.pdf")

See Also

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder

More About

- "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
- "Generate System Design Reports with Report API" on page 2-8
- "What Are Reporters?"
- Treat each discrete rate as a separate task
- "Control and Display Execution Order"

Create Simulink Report Generator Reports Interactively

This example shows how to use the Report Explorer to design a report setup file and generate a report that does the following:

- Opens a Simulink model for the van der Pol equation, called the slrgex_vdp model.
- Sets the **Gain** parameter for the Mu block to five different values.
- Simulates the model each time the **Gain** parameter is set.
- Collects the results. Results that fall within a specified range appear in a table in the generated report.

You do not need to know MATLAB or Simulink software to create and run this example report. However, knowledge of these products will help you understand the MATLAB code and model simulation that executes.

To create this report, you perform these main tasks:

- "Specify Report Options in Setup Files" on page 4-50
- "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-51

This example includes separate sections for different kinds of report creation and generation task. Each section builds on the previous sections. However, if you want to see the report setup components for a later section without doing the previous sections, in MATLAB you can view the completed report setup file by opening the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

Specify Report Options in Setup Files

To create and configure the report setup file:

- 1 Start Simulink.
- **2** Open the Report Explorer from the Simulink Toolstrip. On the **Apps** tab, in the **Simulation Graphics and Reporting** section, click **Report Generator**.
- **3** Select **File** > **New** to create a report setup file.
- **4** Save the report setup file.

In the Properties pane:

- a Specify where to save the report setup file. To save it in the current working folder, select Present Working Directory from the **Directory** selection list.
- **b** Specify the report format. In the **File format** selection list, select Acrobat (PDF).

Tip In your reports, if you want to include hyperlinks in system snapshots, use Direct PDF (from template) file format.

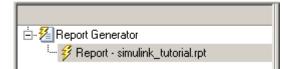
c Enter a description for the report. In the **Report description** text box, replace the existing contents with the following text.

Tip Copy and paste this code from the HTML documentation into the Report Explorer.

Simulink Dynamic Report
This report opens up a model, sets a block parameter
several times, simulates the model, and collects the
results. Results that fall within a specified range are
displayed in a table after the test is complete.
The report is configured to test the slrgex_vdp model only.
By selecting the Eval String component immediately
below the Report component, you can modify
* model
* block
* parameter
* tested values

5 Click **File** > **Save As** to save the report setup file as simulink_tutorial.rpt.

The Outline pane on the left displays the new file name.



To create the content for the report, see "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-51.

Add Report Content with Components

- "Report Components" on page 4-52
- "Add MATLAB Code" on page 4-53
- "Add a Title Page" on page 4-57
- "Open the Simulink Model" on page 4-58
- "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-60
- "Error If Model Cannot Be Opened" on page 4-61
- "Create the Body of the Report" on page 4-63
- "Process with a Model Loop Component" on page 4-63
- "Add a Paragraph for Each Model" on page 4-65
- "Insert a Snapshot of the Model" on page 4-66
- "Add a Loop for Processing the Model" on page 4-67
- "Block Parameter Value from a MATLAB Expression" on page 4-68
- "Create a Section for Each Iteration" on page 4-69
- "Insert the Block Value" on page 4-70
- "Set a Parameter Value" on page 4-70
- "Check Value Using a Logical If Component" on page 4-71
- "Simulate the Model Using a Model Simulation Component" on page 4-73

• "Create a Post-Test Analysis Section" on page 4-78

Report Components

Report components specify what information to include in the report. Components are self-contained, modular MATLAB objects that control the report-generation process and insert elements, such as tables, lists, and figures, into a report setup file. Use components to customize the appearance and output of reports.

For more information, see "Report Components" on page 1-24.

The following figure shows a sample page from the report you create in this example, and which components you use to produce this output.

Note Do not deactivate report components that you add to the report setup file.

Chapter 1. Model - slrgex_vdp

Table of Contents

Iteration_Value -1 Iteration_Value 0 Iteration_Value 0.5 Iteration_Value 1 Iteration_Value 2 Post-Test Analysis

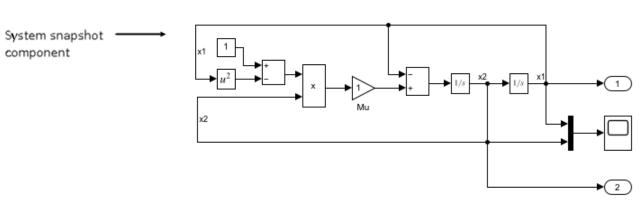
Paragraph component

Chapter/Subsection -

component

This is a demonstration of the Report Generator's ability to experiment with Simulink systems and auto-document the results. In this report, we will load the model slrgex_vdp and simulate it 5 times. The report will modify the slrgex_vdp/Mu block's "Gain" value, setting it to the values [-1 0 0.5 1 2]. Each iteration of the test will include a set of scope snapshots in the report.

van der Pol Equation



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Add MATLAB Code

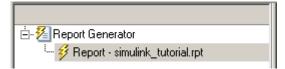
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

The first component to add is the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component, which evaluates MATLAB commands in the workspace. The code in this component assigns initial values to variables used in this example.

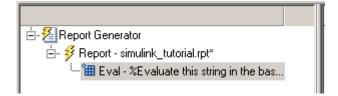
1 In the Outline pane on the left, select simulink tutorial.rpt.



- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, select Evaluate MATLAB Expression.
- **3** In the Properties pane on the right, click the icon next to **Add component to current report** to insert the component into the report.

Note You cannot edit the component information in the Properties pane on the right until you add the component to the report.

In the Outline pane on the left, the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component appears under the simulink_tutorial report setup file. The Simulink Report Generator software abbreviates the component name to **Eval**.



The icon in the upper left corner of the **Eval** component icon indicates that this component cannot have child components. By default, any components you add while the **Eval** component is selected are siblings of this component.

The options for the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component appear in the Properties pane on the right.

Evaluate MATLAB Expression			
Insert MATLAB expression in report			
Display command window output in report			
Expression to evaluate in the base workspace:	Eval Now		
%Evaluate this string in the base w	vorkspace		
Evaluate this expression if there is an error:			
rptgen.displayMessage(sprintf('Erro %rptgen.displayMessage('Halting ger			
	•		
Revert	Help		

- 4 Clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and the **Display command window output in report** check boxes so you do not include MATLAB code or output in this report.
- **5** Add MATLAB code to the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box to specify the following values:
 - The model name
 - The block name
 - The block parameter
 - Parameter values
 - Other initial values required for processing the slrgex_vdp model

Replace the existing text with the following MATLAB code.

```
%The name of the model
%which will be changed
expModel='slrgex_vdp';
%The name of the block in the model
%which will be changed
expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu';
%The name of the block parameter
%which will be changed
```

```
expParam='Gain';
%The values which will be set
%during experimentation.
expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2];
%expValue can be either a vector
%or a cell array
testMin=2.1;
testMax=3;
%---- do not change code below line ---
try
    open_system(expModel);
end
expOkValues=cell(0,2);
```

Note When you change a field in the Properties pane on the right, the field background changes color (the default is a cream color), indicating that there are unapplied changes to that field. As soon as you perform operations on another component, the Simulink Report Generator software applies the changes, and the background color becomes white again.

6 Select the **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box.

7 In the field under the check box, replace the existing text with the following text:

```
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])
```

The Report Explorer window now looks as follows.

Expression to evaluate in the base workspace: <pre>SThe name of the model &which will be changed expModel='slrgex_vdp'; SThe name of the block in the model &which will be changed expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; SThe name of the block parameter &which will be changed expParam='Gain'; SThe values which will be set &during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; &expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2,1; testMax=3; & do not change code below line try</pre>	E
<pre>%which will be changed expModel='slrgex_vdp'; %The name of the block in the model %which will be changed expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; %The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>expModel='slrgex_vdp'; %The name of the block in the model %which will be changed expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; %The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%The name of the block in the model %which will be changed expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; %The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%which will be changed expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; %The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%which will be changed expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; %The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>expBlock='slrgex_vdp/Mu'; %The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%The name of the block parameter %which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%which will be changed expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>expParam='Gain'; %The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%The values which will be set %during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=2:1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%during experimentation. expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; %expValue can be either a vector %or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMin=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2]; SexpValue can be either a vector Sor a cell array testMin=2.1; testMax=3; S do not change code below line	
<pre>SexpValue can be either a vector Sor a cell array testMin=2.1; testMax=3; S do not change code below line</pre>	
<pre>%or a cell array testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line</pre>	
testMin=2.1; testMax=3; % do not change code below line	
testMax=3; %	
testMax=3; % do not change code below line	
% do not change code below line	
try	
open_system(expModel);	
end	
<pre>expOkValues=cell(0,2);</pre>	
Evaluate this expression if there is an error	
T 1	
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])	

Tip To run the commands that you specified in your MATLAB expression, click the **Eval Now** button. This button is located at the upper-right corner of the Report Explorer. This is an easy way to ensure that your commands are correct and will not cause report generation problems.

8 Click **File** > **Save** to save the report setup file.

For information about handling error conditions, see "Error Handling for MATLAB Code".

Add a Title Page

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

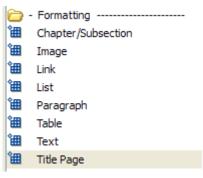
The report is for the slrgex vdp model.

Create a custom title page for your report using the Title Page component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Eval** component.

	Π
🗄 🐔 Report Generator	
🗄- 🜮 Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*	I
ⁱ * 🔠 Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas	I
	Ш

2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, click **Title Page**.



3 Click the icon next to Add component to current report.

The Title Page component appears in the Outline pane.

🗄 🐔 Report Generator
🗄 🐓 🖇 Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*
- 🛗 Eval - % The name of the model % that wil
🛄 Title Page - <no title=""></no>

Note To use the **Title Page** component, you need to have a **Chapter** component in your report . You have not yet added a **Chapter** component, so the Properties pane displays a message indicating that chapters are required for the **Title Page** component to appear correctly. Because later in this example you add **Chapter** components to this report, you can ignore that message.

4 In the Properties pane on the right:

a In the **Title** text box, enter:

Dynamic Simulink Report

b In the **Subtitle** text box, enter:

Using Simulink Report Generator to Document Changes

- c In the **Options** section, choose Custom Author from the selection list.
- **d** Enter your name in the text box.
- e Select the Include report creation date check box.
- **f** Select the default date and time format from the selection list. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Title Page	
Error A Chapters are required for component Add chapters to template.	t "Title Page" (section) to appear correctly.
Main Image Abstract Lega	al notice
Title: Dynamic Simulink Report Subtitle: Using Report Generator to Do	ocument Changes
Options	
Custom author:	John Q. Engineer
Include report creation date:	dd-mmm-yyyy HH:MM:SS (26-Jul-2011 09:36:58) 🔻
Include copyright holder and year:	
Display legal notice on title page	

5 Save the report setup file.

Open the Simulink Model

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

The following statement in the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component that you created in "Add MATLAB Code" on page 4-53 tries to open the slrgex_vdp model:

```
try
    open_system(expModel);
end
```

Tip Select the **Eval** component in the Outline pane on the left to look at this code again.

To see if the slrgex_vdp model was successfully opened, test the result of the open_system command using a Logical If component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Title Page** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, select Logical If. This component checks to see if a given condition is true or false; in this case, if the model opened successfully.

C	 Logical and Flow Control
铀	For Loop
铀	Logical Else
铀	Logical Elseif
圕	Logical If
ᡝ	Logical Then
铀	While Loop

3 In the Properties pane on the right, click the icon next to **Add component to current report**. The **Logical If** component appears as **if** in the Outline pane.

🗄 🔏 Report Generator
🗄 🦸 Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*
📟 🔠 Eval - % The name of the model % that wi
🛍 Title Page - Dynamic Simulink Report
🛄 🏰 if (true)

These components are child components of the report and siblings of one another. Components can have parent, child, and sibling relationships.

This component can have child components. "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-60 explains how to add two child components to the **if** component.

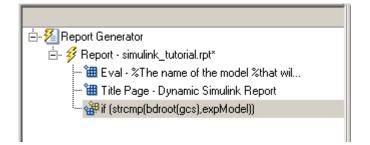
4 In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Test expression** text box, replace the default text, true, with the following text:

```
strcmp(bdroot(gcs),expModel)
```

The strcmp function compares the name of the open Simulink model and the value of expModel, which was set to 'slrgex_vdp'. It tests to see if the slrgex_vdp model opened successfully. strcmp returns 1 (true) if the two strings match, and 0 (false) if not.

5 Save the report setup file.

The **if** component name in the Outline pane changes to include the expression that you added.



Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components

Note This section builds on the previous tasks.

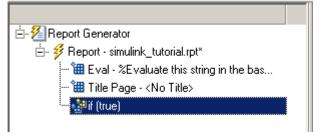
To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

```
setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt
```

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

The if strcmp(bdroot(gcs), expModel) component has two possible results. Add two child components to the report setup file to process these cases.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** component.

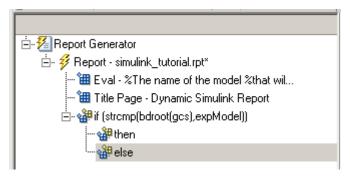


- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, double-click Logical Then.
- 3 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** component again.
- 4 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, double-click **Logical Else**.

Both elements are added as child components to the if component, as shown in the Outline pane.

'≟- <mark>≸</mark> Report Generator '≟- <mark>∮</mark> Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*
🖶 💋 Beport - simulink, tutorial rot*
🔠 Eval - %The name of the model %that wil
🔠 Title Page - Dynamic Simulink Report
⊟- ∰ if (strcmp(bdroot(gcs),expModel))
🏰 else
🏰 then

5 To move the else component under the **then** component, select the else component and click the **down** arrow on the toolbar once. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



6 Save the report setup file.

Error If Model Cannot Be Opened

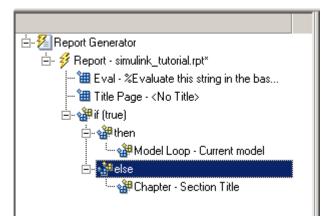
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

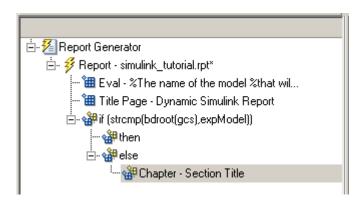
The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

If the if strcmp(bdroot(gcs), expModel) component fails (the slrgex_vdp model cannot open), the **else** component executes. Display an error message in the report using the Chapter/ Subsection component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **else** component.



2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Chapter/ Subsection to add it as a child of the else component. This component displays an error message if an error occurs when opening the slrgex_vdp model.



Note When you add a component to a report, it is added by default as a child component unless the selected component cannot have child components.

3 In the Properties pane on the right, choose Custom from the Title selection list, and then enter the following text in the text box:

Load Model Failed.

Save the report file.

The Outline pane looks as follows.

🗄 🖉 Report Generator
🗄- 🕖 Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*
🔠 Eval - % The name of the model % that wil
🔠 Title Page - Dynamic Simulink Report
≟- 🏰 if (strcmp(bdroot(gcs),expModel))
🏰 then
🗄 - 🏰 else
ⁱ 🏰 Chapter - Load Model Failed.

- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Chapter** component.
- 5 In the Library pane in the middle, under Formatting, double-click Paragraph.
- 6 In the Properties pane on the right, enter the following text in the **Paragraph Text** text box to display the following error message:

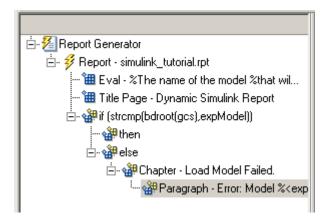
Error: Model %<expModel> could not be opened.

The expression %<expModel> indicates that the value of the workspace variable expModel is inserted into the text, as in the following example.

Error: Model slrgex_vdp could not be opened.

- 7 In the Outline pane on the left, select the Chapter.
- 8 Save the report setup file.

The Outline pane looks as follows.



Create the Body of the Report

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

Creating the body of the report involves setting up components and code for dynamic execution of report components. In this example, you perform the following tasks:

- "Process with a Model Loop Component" on page 4-63
- "Add a Paragraph for Each Model" on page 4-65
- "Insert a Snapshot of the Model" on page 4-66
- "Add a Loop for Processing the Model" on page 4-67
- "Block Parameter Value from a MATLAB Expression" on page 4-68
- "Create a Section for Each Iteration" on page 4-69
- "Insert the Block Value" on page 4-70
- "Set a Parameter Value" on page 4-70
- "Check Value Using a Logical If Component" on page 4-71
- "Simulate the Model Using a Model Simulation Component" on page 4-73
- "Create a Post-Test Analysis Section" on page 4-78

Each action requires a separate component under the **then** component. For information about the then component in this report, see "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-60.

Process with a Model Loop Component

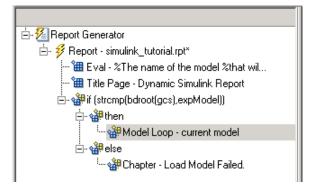
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

The report changes the **Gain** parameter for the Mu block in the slrgex_vdp model several times. This task requires a **Model Loop** component.

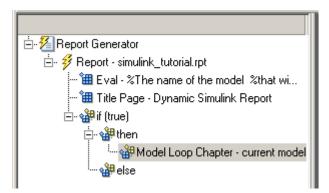
- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **then** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, scroll down to the **Simulink** category, and then double-click **Model Loop**. It is added as a child of the then component.



The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Model Loop Help Includes specified models and sys	tems in report		
Models to Include Models to Include: Current block diagram	Model Options Active Model name: Traverse model: Look under masks: Follow library links: Model reference: Starting system(s):	Current block diagram All systems in model Functional masks only Do not follow library links Do not follow model reference blocks Include all variants Model root	
Section Options Create section for each object Display the object type in the Create link anchor for each ob	section title		

- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Select the Active check box to process the slrgex_vdp model.
 - **b** In the **Traverse model** selection list, select **Selected system(s)** only to traverse only the slrgex_vdp model.
 - c Select Model root from the Starting system(s) selection list.
 - d At the bottom of the Properties pane on the left, select the **Create section for each object in loop** check box to create a chapter or section for each model. When you select this check box, the component name in the Outline pane on the left changes to **Model Loop Chapter**.



- Select the **Display the object type in the section title** check box to include the object type (in this example, model) in the title name.
- f Clear the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box.
- 4 Save the report setup file.

Add a Paragraph for Each Model

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

In each Model Loop Chapter, add an explanation using the Paragraph component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Model Loop Chapter** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, scroll up to the **Formatting** category, and then double-click **Paragraph**. The **Paragraph** component is added as a child of the **Model Loop Chapter** component.

🗄 🐔 Report Generator				
🗄 🦸 Report - simulink_tutorial.rpt*				
🔠 Eval - %The name of the model %that wil				
🔠 Title Page - Dynamic Simulink Report				
⊢. v∰then				
🗄 🖓 Model Loop Chapter - current model				
🛄 🏰 Paragraph - <no text=""></no>				
🗄 - 🏰 else				
🗄 🖓 🖓 Chapter - Load Model Failed.				
🤐 🏰 Paragraph - Error: Model % <expmod< td=""></expmod<>				

3 In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Paragraph Text** text box, enter the following text:

This report demonstrates Simulink Report Generator's ability to experiment with Simulink systems and auto-document

the results. In this report, you load the model %<expModel> and simulate it %<length> times. This report modifies the %<expBlock> block's "%<expParam>" value, setting it to the values %<expValue>. Each iteration of the test includes a set of scope snapsnots in the report.

When this report is generated, the variable names, preceded by percent signs (%) and enclosed in angle brackets (<>), are replaced with the values of those variables in the MATLAB workspace.

4 Save the report setup file.

Insert a Snapshot of the Model

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex vdp model.

Inside each **Model Loop Chapter** component, include a snapshot of the current model using the **System Snapshot** component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Model Loop Chapter** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, scroll down to the **Simulink** category, and then double-click the **System Snapshot** component.

This component inserts an image of the current model into your report. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

System Snapshot							
Snapshot							
Format:	Automatic SL format						
Orientation: Portrait							
Scaling:	Automatic			•			
Size:	[7 9]	inches	Units:	Inches 💌			
Max Size:	[7 9]	inches	Zoom:	100 %			
Properties							
Include callouts to describe visible objects							
Use printframe rptdefaultframe.fig							
Advanced >>							

- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Select Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
 - **b** Enter **70** as the **%** value.
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the System Snapshot component.
- 5 Click the **down** arrow on the toolbar once to move it under the **Paragraph** component.

⊢ Hodel Loop Chapter - current model Hodel Loop Chapter - current model Hodel Loop Chapter - this report demonstra... Hodel System Snapshot

6 Save the report setup file.

Add a Loop for Processing the Model

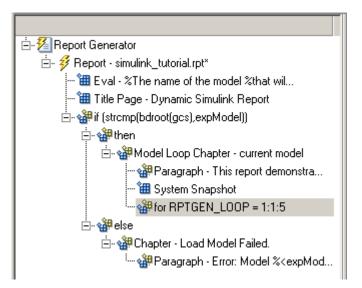
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

Create a loop to process the model %length times using the For Loop component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **System Snapshot** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, double-click **For Loop**. The **For Loop** component is added as a sibling of the **System Snapshot** component.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the End text box, replace the existing text with the following text:

length(expValue)

expValue is the array of **Gain** parameter values assigned in the **Eval** component with the command expValue=[-1 0 0.5 1 2];. The expression length(expValue) evaluates to 5 in this example.

b In the **Variable name** text box, replace the existing text with the name of the for loop variable. Enter the following text:

expIteration

The name of the **For** component in the Outline pane on the left changes to reflect the loop variable and the termination value.

4 Save the report setup file.

Block Parameter Value from a MATLAB Expression

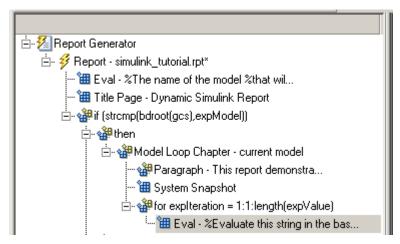
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

For each iteration, get a value from the expValue array to use as the **Gain** parameter value. This task requires an **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **for** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression. In the Outline pane, the component name is shortened to Eval.



- **3** On the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
 - **b** Enter the following text in the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box:

%Evaluate this string in the base workspace

```
if iscell(expValue)
    Iteration_Value=expValue{expIteration};
else
    Iteration_Value=...
        num2str(expValue(expIteration));
end
```

The Iteration_Value variable represents the designated array element.

c Clear the Evaluate this expression if there is an error check box.

4 Save the report setup file.

Create a Section for Each Iteration

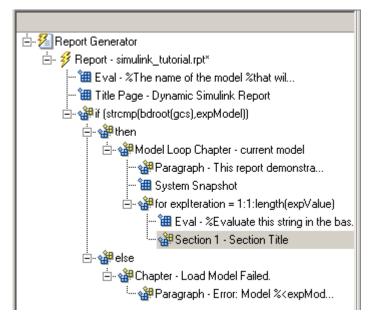
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex vdp model.

Create a separate section for each iteration of the loop that includes the data using the Chapter/Subsection component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, under the **for** component, select the **Eval** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Chapter/ Subsection to add it as a sibling. This component is automatically added as Section 1 because it is inside a Chapter component (the Model Loop Chapter component).



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the **Title** selection list, select Custom.
 - **b** In the text box, enter the following title:

```
Processing the slrgex_vdp model
```

This indicates that the section title comes from the first child component. Do not change any other properties.

4 Save the report setup file.

Insert the Block Value

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex vdp model.

Insert the Gain value that is used for each simulation.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Section 1** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Insert Variable.
- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the Variable name text box, enter Iteration_Value.
 - **b** In the **Display as** selection list, select Paragraph.

The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Insert Variable				
Source				
Variable name:	Iteration_Value			
Variable location: Base workspace				
"Iteration_Value" not found in workspace.				
Display options				
Title:	Automatic 🔻			
Array size limit:	32			
Object depth limit:	10			
Object count limit:	200			
Display as:	Paragraph 🔹			
Show variable type in headings				
Show variable table grids				
Make variable table page wide				
Omit if value is empty				
Omit if property default value				

4 Save the report setup file.

Set a Parameter Value

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

For each iteration, set the Gain parameter to the value that you extracted from the expValue array.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Variable** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression. This component is added as a sibling of the Variable component.

È- ﷺ Section 1 - Processing the vdp model -- ∰ Variable - Iteration_Value -- ∰ Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas...

- 3 In the Properties pane on the right, clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and **Display command window output in report** check boxes.
- 4 In the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box, replace the existing text with the following text.

```
set_param(expBlock,expParam,Iteration_Value);
okSetValue=(1);
```

The set_param command sets the value of the **Gain** parameter for the Mu block in the slrgex_vdp model to the value of Iteration_Value.

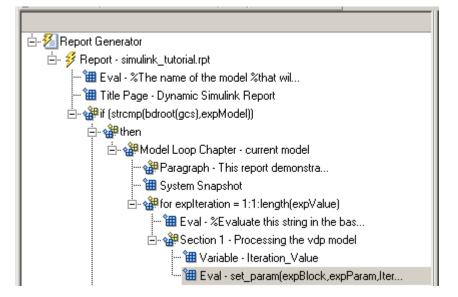
5 Make sure you select **Evaluate this expression if there is an error**. Enter the following text into the text box:

okSetValue=logical(0);

If the set_param command works, okSetValue is set to 1. If an error occurs, okSetValue is set to 0. The next component then reports the error and terminates processing.

6 Save the report setup file.

The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



Check Value Using a Logical If Component

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

Check the value of okSetValue using a **Logical If** component. If the value is 0, the simulation cannot proceed because the **Gain** parameter could not be set.

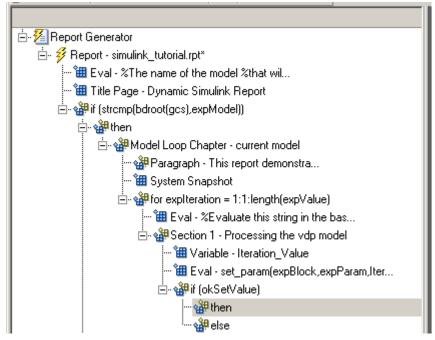
- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Eval** component for the set_param command.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, double-click **Logical If**. The component is added as a sibling of **Eval**.

🗄 🖓 Section 1 - Processing the vdp model
🔠 Variable - Iteration_Value
🔠 Eval - set_param(expBlock,expParam,Iter
🔤 🏰 if (true)

3 In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Test expression** text box, replace true with okSetValue.

okSetValue can be 1 (true) or 0 (false), so insert two components — Logical Then and Logical Else — to process those conditions:

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if (okSetValue)** component.
- 2 To insert Logical Then and Logical Else in the correct order:
 - **a** In the Library pane in the middle, double-click the **Logical Else** component.
 - **b** Select the **if (okSetValue)** component again.
 - c Double-click the Logical Then component. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



3 In the Outline pane on the right, select the **else** component.

4 In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **Paragraph**.

If okSetValue = 0, the Gain parameter value is not set and the report displays an error.

- **5** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Choose Custom title from the Title Options selection list.
 - **b** Enter Error in the text box next to the selection list.
 - c Enter the following text into the **Paragraph Text** text box:

Could not set %<expBlock> "%<expParam>" to value %<Iteration_Value>.

6 Save the report.

Simulate the Model Using a Model Simulation Component

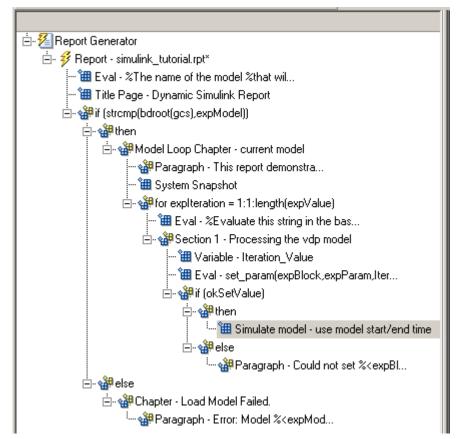
Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex_vdp model.

Now that the model is open and the **Gain** parameter is set, use the **Model Simulation** component to simulate the slrgex_vdp model.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **then** component under the **if (okSetValue)** component.
- 2 In the Library pane, under the **Simulink** category, double-click **Model Simulation**. In the Outline pane on the left, this component is renamed **Simulate model**.



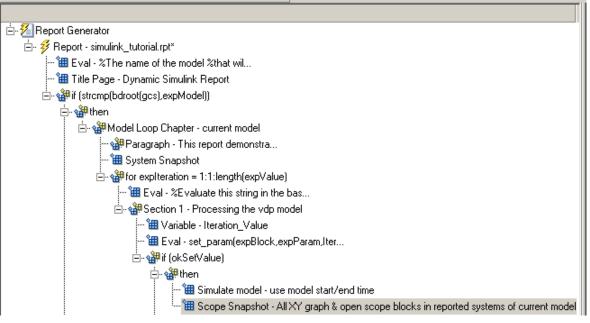
- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Clear the Use model's workspace I/O variable names check box.
 - **b** In the **Time** text box, enter dynamicT.
 - c In the **States** text box, enter dynamicX.
 - d In the **Output** text box, enter dynamicY.

The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.

Model Simulation		
- I/O Parameters-		
Use model's workspace I/O variable names		
Time: dynamicT		
States: dynamicX		
Output: dynamicY		
Timespan		
☑ Use model's timespan values		
Start: 0		
Stop: 60		
Simulation Options		
Compile model before simulation		
Simulation status messages: Display to command line		•
Simulation Parameters:	ª⁺ E ∃×	* +
1		
	Revert	Help

- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Simulate model** component.
- **5** In the Library pane in the middle:
 - a Scroll down to the Simulink Blocks category.
 - **b** Double-click **Scope Snapshot** to add it as a sibling of the **Simulink Model** component.

This component captures the scope for each iteration.

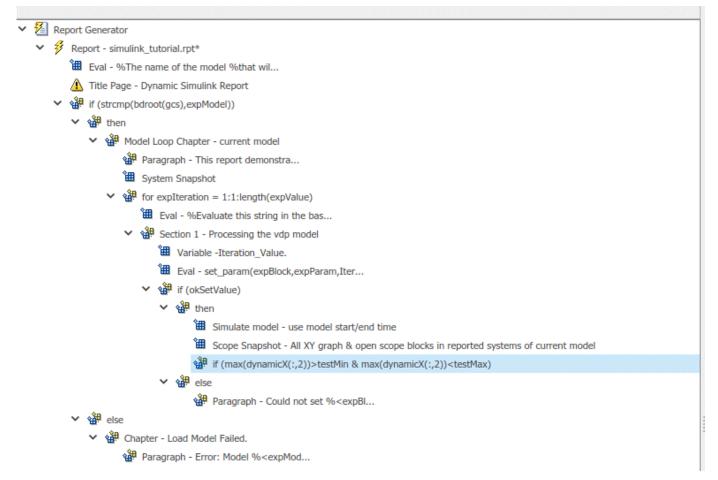


- 6 In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the **Paper orientation** selection list, select Portrait.
 - **b** For the **Image size**, enter [5 4].
 - c In the **Scaling** selection list, select Zoom.
 - d Enter 75 for the % value.
- 7 Save the report setup file.
- 8 To test to see if the signal data falls within a specified range, add another Logical If component:
 - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Scope Snapshot** component.
 - **b** In the Library pane in the middle, scroll up to the **Logical and Flow Control** category.
 - c Double-click the Logical If component.
- **9** To test the signal data, replace true in the **Test expression** text box with the following in the Properties pane on the right:

max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))<testMax</pre>

10 Save the report.

The Outline pane looks as follows:



- **11** If this condition is true, the signal data falls within the desired range. Add a **Paragraph** component to print information about the signal data in the report.
 - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** component you just added.
 - **b** In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click **Paragraph** so that it becomes a child of the **if** component.



- **c** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - i From the **Title Options** selection list, select **Custom title**.
 - ii Type Success in the text box.
 - iii Enter the following text in the **Paragraph text** text box.

The conditioned signal has a maximum value of %<max(dynamicX(:,2))>, which lies in the desired range of greater than %<testMin> and less than %<testMax>.

12 To save the success values to insert into a table at the end of the iterations, use an **Evaluate** MATLAB Expression component.

- a In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Paragraph** component.
- **b** In the Library pane in the middle, under the **MATLAB** category, double-click **Evaluate MATLAB Expression**.

An unintended result occurs: the new component is a child of the Paragraph component.

if (max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))<testMax)
 if (max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))<testMax)
 Paragraph - The conditioned signa...
 Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas...

c To make the new component a *sibling* of the **Paragraph** component, in the Outline pane on the left, select the **Eval** component, and then Click the left arrow on the toolbar. The **Eval** component becomes a sibling of the **Paragraph** component.

if (max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))<testMax)
 Paragraph - The conditioned signa...
 Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas...

- **13** In the Properties pane on the right, for the **Eval** component:
 - a Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
 - **b** In the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box, enter the following to save the desired signal values in the expOkValues array:

```
expOkValues=[expOkValues;...
{Iteration_Value,max(dynamicX(:,2))}];
```

c Make sure you select **Evaluate this expression if there is an error**. Insert the following text in the text box:

disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])

14 Save the report setup file.

Create a Post-Test Analysis Section

Note This section builds on the previous tasks. To see the completed report setup file, open the simulink-dynamic.rpt setup file.

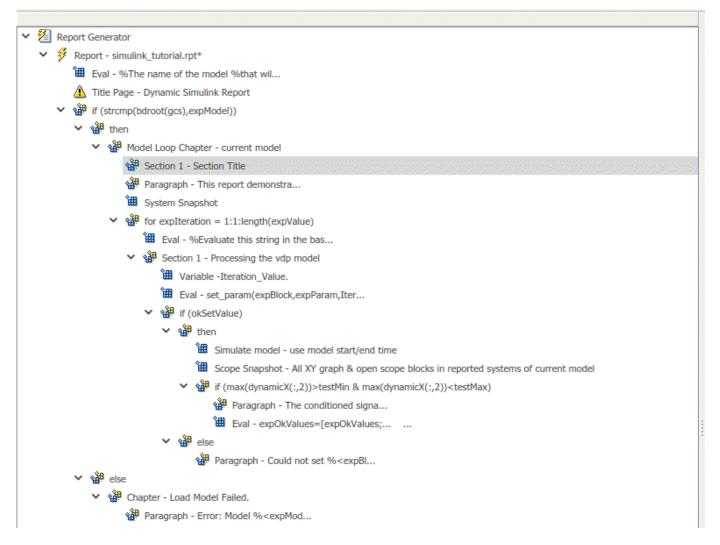
setedit simulink-dynamic.rpt

The report is for the slrgex vdp model.

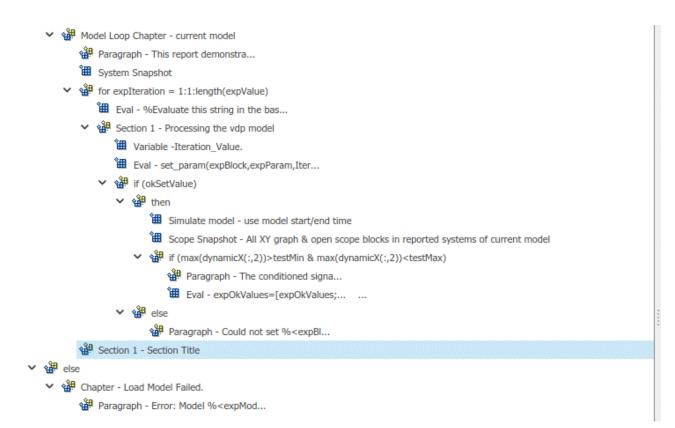
Now that you have collected all the desired values, create the post-test analysis section by creating a table and inserting it into your report at the end of this chapter.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Model Loop Chapter** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click **Chapter/ Subsection**.

The new section appears at the beginning of the chapter.



Click the down arrow three times so $Section \ 1$ moves to the end of the $Model \ Loop \ Chapter$ component.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Select Custom in the Title selection list.
 - **b** Enter Post-Test Analysis in the text box.
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the new **Section 1** component.
- **5** In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click **Paragraph**. Do not change its properties.
- 6 To check whether there are any signal values within the desired range, check the array exp0kValues with a Logical If component. If exp0kValues is empty, there are no signal values in the desired range. Report the result of this check.
 - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the Paragraph component and add a Logical If child component.
 - **b** In the Properties pane on the right, enter the expression to evaluate in the **Test expression** text box:

~isempty(exp0kValues)

This expression evaluates to 0 (false) if exp0kValues is empty; otherwise, it evaluates to 1 (true).

- c In the Outline pane on the left, select the if (~isempty(expOkValue)) component and add the Logical Else component as a child.
- d Select the **if(~isempty(expOkValue))** component again and add the **Logical Then** component as a child.

The two components are siblings in the Outline pane on the left.

- È- ﷺ Section 1 Post-Test Analysis È- ﷺ Paragraph - <Text from children> È- ﷺ if (~isempty(expOkValues)) --- ﷺ then
- 7 Save the report setup file.
- 8 Now, insert report components to handle the case where exp0kValues is empty; that is, where no signal values fall within the designated range.
 - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **else** component.
 - **b** In the Library pane in the middle, double-click the **Text** component to add it as a child of the **else** component.
 - **c** In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Text to include in report** text box, enter the following:

None of the selected iteration values had a maximum signal value between %<testMin> and %<testMax>.

- **9** Now handle the case where exp0kValues is not empty and you want to insert a table of the acceptable signal values.
 - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **then** component.
 - **b** Add a **Text** component as a child to the **then** component.
 - **c** In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Text to include in report** text box, enter the following text.

%<size(expOkValues, 1)> values for %<expBlock> were found that resulted in a maximum signal value greater than %<testMin> but less than %<testMax>. The following table shows those values and their resulting signal maximum.

- **d** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Text** component under the **then** component of the **if** (~**isempty(expOkValues))** component.
- **10** To create an array for use when formatting the table, use the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component.
 - a In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **Evaluate MATLAB Expression**.
 - **b** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - i Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
 - ii The next component of the report uses the strings Mu Value and Signal Maximum as table header values. Add the strings to the front of the expOkValues cell array by entering the following text into the Expression to evaluate in the base workspace text box:

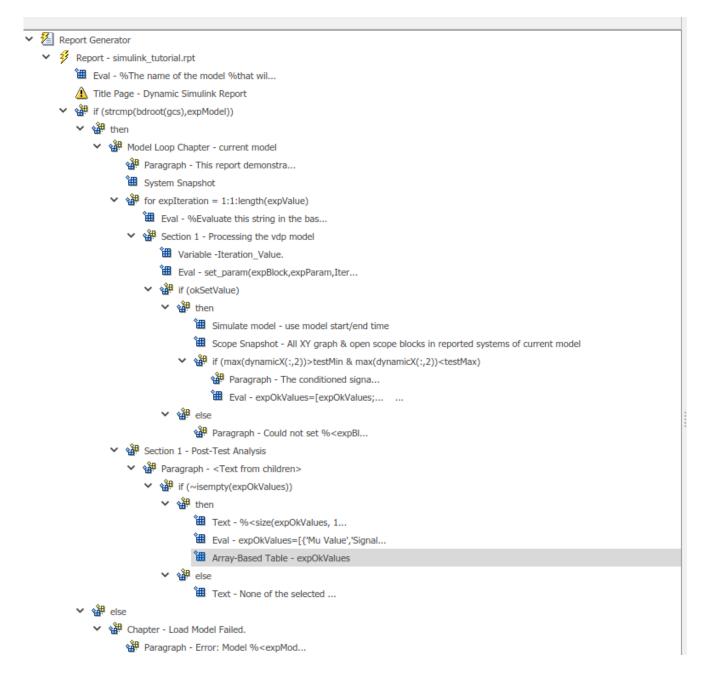
expOkValues=[{'Mu Value', 'Signal Maximum'} expOkValues];

iii Make sure you select the **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box. Enter the following text into the text box:

disp(['Error during eval: ', evalExpression.message])

- **11** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Eval** component.
- 12 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click the **Array-Based Table** component so it becomes a sibling of the **Text** and **Eval** components.
- **13** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the **Workspace variable name** text box, enter exp0kValues. The Simulink Report Generator software uses the contents of exp0kValues to construct the table.
 - **b** In the **Table title** text box, enter Valid Iteration Values.
- **14** Save the report setup file.

The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.

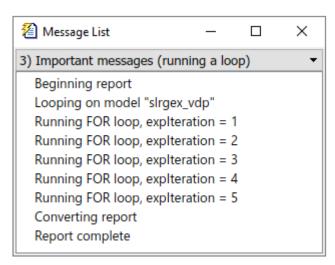


Generate the Report

To generate the report, click the **Report** icon on the toolbar. The following occurs:

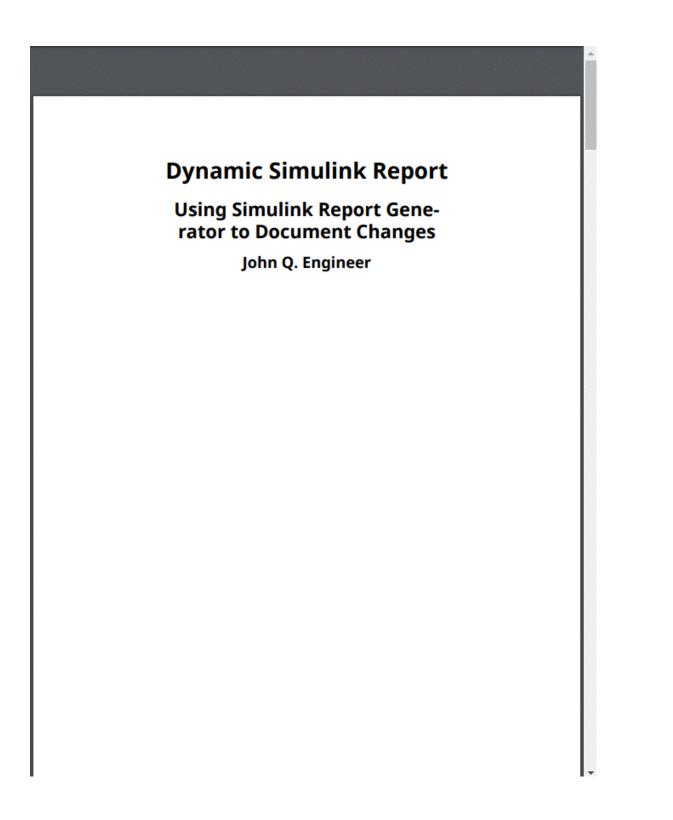
1 A Message List window appears, displaying informational and error messages as the report is processed. Specify the level of detail you would like the Message List window to display while the report is being generated. Options range from 0 (least detail) to 6 (most detail). Click the selection list located under the title bar of the Message List window to choose an option.

Message level 3 (Important messages) is used for the remainder of this example.



- 2 The slrgex_vdp model appears. You can see each time it is simulated.
- **3** The scope window appears. The scope graph changes each time the parameter value changes.
- 4 Each component of the report is highlighted as it executes, in the Outline pane on the left in the Report Explorer window.

When the report generation is complete, the report opens.



Generate Reports Associated with Models

You can associate a report with your model. By associating a report with a model, you can use a script to generate the report without specifying the name of the report. You can change the association without modifying the script.

Associating a report with a model sets the model parameter **ReportName** to the name of the report. Each model can have only one report associated with it. You can associate the same report with more than one model.

- **1** Open the model you want to associate with a report.
- 2 In the Report Explorer, from the hierarchy view, select **Report Generator**. The library pane lists your reports.
- **3** Select the report you want to associate with your model.
- 4 In the properties pane, under **Simulink**, click **Associate report with Simulink system**. The report and model names are part of the button label.

Simulink
Associate report "simulink_tutorial.rpt" with Simulink system "myModel"

- 5 Save the model.
- 6 Create a script to generate the report using report. Make sure the model and report template are on the MATLAB path when you run the script.

```
load_system('myModel')
report(get_param('myModel','ReportName'))
bdclose('myModel')
```

You can clear the association clicking Un-associate Simulink system.

See Also

report

Related Examples

"Select Report Generation Options"

Logical and Looping Components

Logical and looping components execute conditionally, determining when a child component executes or how many times a child component executes.

A looping component runs its child components a specified number of times. There are several looping components, such as logical loops, Handle Graphics loops, and model and chart loops. For model and chart loops, you can control aspects such as the order in which the report sorts blocks.

For an example that uses loop components, see "Edit Figure Loop Components".

You can use loop context functions with loop components. For details, see:

- "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-88
- "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90

Filter with Loop Context Functions

In this section...

"Create and Save Setup Files" on page 4-88

"Add Components" on page 4-88

"Run Reports" on page 4-89

Use loop context functions to filter the modeling elements to report on and to perform special reporting on specific elements.

In the following example, in a Block Loop component, you use RptgenSL.getReportedBlock in a Logical If component to report on targeted blocks within a Block Loop component.

For a summary of loop context functions, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Create and Save Setup Files

- **1** Open the f14 model.
- 2 At the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

report

- 3 In the Report Explorer, select **File > New**.
- 4 In the Properties pane, set **Directory** to Present working directory.
- 5 Save the setup file as inport_outport.rpt.

Add Components

Add these components to the report, in order.

From this Library Folder	Add this Component	Set this Property
Simulink	Model Loop	N/A
Formatting	Chapter	Title to Inport Blocks
Simulink	Block Loop	N/A
Logical and Flow Control	Logical If	Test Expression to strcmp(get_param (RptgenSL.getReportedBlock,'BlockType'), 'Inport')
Simulink	Simulink Property Table	N/A

The report setup file looks like this:

🔺 📶 Report Generator

- Report inport_outport.rpt
 - 4 🏰 ModelLoop current model
 - A 4 Chapter Input Blocks
 - BlockLoop Section 1 All blocks in reported systems of current model
 - if (strcmp(get_param(RptgenSL.getReportedBlock, 'BlockType'), 'Inport'))
 Model Prop Table %<Name> Infor...

Run Reports

- 1 Select inport_outport.rpt.
- 2 From the context menu, select **Report**.

The report includes a chapter with properties for the Inport blocks only.

If you wish, create a second chapter that reports on Outport blocks only, as shown below.

🔺 📒 Report Generator

- Report inport_outport.rpt
 - 4 🏰 ModelLoop current model
 - A 4 Chapter Input Blocks
 - BlockLoop Section 1 All blocks in reported systems of current model
 - if (strcmp(get_param(RptgenSL.getReportedBlock, 'BlockType'), 'Inport'))
 Model Prop Table %< Name> Infor...
 - 4 🏰 Chapter Output Blocks
 - BlockLoop Section 1 All blocks in reported systems of current model
 - if (strcmp(get_param(RptgenSL.getReportedBlock, 'BlockType'), 'Outport'))
 Model Prop Table %<Name> Infor...

Loop Through Context Functions

In this section...

"For Simulink Modeling Elements" on page 4-90

"For Stateflow Modeling Elements" on page $4\mathchar`-90$

You can use these loop context functions in similar ways as shown in "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-88.

For Simulink Modeling Elements

Modeling Element	Looping Component	Function
Simulink modeling element		
Block	Block Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedBlock
Signal	Signal Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedSignal
System	System Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedSystem
Model	Model Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedModel

For Stateflow Modeling Elements

Modeling Element	Looping Component	Function
Object	Object Loop	RptgenSF.getReported0bject
State	State Loop	RptgenSF.getReportedState
Chart	Chart Loop	RptgenSF.getReportedChart

Export Simulink Models to Web Views

Web Views

What Are Web Views?

A Web view is an interactive rendition of a Simulink model that you can view in a web browser. You can use Web views to navigate hierarchically to specific subsystems and see properties of blocks and signals. Web views provide a simple way to interactively explore a model. For example, you can view block parameter values without opening a block parameter dialog box. Although you use Simulink Report Generator software to create Web views, you can display a Web view in a web browser even if you do not have Simulink installed. Use Web views to share models with people who do not have Simulink installed.

You can save Web views of a model over time, creating snapshots of the model as it changes during the development process.

System Requirements

Although you use Simulink Report Generator software to create Web views, you can display a Web view in a browser, even if you do not have Simulink Report Generator installed.

By default, when you export a Web view, that Web view automatically displays in your default Web browser. To learn more about viewing Web views in a web browser, see "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5.

Web View Files

By default, exporting a Web view creates a zip file that includes the Web view HTML file, as well as files that support Web view display. Supporting files include files include .svg and .png files. Zip file packaging compresses the files and consolidates the Web view and supporting files into one zip file.

You can choose to export the Web view files as the Web view HTML file and the supporting files, in a folder, without being zipped. You can open the Web view HTML file directly, without having to open a non-zipped file. You can also choose to export the Web view files as both a zip file and as non-zipped files.

The default name of the zip file or folder that contains the non-zipped Web view files is the name of the model that contains the systems to export. You can specify a different file or folder name.

The default location for storing Web view files is the MATLAB current folder. You can choose a different folder.

If you send Web view files to someone else, consider whether you need to explain how to access the Web view file.

See Also

Related Examples

- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4
- "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5

- "Create and Use Web Views of Models" on page 5-18
- "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24

Export Models to Web View Files

To export a model to a web view file:

- **1** Open the model to export.
- ² In the Simulink Toolstrip, on the **Simulation** tab, in the **File** section, click **Save** . Under **Export Model To**, select **Web View**.
- **3** Under **Systems to Export**, select the levels of the model to export, in relationship to the system currently displayed or chart currently selected in the Simulink Editor.
- 4 For the systems in the levels that you are exporting, under **Include Options**, select any kinds of systems you want the web view user to be able to navigate below the Subsystem or Model block, to the underlying blocks or models.

If you select more than one kind of system, the criteria for exporting information for interacting with the contents of the systems are applied downward through the model hierarchy. For example, if you did not select **Referenced Models** when you exported the model, regardless of how you set the **Library Links** option, in the web view you cannot interact with a library link block that is inside of a referenced model.

- 5 Under **Systems to Exclude**, select any systems that you do not want to export. To select multiple systems, press the **Ctrl** key and select systems.
- 6 To avoid overwriting existing exported web view packages, select **If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting**.
- 7 In **Package Type**, specify whether you want to package the web view as a zipped file (the default packaging). In **Package name**, you can specify a name for the zip file or for the folder for the web view files.
- 8 Select optional views.
 - If you have Simulink Coverage[™] installed, on the **Optional Views** tab, you can select **Include Coverage view**.
 - If you have Requirements Toolbox on the **Optional Views** tab, you can select **Include Requirements view**.
- 9 Click Export.

See Also

Functions

Related Examples

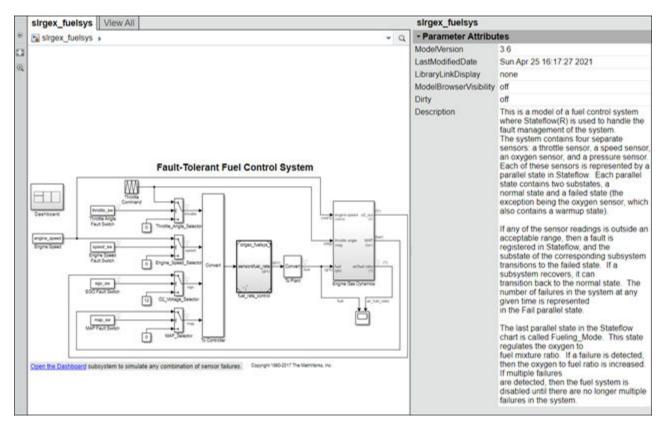
- "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5
- "Create and Use Web Views of Models" on page 5-18
- "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24
- "Web Views" on page 5-2
- "Web View Files" on page 5-2

Display and Navigate Through Web Views

In this section
"Display Web Views After Export" on page 5-5
"Open Generated Web Views in Web Browser" on page 5-5
"View Contents of Systems" on page 5-12
"View Block Parameters and Signal Properties" on page 5-13
"Access Optional Web View Information" on page 5-14

Display Web Views After Export

When you export a Web view using the Web View dialog box or from the Report Explorer **Web View** pane, the Web view appears in your system web browser.



Open Generated Web Views in Web Browser

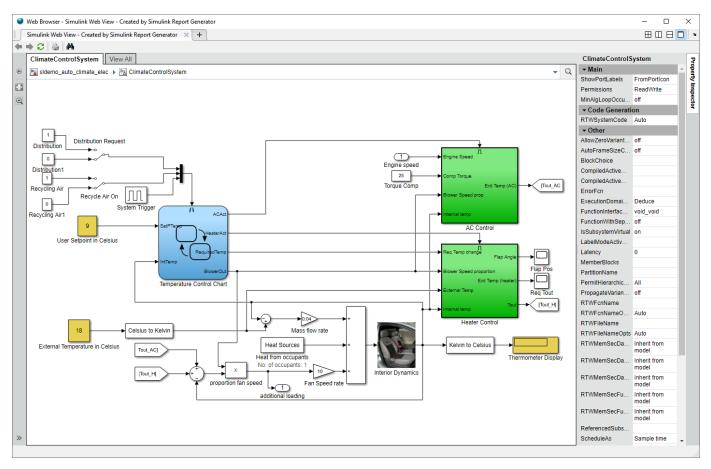
To open a Web view file in a web browser, navigate to the folder that contains the Web view files, then open the webview.html file. For details about where the files are located and how they are packaged, see "Web View Files" on page 5-2. You might need to configure your browser to open Web views.

MATLAB Web Browser

You do not need to configure the built-in MATLAB web browser to view Web views. To open a Web view using the built-in MATLAB web browser:

- **1** Navigate to the folder containing your Web view package.
- 2 In the Command Window, enter:

rptview webview.html



Google Chrome

You need to run the Google Chrome[®] browser with an execution flag that allows the Web view file to access other local files in the same folder.

On Macintosh, open a terminal window and enter:

open /Applications Google Chrome.app --allow-file-access-from-files

On Linux[®], open a terminal window and enter:

./chromium-browser --allow-file-access-from-files

On Windows, follow these steps to create a custom shortcut:

- Locate and copy an existing Google Chrome shortcut. For example, to locate a shortcut file on Windows 10, click the Start button and type Chrome. Then right-click Google Chrome in the search results and select Open file location.
- 2 Right-click the new shortcut, select **Properties**, then select the **Shortcut** tab.
- 3 In the **Target** field, add a space after the existing text and append:

--allow-file-access-from-files

4 Click OK.

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Note You must close all instances of Google Chrome for the settings to take effect.

Microsoft Edge

Follow these steps to create a custom shortcut:

- Locate and copy an existing Microsoft Edge[®] shortcut. For example, to locate a shortcut file on Windows 10, click the Start button and type Edge. Then right-click on Microsoft Edge in the search results and select Open file location.
- 2 Right-click the new shortcut, select **Properties**, then select the **Shortcut** tab.
- 3 In the **Target** field, add a space after the existing text and append:
 - --allow-file-access-from-files
- 4 Click OK.

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Note You must close all instances of Microsoft Edge for the settings to take effect.

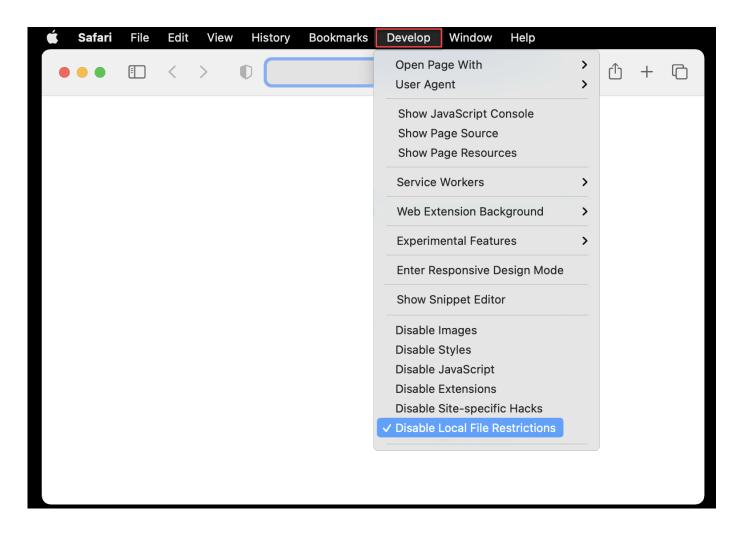
Safari

Follow these steps to configure Safari to allow the Web view file to access other local files in the same folder:

- **1** In the menu bar, click **Safari**.
- 2 Click **Preferences**, then click **Advanced**.
- 3 Select the Show Develop menu in menu bar. The Develop menu appears in the menu bar.

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- 4 In the menu bar, click **Develop**.
- 5 Select Disable Local File Restrictions.



Note If you open the Web view and the Safari browser displays the **Unsupported Browser** message, reload the page after you configure Safari.

Firefox

Follow these steps to configure ${\rm Firefox}^{\circledast}$ to allow the Web view file to access other local files in the same folder:

- 1 In the address bar, enter about:config and press Enter.
 - If the browser displays the **Proceed with Caution** warning message, click **Accept the Risk** and **Continue**.

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2

In the search box, enter security.fileuri.strict_origin_policy and press Enter.

3

Ensure the value of the property is false. If necessary, click the Toggle button to set the value to false.

Advanced Preferences × +			-		×
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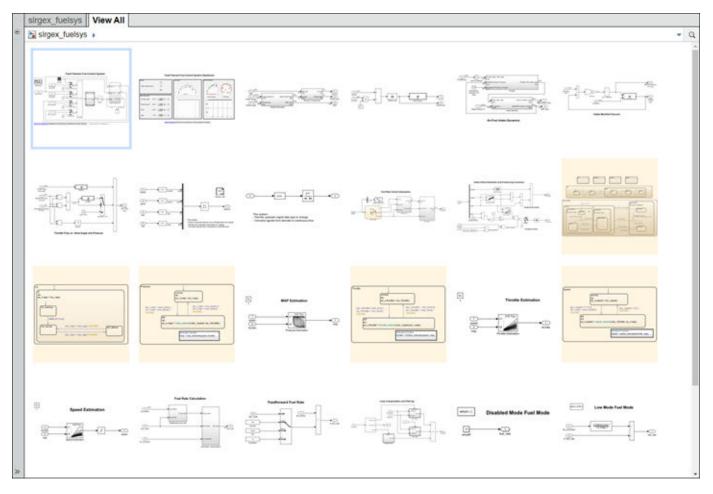
Note If you open the Web view and the Firefox browser displays the **Unsupported Browser** message, reload the page after you configure Firefox.

Internet Explorer

You cannot open Web view projects in the Internet Explorer® browser.

View Contents of Systems

To see a thumbnail of the contents of all of systems in the Web view, click the **View All** tab.



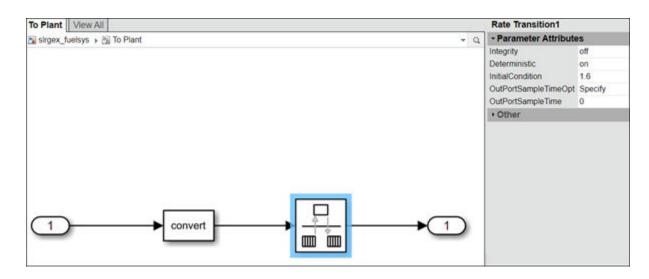
To view the contents of a specific system, use one of these approaches:

- In the model viewer, double-click the system.
- In the model browser, select a system. To expose this pane, click **Hide/Show Model Browser** >>.
- Click the View All tab and click the thumbnail of a system.

To open a system in a separate tab, press CTRL and click the system.

View Block Parameters and Signal Properties

Click a block or signal in the model to see its parameters or properties in the **Object Inspector** pane.



Access Optional Web View Information

To view the model coverage optional Web view information in a Web view, you must have Simulink Coverage installed. To view the requirements optional Web view information in a Web view, you must have Requirements Toolbox installed. To access the information, click a highlighted block (for example, blocks with an orange border have requirements information). The information for that block appears in the **Informer** pane below the model.

See Also

Functions

slwebview

Related Examples

- "Create and Use Web Views of Models" on page 5-18
- "Web Views" on page 5-2
- "Web View Files" on page 5-2
- "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24

Search Web Views

"Perform Search" on page 5-15

"Sort Search Results" on page 5-16

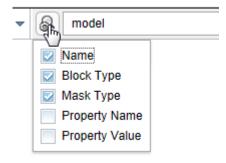
"Navigate Between Search Results and Model Elements" on page 5-17

Perform Search

- 1
- In a Web View, at the top of the displayed tab, click the search button
- 2 In the search box, enter the search term.

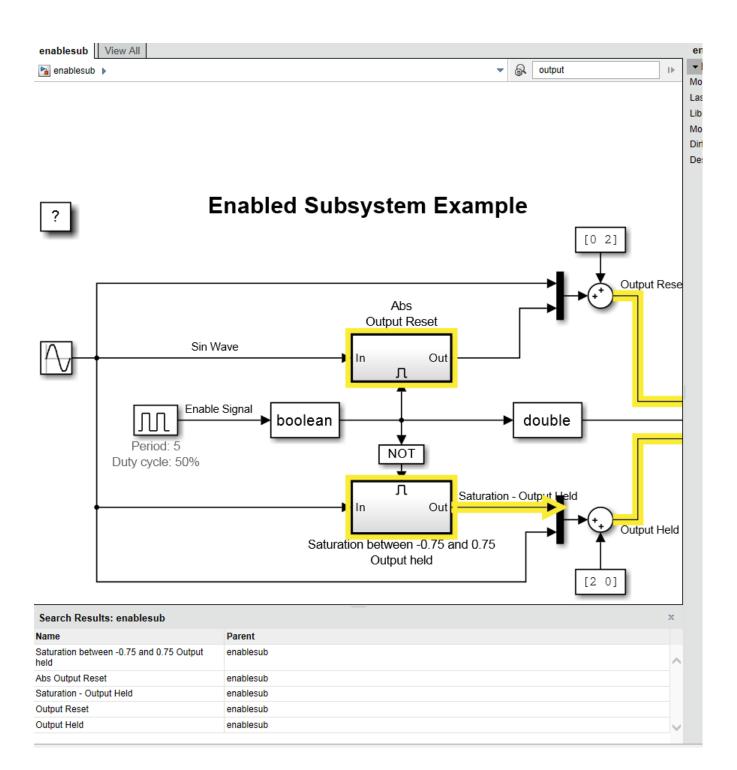
Search strings are case-insensitive. The search treats the string as a partial string.

3 To specify search criteria, click the search criteria button and select the types of model element you want to search in.



4 Press Enter.

The elements of the model that the search returns appear highlighted. The search results include the name and parent for each returned element.



Sort Search Results

You can sort the search results in alphabetical order. In the search results table, click the **Name** or **Parent** column.

Navigate Between Search Results and Model Elements

To see the corresponding search result for a highlighted model element, click the element.

To highlight the model element for a search result, click the search result.

The **Object Inspector** pane to the right of the model updates to reflect the selected model element or search result.

Create and Use Web Views of Models

In this section	
"Set Up Browser" on page 5-18	
"Open Model" on page 5-18	
"Create Folders for Web View Files" on page 5-18	
"Export Models to Web Views" on page 5-18	
"Explore Web Views" on page 5-19	
"Navigate Through slrgex_fuelsys Model Web View" on page 5-20	
"Display Parameters and Properties of Blocks and Signals" on page 5-22	
"Move and Zoom in on Diagrams in Model Viewer Panes" on page 5-22	
"Open Web Views Outside MATLAB" on page 5-22	

This example shows how to export a Simulink model to a web view. You can view, navigate, and share a web view without a Simulink license.

This example creates a web view from the slrgex_fuelsys model.

Set Up Browser

Before you can open a web view file in Microsoft Edge or Google Chrome, you must set up the browser to allow the web view file to access files and subfolders in the web views folder. See "Open Generated Web Views in Web Browser" on page 5-5.

Open Model

Open the slrgex_fuelsys model.

```
open_system("slrgex_fuelsys");
```

Create Folders for Web View Files

Create a writable folder called fuelsys_webview so that you can export the model web view files to this folder.

Export Models to Web Views

In Simulink, on the Simulation tab, in the File section, click Save . Under Export Model To, select Web View.

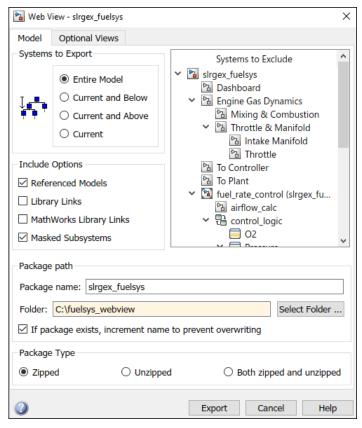
The Web View dialog box opens.

- 2 To export the whole model, under **Systems to Export**, select **Entire Model**.
- **3** To enable users of the web view to interact with reference blocks, under **Include Options**, select **Referenced Models**.
- 4 To enable users of the web view to interact with masked blocks, select **Masked Subsystems**.

- 5 Leave the default **Package name** value, slrgex_fuelsys.
- 6 In the **Folder** text box, enter the path of the fuelsys_webview folder that you created.

If you do not specify a folder, by default the **Folder** text box contains the path of the folder where you previously exported a web view of the model or the current MATLAB folder.

7 Select the **If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting** check box. Selecting this option ensures that you do not overwrite the web view files if you export multiple web views from the same model. The web view dialog box now looks like this:



8 Click Export.

The web view exports and opens in the system browser.

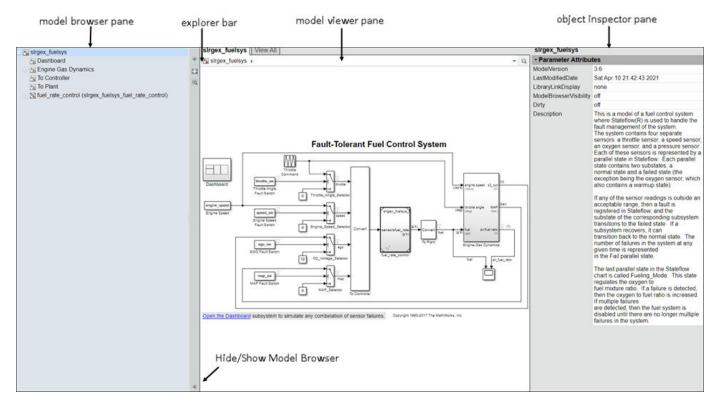
Explore Web Views

The web view consists of:

- The model viewer pane, which displays the model or selected system. By default, this pane displays the model or top-level system that you exported.
- The View All tab, which displays diagrams of all the systems.
- The model browser pane, which displays a hierarchical tree of the systems. By default, the model

browser pane is hidden. To open it, click the Hide/Show Model Browser button in the lowerleft corner of the model viewer pane. By default, the model browser displays the top-level systems. Expand the tree nodes to see all systems in the hierarchy.

- The object inspector pane, which lists the parameters or properties of models, systems, blocks or signals.
- The explorer bar, which displays the path of the displayed system in the model.

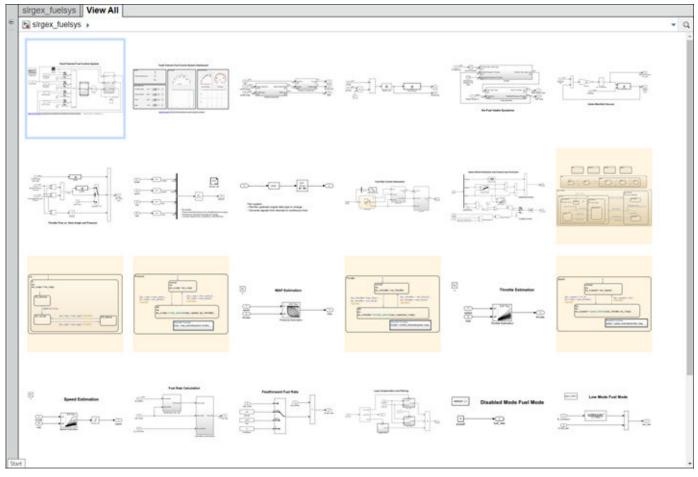


You can display a system by selecting the system in the model browser, double-clicking the system in the model viewer pane, or clicking the diagram of the system on the **View All** tab.

Navigate Through slrgex_fuelsys Model Web View

1 In the display pane, click **View All**.

The tab displays diagrams of all the systems in the slrgex_fuelsys model.



2 Click the third diagram in the top row, which is the diagram of the Engine Gas Dynamics system.

The model viewer pane displays the Engine Gas Dynamics system.

- 3 Return to the top level of the model by clicking slrgex_fuelsys in the explorer bar.
- 4 In the model viewer pane, double-click the To Controller system.

The model viewer pane displays the To Controller system, which is a masked SubSystem. You can interact with the To Controller subsystem because you included masked subsystems when you exported the model.

- 5 If the model browser is not open, click the Hide/Show Model Browser >>> button in the lower-left corner of the model viewer pane.
- 6 Expand the Engine Gas Dynamics node and click the Mixing and Combustion system.

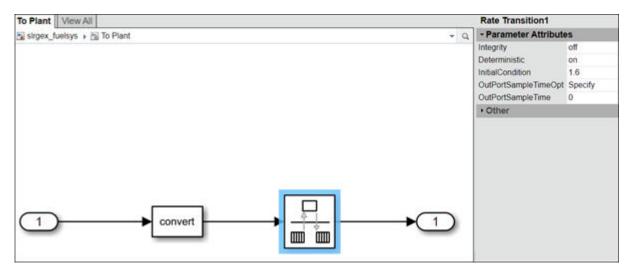
The Mixing and Combustion system displays in the model viewer pane.

- 7 Return to the top level of the model by clicking slrgex_fuelsys in the explorer bar.
- 8 In the model viewer pane, double-click the fuel-rate control system.

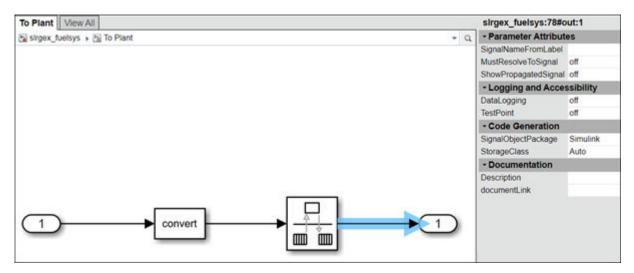
The model viewer pane displays the fuel-rate control system, which is a model reference. You can interact with the fuel-rate control system because you included referenced models when you exported the model.

Display Parameters and Properties of Blocks and Signals

- 1 Return to the top level of the model by clicking slrgex_fuelsys in the explorer bar.
- 2 In the model browser pane, select the To Plant system.
- **3** Click the Rate Transition block to view the block parameter values.



4 Click the input signal of the Outport block to display the signal properties.



Move and Zoom in on Diagrams in Model Viewer Panes

To move the diagram in the model viewer pane, click and drag the mouse scroll wheel.

To zoom in and out on the diagram, use the mouse scroll wheel.

Open Web Views Outside MATLAB

By default, exporting a web view creates a ZIP file that includes the web view HTML file and files that support the web view display. To open the web view outside of MATLAB:

- **1** Navigate to the folder that contains the ZIP file.
- 2 Extract the slrgex_fuelsys_webview ZIP file .
- **3** Open the webview.html file in a browser.

See "Web Views" on page 5-2 and "Open Generated Web Views in Web Browser" on page 5-5.

See Also

Related Examples

- "Web Views" on page 5-2
- "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24
- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4
- "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5

Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views

You can include these optional views in a model web view:

- Model requirements (requires Requirements Toolbox)
- Model coverage (requires Simulink Coverage)

Prepare Models for Optional Web Views

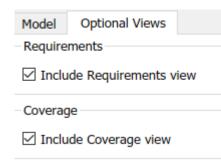
Before you can include an optional view in a web view, the model must contain requirements or coverage data:

- To add requirements to a model, see "Requirements Definition" (Requirements Toolbox).
- To add coverage data to a model, simulate the model with coverage enabled. For a web view to
 include the coverage data, you must also select Save last run in workspace variable in the
 Coverage > Results pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box. See "Specify Code
 Coverage Options" (Simulink Coverage).

Add Optional Views to Web Views Using Web View Dialog Box

If you export a model web view from the Simulink Toolstrip, to include requirements or coverage data:

- Open the Web View dialog box. In the Simulation Toolstrip, on the Simulation tab, in the File section, click Save . Under Export Model To, select Web View.
- 2 Open the **Optional Views** tab and select the views. By default, both the requirements and coverage views are selected.



3 Click Export.

Add Optional Web Views Using slwebview

If you export a web view by using slwebview, specify the optional views by using the 'OptionalViews' argument. Specify one or both of these values in a cell array:

- 'requirements'
- 'coverage'

For example:

```
htmlFileName = slwebview(gcs,'OptionalViews', {'requirements' 'coverage'});
```

Open Optional Web Views

Open the web view in a web browser. See "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5. In the lower-left palette of the web view, there is a button for each optional view that you selected.

- To access the requirements view, click the difference button. This view highlights model elements that have requirements and outlines model elements that contain elements that have requirements.
- To access the coverage data view, click the 🔜 button. Click model elements for coverage information.

See Also

Functions

slwebview

Related Examples

- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4
- "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5
- "Introduction to Requirements Toolbox" (Requirements Toolbox)
- "Model Coverage" (Simulink Coverage)

Embedded Web View Reports

In this section...

"What Is Embedded Web View?" on page 5-26

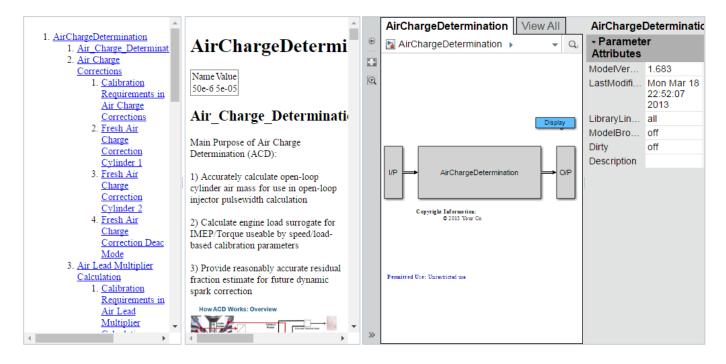
"Navigate Through Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-27

"Embedded Web View Packaging" on page 5-29

"View Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-29

What Is Embedded Web View?

Embedded Web View is a MATLAB application programming interface (API) that allows you to create HTML reports containing "Web Views" on page 5-2. Embedded Web View lets you generate compact and navigable reports from Simulink models. For example, the following image shows a control system calibration guide generated by a MATLAB program based on Embedded Web View.



This calibration guide comprises three hyperlinked panes:

- Left pane Calibration guide table of contents
- Center pane Calibration guide content
- Right pane web view of the Simulink model used to create the control system

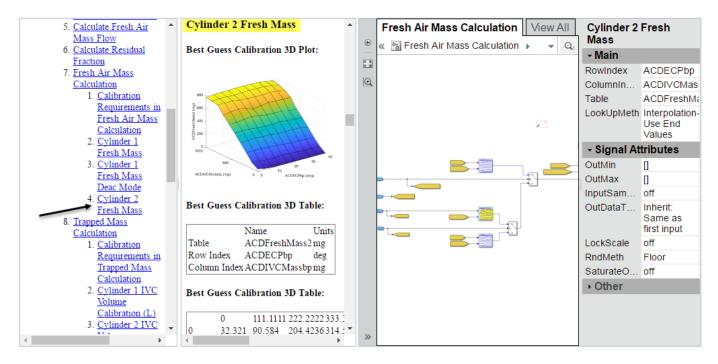
Use the MATLAB Report Generator DOM and Report APIs and the Simulink Report Generator Report APIs to generate the calibration guide content. Use the Embedded Web View API to create the report. The report is a user interface with guide content, an embedded Web View, and hyperlinks between the Web View and the guide report text. The resulting guide runs in any standard browser without requiring either MATLAB or Simulink.

Navigate Through Embedded Web View Reports

The Embedded Web View API facilitates report navigation by letting you create two-way hyperlinks between report content and the embedded Web View. The hyperlinks are illustrated in the following calibration guide example.

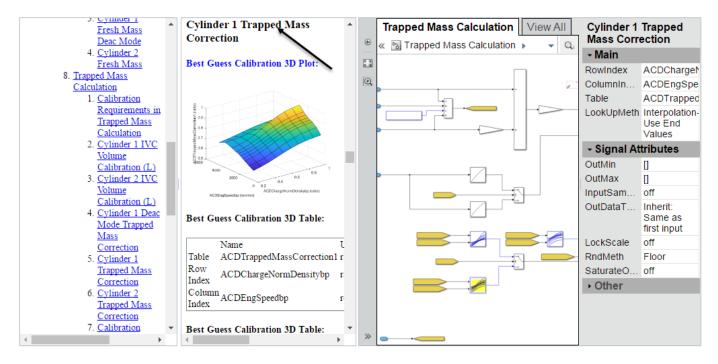
Navigate Via a Table of Contents

The Embedded Web View API creates a table of contents (TOC) based on your report section headings. Clicking a TOC heading entry displays the corresponding report section in the contents pane. It also displays and flashes the corresponding model element. The linked model block in this calibration guide example is shown highlighted in yellow in the Web View pane.



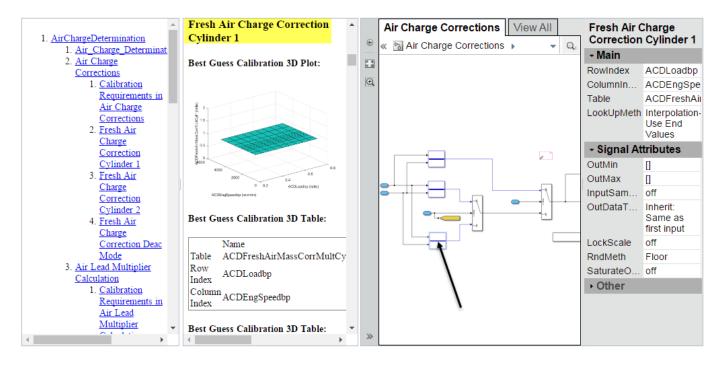
Navigate Via Contents

This calibration guide has hyperlinks from any text element in the content to any model element in the Web View pane. Clicking the text element in the contents displays and flashes the corresponding model element. The linked model block in this calibration report example is shown highlighted in yellow in the Web View pane.



Navigate Via Web View

This calibration guide has hyperlinks from any element in the Web View pane to any location in the report content pane. Clicking the model element displays the corresponding location in the content pane as shown highlighted in this calibration guide example.



Embedded Web View Packaging

The Embedded Web View API generates a report as a package of HTML, image, style sheet, JavaScript[®], and JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) files organized into folders. By default, the API produces both zipped and unzipped versions of a report package in the current MATLAB folder.

View Embedded Web View Reports

If MATLAB Report Generator is installed on your system, you can use the report generator rptview function to view a zipped or unzipped Embedded Web View.

To view an Embedded Web View report on systems that do not have MATLAB installed,

- 1 Unzip the report in an empty, writable folder on your system. This step creates a file named webview.html in the folder and a subfolder containing supporting files.
- 2 Open webview.html in a browser to view the report.

See Also

Related Examples

• "Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30

Create Embedded Web View Report Generators

To create a MATLAB program that generates an Embedded Web View report:

- Create a MATLAB class that defines a report object that generates a Web View report. See "Create Embedded Web View Report Generator Classes" on page 5-30 for a summary of the steps to create and define the class.
- **2** To generate the report, use this class in a MATLAB program. See "Generate Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-41.

For general information and how to view and navigate a generated report, see "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26.

Create Embedded Web View Report Generator Classes

To create an Embedded Web View report class, use this workflow:

- **1** Open the MATLAB editor.
- 2 To create a default class definition file, select New > Class.
- **3** Replace the default content of the new class definition file with this Embedded Web View class definition template:

```
classdef REPORT_GENERATOR < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument
methods
    % Report generator constructor
    function rptev = REPORT_GENERATOR(reportName,modelName)
        rptev@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(...
        reportName,modelName);
    end
    % Report content generator
    function fillContent(rptev)
    end
    end
end</pre>
```

- 4 Replace the placeholder, REPORT GENERATOR, with the name of your report generator.
- **5** To save your new class definition file using the name you used to replace the REPORT GENERATOR placeholder, select **Editor** > **Save As**.
- 6 To specify the export options and warning suppression option for your report generator, edit the template constructor. See "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-31 and "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-40, respectively.
- 7 To include the report content, table of contents, model, and hyperlinks to embed in your report, edit the content generator (fillContent) function. These topics describe how to add content to the Embedded Web View report generator. You can perform these tasks in any order.
 - "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-32
 - "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-33
 - "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-34
 - "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35
- 8 Save your changes to the new class definition file.

Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports

The slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of your report generator exports and embeds a Web View of the model specified by the constructor in the generated report. By default the base class does not export block diagrams referenced by the top-level model or block diagrams of masked subsystems. To export these types of block diagrams, you must use an ExportOptions property inherited from the base class of your generator. You use this property in the constructor of the generator.

For example, the following constructor includes the ExportOptions property. This property exports the block diagrams of masked subsystems and models and library blocks referenced by the exported model.

```
function rptvar = SystemDesignVariables...
    (reportName, modelName)
    rptvar@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument...
    (reportName,modelName);
    rptvarn.ExportOptions.IncludeMaskedSubsystems = true;
    rptvar.ExportOptions.IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks = true;
    rptvar.ExportOptions.IncludeReferencedModels = true;
end
```

If you export referenced block diagrams, to view them, click the block icon that references the diagram in the Web View. You can also create hyperlinks from the generated report content to these block diagrams.

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-32
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-33
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-34
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-40

Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports

The fillContent method fills the document pane of the report that it generates with content specified by DOM and Report API objects. See "Report Generator Creation". The report generator inherits an add method from its slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class. Use the add method in the fillContent method of your report generator. Each call to the add method adds its content after the previously added content. The fillContent method can create a document of any length and content by repeated calls to the add method.

For example, this fillContent method begins by creating a report title.

```
function fillContent(rpt)
    import mlreportgen.dom.*
    import mlreportgen.report.*
    add(rpt, TitlePage("Title", "System Design Variable Report"));
    ...
end
```

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see:

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-31
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-33
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-34
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-40

Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports

The slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of an Embedded Web View report generator embeds JavaScript in the generated Embedded Web View reports. In addition to generating other portions of the report, the JavaScript generates a table of contents from the document section headings. When you open the report in a web browser, the hyperlinked table of contents appears.

To use this feature, your report generator fillContent method must use Report API Chapter or Section objects, or DOM API Heading objects to begin the sections and subsections of the report. For example:

```
function fillContent(rpt)
import mlreportgen.dom.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model = getExportModels(rpt);
model= model{1};
add(rpt, TitlePage("Title", [model " Report"], "Author",""));
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model);
% Create a Variables Chapter
ch = Chapter("Variables");
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
   % Create a section for the variable
   s = Section(result.Name);
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    add(s, reporter);
    % Add this section to the chapter
    add(ch, s):
end
% Add the chapter to the report
add(rpt, ch);
end
```

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see:

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-31
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-32
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-34
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-40

Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports

The Embedded Web View report generator slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class provides a set of methods for finding model objects to export to the generated report. You use these methods in the report generator fillContent method to obtain information about the exported objects for the report document.

To find objects to export from the model, use these methods, which are inherited from the slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of the report generator.

Method	Purpose
getExportModels	Get models to be exported to the report as Web Views.
getExportDiagrams	Get block diagrams to be exported to the report
getExportSimulinkSubSystems	Get subsystem blocks to be exported to the report
getExportStateflowDiagrams	Get Stateflow charts to be exported to the report
getExportStateflowCharts	Get Stateflow chart elements to be exported in this report

This sample code shows how to get a model to use as the Web View.

```
function fillContent(rpt)
    import mlreportgen.dom.*
    model = getExportModels(rpt);
    model = model{1};
    ""
```

end

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see:

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-31
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-32
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-33
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-40

Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports

To create one-way and two-way hyperlinks between the document pane and the web view embedded in the report, use these methods. These linking methods are inherited from the slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of the report generator.

- createDiagramTwoWayLink Create a two-way link between a document location and a diagram in the embedded web view. Clicking a link created by this method in the document opens the target diagram in the web view. Clicking in the diagram scrolls the document pane to the target document location.
- createElementTwoWayLink Create a two-way link between a document location and a diagram element in the embedded web view. Clicking a link created by this method in a document opens the diagram containing the model element and flashes the element. Clicking the element in the diagram scrolls the document pane to the target document location.
- createDiagramLink Creates a link from the document to a diagram in the embedded web view.
- createElementLink Creates a link from the document to an element of a block diagram in the embedded web view.

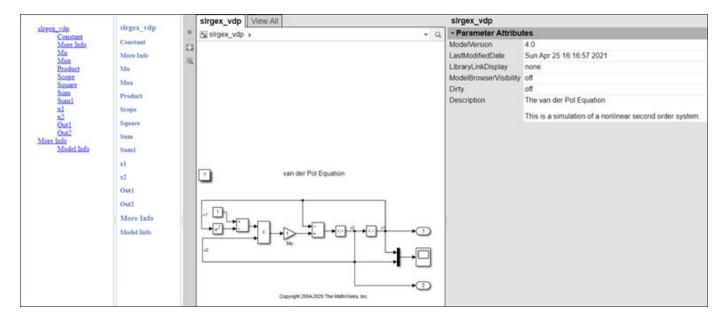
In the following example class, ExampleWebView, the fillcontent method uses createDiagramTwoWayLink and createElementTwoWayLink to create two-way links between the document panel and the embedded web view in an embedded web view report. To create one-way links from the document panel to the embedded web view, replace createDiagramTwoWayLink with createDiagramTwoWayLink and createElementTwoWayLink with createElementLink.

```
classdef ExampleWebView < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>
    methods
        function wvdoc = ExampleWebView(reportPath,modelName)
            % Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
            % saves the report path and model name for use by the
            % report's fill methods.
           wvdoc@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,modelName);
       end
        function fillContent(wvdoc)
            % Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
            % variable information. You can use DOM or Report API methods
            % to create, format, add, and append content to this report.
            [~, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc);
           n = numel(handles);
            for i = 1:n
                diagHandle = handles{i};
                diagHeading = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,diagHandle,
                    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,get_param(diagHandle,'Name')));
                append(wvdoc,diagHeading);
                blockFinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(diagHandle);
                while hasNext(blockFinder)
                    r = next(blockFinder);
                    elemHandle = r.Object;
                    elemHeading = createElementTwoWayLink(wvdoc,elemHandle,
                        mlreportgen.dom.Heading(3,get_param(elemHandle,'Name')));
                    append(wvdoc,elemHeading);
                end
           end
       end
   end
end
```

This code creates an embedded web view report for the slrgex_vdp model using the ExampleWebView class.

```
model = 'slrgex_vdp';
open_system(model);
wvdoc = ExampleWebView('myReport',model);
open(wvdoc);
fill(wvdoc);
close(wvdoc);
rptview(wvdoc);
```

Here is the report:



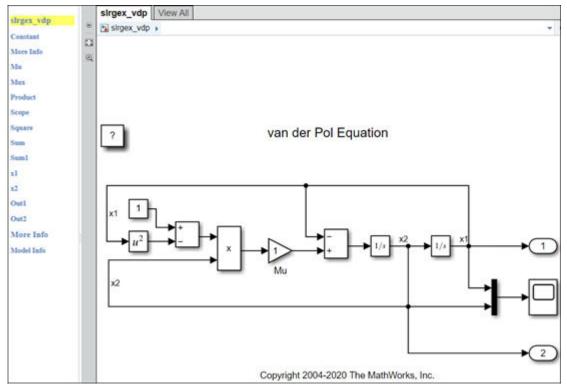
To use the links in the report:

1 Click a diagram name in the document pane, for example, More Info. The associated diagram opens.

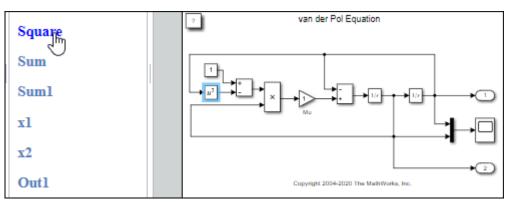
chegor, ada		More Info	View All	
slrgex_vdp	۲	slrgex_vd	p 🕨 🛐 More Info	- Q
Constant	83			
More Info	Q			
Mu	0.578			
Mux				
Product				
Scope				
Square				
Sum				
Sum1				
xl				
x2				
Outl				
Out2				
More Info		Model Description:		
Model Info		The van der Pol Equ	rtion	
			f a nonlinear second order system.	
		-		

2 In the embedded web view, on the More Info tab, click slrgex_vdp.

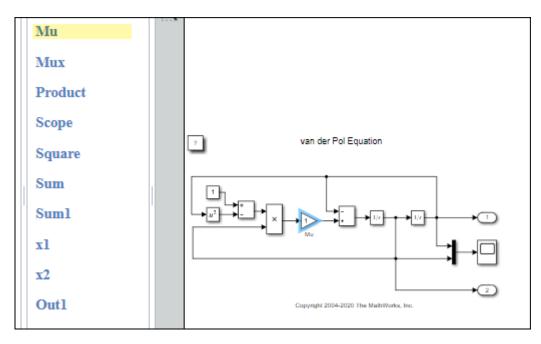
The slrgex_vdp diagram opens and slrgex_vdp is highlighted briefly in the document pane.



3 Click Square in the document pane, the Square block is highlighted in the embedded web view.



4 In the embedded web view, double-click the Mu block. The Mu link in the document pane is highlighted briefly.



For other tasks to create your embedded web view generator, see:

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-31
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-32
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-33
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-34
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-40

To generate an embedded web view report, see "Generate Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-41.

See Also

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument

More About

• "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26

Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Reports

By default, during report generation the slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of the Embedded Web View report generator displays warning messages for invalid links. These warnings appear if you include multiple links to an element in the Web View, although these multiple links are permitted. If you do not want to display these warning messages, you can suppress them. Set the ValidateLinksAndAnchors property, which is inherited from the base class, to false in the constructor of the report generator. For example,

```
function rptvar = SystemDesignVariables(reportPath, modelName)
    rptvar@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath, ...
    modelName);
    rptvar.ValidateLinksAndAnchors = false;
```

end

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see:

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-31
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-32
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-33
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-34
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35

Generate Embedded Web View Reports

To generate an embedded Web View report, create an instance of the class that defines the report generator (see "Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30). Then, use the fill and close report generator methods.

For example, suppose that you want to create a report using the SystemDesignVariables class example (see "Generate Class Definition File for Embedded Web Views" on page 5-41). These commands generate and display an instance of that report:

```
model = "slrgex_f14";
rptName = sprintf('%sVariables', model);
load_system(model);
rpt = SystemDesignVariables(rptName, model);
fill(rpt);
close(rpt);
close_system(model);
rptview(rptName);
```

The fill(rpt) command uses the fill method, which the report generator inherits from its base class. This method embeds a Web View of the f14 model in the report. It also calls the fillContent method of the report generator, which fills the report document pane with a report about the variables used by the f14 model.

Here is part of the resulting Embedded Web View report:

	1.1. Cov	•		f14 View All	f14
<u>Chapter 1. Variables</u> <u>1.1. Cov</u> 1.2. Ka	Cov. 1.00		•	► f14 ► • Q	- Paramete
<u>1.3. Kf</u> <u>1.4. Ki</u>	Used By:		E Z N ⊕		Attributes
<u>1.5. Kq</u> <u>1.6. Md</u> <u>1.7. Mq</u>	f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models/Band-Limited White Noise/Output				La Fri Jun
<u>1.8. Mw</u> <u>1.9. Swg</u>	Resolved in: mask workspace (f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models/Band-Limited White				07 05:21
<u>1.10. Ta</u> <u>1.11. Tal</u> 1.12. Ta	Noise)				2019 Lib none
<u>1.12. Ts</u> <u>1.13. Ts</u> 1.14. Uo	1.2. Ka Ka. 0.68				Mo off
<u>1.15. Vto</u> <u>1.16. W1</u>	Used By:				Dirty off De
<u>1.17. W2</u> <u>1.18. Zd</u> 1.19. Zw	f14/Controller/Gain3				
<u>1.19. Zw</u> <u>1.20. a</u>	Resolved in: base workspace	-	>>		

For information on navigating to different parts of the report, see "Navigate Through Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-27.

Generate Class Definition File for Embedded Web Views

This class generates a file for the workspace and data dictionary variables used by a specified Simulink model.

```
%SystemDesignVariables Report on variables used by a Simulink model
   Defines a class of report generators to produce HTML reports on
%
    the workspace and data dictionary variables used by a Simulink
%
%
    model. The generated report includes this information for
%
    each variable:
%
    Value (if the value is a scalar, numeric value)
%
%
    Data Type
    Source (e.g, path of dictionary containing the variable)
%
    Source Type (e.g., data dictionary or base workspace)
%
    Users (path of blocks that use the variable)
%
methods
    function rpt = SystemDesignVariables(reportPath, modelName)
        % Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
        % saves the report path and model name for use by the
        % report's fill methods.
        rpt@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,...
            modelName):
        % Turn off duplicate link warnings to avoid warnings for
        % blocks that use multiple design variables.
        rpt.ValidateLinksAndAnchors = false;
        rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeMaskedSubsystems = true;
        rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks = true;
        rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeReferencedModels = true;
    end
    function fillContent(rpt)
        % Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
        % variable information. You can use DOM or Report API methods
        % to create, format, add, and append content to this report.
        %% Set up report
        % Allow use of ungualified names for DOM and Report objects.
        % such as Paragraph instead of mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph and
        % TitlePage instead of mlreportgen.report.TitlePage.
        import mlreportgen.dom.*
        import mlreportgen.report.*
        % Obtain model name, which was saved by the report
        % constructor. getExportedModels returns model names as a
        % cell array, in case a report uses multiple models.
        model = getExportModels(rpt);
        % Extract the model from the cell array. (This report uses
        % only one model.)
        model= model{1};
        % Add a title page to the report
        add(rpt, TitlePage("Title",[model " Report"],"Author",""));
        % Find variables used by the reported model
        finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model);
        % Create a Variables Chapter
        ch = Chapter("Variables");
        while hasNext(finder)
            result = next(finder);
            % Create a section for the variable
            s = Section(result.Name);
            % Add variable information to the section using
            % default reporter settings
            reporter = getReporter(result);
```

add(s,reporter);

classdef SystemDesignVariables < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>

```
% Add this section to the chapter
add(ch,s);
end
% Add the chapter to the report
add(rpt,ch);
end
end
end
end
```

To generate two-way links between design variable user paths and blocks in the Web View that use the design variables, replace these lines of code:

```
% Add variable information to the section using
% default reporter settings
reporter = getReporter(result);
add(s,reporter);
```

with these lines of code:

```
% Create a Users list with links to the embedded model
usedByPara = Paragraph("Used By:");
usedByPara.Bold = true;
add(s, usedByPara);
users = result.Users;
nUsers = numel(users);
for u = 1:nUsers
    userLink = createElementTwoWayLink(rpt, ...
        users{u}, ...
        Paragraph(users{u}));
        add(s,userLink);
end
```

Web View

Web View Export Dialog Box Overview

Use Web View dialog box to set export options, including:

- Systems to export (for example, the current system or current system and systems below)
- Whether to export information to support interacting with contents of referenced models, library links, or masked subsystems
- Where to store the web view files
- How to package the web view files
- Capture and optional view information

To get help on an option

- **1** Right-click the option's text label.
- 2 Select **What's This** from the popup menu.

-	Sol		10	co
•	50	What's This?	10	co
		6		

See Also

"Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4

Systems to Export

Select which Simulink systems or Stateflow charts to export.

Note The systems to export are relative to the system that is currently visible in the Simulink Editor or Stateflow Editor.

Include Systems Option Value	Meaning
Entire Model (Default)	Export all Simulink systems or Stateflow charts in the model
Current and below	Export the system or Stateflow chart that is displayed in the Simulink Editor or in the Stateflow Editor and all subsystems or subcharts that it contains
Current and above	Export the displayed Simulink system or Stateflow chart and all systems or charts that contain it

Include Systems Option Value	Meaning
Current	Export only the Simulink system that is displayed in the Simulink Editor or in the Stateflow Editor

Referenced Models

Export models referenced by the systems that you select to export. For example, if you select the **Entire Model** option, any models referenced by a Model block the exported model.

Library Links

Export library blocks linked to from the systems that you select to export. For example, if you select the **Entire Model** option, all library blocks linked to in the exported model.

If you select this option, do not also select the MathWorks Library Links option.

MathWorks Library Links

Export MathWorks built-in library blocks linked to systems that you select to export.

For example, if you select the **Entire Model** option, all MathWorks library blocks linked to in the exported model.

If you select this option, along with the **Masked Subsystems** option, right-clicking a built-in library block in a web view displays the parameter values for that block.

If you select this option, do not also select the Library Links option.

Masked Subsystems

Allow web view interaction with masked subsystem contents in the systems that you select to export. Select this option to view the contents of the masked subsystem and open masked subsystem dialog boxes.

Package name

The default name is the name of the model that contains the systems to export.

If you use the default **Package Type** setting of **Zipped**, the **Package name** field specifies the name of the zip file.

If you set **Package Type** to **Unzipped**, the **Package name** field specifies the name of the folder.

If the zip file or folder with the specified name in the specified folder already exists, Simulink Report Generator overwrites the existing zip file or folder contents. To avoid overwriting an existing Web View files, consider selecting the **If package exists**, increment name to prevent overwriting option.

Folder

The folder in which to store the exported web view files. The default folder is the MATLAB current folder.

Specify a full path to the folder or click **Select Folder** to navigate to the folder.

If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting

Increment the package name by appending a system-generated number to the end of the zip file or folder name.

For example, suppose you use the following settings:

- For **Package Type**, you use the default setting of **Zipped**.
- For **Package name**, you use vdp_web_view.

When you export the Web view the first time, the resulting zip file is called vdp_web_view. If you export the Web view again, Simulink Report Generator creates a vdp_web_view1.zip file, and preserves the original vdp_web_view file.

Package Type

Specify the file packaging to use when exporting the Web view.

- **Zipped** (Default) Export as a zipped file that includes the Web view file, along with files that support the display of the Web view. Zip file packaging compresses the files and consolidates the web view and supporting files into one file.
- **Unzipped** Export as the Web view file and supporting files, without being zipped. You can open an unzipped Web view file directly.
- Both zipped and unzipped— Export as both a zipped file and an unzipped file

Include Model Coverage view

This option appears only if you have Simulink Coverage software installed.

Provides additional information about the model, based on the Model Coverage report.

Include Embedded Coder view

This option only appears if both these conditions exist:

- You have the Embedded Coder[®] software installed.
- There is generated code for the systems that you export.

This view provides additional information about the generated code for a block in the web view.

Click a block in the Web view. The generated code for that block appears in the Web Informer pane below the displayed model.

Include Requirements view

Captures model requirements information. For details, see "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24.

This option appears only if you have Requirements Toolbox software installed.

Include Coverage view

Captures model coverage information based on the Model Coverage report. For details, see "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24.

This option appears only if you have Simulink Coverage software installed. You must set up a coverage report for the model and simulate the model before you can use this option.

Components

For a list of MATLAB Report Generator components, see the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

Annotation Loop

Run child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in current context

Description

This component runs its child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in the current context. The parent component determines the context.

- **Model Loop**: Reports on all annotations inside the reported portion of the reported model.
- System Loop: Reports on all annotations inside the current system.
- Block Loop or Signal Loop: Does nothing.

Loop Options

The Loop Options pane displays information about the current context. You can sort Alphabetically by text or In traversal order.

Child components of the Annotation Loop consider their context to be annotations when the report is running.

For example, the following components report on the looped annotation:

- Simulink Automatic Table
- Simulink Linking Anchor
- Simulink Name
- Simulink Property
- Simulink Property Table

Use a Summary Table component to show annotation objects in reports. Each Summary Table component creates a single table with each reported annotation on a single row of the table.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each annotation in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, Simulink Name, Simulink Property, Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table

Block Execution Order List

Create a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing order in which they execute

Description

This component creates a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing the order in which they execute.

For more information about virtual and nonvirtual blocks, see "Nonvirtual and Virtual Blocks".

Properties

- List Title:
 - Automatic: Generates a list or table title automatically.
 - Custom: Enables you to enter a title.
- Include block type information: Include each block's BlockType property in the list or table.
- Look under non-virtual subsystems: The default is Automatic (On for models, Off for systems). Set it to On or Off.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_sort_list

See Also

Block Loop

Block Loop

Run child components for each block in the current system, model, or signal

Description

This component runs its child components for each block contained in the current system, model, or signal.

For conditional processing based of blocks, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedBlock function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Report On

This pane describes the type of object on which this component operates.

- Automatic list from context: Report on all blocks in the current context. The parent component of the Block Loop determines its context. If this component does not have the **Model Loop**, **System Loop**, **Signal Loop**, or **Block Loop** as its parent, selecting this option causes this component to report on all blocks in all models.
 - Model Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current model.
 - **System Loop**: Reports on all blocks in the current system.
 - **Signal Loop**: Reports on all blocks connected to the current signal.
- Custom use block list: Enables you to specify a list of blocks on which to report. Enter the full path of each block.

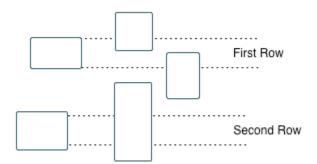
Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

• Sort blocks:

Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by their names.
- Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. The report lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. The following example reports on the theta dot integrator block and the theta integrator block in the model simppend, using the variable Z={ 'simppend/theta'}:

```
simppend/theta dot
%<Z>
```

The generated report includes information about the following blocks:

- simppend/theta dot
- simppend/theta

For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

• Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each block in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a **System Snapshot** component can link to the block information only if you select this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select the **Create section for each object in loop** option and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_loop

See Also

Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, Simulink Name, Simulink Property, Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table

Block Type Count

Count number of each block type in the current model or system

Description

This component counts the number of each block type in the current model or system. Within a model, this component counts blocks underneath masks and inside library links.

For more information about block types, see "Nonvirtual and Virtual Blocks".

Count Types

The parent of this component determines where to count block types:

- **Model Loop**: Reports all block types in the current model:
 - All blocks in model: Counts block types in the entire model.
 - All blocks in reported systems: Counts block types only in systems that appear in the report.
- System Loop: Reports all block types in the current system.

Table Content

- Table title: Allows you to enter the table title.
- Show block names in table: Includes a column that displays all block names in the table.
- Sort table:
 - Alphabetically by block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By number of blocks: Sorts by decreasing number of occurrences.
- Show total count: Displays total number of block types.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_count

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Bus

Create list of signals exiting from Bus Selector block

Description

This component creates a list of signals exiting a Bus Selector block. The list contains signals leaving from the reported block or downstream buses and signals.

The parent of this component determines which buses appear in the report:

- Model Loop: Includes all buses in the current model.
- System Loop: Includes all buses in the current system.
- **Block Loop**: If the current block is a bus block, then the report includes that block.
- Signal Loop: Includes all buses connected to the current signal.

If the Bus component does not have a looping component as its parent, it reports on all buses in all open models.

Properties

- Show Bus Hierarchy: Specifies whether the list displays downstream buses hierarchically.
- **Insert linking anchor for bus blocks**: Inserts a linking anchor for each bus block. This property designates the list item as the location to which other links for that block point. (For more information, see the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for the bus block with an Object Linking Anchor component.
- **Insert linking anchor for signals**: Inserts a linking anchor for each signal. This property designates the list item as the location to which other links for that signal point. For more information, see the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for the signal with an Object Linking Anchor component.
- **Title**: Inserts a title before each list. This attribute supports the %<varname> notation. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_bus

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop,

C Function

Insert information about C Function block contents

Description

This component displays tables with information about the C code and symbols used by a C Function block.

By default, the component reports:

- A table that includes the **Description** parameter and any custom mask parameters
- A table that lists the contents of the **Symbols** parameter
- Sections for the C code defined by the **Output Code**, **Start Code**, and **Terminate Code** parameters

You can specify the parameters to report and customize the generated tables.

A C Function component can have the following components as its parent:

- Model Loop
- System Loop
- Block Loop

For details about C Function blocks, see the C Function block reference page.

Object Properties Table

- Include block object properties: Generates a table with block object property information.
- Table title: Insert a title for the block object properties table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- Header row: Select a header row for the table in the generated report.
 - No header: Includes no header row
 - Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for the name and object type
 - Custom: Includes a custom header
- **Properties list**: Specify whether to have Report Explorer select properties automatically or to list the properties to report on.
 - Determine properties automatically: Let the Report Explorer automatically select the properties to report. The Report Explorer reports the C Function block parameter dialog box prompt properties.
 - Show properties: Specify a list of properties to report. Enter the names of the C Function block properties that you want the report to include.

Property names often differ from the Simulink dialog box prompts. To determine the property names of a C Function block, select the block and enter this code at the MATLAB command line:

get(gcbh)

- **Display property names as prompts**: Display the property names as prompts in the generated report. The report includes the dialog box string instead of the underlying code property.
- Don't display empty values: Exclude the empty parameters in the generated report.

Symbols Table

- **Include symbols table**: Generate a table with information about the symbols used by the C Function block.
- Table title: Insert a title for the symbols table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- Spans page width: Make the table as wide as the page.
- **Column alignment**: Align the text in each column:
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - Double justified

Output, Start, and Terminate Code

- Include output code: Include the code that the C Function block executes during simulation.
- Include start code: Include the initialization code of the C Function block.
- **Include terminate code**: Include the cleanup code that the C Function block runs at model termination.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tables and code.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_cfcn

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop, MATLAB Function

Chart Loop

Run child components for specified Stateflow charts

Description

This component runs its children for specified Stateflow charts.

For conditional processing for a chart, you can use the RptgenSF.getReportedChart function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Report On

- Automatic list from context: Report on all chart blocks in the context set by the parent of this component.
 - Model Loop: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks in the current model.
 - **System Loop**: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks in the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks connected to the current signal.
 - Machine Loop: Reports on the current block if it is in a Stateflow chart.

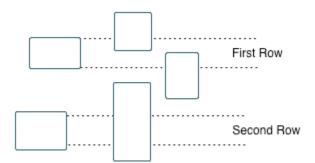
If the **Chart Loop** component has any other type of component as its parent, selecting this option causes it to report on all Stateflow chart blocks.

• Custom - use block list: Reports on a specified list of Stateflow chart blocks.

Loop Options

Choose chart block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- **Sort blocks**: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model). This option is available if you select Automatic list from context in the **Report On** section, or if you select Custom use block list and the **Sort blocks** option.
 - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts models alphabetically by their full paths.
 - By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each chart in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a **Stateflow Snapshot** component can link to this information only if you select this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select the Create section for each object in loop option.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_chart_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Machine Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Function System Loop

Code Generation Summary

Insert version number information, list of generated files, tables summarizing code generation configuration information, and subsystem maps into report

Description

This component reports the following information:

- Version number information
- List of generated files
- Code generation configuration information
- Subsystem map

Summary

- General information: Includes the following information in the report:
 - Model name and version
 - Simulink Coder version number
 - List of full paths of generated files
- **Configuration settings**: Includes tables that list optimization and Simulink Coder target selection and build process Configuration Parameter settings.
- **Subsystem map**: Includes in the report a unique mapping between subsystem numbers and subsystem labels in the model.

Traceability Report

Use settings from model: When you select this option, the report uses all of the following configuration settings, as specified in your model. Deselecting this option allows you to turn off one or more of these settings as needed:

- Eliminated/virtual blocks
- Traceable Simulink Coder blocks
- Traceable Stateflow Objects
- Traceable MATLAB Functions

For more information on these configuration settings, see "Model Configuration Parameters: Code Generation Report" (Simulink Coder).

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tables and list.

Class

RptgenRTW.CCodeGenSummary

See Also

Import Generated Code

Data Dictionary Traceability Table

Insert a table that links data dictionary information to requirements

Description

This component inserts a table into the report. The table links data dictionary information to corresponding requirements. This component reports on the currently open data dictionary. Place this component inside a section, paragraph, or table component.

To use this component, your report setup must include Eval statements that open a data dictionary or determine the data dictionary that is open. To open a template report that shows an example of these Eval statements, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

setedit([matlabroot '/toolbox/slrequirements/slrequirements/+rmide/rmide.rpt'])

Find the Eval statements in the if condition at the beginning of the report setup.

Table Options

Specify information about the table.

- Table title: Specify the table title.
 - No title Do not include a table title.
 - Object name Use the name of the data dictionary in the title.
 - Custom Specify your own table title.

Table Columns

Specify the table columns that you want to include in the report. The **Document name**, **Locations** within document, and **Requirement keyword** check boxes correspond to properties on the Requirements Toolbox Link Editor dialog box.

- **Description** Include the description of the requirement. The description helps you to identify the requirement the table is linking to. Leave this box selected to improve the readability of your table.
- **Document name** Include the name of the document where the requirement is located.
- Locations within document Include the identifier of a location in the document.
- **Requirement keyword** Include the requirement keyword.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.DDReqTable

See Also

MATLAB Code Traceability Table, Simulink Test Suite Traceability Table, rmi

Documentation

Include content extracted from DocBlock blocks

Description

This component includes DocBlock block content in a report. It can have the following components as its parent:

- Model Loop
- System Loop
- Block Loop

The DocBlock content is included in a report in one of these ways:

- The actual content is included in the report.
- The content is saved to an external file and the report links to the file.
- The content is saved to an external file and the report includes the path of the file.
- The content is embedded in the report and the report includes a link to the embedded file.

The way that the DocBlock content is included in a report depends on:

- The DocBlock content type.
- The report type and whether the report is template-based. See "Report Templates".
- The values of the ConvertHTML and EmbedFile properties, for template-based reports.

For template-based reports, the report includes the DocBlock content according to this table.

DocBlock Content Type	Report Type	ConvertHT ML Property	EmbedFile Property	Report Includes		
				DocBlock Content	External Link to DocBlock Content File	Link to Embedded DocBlock Content File
text	HTML	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
text	HTML-FILE	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
text	Word	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
text	PDF	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	HTML	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	HTML-FILE	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	PDF	true	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	PDF	false	true	no	no	yes
HTML	PDF	false	false	no	yes	no

DocBlock Content Type	Report Type	ConvertHT ML Property	EmbedFile Property	Report Includes		
				DocBlock Content	External Link to DocBlock Content File	Link to Embedded DocBlock Content File
HTML	Word	true	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	Word	false	N/A	no	yes	no
RTF	PDF	N/A	true	no	no	yes
RTF	PDF	N/A	false	no	yes	no
RTF	Word	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
RTF	HTML	N/A	true	no	no	yes
RTF	HTML	N/A	false	no	yes	no
RTF	HTML-FILE	N/A	N/A	no	yes	no

For reports that are not template-based, the report includes the DocBlock content according to this table.

DocBlock	Report Type	Report Includes				
Content Type		DocBlock Content	External Link to DocBlock Content File	Path of DocBlock Content File		
text	web (HTML)	yes	no	no		
text	Acrobat (PDF)	yes	no	no		
text	Word (RTF)	yes	no	no		
text	RTF	yes	no	no		
HTML	web (HTML)	yes	no	no		
HTML	Acrobat (PDF)	no	yes	no		
HTML	Word (RTF)	no	no	yes		
HTML	RTF	no	no	yes		
RTF	Web (HTML)	no	yes	no		
RTF	Acrobat (PDF)	no	yes	no		
RTF	Word (RTF)	yes	no	no		
RTF	RTF	yes	no	no		

Note For non-English HTML DocBlock text that you want to include in a Documentation component, use UTF-8 file encoding. Use a simple text editor to create the HTML code.

Properties

• **Import file as**: Specifies how to format the imported information. The following example shows how each option works, using the following text as input:

```
First row.
Second row.
```

Third row follows blank line.

• Plain text (ignore line breaks). Imports plain text without any line breaks (no paragraphs), as in this example:

First row. Second row. Third row follows blank line.

• Paragraphs defined by line breaks. Imports the text contained in paragraphs defined by line breaks (hard returns or carriage returns), as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

• Paragraphs defined by empty rows. Imports text contained in paragraphs defined by empty rows (rows that do not contain text), as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

• Text (retain line breaks). Imports plain text, including line breaks, as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

• Fixed-width text (retain line breaks). Imports fixed-width text (all letters have the same width or size) including line breaks, as in this example:

First row. Second row.

Third row follows blank line.

Tip This option is useful for importing MATLAB files.

- **Insert linking anchor for blocks**: Inserts a linking anchor for each DocBlock block that designates the location where other links for that block point. (See the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages for more help.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for a DocBlock block with an Object Linking Anchor component.
- **ConvertHTML**: Specifies whether to convert HTML content to a DOM object that is appended to the report. This option applies only to Word and PDF template-based reports. If the option is selected, the content is converted to HTML. If the option is not selected:
 - For a PDF report, the report embeds the content or includes an external link to the content, depending on the value of the **EmbedFile** option.
 - For a Word report, the report includes an external link to the content.
- **EmbedFile**: Specifies whether to embed the content of the DocBlock block in the generated report. This option applies only to HTML or RTF content with template-based PDF reports and to RTF content with template-based HTML reports. If the option is selected, the content is embedded in the report and a hyperlink to the embedded content is inserted.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text, embedded file, or link to external file.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_doc

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop

Fixed Point Block Loop

Run child components for the Simulink model, system, or signal defined by parent component

Description

This component runs its children for the Simulink model, system, or signal that its parent defines. Options for the parent component are:

- Model Loop
- System Loop
- Signal Loop

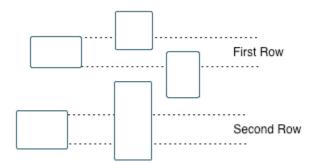
Report On

- Automatic list from context: Reports on all fixed-point blocks in the context of the parent of this component. For example, if the parent component is the System Loop, then this component reports on all fixed-point blocks in the current system. If this component does not have a looping component as its parent, then selecting this option causes the component to report on all fixed-point blocks in all models.
- Custom use block list: Reports on a specified list of blocks.

Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- **Sort blocks**: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model). This option is available if you select the Automatic list from context option in the **Report On** section, or if you select Custom use block list and the **Sort blocks** options.
 - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- Search for Simulink name/property value pairs: Reports only on the fixed-point blocks with the specified property name-value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value. To add a row, click the **Add row** button.

To find the property names for a block, open the documentation for the block and refer to the Programmatic Use sections or select a block in the model and enter this code at the MATLAB command line:

get(gcbh)

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each fixed-point block in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a **System Snapshot** component can link to this information only if you select this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_blk_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop

Fixed Point Logging Options

Set fixed-point options like in Fixed Point Tool

Description

This component sets fixed-point options like those set in the Fixed Point Tool (invoked by running the fxptdlg function).

This component must be a child of the Model Loop component. Use this component to set the following options on the current model:

- Data type override
- Instrument mode
- Logging type

This component can have child components. It is a good practice to use this component with a Model Simulation component as its child. This approach sets fixed-point properties for the model for the purpose of the simulation, and then restores them to their original values after the simulation is complete.

Data Type Override

- **Use local settings**: Overrides data types according to the value of this parameter set for each subsystem. Otherwise, settings for parent systems override those of child systems.
- **Scaled double**: Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with doubles. However, this option maintains the scaling and bias specified in the mask of each block.
- **Doubles**: Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with doubles. The overridden values have no scaling or bias.
- **Singles**: Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with singles. The overridden values have no scaling or bias.
- **Off**: Does not perform any data type override on any block in the current system or subsystem.

Instrumentation Mode

Specify logging options in this section. For logged blocks, minimum and maximum simulation values are written to the workspace.

- **Use local settings**: Logs data according to the value of this parameter set for each subsystem. Otherwise, settings for parent systems always override those of child systems.
- **Min, max, and overflow**: Logs minimum value, maximum value, and overflow data for all blocks in the current system or subsystem.
- Overflow only: Logs only overflow data for all blocks in the current system or subsystem.
- **Force off**: Logs no data for any block in the current system or subsystem. Use this selection to work with models containing fixed point-enabled blocks, if you do not have a Fixed-Point Designer license.

For more information on logging simulation results, see "Propose Fraction Lengths Using Simulation Range Data" (Fixed-Point Designer).

Logging Type

Specify how to record logs in this section:

- **Overwrite log**: Clears information in the logs before new logging data is entered.
- Merge log: Merges new logging data with previously logged information.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_options

See Also

Model Simulation

Fixed Point Property Table

Insert table that reports on Fixed-Point Designer block property name/property value pairs

Description

This component inserts a table that reports on Fixed-Point Designer block property name/property value pairs.

Table

Select a preset table, which is already formatted and configured, in the **Preset table** list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

• Preset table

Specifies the type of object property table.

- Default
- Mask properties
- Block limits
- Out-of-range errors
- All fixed-point properties
- Blank 4x4

To apply the specified table, select the table and click **Apply**.

• **Split property/value cells**: Split property name/property value pairs into separate cells. For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells in the table, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, so there only one property name/property value pair can exist in a cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. The report ignores all subsequent pairs.

For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. That option specifies nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text.

Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. If you have more than one property name/property value pair or text in one cell, only the first value pair appears in the report. Subsequent pairs and text are omitted.

- Display outer border: Display the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- Table spans page width: Display the table across the entire page in the generated report.

Table Cells

Select table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects the available fields in the **Cell Properties** pane.

Cell Properties

• Contents

Modify the contents of the table cell selected in the Table Cells pane.

- Show as: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell.
 - PROPERTY Value
 - Value
 - Property Value
 - Property: Value
 - PROPERTY: Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value

• Alignment: Aligns the contents of the table cell.

- Center
- Left
- Right
- Double justified
- Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- Right border: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

Creating Custom Tables

To create a custom table, edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For details about creating custom property tables, see "Property Table Components".

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_prop_table

See Also

Fixed Point Summary Table

Fixed Point Summary Table

Table of specified fixed-point block properties or parameters

Description

This component displays properties or parameters of specified fixed-point blocks in a table.

Properties

Table title

Choose a table title in the generated report:

- Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

Property name

This field displays the object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.

- To add a property:
 - **1** Select the appropriate property level in the menu
 - 2 Select the property to add from the selection list and click Add.
- To delete a property, select the property name and click the **Delete** button.
- To move properties up and down in the list, click the **Up** and **Down** buttons.

Note Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and system loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

Transpose table

Enabling this check box changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

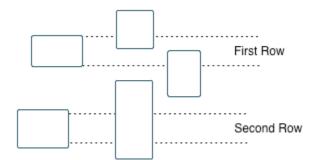
Object Rows

- Insert anchor for each row: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
- Report On: Specifies blocks on which to report:
 - Automatic list from context. Reports on all blocks in the current context.

• Custom - use block list. Reports on a specified list of blocks. To include a given block in the report, specify its full path.

Loop Options

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
 - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_summ_table

See Also

Fixed Point Property Table

Import Generated Code

Import source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software, and custom files specified as part of model

Description

This component imports source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software. It also imports custom files that you specify as part of your model.

Properties

- Source files (auto-generated): Includes the following files in the report:
 - . c and . cpp source files generated by Simulink Coder software.
 - Simulink Coder source files, such as the setup file and supporting files in the build folder.

This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.

- Header files (auto-generated): Includes the following files in the report:
 - . h and . hpp header files generated by Simulink Coder software.
 - Simulink Coder header files in the build folder.

This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.

• **Custom files**: Includes custom source files that you specify in the **Code Generation** > **Custom Code** pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box. This check box is deselected by default.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Generated code listings.

Class

RptgenRTW.CImportCode

See Also

Code Generation Summary

Look-Up Table

Report on lookup table blocks

Description

The Look-Up Table component reports on the following blocks in the Simulink Lookup Tables library. Some examples of the lookup table blocks include:

- 1-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- Sine, Cosine
- Interpolation Using Prelookup
- Direct Lookup Table (n-D)

The Look-Up Table component inserts a figure and/or table into the report. The table contains input and output numeric values. A figure plots these values.

Note The Look-Up Table component does not display a table or plot for the Direct Lookup Table (n-D) block if the block is configured to generate the table during simulation as a block input. Instead, the Look-Up Table displays a note in the report to the effect that the table is generated dynamically during simulation.

Look-Up Table Options

This pane allows you to specify the types of lookup table blocks to include in the report and how they appear. If you select none of the check boxes in this pane, the component does not insert anything into the report.

- The Look-Up Table displays results according to the type of its parent component:
 - Model Loop: Includes all lookup tables in the current model.
 - System Loop: Includes all lookup tables in the current system.
 - Block Loop: If the current block is a lookup table, the reports that block.
 - Signal Loop: Includes all lookup tables connected to the current signal.
 - If the Look-Up Table does not have any of the looping components as its parent, it includes all lookup tables in all open models.
- **Plot 1-D data**: Plots data from a 1-D Lookup Table block. Choose the plot type, Line plot or Bar plot, from the corresponding list. The input data appears on the horizontal or x-axis, and the output data appears on the vertical or y-axis.

For more information on line and bar plots, see "2-D and 3-D Plots".

• **Create table for 1-D data**: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the 1-D Lookup Table block.

• **Plot 2-D data**: Creates a plot of 2-D Lookup Table blocks. You can specify whether the data appears as a surface plot or a line plot. The line plot is best for small data sets, and the surface plot for larger tables. For more information on surface and line plots, see "2-D and 3-D Plots".

Note This option creates a 2-D slice through n-D data.

- **Create table for 2-D data**: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the 2-D Lookup Table block.
- **Create table for N-D data**: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the n-D Lookup Table block.

Print Options

- **Image file format**: Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose automatically the format best suited for the output format that you chose in the Report component. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic SL format (PNG 24-bit image) (Uses the Simulink file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)
 - Bitmap (16m-color)
 - Bitmap (256-color)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Black and white PostScript
 - Black and white PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript
 - Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Color PostScript
 - Color PostScript2
 - JPEG high quality image
 - JPEG medium quality image
 - JPEG low quality image
 - PNG 24-bit image
 - TIFF compressed
 - TIFF uncompressed
 - Windows metafile
- Paper orientation:
 - Landscape
 - Portrait

- Rotated
- Use figure orientation: Uses the orientation for the figure, which you set with the orient command.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the **orient** command in the MATLAB documentation.

- **Image size**: Allows you to specify the image size in the report by selecting **Use figure PaperPositionMode setting** and setting the PaperPositionMode property of the Handle Graphics figure.
 - Automatic (same size as on screen):
 - Custom: Specifies a custom image size. Set the image size using the Size field and Units list.

For more information on paper position mode, see orient in the MATLAB documentation.

- **Size**: Allows you to enter the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the format wxh (width times height). This field is active only if you choose Custom in the **Image size** list box.
- **Units**: Allows you to enter for the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Custom in the **Image size** list box.
- **Invert hardcopy**: Causes the Handle Graphics **InvertHardcopy** property to invert colors for printing. In other words, this option changes dark colors to light colors and light colors to dark colors. To change colors in your image, choose one of the following options:
 - Automatic: Automatically changes a dark axes colors to light axes colors. If the axes color is a light color, this option does not invert the color.
 - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors, and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
 - Don't invert: Does not change the colors in the image that appears on the screen for printing.
 - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
 - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.

- **Size**: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form [width, height] format. This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the **Scaling** selection list.
- **Max size**: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form [width, height]. This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the **Scaling** selection list.
- Units: Allows you to enter units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- Title: Enter text to appear above the snapshot.
- **Caption**: Enter text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Figure and/or table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_lookup

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Machine Loop

Run child components for specified Stateflow machines

Description

This component runs its child components for selected Stateflow machines. The behavior of this component depends on its parent component. If it has no parent, the Machine Loop runs its child components for all machines. If it has the Model Loop is its parent, it runs its child components for all machines in the model.

Loop Options

Search Stateflow

If selected, searches states that you specify in the field that appears under the check box.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each machine in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select the Create section for each object in loop option.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_machine_loop

See Also

Model Loop

Missing Requirements Block Loop

Apply all child components to blocks that do not have requirements

Description

This component runs its child components for each block in the current system, model, or signal that do not have associated requirements.

For more information on working with looping components, see"Logical and Looping Components".

Report On

This pane describes the type of object on which this component operates.

- Automatic list from context: Report on all blocks in the current context that do not have associated requirements. The parent component of the Block Loop component determines its context. If this component does not have the **Model Loop**, **System Loop**, **Signal Loop**, or **Block Loop** as its parent, selecting this option causes this component to report on all blocks in all models that do not have associated requirements.
 - Model Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current model with no associated requirements.
 - System Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current system with no associated requirements.
 - **Signal Loop**: Reports on all blocks connected to the current signal with no associated requirements.
- **Custom use block list**: Enables you to specify a list of blocks on which to report. Enter the full path of each block.

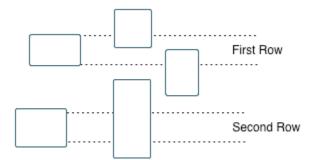
Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

• Sort blocks:

Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by their names.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists the blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. The following example reports on the theta dot integrator block and the theta integrator block in the model simppend, using the variable Z={ 'simppend/theta'}:

```
simppend/theta dot
%<Z>
```

The generated report includes information about the following blocks:

- simppend/theta dot
- simppend/theta

For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

• Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on the Simulink blocks with the specified property name-value pairs that do not have associated requirements.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each missing requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class Name

RptgenRMI.NoReqBlockLoop

See Also

Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Subsystem Requirements Table

MATLAB Code Traceability Table

Insert a table that links MATLAB code to requirements

Description

This component inserts a table into the report. The table links MATLAB code to corresponding requirements. This component reports on the currently open .m file. Place this component inside a section, paragraph, or table component.

To use this component, your report setup must include Eval statements that open a .m file or determine the .m file that is open. To open a template report that shows an example of these Eval statements, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

setedit([matlabroot '/toolbox/slrequirements/slrequirements/+rmiml/rmiml.rpt'])

Find the Eval statements in the if condition at the beginning of the report setup.

Table Options

Specify information about the table.

- Table title: Specify the table title.
 - No title Do not include a table title.
 - Object name Use the name of the .m file in the title.
 - Custom Specify your own table title.

Table Columns

Specify the table columns that you want to include in the report. The **Document name**, **Locations** within document, and **Requirement keyword** check boxes correspond to properties on the Requirements Toolbox Link Editor dialog box.

- **Description** Include the description of the requirement. The description helps you to identify the requirement the table is linking to. Leave this box selected to improve the readability of your table.
- **Document name** Include the name of the document where the requirement is located.
- Locations within document Include the identifier of a location in the document.
- **Requirement keyword** Include the requirement keyword.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.MlReqTable

See Also

Data Dictionary Traceability Table, Simulink Test Suite Traceability Table, rmi

MATLAB Function

Insert information about MATLAB Function block contents

Description

This component displays tables with information about MATLAB code included in MATLAB Function blocks. You specify which of the following kinds of information to include in the report:

- Function properties Parameter settings for the MATLAB Function block
- Argument properties Properties of the function arguments (for example, complexity)
- The function script MATLAB code of the function
- Function symbol data Information about the user-defined and (optionally) built-in MATLAB variables and functions invoked by the MATLAB function that computes the block outputs.
- Supporting functions User-defined functions and, optionally, MATLAB functions that are included in the MATLAB Function block function.

For details about MATLAB Function blocks, see the MATLAB Function block reference page.

Use the MATLAB Function component within a section, paragraph, or table.

Note To view the contents of a MATLAB Function block in a Web viewer, use the Web view feature of the Simulink Report Generator. In the Web view, hover your cursor over the MATLAB Function block. For details, see "Create Model Web Views".

Function Properties Table

- Include function properties: Generates a table with function property information.
- Table title: Insert a title for the function properties table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- You can change the header text for property and value columns of the function properties table. In the **Header** column, double-click to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.
- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- Spans page width: Make the table as wide as the page.

Argument Summary Table

• **Include argument summary table**: Generate a table with summary information about the MATLAB Function block function arguments.

- Table title: Insert a title for the argument summary table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- Argument Summary Table Options: Specify the property columns to include in the table.
 - To add a property column:
 - **1** In the table on the right, select a property near where you want to insert the new property column.
 - **2** From the list of properties to the left of the table, select a property that you want to add to the table.
 - **3** Click the left-arrow button.
 - 4 If necessary, use the up or down arrow button to position the new column.
 - To delete a property column, select the property in the table and click the right-arrow button
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the **Header** column, double-click to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.
- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.
- **Column alignment**: Align the text in each column:
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - Double justified

Detailed Argument Report

- **Include detailed argument report**: Generate a table with detailed information about the MATLAB Function block function arguments.
- Argument Property Table Format Options: Specify the argument property columns to include in the table.
 - **Table title**: Insert a title for the argument properties table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the Header column, double-click to change the header text.
 - **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.
 - Spans page width: Make the variable table as wide as the page on which the table appears.
- **Include function script**: Include the script for the function.

- **Include function symbol data**: Generate a table that includes information about the userdefined and (optionally) built-in MATLAB variables and functions invoked by the MATLAB function that computes the block outputs.
- Highlight script syntax: Use colors to highlight syntax keywords.
- **Include supporting functions**: Include a list of functions invoked directly or indirectly by the function script. If you specify to include supporting functions in the report, also specify whether to include both MATLAB and user-defined functions or just user-defined functions.
- **Include code of user-defined supporting functions**: Include the code of the user-defined supporting functions invoked directly or indirectly by the function script.
- Supporting Function Table Format Options:
 - **Table title**: Insert a title for the supporting functions table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the **Header** column, double-click to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.
 - **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.
 - **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tables and, optionally, code.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_emlfcn

See Also

Stateflow Property

MATLAB System

Insert information about MATLAB System block contents

Description

The MATLAB System component displays tables with information about the MATLAB System objects included in MATLAB System blocks. You can include this information in the report:

- Object properties Properties for the MATLAB System block
- Argument properties Properties of the system arguments
- Source code MATLAB System source code

For details about MATLAB System blocks, see the MATLAB System block reference page.

Object Properties Table

- Include object properties: Generate a table with object property information.
- **Table title**: Insert a title for the object properties table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- You can change the header text for property and value columns of the object properties table. Double-click the **Header** column to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns are three times wider than the first column.
- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.

Argument Summary Table

- **Include argument summary table**: Generate a table with summary information about the MATLAB System block arguments.
- Table title: Insert a title for the argument summary table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- **Summary Table Options**: Specify the property columns to include in the table.
 - To add a property column:
 - **1** In the table on the right, select a property near where you want to insert the new property column.
 - **2** From the list of properties to the left of the table, select a property that you want to add to the table.

- **3** Click the left-arrow button.
- 4 If necessary, use the up or down arrow button to position the new column.
- To delete a property column, select the property in the table and click the right-arrow button.
- You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. Double-click the **Header** column to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns are three times wider than the first column.
- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.
- **Column alignment**: Align the text in each column:
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - Double justified

Detailed Argument Report

- **Include detailed argument report**: Generate a table with detailed information about the MATLAB System block arguments.
- Argument Property Table Format Options: Specify the argument property columns to include in the table.
 - **Table title**: Insert a title for the argument properties table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. Double-click the **Header** column to change the header text.
 - Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
 - **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page on which the table appears.

Source Code

- Include source code: Include the MATLAB System source code.
- Highlight source code syntax: Use colors to highlight code syntax.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tables and code.

Class

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem

See Also

Stateflow Property

Missing Requirements System Loop

Loop only on systems and subsystems that do not have associated requirements

Description

This component runs its child components for each system or subsystem defined by the parent component that does not have associated requirements. Insert this component as the child of a **Model Loop** component to include systems and subsystems that do not have any associated requirements in the report.

Report On

- Loop on Systems:
 - **Select systems automatically**: Reports on all systems in the current context that do not have associated requirements.
 - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
 - **Signal Loop**: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
 - **Block Loop**: Reports on the parent system of the current block.

If this component does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems in all models that do not have associated requirements.

- **Custom use system list**: Reports on a list of specified systems. Specify the full path of each system.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems: Specifies how to sort systems.
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - **By number of blocks in system**: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks. In other words, it shows the system with the largest number of blocks that do not have requirements appears first in the list.
 - By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
 - By traversal order: Sorts systems in the traversal order.
- **Search for**: Reports only on the Subsystem blocks with the specified property name-value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value.

To find property names for Subsystem blocks, see the Programmatic Use sections for the parameters in Subsystem or select a Subsystem block in the model and enter this code at the MATLAB command line:

get(gcbh)

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Number sections by system hierarchy**: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report. Requires that **Sort Systems** be set to By traversal order.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each missing requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.NoReqSystemLoop

See Also

Block Loop, Missing Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Subsystem Requirements Table, System Loop

Model Advisor Report

Insert Model Advisor report or link to Model Advisor report for current model

Description

This component inserts a Model Advisor report for the current model into the report if the report is in HTML format. For other report formats, it inserts a link to a Model Advisor report for the current model. For more information about Model Advisor reports, see "Save and View Model Advisor Check Reports".

Properties

Use existing report: Includes an existing Model Advisor report in the report. This check box is selected by default. Clearing this option generates a new Model Advisor report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, a Model Advisor report.

Class

rptgen_sl.CModelAdvisor

See Also

Model Change Log

Model Change Log

Construct model history table that displays model revision information

Description

Run this component before you run the **Model Simulation** component. It constructs a model history table that displays information about each logged revision to the model. This model history table includes:

- The author of each change
- The model version of the change
- The time and date of the change
- A description of the change

See "Model Information" for more information..

Tip If your model has a long revision history, consider limiting the number of revisions reported.

Table Columns

Choose the information displayed in the model revision table in this section:

- Author name: Includes the name of the person who last revised the model.
- Version: Includes the version number of the model.
- Date changed: Includes the revision date of the model.
- Description of change: Includes a description of the revision to the model.

Table Rows

- Limit displayed revisions to: Limits the number of revisions that appears in the report.
- Show revisions since date: Limits the number of revisions that appears in the report by date. Enter the date in the corresponding text field. This field supports %<varname> notation. For example, the default value, %<datestr(now-14)>, returns revision history for the last two weeks.

Table Display

Choose how the model revision history table appears in this section.

- Table title: Specifies the title of the table.
- Sort order: Sorts the table entries from most recent to oldest, or from oldest to most recent.
- **Date format**: Specifies a preferred date format for the date/time stamps in the table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_changelog

See Also

Model Advisor Report

Model Configuration Set

Insert active configuration set of a model into a report

Description

This component displays a table with the active configuration set for the model.

For information about configurations sets, see "Manage Configuration Sets for a Model".

Display Options

- Title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - **Custom**: Specifies a custom title.
 - None: Uses no title.
- Show configuration set table grids: Show grid lines for the table.
- Make configuration set tables page wide: Make the table as wide as the page.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_cfgset

See Also

Model Loop, System Loop

Model Loop

Loop on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components

Description

This component loops on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components. For example, you can use a **Model Loop** with a child **System Loop** to report on the subsystems of the specified system.

Consider making these components children of the **Model Loop** (although the **Model Loop** is not necessarily required to be the immediate parent of a given component).

For conditional processing based of blocks, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedBlock function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Models to Include

You can add a model to the list by clicking **Add New Model to List**. The following table shows the buttons you can use to move a model up or down in the list, or to add or delete a model.

Button	Action
1	Move a model up in the list.
*	Move a model down in the list.
×	Remove a model from the list.
*	Add a new model to the list.

Model Options

• Active: Includes a given model in the loop. This option is selected by default. Clearing this option omits the model from the loop.

This option allows you to temporarily omit one or more models from a report.

- Model name: Specifies the model name.
 - Current block diagram
 - All open models
 - All open libraries
 - Block diagrams in current directory
 - Custom block diagram: Selecting this option automatically sets the **Starting system(s)** field **\$top** to start in the model root system.

- %<VariableName>: For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- **Traverse model**: Specifies the systems to traverse.
 - All systems in model
 - Selected system(s) only
 - Selected system(s) and ancestors
 - Selected system(s) and children
- Look under masks: Specifies how to handle masks.
 - Functional masks only
 - No masks
 - All masks
 - Graphical masks only

For more information, see "Create Block Masks".

- Follow library links: Specifies library links to include.
 - Do not follow library links: Library links are treated as blocks.
 - Include library links: Library links are treated as subsystems.
 - Include unique library links: With multiple copies of the same library link in a system, one is treated as a subsystem and the others as blocks.

For more information, see "Linked Blocks".

- **Model reference**: Specifies whether to report on models referenced by a Model block. If you want to report on referenced models, then you can control the depth of the model hierarchy and whether to report on variant models.
 - Do not follow Model blocks: Do not report on blocks contained in referenced models.
 - Follow all Model blocks: Report on blocks contained in all models that any part of the model hierarchy references.
 - Follow Model blocks defined in current model: Report on blocks in models that the currently selected model references.
 - <Custom model reference depth>: Report on blocks in models that your specified level in the model hierarchy references.
- **Include all variants**: Report on all variant models. To enable this option, set the **Model reference** option to report on blocks in referenced models.
- **Subsystem reference**: Select this option to report on subsystem files referenced by a Subsystem Reference block.
- **Starting system(s)**: Specifies the system in which to start the loop. Available options depend on the value that you select in the **Traverse model** option. Selecting any option other than All systems in model for **Traverse model** activates the **Starting system(s)** option.

If you do not enter a model name in the **Model name** option, then select either **Root** model or Current to specify where to start the loop.

If you specify a model name in the **Model name** option, then the **Starting system(s)** option provides an edit box in which you can enter:

- The full path of a subsystem or subsystems
- **\$top** to start the loop in the model root system
- **\$current** to start the loop in the currently selected system

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each model in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Examples

Example 6.1. Generating Reports on Specified Systems and Their Subsystems

This example shows how to loop over a specified system and its subsystems in the sample model sldemo_auto_climate_elec.

1 (Optional) To open the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter the following command:

```
openExample('sldemo_auto_climate_elec')
```

Explore the model to familiarize yourself with its subsystems.

- **2** Open the Report Explorer.
- **3** Create a report setup file by clicking **File > New**.
- 4 Save the report setup file by clicking File > Save As. Give it the name sldemo_auto_report.
- 5 Add a Chapter/Subsection component to the report setup file to include information about model subsystems:
 - **a** In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **Chapter/Subsection** to add it to the report setup file.
 - **b** For **Title**, choose Custom. In the title field, enter **Description of subsystems**.
 - c Add a Model Loop as a child of the Chapter/Subsection component. This loops over the ClimateControlSystem system and its subsystems in the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model:
 - i In the Library pane in the middle, double-click Model Loop to add it to the report setup file. By default, the Report Explorer adds that component as a child of the Chapter/ Subsection component.
 - ii In the Model Loop properties pane, from the Model name selection list, select <Custom block diagram>.
 - iii In the Model name field, delete the text <Custom block diagram>, and then enter sldemo_auto_climate_elec.slx. Click any component in the report setup file to add this model to the Models to include list.
 - iv In the Traverse model selection list, select Selected system(s) and children.

- v In the Look under masks selection list, select All masks.
- vi In the Model reference selection list, select Do not follow Model blocks.
- vii In the Starting system(s) field, enter sldemo_auto_climate_elec/ ClimateControlSystem. Because you selected Selected system(s) and children for Traverse model, the Model Loop loops over sldemo_auto_climate_elec/ClimateControlSystem and its subsystems.
- viii Under Section Options, select the Create section for each object in loop check box. Selecting this option creates separate sections in the generated report for each model over which the component loops.

The **Model Loop** properties pane looks as follows.

Model Loop		
Model Options		
Active		
Model name:	Current block diagram 🗸 🗸	
Traverse model:	All systems in model	\sim
Look under masks:	Functional masks only	\sim
Follow library links:	Do not follow library links	\sim
Model reference:	Do not follow Model blocks	 \sim
	Include all variants	
Subsystem reference:	Include referenced subsystems	
Starting system(s):	Model root	\sim

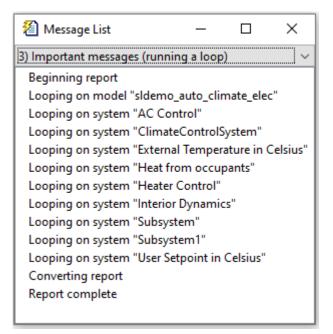
- **6** Save the report by clicking **File > Save**.
- 7 Add a System Loop as a child of the Model Loop component.
 - a In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **System Loop** to add it to the report setup file. By default, Model Explorer adds this component as a child of the Model Loop component.
 - b In the System Loop properties pane, under Loop Options, select the Create section for each object in loop check box. Selecting this option creates a section in the generated report for each subsystem on which the component loops. Accept the default values for all other fields.
- 8 Add a System Snapshot component as a child of the System Loop component. This step creates snapshots of all the subsystems of ClimateControlSystem in the generated report. In the Library pane in the middle, double-click System Snapshot. By default, Model Explorer adds this component as a child of the System Loop component.
- 9 Save the report.

The report setup file hierarchy now looks as follows.

Report Explorer - Report - sldemo_auto_report.rpt
File Edit View Tools Help
E Constant Consta

10 Run the report by clicking **File** > **Report**.

The report loops on the system ClimateControlSystem of the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model and all of its subsystems, as shown in the following Message List.



Below is an excerpt from the generated report.

Chapter 1. Description of subsystems

 Table of Contents

 sldemo auto climate elec

 AC Control

 ClimateControlSystem

 External Temperature in Celsius

 Heat from occupants

 Heater Control

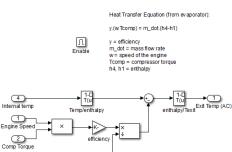
 Interior Dynamics

 Subsystem1

 User Setpoint in Celsius

sldemo_auto_climate_elec

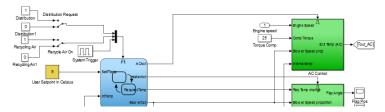
AC Control



ClimateControlSystem

Max flow rate

3 Blower Speed prop



Example 6.2. Temporarily Omitting a Model from a Loop

This example shows how to use the Model Loop Active check box to temporarily omit a model from the loop. This example uses the report setup file that you created in the Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems example above, sldemo_auto_report.rpt, and the f14 model, which is included with Simulink

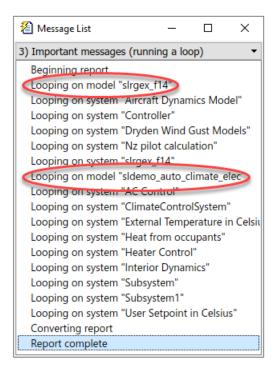
- 1 In the Report Explorer, click File > Open, and then open sldemo_auto_report.rpt by doubleclicking it.
- 2 In the Outline pane on the left, click Model Loop Section 1 sldemo_auto_climate_elec.
- 3 In the Model Loop properties pane, click the button to add a model to the Models to include list.
- 4 In the **Model Loop** properties pane, from the **Model name** selection list, select <Custom block diagram>.
- 5 In the Model name field, delete the text <Custom block diagram> and enter slrgex_f14.slx.
- 6 In the **Look under masks** selection list, select All masks.

The Model Loop properties pane now looks as follows.

Model Options	
Active	
Model name:	sirgex_f14.six v
Traverse model:	All systems in model
Look under masks:	All masks 🔻
Follow library links:	Do not follow library links
Model reference:	Do not follow Model blocks \checkmark
	Include all variants
Starting system(s):	\$top

- **7** Save the report setup file.
- 8 Generate the report.

The report generation process loops over the specified systems in the slrgex_f14 and sldemo_auto_climate_elec models, as shown in the following message box.



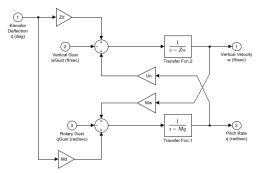
Below is an excerpt from the generated report.

Chapter 1. Description of Subsystems

Table of Contents		
slrgex_f14		
Aircraft Dynamics Model Controller Dryden Wind Gust Models Nz pilot calculation slrgex_f14		
sldemo_auto_climate_elec		
AC Control ClimateControlSystem External Temperature in Celsius Heat from occupants Heater Control Interior Dynamics Subsystem Subsystem User Setpoint in Celsius		

slrgex_f14





- 9 In the **Models to include** list, click slrgex_f14 to select it.
- 10 Clear the Active check box to omit slrgex_f14 model information from the generated report.
- **11** Rerun the report.

The report now includes information only on the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model, as shown at the end of the previous example, Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems.

12 To reactivate the slrgex_f14 model, in the Model Loop Models to include list, select the slrgex_f14 model and then select the Active check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_loop

See Also

Block Loop, System Loop

Model Simulation

Run current model with specified simulation parameters

Description

This component runs the current model using specified simulation parameters. Ensure that this component has the Model Loop component as its parent.

For more information on simulation parameters, see "Configure Simulation Conditions".

I/O Parameters

Use model's workspace I/O variable names

Use the names of the parameters specified in the Simulation Parameters dialog box.

The following options are available if you do not select the **Use model's workspace I/O variable names** option:

- Time : Specifies a new variable name for the Time parameter.
- States: Specifies a new variable name for the States parameter.
- **Output**: Specifies a new variable name for the **Output** parameter.

Timespan

Use model's timespan values: Use the model's **Start time** and **Stop time** values, as specified in the **Solver** tab in the Simulation Parameters dialog box.

The following options are available if you do not select the Use model's timespan values option:

- **Start**: Specifies a simulation starting time.
- **Stop**: Specifies a simulation ending time.

Note If you set the stop time of your model to inf (infinity) in Simulink or on this component attribute page, Simulink Report Generator terminates the model simulation after 60 seconds. Terminating the report prevents the report generation process from entering an infinite loop.

Simulation Options

- **Compile model before simulation**: Compiles the model before simulating, preserving scope content. Select this option if:
 - You use Simulink Coder Summary properties.
 - You sort systems or blocks by simulation order.
 - You use scope snapshots.

- **Simulation status messages**: Displays simulation status messages, or inserts them into the report.
 - Display to command line: Sends messages to a command-line window.
 - Display to Report Generator Message List: Sends messages to the Simulink Report Generator message window.
 - Insert into report: Includes messages in the report.
- Simulation parameters: Specifies simulation parameters.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_sim

See Also

Model Loop

Object Loop

Run child components for Stateflow objects, and then insert table into report

Description

This component runs its child components for each Stateflow object and inserts a table into the generated report.

For conditional processing of Stateflow objects, you can use the RptgenSF.getReportedObject function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Object Types

- Report on "Data" objects: Includes Stateflow data objects in the loop.
- Report on "Event" objects: Includes Stateflow event objects in the loop.
- Report on "Transition" objects: Includes Stateflow transition objects in the loop.
- Report on "Junction" objects: Includes Stateflow junction objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Target" objects**: Includes Stateflow target objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Annotation" objects**: Includes Stateflow note objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Port" objects**: Includes Stateflow port objects in the loop.

Loop Options

- **Report depth**: Specifies the level at which to loop:
 - Local children only (Default). Reports only on children one level down.
 - All objects. Reports on all Stateflow objects.
- Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables: Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables from the report.
- **Remove objects which do not contain more information than a snapshot**: Excludes objects that contain only a snapshot.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each Stateflow object in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_loop

See Also

Stateflow Filter, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, Simulink Function System Loop

Requirements Block Loop

Apply child components to blocks with requirements

Description

This component applies its child components to blocks with associated requirements.

Report On

- Automatic list from context: If selected, this option reports on all blocks in the current context. The parent of the Requirements Block Loop component determines its context.
 - Model Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements in the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements connected to the current signal.

If the Requirements Block Loop does not have the Model Loop, System Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop component as its parent, it reports on all blocks in all models.

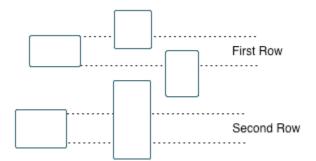
• **Custom - use block list**: Reports on a list of blocks with specified requirements. Enter the full paths of each block into this field.

Loop Options

• Sort blocks

Specify how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems and subsystems alphabetically by name. (Blocks in each system do not appear in alphabetical order).
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs that have associated requirements.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop that has associated requirements.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.CBlockLoop

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Model Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Subsystem Requirements Table

Requirements Documents Table

Insert table of linked requirements documents

Description

This component creates a table that lists all requirements documents linked to model objects.

Table Options

- Show documents linked to
 - Simulink and Stateflow objects: Inserts requirements documents linked to both Simulink and Stateflow objects in the model.
 - Simulink objects: Inserts requirements documents linked only to Simulink objects in the model.
 - Stateflow objects: Inserts requirements documents linked only to Stateflow objects in the model.
- Table title: Specifies a title for the table.
 - No title
 - Model name (Default)
 - Custom

Table Columns

- Include document modification time: Includes the document modification information.
- **Count # of references to each document**: Includes a count of the number of references to the requirements document in the model.

Document References

- **Replace file names with document IDs in the main body of the report**: Includes shortened IDs to identify requirements documents to simplify the requirements documents table.
- **Query additional information for DOORS links (requires login)**: This option applies only to DOORS[®] requirements. Append the DOORS module ID to the module path in the DOORS database if the module information is not stored with the model.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.ReqDocTable

See Also

Requirements Summary Table, Subsystem Requirements Table

Requirements Signal Loop

Apply all child components to signal groups with requirements

Description

The Requirements Signal Loop component applies all child components to signal groups that have requirements in Signal Builder blocks.

Properties

- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object name with requirements into the section title.
- **Create section for each object in loop**: Creates a hyperlink to each object with requirements in the loop.
- Section Type: Specifies the section type to insert. If you choose Automatic, the Simulink Report Generator software determines the appropriate section type:
 - Book
 - Chapter
 - Section 1
 - Section 2
 - Section 3
 - Section 4
 - Section 5
 - Simple Section
 - Automatic

Report On

Loops on signal groups in systems:

- Collect all Signal Builders: Processes all Signal Builder blocks, looking for signal groups with requirements.
- Custom use list: Processes all subsystems in the user-defined list. If a subsystem on the list does not have requirements, the Simulink Report Generator software does not include it in the report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.CSystemLoop

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Subsystem Requirements Table, Signal Loop

Requirements Summary Table

Properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements

Description

This component displays properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements.

Object Type

Choose the object type to display in the generated report.

- Block (Default)
- System
- Stateflow

The selected object type affects the options available in the **Property Columns** pane.

Table Title

Specify a table title in the generated report.

- Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

- Object properties to include in the Requirements Summary Table that appear in a list.
 - To add a property:
 - **1** Select the appropriate property level in the text box on the left.
 - 2 In the text box on the right, select the property that you want to add and click Add.
 - To delete a property, select the property name and click **Delete**.

%<SplitDialogParameters> is a unique property that you can specify for Requirements Summary Tables where the object type is Block. This property generates multiple summary tables, grouped by block type. Each Summary Table group contains the dialog box parameters for that block.

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Requirements Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

- **Remove empty columns**: Removes empty columns from the table.
- **Transpose table**: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

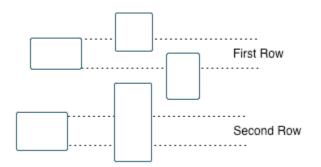
Object Rows

- **Insert anchor for each row**: Inserts an anchor for each row in the Requirements Summary Table.
- Report On
 - Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context. The parent of this component determines its context.
 - Custom use block list: Reports on a list of blocks that you specify, and enters the block names in the corresponding field. Specify the full path of each block.

Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- Sort blocks: Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
 - Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.CSummaryTable

See Also

Block Loop, Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements System Loop, Subsystem Requirements Table

Requirements System Loop

Apply child components to systems with requirements

Description

This component applies its child components to systems with associated requirements.

Report On

- Loop on systems
 - Select systems automatically: If selected, this option reports on all systems in the current context. The parent of the component determines the context of this setting:
 - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
 - Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block.

If the Requirement System Loop does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems with requirements in all models.

• Custom - use system list: Reports on a list of specified systems. Enter the full path of each system.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems:
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by the number of blocks in the system. The list displays systems by decreasing number of blocks; the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.
 - By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
 - By traversal order: Sorts systems in the traversal order.
- Search for: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Number sections by system hierarchy**: Numbers sections in the generated report hierarchically. Requires that **Sort Systems** be set to By traversal order.

• **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.CSystemLoop

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Subsystem Requirements Table, System Loop

Subsystem Requirements Table

Requirements links for current context

Description

This component creates a table that contains information from the Requirements Toolbox software. Objects can have multiple requirements. Each requirement is a row in the table.

Note If you want to generate a Microsoft Word report, to enable Requirements Toolbox hyperlinks in your report, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

```
rmipref('ReportNavUseMatlab',true)
rmipref('UnsecureHttpRequests',true)
```

Table Options

- Show requirements for current: Specifies the object type to display.
 - Simulink object
 - Stateflow object
- Table title: Specifies a title for the table.
 - No title
 - Object name (Default)
 - Custom

Table Columns

- **Description**: Includes the object description in the table.
- Document name: Includes the report name in the table.
- **Locations within document**: Includes the locations of the object within the document in the table.
- **Requirement keyword**: Includes the requirement keyword for the object in the table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.CReqTable

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Stateflow Automatic Table, Stateflow Name

Scope Snapshot

Insert images of scopes and XY graphs

Description

This component inserts images of scopes and XY graphs. Examples of blocks for which this component inserts snapshots include:

- Scope (and Floating Scope) blocks and the XY Graph block (Simulink)
- Spectrum Analyzer and Time Scope blocks (DSP System Toolbox™)
- Video Viewer (Computer Vision Toolbox[™])
- Blocks in the Simulink Control Design[™] Linear Analysis Plots library (for example, the Bode Plot block)

If the model has not been simulated, scopes are empty. For more information, see the Model Simulation component reference page.

The parent component of the Scope Snapshot determines its behavior.

- Model Loop or no Simulink looping component: Includes all XY graphs and scopes in the current model.
- System Loop: Includes all XY graphs and scopes in the current system.
- Block Loop: Includes the current block when it is an XY graph or scope.
- Signal Loop: Includes all XY graphs and scopes connected to the current signal.

If the Scope Snapshot does not have any of the Simulink looping components as its parent, it includes all XY graphs and scopes in all open models.

Scope Options

- **Report on closed scopes**: Takes a snapshot of all scopes in context. This option forces closed scopes to open when the report is generating.
- Autoscale time axis: Scales the Simulink scope time axis to include the entire log.

Print Options

- **Image file format**: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG, TIFF, etc.). Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic HG Format (uses the Simulink file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)
 - Bitmap (16m-color)
 - Bitmap (256-color)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)

- Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
- Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Black and white PostScript
- Black and white PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript
- Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
- Color encapsulated PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Color PostScript
- Color PostScript2
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile
- Paper orientation:
 - Landscape
 - Portrait
 - Rotated
 - Use figure orientation: Uses the orientation for the figure, which you set with the orient command.
 - Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the orient reference page in the MATLAB documentation.

- **Image size**: Specifies the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the form [w h] (width, height). In the units text box, select one of the following options:
 - Inches
 - Centimeters
 - Points
 - Normalized
- **Invert hardcopy**: Inverts colors for printing; changes dark colors to light colors and light colors to dark colors.
 - Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to light axes colors. If the axes color is a light color, this option does not invert the color.
 - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors and light axes colors to dark axes colors.

- Don't invert: Does not change the colors in the image on the screen for printing.
- Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
- Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size from the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- **Title**: Specifies a title for the snapshot figure.
 - Block name: Uses the block name as the title.
 - Full Simulink path name: Uses the Simulink path as the title.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- **Caption**: Select or enter a short text description for the snapshot figure.
 - No caption
 - Automatic (use block description). Uses the Simulink block description as the caption.
 - Custom. Specifies a short text description for the snapshot figure.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Image.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_scope

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Signal Loop

Run child components for each signal contained in current system, model, or block

Description

The **Signal Loop** component runs its child components for each signal contained in the current system, model, or block. The parent component determines the behavior of this component.

- Model Loop: Loops on all signals in the current model.
- System Loop: Loops on all signals in the current system. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
 - Include system input signals
 - Include system output signals
 - Include system internal signals
- Signal Loop: Loops on the current signal.
- **Block Loop** : Loops on all signals connected to the current block. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
 - Include block input signals
 - Include block output signals
- If the Signal Loop does not have a looping component as its parent, it loops on all signals in all models. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
 - Include block input signals
 - Include block output signals
 - Include System input signals
 - Include System output signals
 - Include System internal signals

For conditional processing of signals, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedSignal function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Select Signals

- **Include block input signals**: Loops on signals that feed into blocks. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a Block Loop.
- **Include block output signals**: Loops on signals that leave the block. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a Block Loop.
- **Include system input signals**: Loops on signals coming from inports. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a System Loop.
- **Include system internal signals**: Loops on system internal signals. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a System Loop.

- **Include system output signals**: Loops on signals going to outports. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a System Loop.
- **Sort signals**: Specifies how to sort signals:
 - Alphabetically by signal name: Sorts signals alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by signal name (exclude empty): Sorts signals alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name: Sorts alphabetically by parent system names. Lists signals in each system, but in no particular order.
 - By signal depth: Sorts signals by their depth in the model.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each signal in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sig_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Simulink Automatic Table

Insert two-column table with information on selected model, system, signal, or block

Description

This component inserts a two-column table that contains details for the selected model, system, signal, or block into a generated report.

Options

- Show current: Modeling object to specify properties for.
 - Automatic: Uses the context of the parent loop.
 - Model
 - System
 - Block
 - Annotation
- **Properties list**: Specifies whether to have Report Explorer select properties automatically or to list the properties to report on.
 - Determine properties automatically: Let the Report Explorer automatically select the properties to report.

Modeling Component Selected in the Show current Field	Listed Properties
Model	Description
System	Description
Block	Block parameter dialog box prompt properties
Annotation	Text
Signal	Description

• Show properties: Specify a list of properties to report. Enter the names of object properties that you want the report to include for the modeling object you specified in the **Show current** field. Use this option to display properties that the Report Explorer does not include automatically.

Property names often differ from the Simulink dialog box prompts. Refer to the Simulink documentation to determine property names for blocks, signals, and other modeling objects. You can also use the MATLAB get command to determine the property names of an object. For example, to determine the property names of the block currently selected in a model, enter the following at the MATLAB command line:

```
get(get_param(gcb, 'Handle'))
```

• Show full path name: Displays the full path of the selected Simulink model.

• **Display property names as prompts**: Displays property names as prompts in the generated report. The report includes the dialog box string instead of the underlying code property.

Display Options

- Table title: Displays a table title in the generated report.
 - Name: Automatically generates a title from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
 - No title: Does not include a title.
- Header row: Select a header row for the table in the generated report.
 - No header: Includes no header row.
 - Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for name and object type.
 - Custom: Includes a custom header.
- Don't display empty values: Excludes empty parameters in the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_auto_table

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Data Dictionary

Report Simulink data dictionary information

Description

This component reports on the data dictionary currently active in the data dictionary loop specified by the Data Dictionary Loop component. Include this component as a child of a Simulink Data Dictionary Loop component.

Presentation Format

The report for a data dictionary includes a table that summarizes the properties of each variable in the dictionary. The report also includes a dictionary details section that fully reports the properties and value of each variable in the dictionary. If you use a conversion template to generate the report, you can specify template-defined styles for the summary table title and the summary table.

To use a conversion template, in the Report Options dialog box, set **File format** to one of the from template options, for example, Direct PDF (from template).

- **Table title style name**: Specifies the style to use for the data dictionary table title. To specify the default style name rgTableTitle, which the default conversion template defines, use Auto. To specify a custom style defined in a custom template that you use with this report, select Specify.
- **Table style name**: Specifies the style to use for the data dictionary table. To specify the default table style name rgUnruledTable, which is the default conversion template defines, use Auto. To specify a custom style defined in a custom template that you use with this report, select Specify.

Options

You can specify whether to include dictionaries referenced by a dictionary and how to present the referenced information.

- **Include referenced data dictionaries**: Includes information from the data dictionaries that the dictionary currently active in the data dictionary loop specified by the Data Dictionary Loop component references. The referenced information displays at the end of the table for the referencing data dictionary, unless you select **Make separate table for each referenced dictionary**.
- Make separate table for each referenced dictionary: If you select Include referenced data dictionaries, display a table for each referenced data dictionary.
- **Include referenced dictionaries list**: If you select **Include referenced data dictionaries**, following the referencing data dictionary summary table, include a list of the referenced data dictionaries.

Sections to Report

You can specify the data dictionary sections to include data for.

- **Design Data** (default): Include information from the Design Data section of the current data dictionary.
- **Configurations**: Include information from the Configuration section of the current data dictionary.
- Other Data: Include information from the Other Data section of the current data dictionary.

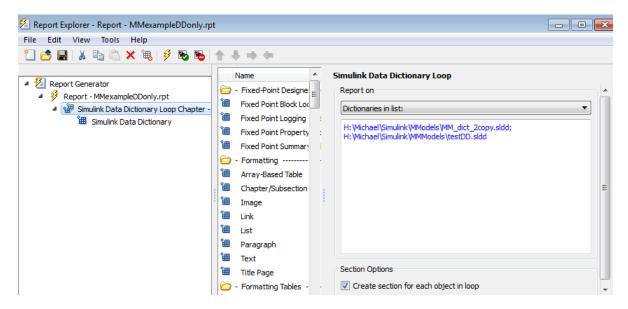
Fields to Report

The current dictionary summary table lists properties of the variables that it contains. The table always includes the variable name and value. In addition, it optionally includes these properties:

- Data type
- Last modified
- Last modified by
- Status
- Dictionary that contains data

Example

Suppose that you configure an HTML report with the Simulink Data Dictionary Loop component.



Then you configure the Simulink Data Dictionary component.

🐔 Report Explorer - Report - MMexampleDDonly.rp	t	
File Edit View Tools Help		
1 🖆 🛃 👗 🖻 🛍 🗙 🝓 🕖 😼	* + + +	
 Report Generator Report - MMexampleDDonly.rpt Simulink Data Dictionary Loop Chapter - Simulink Data Dictionary 	Name Image Image <th></th>	

Here is the resulting report.

Table of Contents

1. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\MM_dict_2copy.sldd 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

Chapter 1. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\MM_dict_2copy.sldd

MM_Entryl

- Name: MM_Entry1
- Value: 27
- · class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.619512
- Status: Unchanged

MM_d2_Entryl

- Name: MM_d2_Entry1
- Value: 27
- class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:23.182407
- · Status: Modified

MM_d2_phone_number

- Name: MM_d2_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:05.414130
- Status: Modified

MM_phone_number

- Name: MM_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.782512
- Status: Unchanged

Chapter 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

testVar

- Name: testVar
- Value: testVarVal
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:37:08.139822
- Status: New

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_data_dictionary

See Also

Simulink Data Dictionary Loop

Simulink Data Dictionary Loop

Run Simulink Data Dictionary child component for each Simulink data dictionary in specified context

Description

This component runs the Simulink Data Dictionary child component for each Simulink data dictionary in the specified context. You can specify whether to have each data dictionary in the loop.

Report on

Specify the data dictionaries to report on.

- Dictionaries in MATLAB path: Report on all data dictionaries on the MATLAB path. If you select **Include referenced data dictionaries**, then also reports on child data dictionaries whose parent is on the MATLAB path.
- Dictionaries in list: Report on all data dictionaries that you specify in the text box. Enter data dictionary names, separated by either a comma or semicolon. You can use multiple lines. If you do not specify the full path to a data dictionary, the loop includes that data dictionary only if the dictionary is on the MATLAB path.

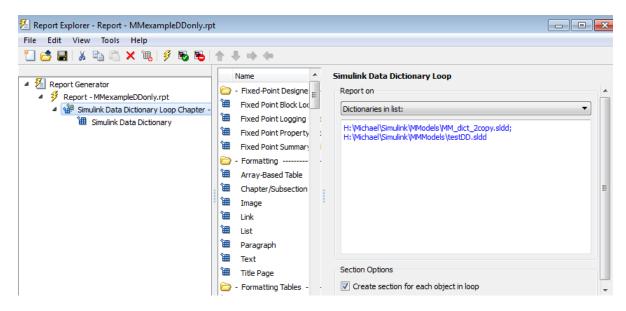
Use a Summary Table component to show annotation objects in reports. Each Summary Table component creates a single table with each reported annotation on a single row of the table.

Section Options

Create section for each object in loop: Create a separate chapter for each data dictionary.

Example

Suppose you have an HTML report with the Simulink Data Dictionary Loop component configured like this:



Then you configure the Simulink Data Dictionary component like this:

🔏 Report Explorer - Report - MMexampleDDonly.rp	t	
File Edit View Tools Help		
🎦 🚰 📰 👗 🖻 🛍 🗙 📆 👂 😼	↑ ↓ ↓ ↓	
 Report Generator Report - MMexampleDDonly.rpt Report - MMexampleDDonly.rpt Report - MMexampleDDonly.rpt Simulink Data Dictionary Loop Chapter - Simulink Data Dictionary 	Name Simulink Data Dictionary Presentation Format Presentation Format Fixed Point Logging Table title style name: Auto v rgTableTritle Fixed Point Logging Table style name: Auto v rgUnruledTable Fixed Point Summary Options Formatting Options Array-Based Table Make separate table for each child Image Include child data dictionaries list Link Options Paragraph Configurations Table Body Table Style Table Column Spec Fields to report on: Table Body Last modified Table Footer Status Table Footer Status Table Row Child dictionary that contains data	

The resulting report looks like this:

Table of Contents

1. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\MM_dict_2copy.sldd 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

Chapter 1. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\MM_dict_2copy.sldd

MM_Entryl

- Name: MM_Entry1
- Value: 27
- · class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.619512
- Status: Unchanged

MM_d2_Entryl

- Name: MM_d2_Entry1
- Value: 27
- class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:23.182407
- · Status: Modified

MM_d2_phone_number

- Name: MM_d2_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:05.414130
- Status: Modified

MM_phone_number

- Name: MM_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.782512
- Status: Unchanged

Chapter 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

testVar

- Name: testVar
- Value: testVarVal
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:37:08.139822
- · Status: New

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_data_dict_loop

See Also

Simulink Data Dictionary

Simulink Dialog Snapshot

Insert snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes

Description

This component takes snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes. You use it to display the current settings associated with an object or document the appearance of your custom mask dialog boxes.

The parent component of this component determines the behavior of this component.

- Block Loop: Documents the dialog box of the current reported block.
- System Loop: Documents the dialog box of the current reported system.

Format

- **Image file format**: Specifies the format for the snapshot image file. The **automatic** format chooses BMP format for PDF files, and PNG for other formats.
- **Show all tabs**: Automatically generates images for all the tabs for the dialog box. If you clear this check box, Simulink Report Generator creates an image of only the first tab.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size from the Scaling selection list.
- **Max size**: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the **Scaling** selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left

- Center
- Title: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- **Caption**: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Snapshot.

Class

rptgen_sl.CDialogSnapshot

See Also

Block Loop, System Loop

Simulink Function System Loop

Report on Simulink functions specified in a Stateflow loop

Description

This component loops over the Simulink systems that implement a Stateflow Simulink Function object, including the function's parent system, subsystems, and optionally the systems that implement Simulink Functions nested in this function. This component must be a descendant of a State Loop component that is descendant of a Chart Loop component. This component executes when the current object in the state loop is a Simulink Function. For example, this structure creates a snapshot of each Simulink Function in a chart followed by snapshots of the systems that implement the function:

- A chart Loop All chart blocks in all models
 - A state Loop All objects
 - 🛍 Stateflow Snapshot
 - Simulink Function System Loop All systems in all models
 System Snapshot

Report On

Include subsystems in nested Simulink functions: Specifies whether to include subsystems in nested Simulink functions. By default, this option is enabled.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems: Specifies how to sort systems.
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks; that is, the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.
 - By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
 - By traversal order: Sorts systems in traversal order.
- **Search for**: Reports only on the Subsystem blocks with the specified property name-value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value.

To find property names for Subsystem blocks, see the Programmatic Use sections for the parameters in Subsystem or select a Subsystem block in the model and enter this code at the MATLAB command line:

get(gcbh)

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Number sections by system hierarchy**: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report. Requires that **Sort Systems** be set to By traversal order.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each Simulink Function system in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_loop

See Also

Object Loop, State Loop, Chart Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop

Simulink Functions and Variables

Create table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by reported blocks in Simulink models

Description

This component creates a table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by blocks in a Simulink model. The Model Loop component specifies the current model and systems in which the blocks appear. For example, suppose a Simulink Gain block has a string cos(x) instead of a number. The Simulink software looks for a variable x in the workspace and uses the cos function.

Functions

- Include table of functions: Includes a table of Simulink functions in the generated report.
- Table Title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report:
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- **Parent block**: Includes a column in the table that includes the name of the block, which contains the reported variable.
- **Calling string**: Includes the MATLAB code that calls the reported variable.
- Include fixed-point functions (sfix, ufix, ...): Includes Fixed-Point Designer functions in the report.

Variables

- Include table of variables: Includes a table of Simulink variables in the generated report.
- Table title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- **Include Workspace I/O parameters**: Reports on variables that contain parameters with time vectors and state matrices. Set these parameters in the **Workspace I/O** pane in the Simulation Parameters dialog box in a Simulink model.

In the following table, if any of the entries in the first column are on, the component looks for the variable listed in the second column. If the component finds the variable in the workspace, it includes it in the report.

Parameter name	Variable name
LoadExternalInput	ExternalInput
SaveTime	TimeSaveName
SaveState	StateSaveName

Parameter name	Variable name
SaveOutput	OutputSaveName
LoadInitialState	InitialState
SaveFinalState	FinalStateName

- **Parent block**: Includes the name of the block that contains the reported variable.
- **Calling string**: Includes the MATLAB code that calls the reported variable.
- Size of variable: Includes the size of the reported variable.
- **Class of variable**: Includes the variable class to which the reported variable belongs.
- Memory size: Includes the amount of memory in bytes that the reported variable needs.
- Value in workspace: Includes the value of the reported variable.

Large arrays may appear as [MxN CLASS]. For example, if you have a 300-by-200 double array, it appears in the report as [300×200 DOUBLE].

• **Storage class**: Include the storage class of the reported variable.

The title of this column is **Storage Class**. This option looks at the model's **TunableVars** property to see if any of the model variables specify their storage class. If you specify the storage class, **TunableVarsStorageClass** and **TunableVarsTypeQualifier** appear in a table column in the model variables table.

The column entries are TunableVarsStorageClass (TunableVarsTypeQualifier) when TunableVarsTypeQualifier is not empty. If TunableVarsTypeQualifier is empty, the column entry is TunableVarsStorageClass.

Values for TunableVarsStorageClass include:

- Exported Global
- Auto
- ImportedExtern
- ImportedExtern Pointer
- **Data object properties**: For variables that are Simulink.Parameter data objects, includes the values of the object properties that you list in the edit box.

Example

This table is an example of a table created by the Model Variables component. This Property Table reports on the variables in the Controller in the f14 model.

Variable Name	Parent Blocks	Calling String	Value
Ка	f14/Controller/Gain3	Ка	0.677
Kf	f14/Controller/Gain	Kf	-1.746
Ki	f14/Controller/Proportional plus integral compensator	[Ki]	-3.864
Kq	f14/Controller/Gain2	Kq	0.8156

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_obj_fun_var

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Library Information

Insert table that lists library links in current model, system, or block

Description

This component inserts a table that lists library links in the current model, system, or block.

Table Columns

- **Block**: Includes the Simulink block name in the generated table.
- Library: Includes the Simulink library root name in the generated table.
- Reference block: Includes the Simulink reference block name in the generated table.
- Link status: Includes the link status in the generated table.

Display Options

- Title: Specifies a title for the generated report.
- Sort table by:
 - Block: Sorts the table by block name.
 - Library: Sorts the table by library name.
 - Reference Block: Sorts the table by reference block name.
 - Link Status: Sorts the table by link status.
- Merge repeated rows: Merges sorted rows in the generated table.

Example

This example uses the aero_guidance model, which you can open by using openExample.

openExample('aero_guidance');

If you set **Sort table by** to **Reference Block** and clear the **Merge repeated rows** check box, Report Explorer generates this table for the **aero_guidance** model.

Block	Library	Reference Block	Link Sta- tus
Equations of Motion (Body Ax- es)	aerospace	Equations of Motion (Body Ax- es)	resolved
Incidence & Airspeed	aerospace	Incidence & Airspeed	resolved
Fin Actuator	aerospace	2nd Order Non-linear Actuator	resolved
3DoF Animation	aerospace	3DoF Animation	resolved
Atmosphere	aerospace	Atmosphere model	resolved
Closest Approach	simulink	Compare To Zero	resolved
Sensor Info	simulink	DocBlock	resolved
Throttle Command	simulink	Repeating Sequence	resolved
System Lag	simulink_extras	Transfer Fcn (with initial out- puts)	resolved
Cm	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
Cx	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
Cz	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
K	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
Ka	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
Kg	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
Ki	simulink_need_slup- date	Interpolation (n-D) using Pre- Lookup	resolved
Alpha Index	simulink_need_slup- date	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index	simulink_need_slup- date	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index	simulink_need_slup- date	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Alpha Index	simulink_need_slup- date	PreLookup Index Search	resolved

Table 1. Dependencies

If you select **Merge repeated rows**, Report Explorer collapses the rows in the Block column so that each row in the Reference Block column is unique.

Block	Library	Reference Block	Link Sta- tus
Equations of Motion (Body Ax- es)	aerospace	Equations of Motion (Body Ax- es)	resolved
Incidence & Airspeed	aerospace	Incidence & Airspeed	resolved
Fin Actuator	aerospace	2nd Order Non-linear Actuator	resolved
3DoF Animation	aerospace	3DoF Animation	resolved
Atmosphere	aerospace	Atmosphere model	resolved
Closest Approach	simulink	Compare To Zero	resolved
Cm Cx Cz K Ka Kg Ki	simulink_need_slup- date	simulink_need_slupdate/Inter- polation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Alpha Index Mach Index Mach Index Alpha Index	simulink_need_slup- date	simulink_need_slupdate/Pre- Lookup Index Search	resolved

Table 1. Dependencies

Insert Anything Into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.CLibinfo

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Simulink Linking Anchor

Designate locations to which links point

Description

This component designates a location to which links point. Use the Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop component as the parent component for this component.

Properties

- Insert text: Specifies text to appear after the linking anchor.
- Link from current: Sets the current model, system, block, or signal as the linking anchor.
 - Automatic: Automatically selects the appropriate model, system, block, or signal as a linking anchor. If the Model Loop component is the parent component, the linking anchor is set on the current model. Similarly, if the Block Loop or Signal Loop is the parent component, the linking anchor is inserted for the current system, block, or signal, respectively.
 - Model: Sets the linking anchor to the current model.
 - System: Sets the linking anchor to the current system.
 - Block: Sets the linking anchor to the current block.
 - Annotation: Sets the linking anchor to the current annotation.
 - Signal: Sets the linking anchor to the current signal.

Note Use only one anchor per report each object. For more information, see the Simulink Summary Table component reference page.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. A link, and possibly text, depending on attribute choices.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_obj_anchor

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Name

Insert name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into report

Description

This component inserts the name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into the report.

Using this component as the first child component of a Chapter/Subsection component allows the current Simulink model, system block, or signal name to be the chapter or section title.

Properties

- Object type
 - Automatic: Automatically selects the appropriate model, system, block, or signal name as the Simulink object name to include in the report. If the Model Loop component is the parent component, the object name is the current model name. If the System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop is the parent component, then the object name is the name of the current system, block, or signal, respectively.
 - Model: Includes the current model name in the report.
 - System: Includes the current system name in the report.
 - Block: Includes the current block name in the report.
 - Signal: Includes the current signal name in the report. If the signal name is empty, the signal <handle>, which is a unique numerical identifier to that signal, appears in the report.
 - Annotation: Includes the current annotation name in the report.
- **Display name as**: Display the Simulink object name in the report.
 - Name: For example, f14
 - Type Name: For example, Model f14
 - Type Name: For example, Model f14
 - Type: Name: For example, Model: f14
- Show full path name: Displays the full path of a system or block. Choosing this option for a block causes the Simulink block name to appear as <Model Name>/<System Name>/<Block Name>.

Note This option is not available for models or signals.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_obj_name

See Also

Chapter/Subsection

Simulink Property

Insert property name/property value pair for current Simulink model, system, block, or signal

Description

This component inserts a single property name/property value pair for the current Simulink model, system, block, or signal.

Simulink Object and Parameter

- **Object type**: Specifies the Simulink object type to include in the report.
 - System
 - Model
 - Block
 - Signal
 - Annotation: Reports annotation content as plain text for web (HTML), Acrobat (PDF), and Word Document (rtf) output types or as formatted text for other output types.
- **System parameter name**: Specifies a Simulink parameter name to include in the generated report:
 - If you select Model for Object type, this option appears as Model parameter name.
 - If you select Block for **Object type**, this option appears as **Block parameter name**.
 - If you select Signal for Object type, this option appears as Signal parameter name.
 - If you select Annotation for **Object type**, the **Signal parameter name** field does not appear.

Display Options

These display options appear for every **Object type**, except Annotation.

- **Title**: Choose a title to display in the generated report:
 - Automatic: Uses the parameter name as the title.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
 - None: Uses no title.
- Array size limit: Limits the width of the display in the generated report. Units are in pixels. The size limit for a given table is the hypotenuse of the table width and height $[sqrt(w^2+h^2)]$. The size limit for text is the number of characters squared. If you exceed the size limit, the variable appears in condensed form. Setting a size limit of 0 displays the variable in full, regardless of its size.
- **Object depth limit**: Specifies the maximum number of nesting levels to report on for a variable value
- **Object count limit**: Specifies the maximum number of nested objects to report on for a variable value

- **Display as**: Specifies a display style.
 - Table or paragraph depending on data type: Displays as a table or paragraph.
 - Table: Displays as a table.
 - Paragraph: Displays as a text paragraph.
 - Inline text: Displays inline with the surrounding text.
- Show variable type in headings: Show data type of this variable in the title of its report.
- Show variable table grids: Show grid lines for the table used to report the value of this variable.
- **Make variable table page wide**: Make the variable table as wide as the page on which the table appears.
- **Omit if value is empty**: Exclude empty parameters from the generated report.
- **Omit if property default value**: Exclude object property from the report if that property uses the default value.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_property

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Simulink Property Table

Insert table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs

Description

This component inserts a table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs.

Properties

Select Object: Choose the object for the Property Table in the generated report.

- Model
- System
- Block
- Signal
- Annotation

For more information about selecting object types in Property Table components, see "Select Object Types".

Table

Select a preset table, which is already formatted and set up, in the preset table list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

- **Preset table**: Specifies the type of the object property table.
 - Default
 - Simulation Parameters
 - Version Information
 - Simulink Coder Information
 - Summary (req. Simulink Coder)
 - Blank 4x4

To apply a preset table, select the table and click Apply.

• **Split property/value cells**: Split property name/property value pairs into separate cells. For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, so there is only one property name/property value pair per cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. All subsequent pairs are ignored.

For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. That setting specifies nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text per cell.

Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. If there is more than one property name/property value pair or text per cell, only the first property name/property value pair appears in the report. The report omits subsequent pairs and text.

- **Display outer border**: Displays the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- **Table Cells**: Specifies table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects available fields in the **Cell Properties** pane.

Cell Properties

The options in this pane depend on the object selected in the **Table Cells** pane. If you select %<Name> Information, only **Contents** and **Show** appear. If you select any other object in the **Table Cells** pane, **Lower border** and **Right border** display.

- **Contents**: Enables you to change the contents of the table cell selected in the **Table Cells** pane.
- Show as: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell.
 - Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
 - Property: Value
 - PROPERTY: Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
- Alignment: Specifies the alignment of the contents of the selected table cell in the Table Cells pane.
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - Double justified
- Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

Creating Custom Tables

To create a custom table, edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For more information on creating custom property tables, see "Property Table Components".

If the Simulink Coder software is not installed, Summary (req Simulink Coder) does not appear in this list. If you are using a report setup file that contains a summary property, the property name appears in the report, but the property value does not.

Example

The following report displays information on the f14 model using the **Simulation Parameters** preset table.

Solver ode45	ZeroCross on	StartTime 0.0 StopTime 60
RelTol 1e-4	AbsTol 1e-6	Refine 1
InitialStep auto	FixedStep auto	<i>MaxStep</i> auto
LimitMaxRows off	MaxRows 1000	Decimation 1

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_prop_table

See Also

Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Sample Time

Insert title of Simulink sample time into report

Description

This component inserts a title for a Simulink sample time into the report.

Properties

- Table Options
 - **Title**: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.CSampleTime

See Also

Chapter/Subsection

Simulink Summary Table

Properties or parameters of specified Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in table

Description

This component displays properties or parameters of selected Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in a table.

Object type

Choose the object type to display in the generated report.

- Block (Default)
- Model
- System
- Signal
- Annotation

The selected object type affects the options available in the **Property Columns** pane.

Table title

Choose a title to appear in the generated report:

- Automatic: Automatically generates a title from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

This pane displays object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.

- To add a property:
 - **1** Select the appropriate property level in the text box on the left.
 - 2 In the text box on the right, select the property that you want to add and click Add.
- To delete a property, select the property name and click **Delete**.

The Parent property column displays only the name of the parent system. To display the full path of the parent system, specify the property as parent with a lowercase p.

%<SplitDialogParameters> is a unique property for Simulink Summary Tables, where the object type is Block. This property generates multiple summary tables, organized by block type. Each Summary Table group contains the dialog box parameters for that block.

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the

block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param . Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

You can create multiple values for a property in a Simulink Summary Table. For example, to report on blocks of type Inport, Outport and Constant:

- 1 Check the Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs box.
- 2 Make sure that you set **Property Name** to BlockType.
- **3** Type the following text into the **Property Value** field:

\<(Inport|Outport|Constant)\>

Remove empty columns: Removes empty columns from the table.

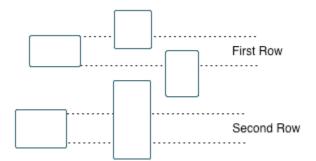
Transpose table: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

Object Rows

- Insert anchor for each row: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
- Report On:
 - Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context, as set by the parent component.
 - Custom use block list: Reports on a list of specified blocks. Specify the full path of each block.

Loop Options

- Sort blocks
 - Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Example

Specify the following options to generate a Summary Table in a report for on the model f14:

- Sort on systems by system depth.
- Include the system parameters Name and Block in the table.

The following table appears in the report.

Name	Blocks
f14	u, Actuator Model, Aircraft Dynamics Model, Angle of Attack, Controller, Dryden Wind Gust Models, Gain, Gain1, Gain2, Gain5, More Info, More Info1, Nz pilot calculation, Pilot, Pilot G force Scope, Stick Input, Sum, Sum1, alpha (rad), Nz Pilot (g)
Aircraft Dynamics Model	Elevator Deflection d (deg), Vertical Gust wGust (ft/sec), Rotary Gust qGust (rad/sec), Gain3, Gain4, Gain5, Gain6, Sum1, Sum2, Transfer Fcn.1, Transfer Fcn.2, Vertical Velocity w (ft/s), Pitch Rate q (rad/s)
Controller	Stick Input (in), alpha (rad), q (rad/s), Alpha-sensor Low-pass Filter, Gain, Gain2, Gain3, Pitch Rate Lead Filter, Proportional plus integral compensator, Stick Prefilter, Sum, Sum1, Sum2, Elevator Command (deg)
Dryden Wind Gust Models	Band-Limited White Noise, Q-gust model, W-gust model, Wg, Qg
More Info	None
More Info1	None

Name	Blocks
-	w, q, Constant, Derivative, Derivative1, Gain1, Gain2, Product, Sum1, Pilot g force (g)

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_summ_table

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System LoopSimulink Function System Loop

Simulink Test Suite Traceability Table

Insert a table that links a Simulink test suite to requirements

Description

This component inserts a table into the report. The table links a Simulink test suite to corresponding requirements. This component reports on the currently open Simulink test suite. Place this component inside a section, paragraph, or table component.

To use this component, your report setup must include Eval statements that open a Simulink test suite or determine the test suite that is open.

Table Options

Specify information about the table this component inserts.

- Table title: Specify the table title.
 - No title Do not include a table title.
 - Object name Use the name of the Simulink test suite in the title.
 - Custom Specify your own table title.

Table Columns

Specify the table columns that you want to include in the report. The **Document name**, **Locations** within document, and **Requirement keyword** check boxes correspond to properties on the Requirements Toolbox Link Editor dialog box.

- **Description** Include the description of the requirement. The description helps you to identify the requirement the table is linking to. Leave this box selected to improve the readability of your table.
- **Document name** Include the name of the document where the requirement is located.
- Locations within document Include the identifier of a location in the document.
- **Requirement keyword** Include the requirement keyword.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.TMReqTable

See Also

Data Dictionary Traceability Table, MATLAB Code Traceability Table, rmi

Simulink Workspace Variable

Report on workspace variables used in model, in loop generated by Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component

Description

This component provides information about those workspace variables that the Simulink model uses, in a loop generated by a Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component. Your report setup must include Simulink Workspace Variable component as a child of a Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component.

The report includes the name and value each variable. Optionally, you can include the following information for each variable:

- Variable source (MATLAB workspace, model workspace, or data dictionary)
- Blocks that use the variable

For variables that are Simulink data objects (for example, a Simulink.Parameter object), the report includes the properties of the object. You can filter out properties to streamline the report.

Use a Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component as a parent for a Simulink Workspace Variable component. In the Report Options dialog box, select **Compile model to report on compiled information**.

71	Name	 Report Options
Report Generator	🗀 - Fixed-Point Designer	Report File Location
Report - wsvar.rpt Itile Page - <no title=""></no>	🕮 Fixed Point Block Loop	H:\Documents\MATLAB\wsvar.html
Ghapter - Section Title	Hixed Point Logging Options	- H: (Documents (MAILAB (Wsvar.htm)
Grapter - Section Title Model Loop - current model	Fixed Point Property Table	Directory: Same as setup file
 Model Loop - Current model Simulink Workspace Variable Loop - Simulin 	Fixed Point Summary Table	
Innum (vvv space variable 2000) Simulin Imulink Workspace Variable	Formatting	Filename: Same as setup file index
	Array-Based Table	If report already exists, increment to prevent overwriting
	Chapter/Subsection	Package type
		Zipped Unzipped
		G Lipped O on Lipped
	-	Report Output Type and Style Sheets
	1 m	Report Output Type and Style Sheets
	🕮 Paragraph	File format: web (HTML)
	Text	
	🛍 Title Page	Generation Options
	Formatting Tables	View report after generation
	🛍 Table	Auto save before generation
	🛍 Table Body	Compile model to report on compiled information
	Table Column Spec	
	Table Entry	Ev CompileModel ter generation:
	Table Footer	

Options

The following options specify additional information that the report can include about each variable:

- **Show workspace**: Report the source of each variable MATLAB workspace, model workspace, or data dictionary.
- Show blocks that use variable: Report the blocks that use each variable.

For variables whose values are Simulink data objects, you can filter the properties to include in the report, using one of the following approaches:

• Use the Filter Properties area of the dialog box to specify a standard filter.

The standard filter options apply to all variables whose values are instances of the class or classes that you specify. For example, you can use a standard filter to filter out the Description property for all variables used by the model whose values use a Simulink.Parameter object.

• Select the Use custom property filter option and write MATLAB code for filtering.

Writing custom filtering code allows you to do kinds of filtering that the standard filter does not perform. Some common examples of custom filters that you might want to create are filters that filter out:

- A property for some, but not all, instances of a class
- Properties that match a regular expression

The **Filter Properties** area of the dialog box, where you specify a standard filter, has these fields.

- **Class name (* for all classes)**: Specify the class of the variables for which you want to filter out specific properties. You can specify one class at a time, or enter an asterisk (*) to specify all classes. After you enter the class name, move the cursor outside of the edit box.
- Available Properties: If the class that you entered in Class name (* for all classes) is on the MATLAB path, then this list displays the properties of that class.
- **Filtered Properties**: Displays the properties to filter out. Use the right-arrow button to add to the **Filtered Properties** list the properties that you selected in the **Available Properties** list.
- If the class that you enter is *not* on the MATLAB path, then a **Comma-separated list of properties to be filtered** edit box appears. Enter the names of properties to use for filtering.
- **Convert to Custom**: Generate custom MATLAB code that implements your **Filter Properties** standard filter settings.

Note Selecting the **Convert to Custom** button overwrites any existing MATLAB custom filtering code for this component.

To create and apply custom filtering MATLAB code, select the **Use custom property filter** check box. Selecting this check box opens an edit box where you define a MATLAB function for filtering properties. The edit box includes a sample function (commented out) that you can use as a starting point for your filtering function. Use the isFiltered variable for the output of your function. For example:

• To filter out the Owner and testProp properties, in the edit box enter:

```
isFiltered = strcmpi(propertyName, 'Owner')||...
strcmpi(propertyName, 'testProp');
```

• To filter out all properties *except* for the CoderInfo property, in the edit box, enter:

```
isFiltered = ~strcmpi(propertyName, 'CoderInfo');
```

If you clear the **Use custom property filter** check box, Simulink Report Generator saves your custom MATLAB filtering code, but does not use that code to filter properties.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_ws_variable

See Also

Simulink Workspace Variable Loop, Bus, Simulink Functions and Variables

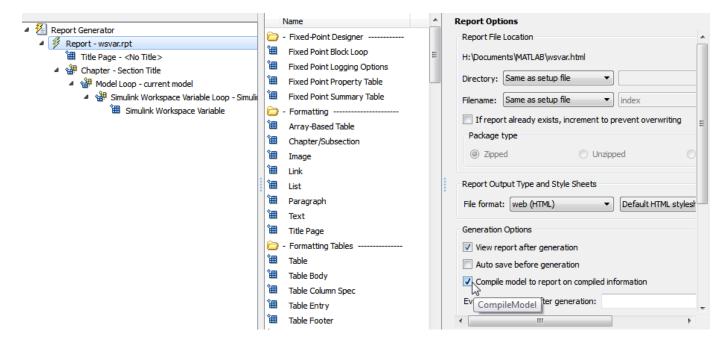
Simulink Workspace Variable Loop

Generates a model variable loop

Description

This component generates a model variable loop used by the Simulink Workspace Variable component to report on those workspace variables that the Simulink model uses.

You can limit the variables included in the loop to those that match property name and value pairs that you specify. If you want to report on model variables, your report setup file must include this component as a child of a Model Loop component and must include a Simulink Workspace Variable component as its child. Also, in the Report Options dialog box, select **Compile model to report on compiled information**. For example:



Loop Options

- Sort
 - Alphabetically by text: Sort variables alphabetically by name.
 - By data type: Sort variables alphabetically by data type.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on variables with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

• **Create section for each object in loop**: Creates a separate section in the output for each variable.

- If you specify to create a section for each variable, you can select the **Display the object type** in the section title to insert a variable name in each section title.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each workspace variable in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_ws_var_loop

See Also

Simulink Workspace Variable, Bus, Simulink Functions and Variables

State Loop

Run child components for all states in current context

Description

This component runs its children for all states in its context. The parent component of this component determines the context.

- Model Loop: Includes all states in the models.
- System Loop: Includes all states in the systems.
- Machine Loop: Includes all states in the machines.
- Chart Loop: Includes all states in the charts.
- State Loop: Includes all states in the current state.

For conditional processing based on states, you can use the RptgenSF.getReportedState function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

State Types

- Include "and" and "or" states: Includes AND and OR states in the loop.
- Include "box" states: Includes "box" states in the loop.
- Include functions: Includes "function" states in the loop.
- Include truth tables: Includes truth tables in the loop.
- Include MATLAB functions: Includes MATLAB functions in the loop.

Loop Options

- Report depth: Specifies the level on which to loop.
 - Local children only
 - All objects
- Skip autogenerated charts under truth table: Keeps autogenerated state objects under truth tables from appearing in the report.
- Search Stateflow: Indicates specific states to include in the loop.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each state in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a **Stateflow Snapshot** component can link to the chart information only if you select this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_state_loop

See Also

Chart Loop, Machine Loop, Model Loop, System Loop, Simulink Function System Loop

State Transition Matrix

Inserts state transition matrix contents into report

Description

This component inserts the contents of state transition matrices into a report. A state transition matrix is an alternative view of a state transition table. In the state transition matrix, you can easily see how the state transition table reacts to each condition and event.

Options

- Title
 - No title (default): Report uses no title for the state transition matrix.
 - Use Stateflow name: For the title in the report, uses the names of the State Transition Table blocks from which the state transition matrices are generated.
 - Custom: In the text field, specify a custom name for the state transition matrix.
- **Display condition actions on matrix**: Include the state transition matrix condition actions. A condition action is an action that executes as soon as a condition evaluates to true. The condition action is part of a transition label.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts state transition matrices and optionally, condition actions.

Class

rptgen_sf_csf_statetransitionmatrix

See Also

State Transition Table

State Transition Table

Inserts state transition tables into report

Description

This component inserts the state transition tables into a report. A state transition table is an alternative way of expressing sequential modal logic. Instead of drawing states and transitions graphically in a Stateflow® chart, you express the modal logic in tabular format.

Options

- Title
 - No title (default): Report uses no title for the state transition table.
 - Use Stateflow name: Uses the name of the State Transition Table block as the title.
 - Custom: In the text field, specify a custom name for the state transition table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts state transition table.

Class

rptgen_sf_csf_statetransitiontable

See Also

State Transition Matrix

Stateflow Automatic Table

Insert table with properties of current Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a table that contains the properties of the current Stateflow object. Parents of this component can be:

- Machine Loop
- State Loop
- Chart Loop
- Graphics Object Loop

Display Options

- Table title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - No title: Includes no title.
 - Custom: Includes a custom title.
 - Name (default): Uses an object name as the title.
 - Object name
 - Object name with Stateflow path
 - Object name with Simulink and Stateflow path
- Header row: Selects a header row for the table in the generated report.
 - No header: Includes no header row.
 - Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for name and object type. When selected, this option creates a header row for the table with object name and type.
 - Custom: Includes a custom header.
- **Don't display empty values**: Excludes empty values from the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_auto_table

See Also

Chart Loop, Graphics Object Loop, Machine Loop, State Loop

Stateflow Count

Count number of Stateflow objects in current context

Description

This component counts the number of Stateflow objects in the current context.

Properties

- Search depth: Specifies the search depth for the count.
 - Immediate children only (default): Searches only children one level under the Stateflow object.
 - All descendants: Searches all children of the Stateflow object.
- **Sort results**: Specifies the sort method for the count results.
 - Numerically decreasing by object count (Default)
 - Alphabetically increasing by object type
- Include a list of objects in table: Inserts a column containing the counted objects.
- Show total count: Displays a total of counted objects.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_count

See Also

State Loop

Stateflow Dialog Snapshot

Insert snapshots of Stateflow editor dialog boxes

Description

This component reports on the current reported Stateflow dialog box object, depending on its context. If this component is the child of a State Loop, for example, the report includes information about the dialog box of the current State. Display the current settings associated with an object or document the appearance of your custom mask dialog boxes.

Format

- **Image file format**: Specifies the format for the snapshot image file. The Automatic format uses BMP format for PDF files and PNG for other formats.
- **Show all tabs**: Automatically generates images for all the tabs for the dialog box. If you clear this check box, the Simulink Report Generator software creates an image of only the first tab.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling selection list.
- **Max size**: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom in the **Scaling** selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Aligns your snapshot. Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Center
 - Left
- Title: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- **Caption**: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Snapshot.

Class

rptgen_sl.Cdialog boxesnapshot

See Also

State Loop

Stateflow Filter

Run child components only if current object type matches specified object type

Description

This component runs its children only if the current object type, as set by its parent Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, matches the selected object type.

Properties

- **Object type**: Specifies the Stateflow object type to include in the report.
- **Run only if Stateflow object has at least the following number of children**: Specifies a minimum number of children that a Stateflow object must have to include in the report.
- Automatically insert linking anchor: Inserts a linking anchor before the reported object. If an anchor for this object exists, this option does not create a second anchor.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_filter

See Also

Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Stateflow Hierarchy

Provide visual representation of the hierarchy of a Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a tree that shows the hierarchy of a given Stateflow object.

Tree Options

- **Construct tree from**: Specifies the object to use for the tree representation.
 - Current object
 - Root of current object: Starts reporting from the top of the hierarchy.
- Emphasize current object in tree: Highlights the current object in the tree representation.
- Show number of parents: Specifies the number of parents to include in the tree representation.
- Show siblings: Displays siblings in the tree representation.
- **Show children to depth**: Specifies the depth of children to display for each object in the tree representation.

Children

- Show junctions: Specifies the level of junction detail to display in the generated report.
 - All
 - Non-redundant
 - None
- **Show transitions**: Specifies the level of transition detail to display in the generated report.
 - All
 - Labeled or non-redundant
 - Non-redundant
 - Labeled
 - None
- Show ports: Specifies the level of port detail to display in the generated report.
 - All
 - Labeled or non-redundant
 - Non-redundant
 - Labeled
 - None
- **Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables**: Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables.

List Formatting

- List style:
 - Bulleted list
 - Numbered list: Allows you to specify numbering options in the Numbering style section.
 - **Numbering style**: Allows you to specify a numbering style. This setting supports only the RTF/DOC report format.
 - 1,2,3,4...
 - a,b,c,d...
 - A,B,C,D...
 - i,ii,iii,iv...
 - I,II,III,IV...

To show the parent number in each list entry, select Show parent number in nested list (1.1.a). To show only the current number or letter, select Show only current list value (a).

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tree graphic.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_hier

See Also

Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Run child components on Stateflow object hierarchy

Description

This component runs its child components on the Stateflow object hierarchy.

Loop Options

- **Minimum legible font size**: Specifies the minimum font size to use in the report. The default font size, 8, is the smallest recommended font size.
- **Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables**; Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables in the report.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target on each object in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

```
rptgen_sf.csf_hier_loop
```

See Also

Stateflow Hierarchy

Stateflow Linking Anchor

Designate locations to which links point

Description

This component designates a location to which other links point. The linking anchor is set to the current object, as defined by the parent component.

This component must have the Chart Loop, State Loop, Machine Loop, or Stateflow Filter component as its parent.

Properties

Insert text: Specifies text to appear after the linking anchor.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. A link, and possibly text, depending on attribute choices.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_anchor

See Also

Chart Loop, Machine Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Filter,

Stateflow Name

Insert into report name of Stateflow object specified by parent component

Description

This component inserts the name of the Stateflow object, as defined by its parent component, into the report. This component must have the State Loop, Chart Loop, or Stateflow Filter component as its parent.

Using this component as the first child component of a Chapter/Subsection component allows the current Stateflow object name to be the chapter or section title.

Properties

- Display name as: Displays the Stateflow object name in the report.
 - Name: For example, Object
 - Type Name: For example, Object <ObjectName>
 - Type Name: For example, Object <ObjectName>
 - Type: Name: For example, Object: <ObjectName>
- **Display name as**: Specifies the level of detail with which the Stateflow object name displays the report.
 - Object name
 - Object name with Stateflow path
 - Object name with Simulink and Stateflow path

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_name

See Also

Chapter/Subsection, Chart Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Filter

Stateflow Property

Insert into report table, text, or paragraph with information on selected Stateflow object property

Description

This component inserts a table, text, or paragraph that contains details of the selected Stateflow object property.

Property to Display

Property name: Specifies the Stateflow property name to display. If the Stateflow object is an annotation, the **Display options** are ignored. Annotation content is reported as plain text for web (HTML), Acrobat (PDF), and Word Document (rtf) output types or as formatted text for other output types.

Display Options

- Title: Specifies a title to display in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Uses the parameter name as the title.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
 - None: Specifies no title.
- Size limit: Specifies the width of the display in the generated report. Units are in pixels. The size limit for a given table is the hypotenuse of the width and height of the table, sqrt(w^2+h^2). The size limit for text is the number of characters squared. If you exceed the size limit, the variable appears in condensed form.

Setting a size limit of 0 always displays the variable in long form, regardless of its size.

- **Display as**: Specifies a display style from the menu.
 - Auto table/paragraph (default): Displays as a table or paragraph based on the information.
 - Table: Displays as a table.
 - Paragraph: Displays as a text paragraph.
 - Inline text: Displays in line with the surrounding text.
- Ignore if value is empty: Excludes empty parameters from the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text, paragraph, or table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_property

See Also

Paragraph, Table, Text, Stateflow Name

Stateflow Property Table

Insert into report property-value table for Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a property-value table for a Stateflow object into the report. Use the Stateflow Filter component as the parent of this component.

For more information on working with Property Table components, see "Property Table Components".

Table

Select a preset table, which is already formatted and set up, in the preset table list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

- **Preset table**: Specifies a type of table to display the object property table.
 - Default
 - Machine
 - Chart
 - State
 - TruthTable
 - EMFunction
 - SLFunction
 - Data
 - Event
 - Junction
 - Port
 - Transition
 - Target
 - Blank 4X4

To apply a preset table, select the table and click Apply.

- Split property/value cells: Splits property name/property value pairs into separate cells.
 - For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, there is only one property name/property value pair per cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. The report ignores all subsequent pairs.
 - For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. This setting is nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text.
 - Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. When there is more than one property name/property

value pair or any text in a given cell, only the first property name/property value pair appears in the report. The report omits subsequent pairs and text.

- **Display outer border**: Displays the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- **Table Cells**: Specifies table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects the available fields in the **Cell Properties** pane.

Cell Properties

The options in the **Title Properties** pane depend on the object selected in the **Table Cells** pane. If you select %<Name>, only **Contents** and **Show** appear. If you select any other object in the **Table Cells** pane, **Lower border** and **Right border** appear.

- Contents: Modifies the contents of the table cell selected in the Table Cells pane.
- Alignment: Justifies the contents of the selected table cell in the Table Cells pane.
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - Double justified
- Show As: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell.
 - Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
 - Property: Value
 - PROPERTY: Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
- Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

Creating Custom Tables

You can edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table, to create a custom table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For details about creating custom property tables, see "Property Table Components".

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_prop_table

See Also

Stateflow Filter

Stateflow Snapshot

Insert into report snapshot of Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a snapshot (screen capture) of a Stateflow object, defined by the Stateflow Filter parent component, into a report.

This component executes only if the selected object in the Stateflow Filter component is a graphical object, such as Chart, State, Transition, or Frame.

For HTML and Direct PDF (from template) output, the state charts in the resulting image can link to associated report information. To enable this linking, on the Chart Loop component that this component is a descendant of, select the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box. For Direct PDF (from template) output, you also need to set the output format to Automatic SF format or Scalable Vector Graphics.

Snapshot

- **Format**: Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic SF Format (default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic SF Format Select this option, or Scalable Vector Graphics, with Direct PDF (from template) report output format if you are linking the snapshot to related report content.
 - Bitmap
 - JPEG high quality image
 - JPEG low quality image
 - JPEG medium quality image
 - PNG 24-bit image
 - Scalable Vector Graphics
- Paper orientation:
 - Portrait
 - Landscape
 - Rotated
 - Largest dimension vertical: Positions the image so that its largest dimension is vertical.
 - Use Chart PaperOrientation setting: Uses the paper orientation setting for the chart. Use the Simulink PaperOrientation parameter to specify the orientation.
 - Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the **orient** command in the MATLAB documentation.

- Image sizing:
 - Shrink image to minimum font size specified in Stateflow Hierarchy Loop: Resizes the image so that the text label font size is the minimum font size.
 - Fixed and Zoom: Specifies the size of the image.
- Scaling: Specifies the percentage of the image size to which to scale it.
- **Maximum size**: Specifies the maximum size for the snapshot in the generated report in the selected units. Use [width, height] format. In the units text box, select Inches, Centimeters, Points, or Normalized.
- Use printframe: Inserts a frame around your image. Use the default frame or create a custom one.
- Use printframe paper settings: Uses the dimensions and parameters as set by the specified printframe to size your image. If you choose this option, all other options (except for Image file format) become inactive.

Properties

- Include callouts to describe visible objects: Displays descriptive callouts for visible objects.
- **Insert anchors for transitions and junctions**: Inserts anchors for transitions and junctions into the report.
 - None
 - Redundant children only
 - All
- Run only if Stateflow object has at least the following number of children: Specifies the minimum number of children that the current Stateflow object must have to include in the report. This option is inactive unless the selected object in the parent Stateflow Filter component is a graphical object.

Tip This option allows you to exclude certain images to decrease the size of the report for large models.

Display Options

- Scaling:
 - Use image size: Uses the image size that you specify in the snapshot option.
 - Zoom and Fixed size: Allows you to specify the size of the image.
- Size: Specifies a size in inches for your image. The default is 7-by-9.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.

- Auto
- Right
- Center
- Left
- Image title:
 - None(Default).
 - Object name: Uses the object name as the title.
 - Full Stateflow name: Specifies the Stateflow path and the name of the object.
 - Full Simulink + Stateflow name: Specifies the Simulink path and name of the object.
 - Custom: Enter a different title.
- **Caption**: Specifies a caption for your image.
 - None(Default).
 - Custom: Specifies a custom caption.
 - Description: Sets the caption to the value of the object Description property.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Image.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_snap

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_prop_table

See Also

Stateflow Filter

Stateflow Summary Table

Table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow object

Description

This component displays a table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow objects. It can have the following parents:

- Any Stateflow looping component
- Any Simulink looping component (Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop)

Properties

- **Object type**: Specifies the object type to display in the generated report. This value affects the options available in the **Property Columns** pane.
- Table title: Specifies a title for the Summary Table in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

- **Property columns**: Displays the object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.
 - To add a property:
 - Select the appropriate property level in the text box.
 - In the context list under the text box, select the property that you want to add and click Add.
 - To delete a property, select the property name and press the **Delete** key.

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

- **Remove empty columns**: Removes empty columns from the Summary Table in the generated report.
- **Transpose table**: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

Object Rows

Insert anchor for each row: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.

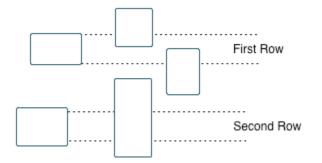
Report On

- Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context, as set by the parent component.
- **Custom use block list**: Reports on a specified list of blocks. Specify the full path of each block.

Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
 - Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_summ_table

See Also

Block Loop, Chart Loop, Model Loop, Object Loop, Signal Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, System Loop

System Filter

Run child components if current system meets specified conditions

Description

This component runs its child components if the current system meets the conditions that you specify with this component.

Properties

- **Report only if system has at least N blocks**: Specifies the minimum number of blocks that the system must include for any of the child components to run. If you enter 0, child components run regardless of the number of blocks in the system.
- **Report only if system has at least N subsystems**: Specifies the minimum number of subsystems that the system must include for the child components to run. If you enter 0, child components run regardless of the number of subsystems in the system.
- Report only if system mask type is: Specifies which masks to include in the generated report.
 - Either masked or unmasked
 - Masked
 - Unmasked
- **Custom filtering MATLAB code**: Specifies custom MATLAB filtering code that the System Filter applies when determining which systems and subsystems to report on in a System Loop component. The edit box includes a sample function (commented out) that you can use as a starting point for your own filtering function. Use the isFiltered variable for the output of your function. For example, to filter out systems and subsystems whose names start with engine, enter:

```
isFiltered = strncmpi( currentSystem, 'engine', 6);
```

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_filter

See Also

System Loop

System Hierarchy

Create nested list that shows hierarchy of specified system

Description

This component creates a nested list that shows the hierarchy of a specified system. The list can display all systems in a model, or the parents and children of the current system.

Starting System

- Build list from: Specifies the system or model from which to build the list.
 - Current system
 - Current model
- Emphasize current system: Highlights the current system or model in the generated report.

Display Systems

- Show number of parents: Specifies the number of parents to list.
- **Display peers of current system**: Shows the peers of the current system in the generated report.
- Show children to depth: Specifies the depth of children to list.

List Formatting

- List style:
 - Bulleted list
 - Numbered list: Allows you to select numbering options in the Numbering style section.
- **Numbering style**: Allows you to select a numbering style in the selection list, by setting **List style** to Numbered list. Only the RTF/DOC report format supports this option.
 - 1,2,3,4,...
 - a,b,c,d,...
 - A,B,C,D,...
 - i,ii,iii,iv,...
 - I,II,III,IV,...

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_list

See Also

Model Loop, System Loop

System Loop

Specify systems and subsystems on which to loop, as defined by parent component

Description

This component runs its child components for each system defined by the parent component. For example, to include systems and subsystems within a given model in the report, you can include this component as the child of a Model Loop component.

For conditional processing systems, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedSystem function. For more information, see "Loop Through Context Functions" on page 4-90.

Report On

- Loop on Systems:
 - Select systems automatically: Reports on all systems in the current context as set by the parent component.
 - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
 - Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block.

If this component does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems in all models.

Note When selecting systems automatically, the system loop reports each instance of a referenced subsystem as a separate subsystem.

- Custom use system list: Reports on a list of specified systems. Specify the full path of each system.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.
- **Include subsystems in Simulink functions**: Specifies whether to include subsystems in Simulink functions. By default, this option is enabled.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems: Specifies how to sort systems.
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks; that is, the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.

- By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts systems in traversal order.
- Search for: Reports only on the Subsystem blocks with the specified property name-value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value.

To find property names for Subsystem blocks, see the Programmatic Use sections for the parameters in Subsystem or select a Subsystem block in the model and enter this code at the MATLAB command line:

get(gcbh)

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Number sections by system hierarchy**: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report. Requires that **Sort Systems** be set to By traversal order.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each system in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a System Snapshot component can link to the subsystem section only if you select this check box.

Examples

For an example of how to use this component with a Model Loop as its parent, see Model Loop.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

```
rptgen_sl.csl_sys_loop
```

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop

System Snapshot

Insert snapshot of current system into report

Description

This component inserts a snapshot (screen capture) of the current system into a report. A System Snapshot must be a child or descendant of a System Loop component.

You can optionally hyperlink from the blocks in a snapshot of a block diagram to other parts of a report. For example, you can link a block to a table that contains the properties of the block. Similarly, you can link an unmasked subsystem block to a section of the report that describes the subsystem. Diagram hyperlinking is available only in the Direct PDF (from template) and HTML (from template) output formats.

To link from a block in a snapshot of a block diagram, select the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box on the appropriate loop component:

- For blocks and masked subsystems in this system, select the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box on the Block Loop component that reports on the blocks in the system.
- To link to the sections that report on the unmasked subsystems of this system, select the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box on the System Loop component.

For the Direct PDF (from template) output format, set the snapshot file format to Automatic SL format (PNG 24-bit image), Scalable Vector Graphics.

To create searchable diagram snapshots, set the snapshot image file format to Scalable Vector Graphics, which represents the SVG file format. The Scalable Vector Graphics format allows you to search for any text represented as character codes that the SVG file contains.

Note An SVG diagram file might represent parts of text as graphics instead of as character codes. You cannot find this text by using the search tool of a browser or an editor.

Snapshot Options

- Format: Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic SL format (PNG 24-bit image) to automatically choose the best format for the specified report output format. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic SL format (PNG 24-bit image) (default) Select this option to automatically select the optimal image file format for the selected report output type. For example, selecting this option in combination with the Direct PDF (from template) report format causes the report to use Scalable Vector Graphics as the snapshot image file format.
 - Bitmap
 - JPEG high quality image
 - JPEG low quality image

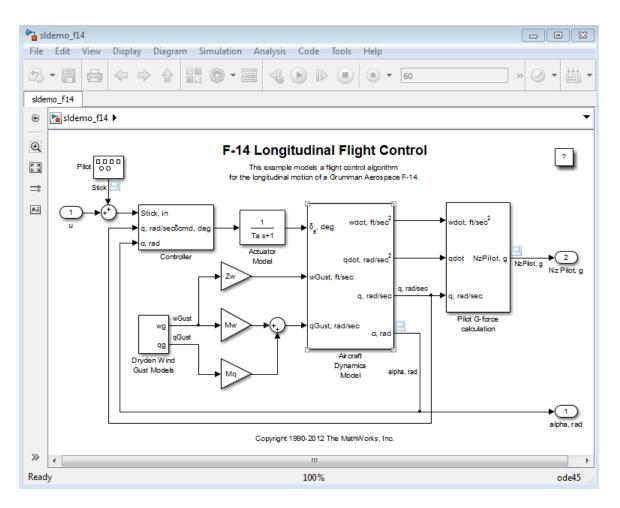
- JPEG medium quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- Scalable Vector Graphics
- Orientation:
 - Largest dimension vertical: Positions the image so that its largest dimension is vertical.
 - Landscape
 - Portrait
 - Use system orientation: Uses the paper orientation setting for the system. Use the Simulink PaperOrientation parameter to specify the orientation.
 - Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.
- **Scaling**: Controls the size of the image in the image file.
 - Automatic (default): Automatically scales the image to output dimensions.
 - Custom: Specifies image size.
 - Zoom: Enlarges or reduces the image size to the percent that you specify. Use **Max Size** to specify the maximum size other than the default for the image.

Note Selecting **Use printframe paper settings** deactivates the **Custom** and **Zoom** options and automatically scales the image to the print frame size.

Properties Options

- Include callouts to describe visible objects: Displays descriptive callouts for visible objects
- Use printframe: Prints a frame around the image. You can use the default frame, rptdefaultframe.fig, or use the Frame Editor to build a custom frame. For more information, see the frameedit function in Simulink documentation.

The default frame is five inches wide and four inches high. It includes the name of the system and the model folder. This frame is optimized for use with a portrait paper orientation. The Flight Control Model in the f14 Simulink model appears here with the default Simulink Report Generator frame option.



Display Options

To access the display options, click the **Advanced** button.

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in a browser, using the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling selection list.
- **Max size**: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in a browser, using the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom in the **Scaling** selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot in a browser. This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Image size list box.

- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- Image title:
 - None (Default)
 - System name: Uses the system name as the image name.
 - Full system name: Uses the system name, with path information, as the image name.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- Caption:
 - None (Default)
 - Description (use system description)
 - Custom: Specifies a custom caption.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Image.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_snap

See Also

System Loop, Block Loop

Test Sequence

Capture Test Sequence block information

Description

This component captures information about Simulink Test™ Test Sequence blocks. The report includes the test sequence using the tabular series of steps from the Test Sequence block.

Test Sequence Block Section Title

Title to use for the Test Sequence block section:

- Use Test Sequence name (default): Use the name of the Test Sequence block as the section title.
- Custom: Specify a custom section title in the text box.

Step Content

Select the step content to include in the report.

- **Include description, action, and transition table** (default): Include all the step data in the report, i.e., step descriptions, action statements, transition table, and when condition.
- Include description only: Include only the description of each step in the report.
- **Include action and transition table only**: Include the action statements, transition table, and when condition in the report.
- None: Do not include the description, action, or transition table in the report.
- **Show requirements**: Include links to requirements that are attached to steps in the Test Sequence block.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Test Sequence block name or specified title and optional step information.

Class

rptgen_stm.cstm_testseq

To Workspace Plot

Capture plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace

Description

This component captures a plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace, and then inserts one or both of the following into the report:

- A table that includes input and output numeric values.
- A figure that plots the values included in the table.

Print Options

- **Image file format**: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG or TIFF) from this list. Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Other options are:
 - Automatic HG Format (Uses the file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)
 - Bitmap (16m-color)
 - Bitmap (256-color)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Black and white PostScript
 - Black and white PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript
 - Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Color PostScript
 - Color PostScript2
 - JPEG high quality image
 - JPEG medium quality image
 - JPEG low quality image
 - PNG 24-bit image
 - TIFF compressed
 - TIFF uncompressed
 - Windows metafile

• Paper orientation:

- Landscape
- Portrait
- Rotated
- Use figure orientation: Uses the orientation for the figure, which you set with the orient command.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the **orient** command in the MATLAB documentation.

- Image size:
 - Use figure PaperPositionMode setting: Uses the PaperPositionMode property of the Handle Graphics figure to set the image size in the report. For more information about paper position mode, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.
 - Automatic (same size as on screen): Sets the image in the report to the same size as it appears on the screen.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom image size. Specify the image size in the size and units fields.
- **Size**: Specifies the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the format wxh (width times height). This field is active only if you choose Custom in the **Image size** list box.
- Units: Specifies units for the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Set image size in the **Custom** list box.
- **Invert hardcopy**: Uses the Handle Graphics figures **InvertHardcopy** property, which inverts colors for printing; it changes dark colors to light colors, and light colors to dark colors.
 - Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to light axes colors. If the axes color is a light color, it is unchanged.
 - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors, and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
 - Don't invert: Retains image colors displayed on screen in the printed report.
 - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
 - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

• Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).

- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling list.
- **Max size**: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the **Scaling** list.
- Units: Specifies units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- Title: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- **Caption**: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Figure.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_toworkspace

See Also

Figure Loop

Truth Table

Report on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models

Description

The Truth Table component reports on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models. It displays both the condition table and the action table. The parent component of the Truth Table determines its behavior.

- Model Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current model.
- System Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current system.
- Block Loop : Reports on all truth tables in the current block.
- Signal Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current signal.
- State Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current state.

Title

Title: Specifies a title for the truth table.

- No title
- Use Stateflow name
- Custom

Condition Table

Specify display parameters for the condition table.

- Show header: Displays the column headers in the table.
- Show number: Displays the condition number column in the table.
- Show condition: Displays the condition column in the table.
- Show description: Displays the description column in the table.
- Wrap if column count exceeds: Specifies how many columns to display before creating a table continuation. If the specified number is greater than the number of columns that can appear on the page, some columns do not appear in the report.

Action Table

- **Show header**: Displays the column headers in the table.
- **Show number**: Displays the condition number column in the table.
- Show condition: Displays the condition column in the table.
- **Show description**: Displays the description column in the table. If you do not select this option, no action table appears in the report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_truthtable

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, State Loop

Classes

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocumen t class

Package: slreportgen.webview
Superclasses: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument

 $Create\ a\ report\ generator\ that\ generates\ an\ HTML\ report\ containing\ an\ interlinked\ document\ and\ associated\ web\ view$

Description

Creates a report generator that generates an HTML report containing a document and a web view of one or more Simulink models, with two-way hyperlinks between the document and the web view.

This class provides the following facilities for generating embedded web view reports:

- A report generator based on an slreportgen.report.Report object. You can use DOM and Report APIs to fill the document content.
- An HTML template with three panels for a table of contents (TOC), document content, and a web view, respectively
- Template holes to be filled with the document content and a web view, respectively. The hole for the web view is named slwebview and is located in the right panel of the report. The hole for document content is named Content and is located in the center panel of the report.
- Methods for filling the document and web view holes.
- JavaScript that generates a TOC from document headings when the report opens in a browser
- Model export options that allow you to specify the models and subsystems to be embedded as web views in the generated report
- Methods for retrieving elements (diagrams, blocks, charts, etc.) from models to be embedded as web views in the report

The slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(rptname,model) creates a report generator that generates a report having the specified file name and containing a web view of the specified model. Use the generator's fill method to generate the web view and embed the web view in the document. Use the generator's close method to output the document as a zip file or folder containing the HTML document.

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(rptname,model1, model2,...modeln) creates a report generator that includes two or more models in the web view that it creates. This constructor assigns an array of default slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects to the generator's ExportOptions property, one for each of the models to be included in the generated document's web view. You can use the objects to specify custom export options for each of the models to be included in the web view exported to the generated document.

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(rptname,{model1, model2,...modeln}) creates a generator that includes the specified models in the web view that it embeds in the output document.

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(rptname) creates a generator that embeds models specified by the Diagrams property of the generator's ExportOptions property, for example:

import slreportgen.webview.*
rptgen = EmbeddedWebViewDocument('myDoc');
rptgen.ExportOptions.Diagrams = 'myModel';

Input Arguments

rptname — Name of output report file and/or folder

character vector

Name of the zip file and/or folder containing the report generated by this generator. Use this generator's PackageType property to specify whether to package the generated report as a file or a folder or both. If you specify an extension, the extension must be .htmx. If you do not specify an extension, the report generator appends .htmx.

model — Name of model to export

character vector

Name of model, specified as a character vector, to be embedded in the generated report as a web view.

Properties

CurrentHoldID — Identifier of current hole in document

character vector

Identifier of current hole in document, stored as a character vector. This is a read-only property.

ExportOptions — Web view export options

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions (default)

An array of slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects, one for each model or set of models to be included in the web view exported to the generated report. The generator's constructor sets this property with default values for the models you specify. Use the properties of the export options object or objects to customize export of the models to the generated web view. For example, you can specify additional models to include or whether to include the block diagrams of masked subsystems and library blocks.

IncludeNotes — Whether to include user notes

false or 0 (default) | true or 1

Whether to include user notes, specified as numeric or logical 0 (false) or 1 (true).

Data Types: logical

ForceOverwrite — Overwrite existing report

True (default) | False

Whether to overwrite an existing report with the same name. True overwrites the existing report. False generates the report under a new name.

OpenStatus – Status of the report being generated

unopened (default) | opened

Status of the report being generated, either 'unopened' or 'opened'. This is a read-only property.

OutputPath — Path of the document output directory

current working directory (default)

Path of the report output directory.

PackageType — Packaging for files generated

'both' (default) | 'zipped' | 'unzipped'

Packaging to use for output document, specified as one of these character vectors:

- 'both' Creates both zipped and unzipped output
- 'zipped' Creates a zip file with an .htmx extension
- 'unzipped' Creates a folder of files

TemplatePath — Path of the template used to generate this report

character vector

Path to the HTML template to use to generate this report, specified as a character vector. The template has an .htmtx extension. This property points by default to a default template. To use a custom template, set this property to the path of the custom template.

TitleBarText — Text for HTML browser title bar

character vector

Text to display in the title bar of the HTML browser used to display the generated report. The default text is "Simulink Web View - Created by Simulink Report Generator."

ValidateLinksAndAnchors — Whether to check validity of hyperlinks between the generated document and web view

True (default) | False

Generates a warning at the command line if the link target that you specify does not exist or if you specify a link from a model element that already has a link. Validation checking increases the time required to generate a report. For this reason, consider using link validation checking only when debugging your report.

Methods

Public Methods

Method	Purpose	
createDiagramTwoWayLink	Creates a two-way link between a location in the document in the center panel and a diagram in the web view in the right panel	
createElementTwoWayLink	Creates a two-way link between a document panel location and a diagram element in the web view	
createDiagramLink	Creates a link from the document panel to a diagram in the model web view	
createElementLink	Creates a link from the document panel to an element in the model web view	
fill	Invoke the embedded web view report generator's hole filling methods to fill the holes in its template.	
fillslwebview	Fills template's slwebview hole with a web view	
getExportModels	Names of models to be included in the web view	
getExportDiagrams	Paths and handles of block diagrams to be included in the web view	
getExportSimulinkSubSystems	Paths and handles of subsystem blocks to be included in this web view	
getExportStateflowCharts	Paths and handles of Stateflow charts to be included in this web view	
getExportStateflowDiagrams	Array of Stateflow diagram paths	
getReportObject	Returns the report object for the embedded web view report	

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

R2019b: Items in table of contents are not numbered

Behavior changed in R2019b

Starting in R2019b, items in the table of contents in an embedded web view report are not numbered. To generate numbered items in a table of contents:

1 Copy the default template for an embedded web view report to the current folder.

2 Unzip the template into the subfolder myTemplate.

unzipTemplate('embedded_webview.htmtx','myTemplate');

3 In myTemplate, navigate to the stylesheets subfolder. Open the root.css file and remove this line from the ol.toc style:

list-style-type: none;

- 4 Save the root.css file.
- **5** Navigate to the folder that contains the original zipped template file. Package the unzipped template files into a zipped template file.

```
zipTemplate('Newtemplate.htmtx','myTemplate');
```

6 Set the TemplatePath property of the embedded web view report generator object to the path and name of the new template file. For example, suppose that MyEmbeddedWebView is a subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument. Here is the code to set the TemplatePath property of a MyEmbeddedWebView object:

```
rpt = MyEmbeddedWebView(rptName,model);
rpt.TemplatePath = 'NewTemplate.htmtx';
```

See Also

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions

Topics

"Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30 "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26

Embedded web view Reports on page 5

slreportgen.report.Annotation class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Report on Simulink annotations

Description

Use objects of the class slreportgen.report.Annotation to report on Simulink.Annotation objects.

The slreportgen.report.Annotation class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

true

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

rptr = slreportgen.report.Annotation() creates an empty Annotation reporter based on the default template. Set the Object property before you add the reporter to a report.

rptr = slreportgen.report.Annotation(annotationObj) creates an Annotation reporter and sets the Object property to annotationObj.

rptr = slreportgen.report.Annotation(Name1=Value1,...,NameN=ValueN) creates an Annotation reporter and sets properties using name-value arguments. You can specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Note slreportgen.report.Annotation reporters cannot report on single-image annotations and equations inside annotations.

Properties

Object — Annotation to report on

handle (default) | search result object

Annotation to report on, specified as a Simulink.Annotation handle or search result object found by an slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder or slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder finder.

To obtain handles to Simulink.Annotation objects, use the find_system function. For example:

load_system(model_name); handleArray = find_system(model_name,findall=true,type="annotation");

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateSrc — Source of template for reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified in one of these ways:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateName — Name of template for reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template specified by the TemplateSrc property of this reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string scalar, character vector, or mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Methods

Public Methods getImpl slreportgen.report.Reporter.createTemplate slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter

slreportgen.report.Reporter.getClassFolder

Get implementation of reporter Create reporter template Create class derived from slreportgen.report.Reporter class Get location of folder containing slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file

Examples

Report on Simulink® Annotation

This example shows how to report on a Simulink annotation.

Import these packages, so you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

Create a report of type PDF.

rpt = Report("AnnotationReport", "pdf");

Open the model. Then create an slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder object to search the model for Simulink.Annotation elements.

```
model_name = "annotationReporterExampleModel";
open_system(model_name);
annotationFinder = AnnotationFinder(model_name);
```

Use the finder to find the annotation elements in the model. Then create an mlreportgen.report.Chapter object to use for the annotations found in the model.

```
annotationResults = find(annotationFinder);
annotationChapter = Chapter("Annotations");
```

Iterate through the results and for each create an Annotation reporter, and append the reporter to the chapter.

```
for idx = 1:length(annotationResults)
    annotationReporter = Annotation(annotationResults(idx));
    append(annotationChapter,annotationReporter);
end
```

Append the chapter to the report.

append(rpt,annotationChapter);

Close the report and the model, and then view the report.

```
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2022b

See Also

Simulink.Annotation|slreportgen.report.Report|find_system|
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder

Topics

"What Are Reporters?" "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

slreportgen.report.Bus class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Reporter for buses selected or created by Simulink blocks

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.Bus class to report on buses that are selected or created by Simulink blocks.

A bus reporter finds buses to report by searching a model, subsystem, block, or signal for blocks that select signals from a bus or combine signals to create a bus. For a model or subsystem, the Bus reporter reports all of the buses selected or created in the model or subsystem. For a block, the reporter reports the bus that is selected or created by the block. For a signal, the reporter reports all of the buses selected by the blocks that are connected to the port specified by the signal. Use the Object property to specify the model, subsystem, block, or signal for which to report buses.

By default, a Bus reporter generates:

- A hierarchical list of the signals in the bus
- A table with details about the selected signals or the signals used to create the bus
- Paragraphs with details about bus objects and connected blocks for each bus-related block found

Use the reporter properties to customize the content and appearance of the generated report. For example, use the ReportedBlockType property to specify which types of blocks to use when searching for buses.

Note To use an slreportgen.report.Bus reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.Bus class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

busRptr = slreportgen.report.Bus() creates an slreportgen.report.Bus object with default property on page 7-12 values. You must set the Object property to the model, block, or signal for which you want to report buses. Use other properties to specify report options.

busRptr = slreportgen.report.Bus(object) sets the Object property to object.

true

busRptr = slreportgen.report.Bus(Name=Value) sets the Bus object properties on page 7-12 using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — Model, block, or signal to search for buses

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | handle | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object | slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object

Model, block, or signal to search for buses, specified as one of the following values:

- String scalar or character vector that contains the name of a model, Subsystem block, Bus Creator block, Bus Assignment block, or Bus Selector block
- Handle of a model, Subsystem block, Bus Creator block, Bus Assignment block, or Bus Selector block
- Handle of a block input or output port connected to a signal
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult, slreportgen.finder.BlockResult, or slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object

Title — Title for each reported bus

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | DOM object | function handle

Title for each reported bus, specified as a string scalar, character vector, DOM object, or function handle. The contents of this property are reported with each bus included by the reporter. If this property is empty, no title is reported.

If this property contains text or a function handle that returns text, the text is added to an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with the style BusTitleParagraph.

If this property is specified as a function handle, the function must return content that can be added to a report, such as a string scalar, character vector, or DOM object. The function must accept a struct with these fields:

- PortHandle Handle to the input port or output port of the bus signal. For In Bus Element and Out Bus Element blocks in a subsystem, this field is the port handle of the subsystem that corresponds to the blocks. For In Bus Element and Out Bus Element blocks in the top level of a model, this field is -1.
- BlockName Name of reported model, Bus Creator, Bus Selector, Bus Assignment, or Subsystem block that creates or selects the reported bus, specified as a string scalar.
- BlockPath Full path of model, Bus Creator, Bus Selector, Bus Assignment, or Subsystem block that creates or selects the reported bus, specified as a string scalar.
- BusPortString For a bus created or selected by a model or subsystem port, this field contains the input port or output port connected to the bus signal, specified as a string scalar. For example, "Inport <x>". Otherwise, this field is an empty string ("").

For example: busRptr.Title = @(blkInfo) blkInfo.BlockName;

ReportedBlockType — Types of blocks used to report bus information

"auto" (default) | "all" | string array of block types | cell array of block types

Types of blocks used to report bus information, specified as one of these values:

- "auto" Reports bus information from Bus Creator, Bus Assignment, and Out Bus Element blocks if the input is a Bus Creator, Bus Assignment, or Out Bus Element block. Otherwise, reports bus information from Bus Selector and In Bus Element blocks.
- "all" Reports bus information from all supported bus-related block types.
- List of block types, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. Valid block types are:
 - BusCreator
 - BusSelector
 - BusAssignment
 - Inport
 - Outport

For example: ["BusCreator", "BusSelector"]

For models or subsystems, the Bus reporter reports bus information from all blocks of the types that this property specifies. For signals, the reporter reports bus information from all blocks of the specified types that are connected to the signal (source and destination). For blocks, this property is used only if the IncludeNestedBuses property is true. For Bus Selector and In Bus Element blocks, the reporter reports bus information from all blocks of the specified type that are connected to the output signals of the block. For Bus Creator, Bus Assignment, and Out Bus Element blocks, the reporter reports bus information from all blocks of the specified type that are connected to the input signals of the block.

IncludeNestedBuses — Whether to report nested buses

false (default) | true

Whether to report nested buses, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter reports bus-related blocks of the type specified by ReportedBlockType that are connected to the selected signals or to signals used to create a bus. If this property is false and Object is a block, the reporter reports only the block specified by Object. If this property is false and Object is a signal, the reporter reports only the blocks directly connected to the signal.

If **Object** is a model or subsystem, this property has no effect because all blocks of the type specified by the **ReportedBlockType** property are used to report buses.

ShowSignalHierarchy — Whether to report hierarchy of bus signals for each bus

false (default) | true

Whether to report the hierarchy of bus signals for each bus, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter includes a list of the names of signals in the bus. For blocks that create buses, the list describes the signal hierarchy of the output bus. For blocks that select signals from buses, the list describes the signal hierarchy of the input bus. If the bus includes any nested signals, the signal names are included as a nested list.

The reporter does not include the signal hierarchy for buses created or selected by top-level model input or output ports.

ShowSignalTable — Whether to report details of signals

true (default) | false

Whether to report details of signals, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter includes a table describing the signals selected from a bus or used to create a bus, depending on the block type.

ShowBusObject — Whether to report name of Simulink.Bus object

true (default) | false

Whether to report the name of a Simulink.Bus object that is associated with the reported bus, specified as true or false. If this property is true and the reported bus is described by a Simulink.BusObject, the report includes the name of the bus object and links the name to the bus object information reported elsewhere in the report.

The reporter does not include the bus object name for buses created or selected by top-level model input or output ports.

ShowConnectedBlocks — Whether to report names of blocks connected to each full bus signal

true (default) | false

Whether to report the names of blocks connected to each full bus signal, specified as true or false. If this property is true:

- For blocks that create buses, the reporter reports the names of the blocks connected to the port that outputs the full bus signal.
- For blocks that select bus signals, the reporter reports the name of the block from which the full bus signal is output.
- If IncludeBusLinks is true, a Bus Created or Signals Selected link is included after the names of blocks that match the block types specified by ReportedBlockType.

The reporter does not include the names of connected blocks for buses created or selected by toplevel model input or output ports.

IncludeBusLinks — Whether to include link to bus created or selected by connected block true (default) | false

Whether to include a link to a bus created or selected by a connected block, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter includes a link to the bus information for blocks that are reported as a source or destination in the signal table or connected blocks sections. For blocks whose block types are included in ReportedBlockTypes, a Bus Created or Signals Selected link is included next to the block name.

IncludeBlockLinks — Whether to report block names as links to block details

false (default) | true

Whether to report block names as links to block details, specified as true or false. If this property is true, a block name in a signal table title links to the block details reported elsewhere in the report.

IncludeSignalLinks — Whether to report port numbers as links to signal details false (default) | true

Whether to report port numbers as links to signal details, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter reports signal port numbers in the signal table as links to the signal details reported elsewhere in the report.

SelectorSignalProperties — Properties to report for selected bus signals

["Outport" "Name" "DataType" "Destination"] (default) | string array | cell array of character vectors

Properties to report for the signals selected by Bus Selector or In Bus Element blocks, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. Specify any of these properties:

- Outport
- Name
- DataType
- Destination
- Description
- Complexity
- Dimensions
- Min
- Max

CreatorSignalProperties — Properties reported for signals used to create a bus

["Inport" "Name" "DataType" "Source"] (default) | string array | cell array of character vectors

Properties to report for the signals used to create a bus by Bus Creator, Bus Assignment, and Out Bus Element blocks, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. Specify any of these properties:

- Inport
- Name
- DataType
- Source
- Description
- Complexity
- Dimensions
- Min
- Max

ShowEmptyColumns — Whether to show empty columns in signal table

false (default) | true

Whether to show empty columns in a signal table, specified as true or false.

SignalFilterFcn — Function or expression to filter signals in signal table

[] (default) | function handle | string scalar | character vector

Function or expression to filter signals in a signal table, specified as a function handle, string scalar, or character vector. Specify a function as a function handle. Specify an expression as a string scalar or character vector. The function or code is executed for each signal that is selected or used to create a bus.

If TaskFilterFcn is empty, all tasks are included in the report.

If you provide a function handle, the associated function must:

- Take these arguments:
 - portHandle Handle to port of the selected signal or signal used to create the bus.
 - parentPath Full path of parent block used to report bus information, specified as a string scalar.
 - sourcePath Full path of the source block of the signal, specified as a string scalar.
 - destinationPath— Full path of the destination block of the signal. If there are multiple destinations, this argument is a string array of destination blocks.
- Return true to filter the specified signal from the report, or false to include the task in the report.

For example, this code uses the SignalFilterFcn property to filter out the signals that feed into the Display3 block:

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = "sldemo_bus_arrays";
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("Bus_example","pdf");
append(rpt,slreportgen.report.Diagram(model_name));
ch = Chapter("Buses");
busRptr = Bus(model_name);
busRptr.SignalFilterFcn = @(~, ~, ~, destinationPath) endsWith(destinationPath,"Display3");
append(ch,busRptr);
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

If you provide a string scalar or a character vector, it must contain an expression. The expression:

- Can use the variables portHandle, parentPath, sourcePath, and destinationPath
- Must set the variable isFiltered to true to filter the specified task from the report, or false to include the task in the report

For example, this code uses the SignalFilterFcn property to filter out the signals that feed into the Display4 block:

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

model_name = "sldemo_bus_arrays";
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("Bus_example","pdf");
append(rpt,slreportgen.report.Diagram(model_name));
ch = Chapter("Buses");
busRptr = Bus(model_name);
filterStr = "isFiltered = endsWith(destinationPath,""Display4"");";
busRptr.SignalFilterFcn = filterStr;
append(ch,busRptr);
append(rpt,ch);
```

close(rpt); rptview(rpt);

TableReporter — Formatter for signal table

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Formatter for signal table, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the BusTable style, which is defined in the default template for a Bus reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default BaseTable object or replace the object with your own BaseTable object. If you add content to the Title property of the BaseTable object, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ListFormatter — Formatter for signal hierarchy list

mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object | mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object

Formatter for the signal hierarchy list, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList or mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object. The formatter reports and formats the signal hierarchy list if the ShowSignalHierarchy property of this Bus reporter is true. The OrderedList or UnorderedList object must not contain list items.

The default value of this property is an UnorderedList object with the StyleName property set to the BusList style, which is defined in the default template for a Bus reporter. To customize the appearance of the list, modify the properties of the default UnorderedList object or replace the object with your own UnorderedList or OrderedList object.

ParagraphFormatter — **Paragraph formatter for connected blocks and bus object details** mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph formatter to report and format the connected blocks and bus object details, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value of this property is an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with the StyleName property set to the BusParagraph style, which is defined in the default template for a Bus reporter. To customize the appearance of the paragraph, modify the properties of the default mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. If you add content to the default or replacement paragraph object, the content appears in front of the content reported for the connected blocks and bus object details in the generated report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

"Bus" (default) | character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source specified by the TemplateSrc property for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Create bus reporter template

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.Bus class

Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make

Get location of folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Bus class definition file

deep copies of certain property values

Get implementation of reporter

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.Bus.createTemplate slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter slreportgen.report.Bus.getClassFolder

copy

getImpl

Examples

Report Model Buses

Use an slreportgen.report.Bus object to report on the buses that are selected by the blocks in a model.

Import the Report API packages so that you do not have to use long fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Load the model.

```
model_name = "sldemo_bus_arrays";
load_system(model_name);
```

Create a Simulink report.

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("Bus_example","pdf");

Add the diagram of the model to the report.

append(rpt,slreportgen.report.Diagram(model_name));

Report the bus information for the model in a chapter.

```
ch = Chapter("Buses");
busRptr = Bus(model_name);
```

Use the block name as the title for each block bus.

busRptr.Title = @(blkInfo) blkInfo.BlockName;

Add the bus reporter to the chapter.

append(ch,busRptr);

Add the chapter to the report.

append(rpt,ch); close(rpt); rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.BusObject|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder|
slreportgen.finder.SignalResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.BusObject class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Simulink bus object reporter

Description

Creates a reporter that generates information about a Simulink.Bus object in a report.

Note To use a bus object reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.BusObject class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject() creates an empty
slreportgen.report.BusObject reporter object. Customize the content and formatting of the
information reported for a bus object by using the reporter object properties. Before you add the
reporter to a report, you must set the Object property of the reporter to an
slreportgen.report.ModelVariableResult or Simulink.VariableUsage object that
specifies a Simulink.Bus object. Adding an empty reporter to a report produces an error.

reporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject(object) creates a reporter for the Simulink.Bus object specified by an slreportgen.report.ModelVariableResult or Simulink.VariableUsage object. See the Object property.

reporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties using
name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — Object that specifies a Simulink.Bus object

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object | Simulink.VariableUsage object

Object that specifies the Simulink.Bus object to report, specified as an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object or a Simulink.VariableUsage object.

true

Name — Name of bus object

string scalar

This read-only property contains the name of bus object to report, specified as a string scalar.

ReportedBusProperties — Bus object properties to report

[] (default) | string array | cell array of character vectors

Bus object properties to report, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. The properties specified by the ReportedBusProperties property are further filtered by the PropertyFilterFcn property. If the ReportedBusProperties property is empty, the reporter includes all properties in the report, except the properties filtered by the PropertyFilterFcn property. The reporter excludes any bus object property that is not valid for the bus object.

ReportedElementProperties — Bus element properties to report

[] (default) | string array | cell array of character vectors

Bus element properties to report, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. The properties specified by the ReportedElementProperties property are further filtered by the function or code specified in the PropertyFilterFcn property. If the ReportedElementProperties property is empty, the reporter includes all properties in the report, except the properties filtered by the PropertyFilterFcn property. The reporter excludes any bus element property that is not valid for the bus element.

ShowName — Whether to show name of bus

false (default) | true

Whether to show the name of the bus object in the report, specified as true or false.

ShowHierarchy — Whether to show hierarchy of the bus object

true (default) | false

Whether to include a nested list that represents the bus hierarchy in the report, specified as true or false.

ShowProperties — Whether to show bus object properties

true (default) | false

Whether to show the bus object properties table in the report, specified as true or false.

ShowElements — Whether to show bus object elements properties

true (default) | false

Whether to show the bus element properties table in the report, specified as true or false.

ShowUsedBy — Whether to show blocks that use bus object

true (default) | false

Whether to show a list of the blocks that use the bus object, specified as true or false. If the ShowUsedBy property is set to true, the reporter includes a list of the blocks that use the bus object in the report. If the ShowUsedBySnapshot property is also set to true, the reporter includes a diagram snapshot for each parent subsystem that uses the bus object. Blocks that use the bus object are highlighted in the snapshot.

$\label{eq:showUsedBySnapshot} ShowUsedBySnapshot \ - \ Whether \ to \ show \ diagram \ snapshots \ highlighting \ blocks \ that \ use \ bus \ object$

true (default) | false

Whether to show diagram snapshots of parent subsystems and highlight the blocks that use the bus object, specified as true or false. If the ShowUsedBySnapshot property is set to true, the report includes a snapshot for each parent subsystem that uses the bus object. Blocks that use the bus object are highlighted in the snapshot. If a parent subsystem has more than one block that uses the bus object, the reporter shows only one diagram snapshot that highlights the blocks that use the bus object.

CreateSections — Whether to create sections

true (default) | false

Whether to create a separate section for each type of information about the bus object in the report. If the CreateSections property is set to true, the reporter creates an mlreportgen.report.Section with a title for each of these types of information:

- hierarchy
- properties
- elements
- blocks that use the bus object

If the CreateSections property is set to false, the reporter generates labels for tables and lists. For a table, the reporter generates a table title. For a list, the reporter generates text that precedes the list.

HierarchyListFormatter — List formatter for hierarchy

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList|mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList

List formatter that formats the generated bus hierarchy, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object or an mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The default value of this property is an object of mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList. To customize the list formatting, modify the list object properties or replace the list object with a customized list object that does not contain list items.

UsedByListFormatter — List formatter for blocks that use the bus object

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList

List formatter that formats the generated list of blocks that use the bus object, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object or an mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The default value of this property is an object of mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList. To customize the list formatting, modify the list object properties or replace the list object with a customized list object that does not contain list items.

PropertiesTableReporter — Table reporter for bus object properties

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Table reporter used to format the table of bus object properties, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the BusObjectPropertiesTable style, which is defined in the default template for a BusObject reporter.

To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default table reporter or replace it with a customized table reporter. If you add content to the **Title** property of the default or customized table reporter, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ElementsTableReporter — Table reporter for bus element properties

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Table reporter used to format the table of bus element properties, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the BusObjectElementsTable style, which is defined in the default template for a BusObject reporter.

To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default table reporter or replace it with a customized table reporter. If you add content to the **Title** property of the default or customized table reporter, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

HorizontalElementsTable — Whether to display element properties horizontally false (default) | true

Whether to display properties horizontally in the table of element properties, specified as true or false.

If the HorizontalElementsTable property is set to true, the table has one column for each property. For example:

Name	DataType	Complexity	Min	Max
а	double	real	0	0
b	double	real	0	0

If the HorizontalElementsTable property is set to false, the property and value cells in the row for the element are split into multiple rows. For example:

Element	Property	Value
a	DataType	double
	Complexity	real
	Min	0
	Max	0
þ	DataType	double
	Complexity	real
	Min	0
	Max	0

SectionReporter — Section reporter

mlreportgen.report.Section

Reporter for formatting sections when the CreateSections property is set to true, specified as an mlreportgen.report.Section object. To customize the appearance of the section, modify the properties of the default section reporter or replace it with a customized section reporter.

PropertyFilterFcn — Function or expression to filter properties of a reported bus or bus element

[] (default) | function handle | string scalar | character vector

Function or expression to filter the properties of a reported bus or bus element from a report. Specify a function as a function handle. Specify an expression as a string scalar or character vector.

If you provide a function handle, the associated function must:

- Take these arguments:
 - variableName Name of the model variable that designates the bus or bus element being reported
 - variableObject The bus or bus element being reported
 - propertyName Name of the property of the bus or bus element being reported
- Return true to filter the specified property from the report, or false to include the property in the report.

For example, this code prevents the display of the HeaderFile and Description properties of a bus object and the Complexity property of a bus element:

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('busrpt','pdf');
model = load system('sldemo bus arrays');
modelVariableFinder = ModelVariableFinder(model);
results = find(modelVariableFinder);
for result = results
    if isa(getVariableValue(result),'Simulink.Bus')
        busRptr = slreportgen.report.BusObject(result);
        busRptr.PropertyFilterFcn = @busPropertyFilter;
        % Create a Chapter
        chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(busRptr.Name);
        add(chapter, busRptr);
        add(rpt,chapter)
    end
end
close(rpt);
close system(model);
rptview(rpt);
function tf = busPropertyFilter(~, variableObject,propertyName)
if isa(variableObject, 'Simulink.Bus')
    tf = (propertyName == "HeaderFile") ||
        (propertyName == "Description");
else
    % Filter Simulink.BusElement Complexity property
    tf = propertyName == "Complexity";
end
end
```

If you provide a string scalar or a character vector, it must contain an expression. The expression:

- Can use the variables variableName, variableObject, and propertyName
- Must set the variable isFiltered to true to filter the specified property from the report, or false to include the property in the report

For example, this code filters the HeaderFile property of a bus object from the report:

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('busrpt','pdf');
```

```
model = load system('sldemo bus arrays');
modelVariableFinder = ModelVariableFinder(model);
results = find(modelVariableFinder);
for result = results
    if isa(getVariableValue(result), 'Simulink.Bus')
        busRptr = slreportgen.report.BusObject(result);
        busRptr.PropertyFilterFcn = "isFiltered = " + ...
            "isa(variableObject, 'Simulink.Bus') && " + ...
            "propertyName == 'HeaderFile';";
        % Create a Chapter
        chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(busRptr.Name);
        add(chapter, busRptr);
        add(rpt,chapter)
end
end
close(rpt);
close system(model);
rptview(rpt);
```

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.BusObject.createTemplate slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter slreportgen.report.BusObject.getClassFolder copy

getImpl

Create bus object reporter template Create custom bus object reporter Bus object reporter class definition file location Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report on Bus Objects Using Bus Object Reporters

Report on bus objects in a model by using a model variable finder to find all variables used in the model and then creating a bus reporter for each variable that is a bus object.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
open(rpt);
% Load a model
model name = "sldemo bus arrays";
load system(model name);
% Find all variables used by the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
\% Create a Bus object reporter object for all results representing a
% Simulink.Bus object
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    if isa(getVariableValue(result), "Simulink.Bus")
        % Create a Bus object reporter
        busReporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject(result);
        % Create a Chapter
        chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(busReporter.Name);
        % Add bus to chapter
        add(chapter, busReporter)
        % Add chapter to the report
        add(rpt,chapter);
    end
end
% Close and view the report
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Customize the Reported Content and Formatting for Bus Objects

Customize the reported content and formatting of the content by setting properties of the bus object reporter. This example uses the ReportedElementProperties property to constrain the element

properties that are reported. It uses the HorizontalElementsTable property to generate a properties table with one column for each property.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
open(rpt);
% Load a model
model name = "sldemo bus arrays";
load_system(model_name);
% Find all variables used by the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
% Create a Bus object reporter object for all results representing a
% Simulink.BusObject object
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    if isa(getVariableValue(result), "Simulink.Bus")
        % Create a Bus object reporter
        busReporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject(result);
        % Limit the properties that are reported
        busReporter.ReportedElementProperties = {'Name', 'DataType', 'Min', 'Max'};
        % Display element properties horizontally
        busReporter.HorizontalElementsTable = true;
        % Create a Chapter
        chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(busReporter.Name);
        % Add bus to chapter
        add(chapter, busReporter)
        % Add chapter to the report
        add(rpt,chapter);
    end
end
% Close and view the report
```

```
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

Simulink.findVars | Simulink.VariableUsage |
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult | slreportgen.report.ModelVariable |
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder | slreportgen.report.Bus

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.CCaller class

Package: slreportgen.report slreportgen.report slreportgen.report

C Caller block reporter

Description

Use objects of the slreportgen.report.CCaller class to report on C Caller blocks in your Simulink model.

By default, a CCaller reporter object reports:

- The name of the C function called by the C Caller block
- The **Description** parameter and any custom mask parameters
- The port properties associated with the C Caller block
- The C code that the C Caller block invokes

Use the CCaller reporter properties to exclude or modify the reported information.

Note To use a CCaller reporter in your report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.CCaller class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

cCallerReporter = slreportgen.report.CCaller creates an empty C Caller block reporter with default property values. Use the object properties to specify report options.

Note Adding an empty CCaller object to a report causes an error.

cCallerReporter = slreportgen.report.CCaller(Object) creates a reporter for the given C Caller block object and sets the Object property to Object.

Include this reporter in your report to add information about the C Caller block name, available functions, and port specifications. Update the properties of the object to change the display options for the reporter.

true

cCallerReporter = slreportgen.report.CCaller(Name=Value) sets properties by using name-value arguments. Specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — C Caller block to report

C Caller block handle | string scalar | character vector | slreportgen.report.BlockResult object

C Caller block to report, specified as a string scalar or character vector that contains the name of a C Caller block, a C Caller block handle, or a slreportgen.report.BlockResult object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeObjectProperties — Include block property table

true (default) | false

Include a table of block properties in the report, specified as true or false. This table displays all block dialog parameters except the function name, available functions, and port specifications. If all other dialog parameters are empty, the table is not displayed.

To format this table and the included properties, edit the ObjectPropertiesReporter property.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeAvailableFunctions — Include block functions table

false (default) | true

Include a list of other available functions in the report, specified as true or false. This list displays the functions that the C Caller block can call.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeCode — Include C Caller block code

true (default) | false

Include the C code of the C Caller block in the report, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ObjectPropertiesReporter — Properties for block properties table

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object

Properties for the block properties table, specified as an slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object. The default value for this is an empty

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object. Specify the properties to display in the Properties property of the SimulinkObjectProperties object. If Properties is empty, the reporter automatically determines which properties to display.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

PortSpecificationsReporter — Format for port properties

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Format the port properties of the C Caller block to report, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value for this property is an empty mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object with the StyleName property set to "CCallerPortSpecificationTable". Customize the appearance of the table by modifying the properties of the default BaseTable object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

FunctionNameTitleReporter — Paragraph format for function name title

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph format for the function name title, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value is an empty mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with StyleName set to "CCallerFunctionNameTitle".

Customize the appearance of the title by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another Paragraph object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

FunctionNameReporter — Paragraph format for function name

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph format for the function name, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value is an empty mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with StyleName set to "CCallerFunctionName".

Customize the appearance of the function name by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another Paragraph object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

AvailableFunctionsTitleFormatter — Paragraph format for available functions titles mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph format for the title of the available functions list, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value is an empty mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with StyleName set to "CCallerAvailableFunctionsTitle".

Customize the appearance of the title by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another Paragraph object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

AvailableFunctionsListFormatter — Format for list of available functions

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object (default) | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object

List of available functions, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList or mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object.

The default value is a mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object. Customize the appearance of the list by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another object that does not contain any children.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

CodeTitleFormatter — Paragraph format for code section title

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph format for the title of the C code for the C Caller block, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value is an empty mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with the property StyleName set to "CCallerCodeTitle".

Customize the appearance of the title by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another Paragraph object. Any content added to the Paragraph object in this property appears before the code title in the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

CodeFormatter — Format for included C code

mlreportgen.dom.Preformatted object

Format the C code included in your reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Preformatted object.

The default value for this property is an empty mlreportgen.dom.Preformatted object with StyleName property set to "CCallerCode". Customize the appearance of the code by modifying the properties of the default object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methodsslreportgen.report.CCaller.createTemplate
slreportgen.report.CCaller.getClassFolderCreate C Caller block reporter template
Get location of folder containing
slreportgen.report.CCaller class definition fileslreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter
getImpl
copyCreate class derived from C Caller block reporter
classgetImpl
copyGet implementation of reporter
Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make
deep copies of certain property values

Examples

Add C Caller Block Reporter to Report

This example shows how to add information about C Caller blocks in your Simulink® model to a report.

Create a PDF report and load the required model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("CCallerReport","pdf");
rpt.CompileModelBeforeReporting = false;
model_name = 'ExampleModel';
load_system(model_name);
% Create a chapter for the C Caller block information
edd(cet TitlePres(Title remint f(16 Caller Plancks PlancksPlancks Plancks Plancks Planc
```

```
add(rpt,TitlePage(Title=sprintf('C Caller Blocks in %s', model_name),Author=""));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
```

Create a SystemDiagramFinder object to return the diagrams for each C Caller block in the model.

diagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model_name);

Iterate through the results of the finder object and find the associated C Caller blocks.

```
while hasNext(diagFinder)
    diagram = next(diagFinder);
    chapter = Chapter(Title=diagram.Name);
    add(chapter, diagram);
    finder = BlockFinder(diagram.Object);
    finder.BlockTypes = "CCaller";
    results = find(finder);
    for result = results
        rptr = CCaller(result);
        rptr.IncludeAvailableFunctions = true;
        add(chapter,rptr);
    end
    add(rpt, chapter);
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties|mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph|
mlreportgen.report.BaseTable
```

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slreportgen.report.CFunction class

Package: slreportgen.report

C Function block reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.CFunction class to report on a C Function block.

By default, a CFunction object reports:

- A table that includes the **Description** parameter and any custom mask parameters
- A table that lists the contents of the **Symbols** parameter
- Sections for the C code defined by the **Output Code**, **Start Code**, and **Terminate Code** parameters

Use the object properties to exclude or modify the reported information.

Note To use a CFunction reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.CFunction class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

rptr = slreportgen.report.CFunction() creates a CFunction object with default property
values. You must specify the C Function block to report by setting the Object property. Use other
properties to specify report options.

rptr = slreportgen.report.CFunction(cFunctionBlock) specifies the C Function block to report and sets the Object property to cFunctionBlock.

rptr = slreportgen.report.CFunction(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value
arguments. For example, rptr =
slreportgen.report.CFunction(Object="slrgex_cfunction/C Function") sets the
Object property to "slrgex_cfunction/C Function". You can specify multiple name-value
arguments.

true

Properties

Object — Simulink C Function block to report

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | handle | slreportgen.report.BlockResult object

Simulink C Function block to report, specified as one of these values:

- A string scalar or character vector that contains the path of a C Function block
- A handle to a C Function block
- An slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object that represents the block.

Note If you use a finder to find C Function blocks and add the results directly to a report, the blocks are reported using slreportgen.report.CFunction reporters, instead of slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties reporters.

IncludeObjectProperties — Whether to include table of block parameters

true (default) | false

Whether to include a table of block parameters, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter generates a table that includes the **Description** parameter and any custom mask parameters, by default. The **Output Code**, **Start Code**, **Terminate Code**, and **Symbols** parameters are not included in this table because they are reported in separate sections. Use the **ObjectPropertiesReporter** property of this reporter to specify the parameters that the table includes or to customize the table format. If the parameters are empty, the reporter does not generate a table.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeSymbols — Whether to include symbols table

true (default) | false

Whether to include a table of the symbols used by the C Function block, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeOutputCode — Whether to include output code

true (default) | false

Whether to include the C code used to compute the outputs of the C Function block, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeStartCode — Whether to include start code

true (default) | false

Whether to include the C code used to compute the state of the C Function block at the start of the simulation, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeInitializeConditionsCode — Whether to include initialize code

true (default) | false

Whether to include initialization C code that executes whenever the C Function block is enabled, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the reporter includes the condition initialization code in the report. If the C Function block does not define condition initialization code, nothing is added to the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeTerminateCode — Whether to include terminate code

true (default) | false

Whether to include the C code that the C Function block executes when it terminates, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ObjectPropertiesReporter — Formatter for block properties table

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object

Formatter for the C Function block properties table, specified as an slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object. The default value of this property is an empty slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object. You can customize the appearance of the block properties table by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another SimulinkObjectProperties object. You can specify the properties to display in this table by using the Properties property of the SimulinkObjectProperties object. If Properties is empty, the reporter automatically determines which properties to display based on the C Function block parameters.

Attributes:

GetAccess public SetAccess public

SymbolsReporter — Formatter for symbols table

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Formatter for the table of symbols used by the C Function block, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is an empty BaseTable object with the StyleName property set to "CFunctionSymbolsTable". You can customize the appearance of the table of symbols by modifying the properties of the default object or

by replacing it with another BaseTable object. Any content added to the title property of the BaseTable object appears before the default generated table title in the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types:

CodeTitleFormatter — Paragraph formatter for code section titles

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph formatter for the titles of the output, start, and terminate code sections of the report, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value of this property is an empty Paragraph object with the StyleName property set to "CFunctionCodeTitle". You can customize the appearance of the code section titles by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another Paragraph object. Any content added to the Paragraph object in this property appears before the code titles in the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types:

CodeFormatter — Formatter for C code

mlreportgen.dom.Preformatted object

Formatter for the C code in the output, start and terminate code sections of the report, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Preformatted object. The default value of this property is an empty Preformatted object with StyleName set to "CFunctionCode". You can customize the appearance of the C code by modifying the properties of the default object or by replacing it with another Preformatted object. Any content added to the Preformatted object in this property appears before the formatted code in the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateSrc — Source of template for reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified in one of these ways:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the

TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateName — Name of template for reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template specified by the TemplateSrc property of this reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Methods

Public Methods	
slreportgen.report.CFunction.createTemplate	Create C Function block reporter template
slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter	Create subclass of slreportgen.report.CFunction class
slreportgen.report.CFunction.getClassFolder	Get location of folder that contains the
	slreportgen.report.CFunction class definition file
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and
	make deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report on a C Function Block

This example generates a report that includes information about a C Function block used in a model.

Import the Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Create a report.

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");

Load a model that has a C Function block.

```
model_name = "slrgex_cfunction";
cFcnObj = "slrgex_cfunction/C Function";
load system(model name);
```

Create a chapter reporter.

chapter = Chapter(cFcn0bj);

Create a C Function block reporter. By default, the reporter includes the **Output Code**, **Start Code**, **Terminate Code**, and **Symbols** parameters, as well as any other block parameters in the report. The **Terminate Code** parameter of the C Function block in this example is empty.

rptr = CFunction(cFcn0bj);

Add the C Function reporter to the chapter and chapter to the report.

```
append(chapter,rptr);
append(rpt,chapter);
```

Close and view the report.

close(rpt); close_system(model_name); rptview(rpt);

Here is the C Function block information in the report:

Version History

Introduced in R2021b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult | slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Simulink data dictionary reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class to report on a Simulink data dictionary. Create a DataDictionary object to report on a specific data dictionary. Alternatively, use an slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder object to find data dictionaries and use the getReporter method of an slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object to return the reporter for the result.

Note To use an slreportgen.report.DataDictionary reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary() creates a DataDictionary reporter object based on the default template. Use the reporter properties to specify a data dictionary and report options. You must specify the data dictionary to report. Adding an empty data dictionary reporter object to a report produces an error.

reporter = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary(dictionaryName) creates a
DataDictionary reporter object and sets the Dictionary property to the specified data dictionary.
Use the reporter properties to specify report options.

reporter = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties
using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Dictionary — Data dictionary to report

character vector | string scalar

true

Data dictionary to report, specified as a character vector or string scalar that contains the file name of a dictionary on the MATLAB path or the path and file name of a data dictionary. The path can be relative or absolute.

Example: "sldemo fuelsys dd.sldd"

Example: "myDictionaries/myDataDictionary.sldd"

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public public

SummaryProperties — Properties to report

```
["Name" "Value" "Class" "LastModified" "LastModifiedBy" "Status"
"DataSource"] (default) | string array | cell array of character vectors
```

Properties to report for each data dictionary entry in the summaries table, specified as a string array or cell array of character vectors. Valid properties are:

- Name
- Value
- Class
- LastModified
- LastModifiedBy
- Status
- DataSource

The Value entry contains the value if the data type is numeric scalar, logical scalar, string scalar, or character vector. Otherwise, the Value entry is See details.

Example: ["Name" "Value" "Class" "LastModified" "LastModifiedBy" "Status"
"DataSource"]

Example: { 'Name' 'Value' 'Class' }

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ShowDesignData — Whether to report Design Data section

true (default) | false

Whether to report the **Design Data** section of the data dictionary, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

ShowConfigurations — Whether to report Configurations section

false (default) | true

Whether to report the **Configurations** section of the data dictionary, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

ShowOtherData — Whether to report Other Data section

false (default) | true

Whether to report the **Other Data** section of the data dictionary, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

IncludeReferencedDictionaries — Whether to include referenced dictionaries true (default) | false

Whether to include the dictionaries that are referenced by the dictionary that this reporter reports, specified as true or false. The ReferencedDictionaryPolicy property determines how referenced dictionaries are reported.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

ReferencedDictionaryPolicy — Display policy for referenced dictionary

"SameTable" (default) | character vector | string scalar

Display policy for reporting a referenced dictionary, specified as one of these values:

- "SameTable" Report referenced dictionary entries in the same table as the main dictionary entries. The details are displayed in the order that they appear in the summary table. This value is the default value.
- "SeparateTables" Make a separate table for each referenced dictionary. The referenced dictionary summary tables are displayed immediately after the main summary table. The referenced dictionary details reporters are displayed after the main dictionary details reporters.
- "List" Report a list of referenced dictionaries. The list items link to separate data dictionary reporters. The links work only if you add the reporters for the referenced dictionaries to this report. The list appears in the Design Data section, immediately after the dictionary summary table. The dictionary summary table does not include the referenced dictionary entries. The details are not reported for the referenced dictionary entries.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

EntryFilterFcn — Data dictionary entry filter

[] (default) | function handle | string scalar | character vector

Data dictionary entry filter, specified as a function handle, string scalar, or character vector. If you do not provide EntryFilterFcn, all entries are included in the report.

If you provide a function handle, the associated function must:

- Take these arguments:
 - entryObject The Simulink.data.dictionary.Entry object
 - entryValue Value of the Simulink.data.dictionary.Entry object
- Return true to filter the specified entry from the report, or false to include the entry in the report.

For example, this code uses the EntryFilterFcn property to prevent reporting of entries that are Simulink.Parameter objects:

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
ddPath = which("slrgex_fuelsys.sldd");
ch = mlreportgen.report.Chapter("slrgex_fuelsys.sldd");
rptr = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary(ddPath);
filterFcnHandle = @(entryObject, entryValue) ...
isa(entryValue,"Simulink.Parameter");
rptr.EntryFilterFcn = filterFcnHandle;
append(ch,rptr);
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

If you provide a string scalar or a character vector, it must contain an expression. The expression:

- Can use the variables entryObject and entryValue
- Must set the variable isFiltered to true to filter the specified entry from the report, or false to include the entry in the report

For example, this code uses the EntryFilterFcn property to prevent reporting of entries that are Simulink.Bus objects:

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
ddPath = which("slrgex_fuelsys.sldd");
ch = mlreportgen.report.Chapter("slrgex_fuelsys.sldd");
rptr = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary(ddPath);
filterStr = "isFiltered = isa(entryValue,'Simulink.Bus');";
rptr.EntryFilterFcn = filterStr;
append(ch,rptr);
append(rpt,ch);
```

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

SummaryTableReporter — Formatter for entry summary tables

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Formatter for the entry summary tables, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the DataDictionaryTable style which is defined in the default template for a DataDictionary reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default BaseTable object or replace the object with a customized BaseTable reporter. If you add content to the Title property, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

DetailsReporter — Formatter for reporting design data and other data entry details mlreportgen.report.MATLABVariable object

Formatter for reporting the details of the entry values in the **Design Data** and **Other Data** sections of the data dictionary, specified as an mlreportgen.report.MATLABVariable object. The default value of this property is a MATLABVariable object with default property values. To customize the appearance of the entry details, modify the properties of the default MATLABVariable object or replace the object with your own MATLABVariable reporter. The Variable, Location, and LinkTarget properties of the MATLABVariable reporter are ignored.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ConfigurationReporter — Formatter for reporting configuration entry details

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration object

Formatter for reporting the details about the entry values in the **Configurations** section of a data dictionary, specified as an slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration object. The default value of this property is a ModelConfiguration object with default property values. To customize the appearance of the entry details, modify the properties of the default object or replace it with your own ModelConfiguration object. The Model and LinkTarget properties of the reporter are ignored.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ListFormatter — List formatter for referenced dictionary list

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object

List formatter for a referenced dictionary list, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object or mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The list formatter is used when the ReferencedDictionaryPolicy property is set to "List". The UnorderedList or OrderedList object must not contain list items.

The default value of this property is an UnorderedList object with the StyleName property set to the DataDictionaryList style, which is defined in the default template of a DataDictionary reporter. To customize the appearance of the list, modify the properties of the default UnorderedList object or replace the object with your own UnorderedList or OrderedList object.

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public public

TemplateSrc — Source of template for reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified in one of these ways:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateName — Name of template for reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template specified by the TemplateSrc property of this reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar

value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Methods

r
and
es

Examples

Report on Data Dictionary

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class to report on a Simulink data dictionary.

Import the MATLAB Report and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

Create a Simulink report.

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");

Specify the path of the data dictionary used by the model slrgex fuelsys.

ddPath = which("slrgex_fuelsys.sldd");

Create a chapter for the data dictionary information.

ch = Chapter("slrgex_fuelsys.sldd");

Create a reporter for the data dictionary.

rptr = DataDictionary(ddPath);

Append the reporter to the chapter and the chapter to the report.

```
append(ch,rptr);
append(rpt,ch);
```

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"What Is a Data Dictionary?" "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.Diagram class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Create diagram reporter

Description

Create a diagram reporter, including a diagram snapshot and caption, for a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

Note To use a Diagram reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.Diagram class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

diagram = Diagram() creates an empty diagram reporter. Set its properties to capture a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

diagram = Diagram(source) creates a diagram reporter for the Simulink or Stateflow diagram specified by source. Adding this reporter to a report creates a snapshot of the diagram. Then, the snapshot displays in the report as an image with a caption. The snapshot image is stored in the temporary folder of the report. When the report is closed, the snapshot image is copied into the report and then, the image is deleted from the temporary folder. To prevent the snapshot image file from being deleted, use the Debug property of the report. See slreportgen.report.Report

diagram = Diagram(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

source — Diagram snapshot image source

string | character vector

See the Source property.

Properties

Source — Diagram snapshot image source

string scalar | character vector | handle | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult | ...

Diagram snapshot image source, specified as one of these values.

- Name of an open or loaded Simulink model
- Path of a Simulink subsystem block that contains the Simulink diagram or Stateflow chart
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object
- Handle to a subsystem block containing a Simulink diagram or Stateflow chart
- Stateflow.Chart or Stateflow subchart object. Subcharts are graphical objects that can contain the same objects as a top-level chart, including other subcharts. Subcharts are commonly specified by a Stateflow.State, Stateflow.Function, or Stateflow.Box object.

Snapshot — Snapshot reporter

mlreportgen.report.FormalImage object

Snapshot reporter, set by default to an object of the mlreportgen.report.FormalImage class. You do not need to set this property yourself. The FormalImage object adds the diagram snapshot to a report. To control the size of the snapshot, set the mlreportgen.report.FormalImage properties.

SnapshotArea — Diagram area to capture in snapshot

[] (default) | 1-by-4 array of doubles

Diagram area to capture in the snapshot, specified as a 1-by-4 array of doubles. The first two values of the array are the x and y coordinates, in pixels, of the top left corner of the diagram area in the Simulink Editor coordinate space. The last two values are the width and height, in pixels. An empty array specifies the entire diagram.

You can set up the view that you want to capture in the Simulink Editor and then set the SnapshotArea property to the output of the slreportgen.utils.getCurrentEditorView function. For an example, see "Take Snapshot of Part of a Diagram" on page 7-55.

SnapshotFormat — Snapshot image format

'svg' (default) | ...

Snapshot image format, specified as a character vector or string scalar. Supported formats are:

- 'bmp' Bitmap image.
- 'gif' Graphics Interchange format.
- 'jpg' JPEG image.
- 'png' PNG image.
- 'emf' Enhanced metafile, supported only in DOCX output on Windows platforms.
- 'svg' Scalable Vector Graphics.
- 'tif' Tag Image File format, not supported in HTML output.
- 'pdf' PDF image.

See "Version History" on page 7-56.

HyperlinkDiagram — Hyperlinks of diagram elements

true (default) | false

Choice to include a hyperlink of each diagram element, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each element becomes a hyperlink to an object in the report that describes it. This property applies only to PDF and HTML reports. Hyperlinks allow you to navigate the report using Simulink and Stateflow charts.

The Diagram, SimulinkObjectProperties, and StateflowObjectProperties reporters work together to enable navigation using hyperlinks. Each reporter prefaces the report object it creates with a hyperlink target. The ID of that target is based on the path of the reported element in the model. The Diagram reporter also overlays elements of a diagram snapshot with hyperlinks to the corresponding element-based target ID. The report object to which a diagram element links depends on the element type.

- A diagram-based block (subsystem, chart, model) links to the diagram of the block.
- Other blocks link to textual block descriptions, typically block property tables.
- Masked subsystem blocks that have mask parameters link to the textual description of the block, such as the mask parameter tables. This linking to the textual descriptions is true only if the MaskedSystemLinkPolicy property of the Diagram reporter is set to 'block' or 'default'. Otherwise, the masked system block links to its diagram.
- Masked subsystem blocks that do not have mask parameters link to the diagram of the block.

To customize diagram-based navigation, create custom link targets based on target IDs generated by the slreportgen.utils.getObjectID utility function.

MaskedSystemLinkPolicy — Policy for masked system blocks hyperlinks targets character vector | string

Policy to determine the targets for the hyperlinks of masked system blocks, specified as one of these values.

- 'default' Masked system blocks that have parameters link to textual descriptions, such as mask parameter tables. Masked system blocks that do not have parameters link to the corresponding block diagram in the report.
- 'system' Masked system blocks link to their block diagram in the report.
- 'block' Masked system blocks link to their textual description, such as a table of masked parameters or subsystem parameters.

Scaling — Scaling options for diagram snapshot image

auto (default) | custom | zoom

Scaling options for diagram snapshot image, specified as the string, auto, custom, or zoom. Scaling controls size of the diagram snapshot image in the image file.

- auto For PDF or Word (docx) output, auto scales the diagram snapshot image to fit in the current page layout while maintaining its aspect ratio. First, the diagram snapshot image is scaled to the page width. If the image height exceeds the page height, then the image is again scaled down. This additional scaling assures that the image fits in the current page with an extra 1" spacing. The extra spacing allows for extra text, such as a caption. Scaling does not apply to HTML output.
- custom Scales the diagram snapshot image based on the values of the Height and Width properties
- zoom Enlarges or reduces the snapshot image size to the percent value specified by the Zoom property. To specify the maximum image height and maximum image width, use the MaxHeight and MaxWidth properties, respectively.

Note A java.lang.OutOfMemoryError can occur when either of these combinations of property settings occur:

- Scaling set to zoom, and Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth properties set to large values
- Scaling set to custom, and Height and Width properties set to large values

To avoid this error, for zoom Scaling, use smaller Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth property values. For custom Scaling, use smaller Height and Width property values. Using smaller values ensures that the diagram fits on the page.

Height — Height of snapshot image

character vector | string scalar

Height of snapshot image, specified as a character vector or string scalar that consists of a number followed by an abbreviation for a unit of measurement. For example, '2in' specifies two inches. Valid abbreviations are:

- px pixels (default)
- cm centimeters
- in inches
- mm millimeters
- pc picas
- pt points

Example: '2in'

Width — Width of snapshot image

character vector | string scalar

Width of snapshot image, specified as a character vector or string scalar that consists of a number followed by an abbreviation for a unit of measurement. For example, '2in' specifies two inches. Valid abbreviations are:

- px pixels (default)
- cm centimeters
- in inches
- mm millimeters
- pc picas
- pt points

Example: '3in'

Zoom — Amount to zoom diagram snapshot image

string

Amount to zoom the diagram snapshot image, specified as a string. The **Zoom** format is *value*%, where *value* is the percentage by which the diagram snapshot image is enlarged or reduced.

MaxHeight — Maximum height for zoom scaling

string

Maximum height for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if Scaling is set to zoom.

The MaxHeight format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

MaxWidth — Maximum width for zoom scaling

string

Maximum width for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if Scaling is set to zoom.

The MaxWidth format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.Diagram.createTemplate	Create diagram template
slreportgen.report.Diagram.customizeReporter	Create custom diagram reporter class
slreportgen.report.Diagram.getClassFolder	Diagram class definition file location
getSnapshotImage	Diagram snapshot image file location
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make
	deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

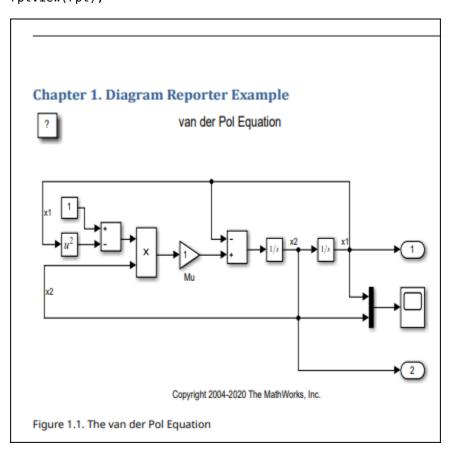
Examples

Add Top Level of Model Diagram

Add a snapshot of the top level of the vdp model to a report.

```
load_system("slrgex_vdp")
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Diagram Reporter Example";
diagram = Diagram("slrgex_vdp");
diagram.Snapshot.Caption = "The van der Pol Equation";
diagram.SnapshotFormat = "svg";
diagram.Snapshot.Height = "4in";
add(chapter,diagram);
add(rpt,chapter);
```

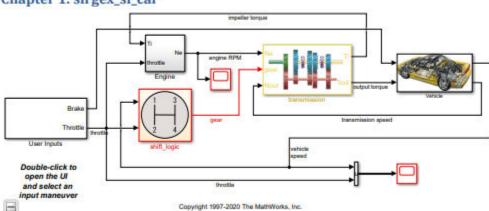
```
rptview(rpt);
```



Add Hyperlinked Diagram to a Report

Create a PDF report and add diagram snapshots of the root system and a subsystem from the slrgex_sf_car model to it. Add a hyperlink to the transmission subsystem and add a paragraph as the target for that link.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
import mlreportgen.dom.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
chapter = Chapter('slrgex sf car');
load system('slrgex sf car');
diag1 = Diagram('slrgex sf car');
diag1.Snapshot.Caption = 'Root System: slrgex_sf_car';
add(chapter,diag1);
add(chapter,PageBreak);
diag2 = Diagram('slrgex_sf_car/Engine');
diag2.Snapshot.Caption = 'Subsystem: slrgex_sf_car/Engine';
add(chapter,diag2);
add(chapter, PageBreak);
para = Paragraph('Custom target for slrgex sf car/transmission');
id = getObjectID('slrgex sf car/transmission');
append(para,mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget(id));
add(chapter,para);
add(chapter,PageBreak);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```



Chapter 1. slrgex_sf_car

Figure 1.1. Root System: slrgex_sf_car

Take Snapshot of Part of a Diagram

Use the SnapshotArea property to specify the area of the diagram to capture in the snapshot. This example sets up the view in the Simulink Editor and then sets the SnapshotArea property to that view by calling slreportgen.utils.getCurrentEditorView.

Open the model.

f14

In the Simulink Editor, display the part of the diagram that you want to capture in the snapshot. Get the current Simulink Editor view area by calling slreportgen.utils.getCurrentEditorView.

```
editorViewArea = getCurrentEditorView();
```

Create the report and diagram reporter. Set the diagram snapshot area to the current editor viewing area. Add the diagram reporter to the report.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import Slreportgen.utils.*
rpt = Report('output','pdf');
diag = Diagram('f14');
diag.SnapshotArea = editorViewArea;
add(rpt, diag);
```

```
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

R2019b: Default value of SnapshotFormat is 'svg' for all report types Behavior chanaed in R2019b

Starting in R2019b, Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) images are supported for Word reports. For all report types (HTML, PDF, and Word), the default value of the SnapshotFormat property is 'svg' and a value of 'auto' indicates 'svg'. In previous releases, the default value of the SnapshotFormat property was 'auto', which indicated 'svg' for HTML and PDF reports and 'emf' or 'png' for Word reports, depending on the platform.

Word reports that contain SVG images require Word 2016 or a later version. In MATLAB R2019b or a later release, to generate a report with images that are compatible with earlier versions of Word, set the SnapshotFormat property to a value other than 'svg'. To specify the image format used by default in earlier releases of MATLAB, set SnapshotFormat to:

- 'emf' for a Windows platform
- 'png' for a UNIX[®] or Mac platform

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder | slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
```

slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder | slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder |
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.DocBlock class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

DocBlock reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.DocBlock class to report on a DocBlock block.

Note To use a DocBlock reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The reporter includes the DocBlock content in a report in one of these ways:

- Includes the actual content in the report
- Saves the content to an external file and adds a link to the file in the report
- Embeds the content as a file in the report and adds a link to the embedded file

The table shows when the reporter includes, links to, or embeds the content, depending on the DocBlock content type, the report type, and the values of the ConvertHTML and EmbedFile properties.

DocBlock	Report Type		EmbedFile	R	eport Contair	าร
Content Type		ML Property		DocBlock Content	External Link to DocBlock Content File	Link to Embedded DocBlock Content File
text	HTML	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
text	HTML-FILE	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
text	Word	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
text	PDF	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	HTML	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	HTML-FILE	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	PDF	true	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	PDF	false	true	no	no	yes
HTML	PDF	false	false	no	yes	no
HTML	Word	true	N/A	yes	no	no
HTML	Word	false	N/A	no	yes	no
RTF	PDF	N/A	true	no	no	yes
RTF	PDF	N/A	false	no	yes	no

	Report Type			EmbedFile	R	eport Contair	าร
Content Type		ML Property	Property	DocBlock Content	External Link to DocBlock Content File	Link to Embedded DocBlock Content File	
RTF	Word	N/A	N/A	yes	no	no	
RTF	HTML	N/A	true	no	no	yes	
RTF	HTML	N/A	false	no	yes	no	
RTF	HTML-FILE	N/A	N/A	no	yes	no	

Note To unlink subdocuments in a Microsoft Word report that contains a DocBlock of type RTF, use the function docview with the "unlinkdocxsubdoc" and "savedoc" arguments:

docview(docxReportFile,"unlinkdocxsubdoc","savedoc");

The slreportgen.report.DocBlock class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

rptr = slreportgen.report.DocBlock() creates an empty DocBlock reporter based on a default template. Customize the content and format of the generated content by using the reporter properties. Before you add the reporter to a report, you must specify the DocBlock in the Object property of the reporter. Adding an empty reporter to a report produces an error.

rptr = slreportgen.report.DocBlock(docBlockObj) creates a DocBlock reporter for the DocBlock specified by docBlockObj, which can be a DocBlock path or handle. See the Object property.

rptr = slreportgen.report.DocBlock(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties using namevalue pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — Simulink DocBlock block

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | handle

Simulink DocBlock block, specified as a string scalar or character vector that contains the path to a DocBlock or as a handle to a DocBlock block.

true

Note If you use a finder to find DocBlock blocks and add the results directly to a report, DocBlock reporters are used to report on the DocBlock blocks rather than Simulink object property reporters.

ImportTextInline — Whether to import text content in line

false (default) | true

Whether to import plain text content in line, specified as true or false. If ImportTextInline is false, before the reporter appends the content to a hole, it wraps the content in one or more paragraphs, depending on the value of the TexSep property. Set ImportTextInline to true to append DocBlock text content to a hole in a paragraph (an inline hole).

TextSep — Separator for delimiting paragraphs in text content

"Ignore" (default) | "LineFeed" | "BlankLine"

Separator used to delimit paragraphs in plain text content, specified as one of the values in the table. You can specify the value as a string scalar or a character vector.

Value	Description
"Ignore"	Wrap text in a single paragraph regardless of whether it contains separators. (default)
	If a text segment ends with a line feed, wrap it in a paragraph.
"BlankLine"	If a text segment ends with a blank line, wrap it in a paragraph.

ConvertHTML — Whether to include HTML content

true (default) | false

Whether to include HTML content, specified as true or false. This property applies only to Word and PDF reports.

If the value is true, HTML content is converted to DOM objects and appended to a report.

If the value is false:

- For a PDF report, the report embeds the content or includes an external link to the content, depending on the value of the EmbedFile property.
- For a Word report, the report includes an external link to the content.

If the report is an HTML or HTML file report, the HTML content is included in the report, regardless of the value of the ConvertHTML property.

EmbedFile — Whether to embed the content

false (default) | true

Whether to embed the content of a DocBlock block in the generated report, specified as true or false. This property applies only to HTML or RTF content with PDF reports and to RTF content with HTML reports. If the value is true, the reporter embeds the DocBlock content in the report and inserts a hyperlink to the embedded file.

ParagraphFormatter — Paragraph formatter for plain text

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph

Paragraph formatter object that formats plain text if the ImportTextInline property is false, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The initial value of the ParagraphFormatter property is an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with default property values. To customize the appearance of the paragraph, modify the mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object properties or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. If you add content to the default or replacement paragraph object, the content appears in front of the DocBlock content in the generated report.

TextFormatter — Text formatter for plain text

mlreportgen.dom.Text

Text formatter object that formats plain text if the ImportTextInline property is true, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Text object. The initial value of the TextFormatter property is an mlreportgen.dom.Text object with default property values. To customize the appearance of the text, modify the mlreportgen.dom.Text object properties or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Text object. If you add content to the default or replacement paragraph object, the content appears in front of the DocBlock content in the generated report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.createTemplate	Create DocBlock reporter template
slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter	Create custom DocBlock reporter class
slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getClassFolder	Get location of DocBlock reporter class definition file
slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getDocBlockFile	Get path of content file for DocBlock reporter
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

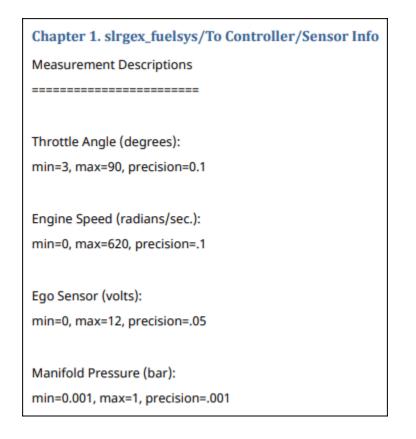
Examples

Include DocBlock Content in a Report

Include the content from the Sensor Info DocBlock of the slrgex_fuelsys model in a report by adding a DocBlock reporter to the report. Specify that paragraphs in the DocBlock are delimited by a linefeed.

```
% Import the API package
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
% Load the model
model name = "slrgex fuelsys";
load_system(model_name);
docBlock = "slrgex fuelsys/To Controller/Sensor Info";
% Create a report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
% Create a chapter reporter
chapter = Chapter(docBlock);
% Create a DocBlock reporter
% Specify that paragraphs are delimited by a linefeed
rptr = DocBlock(docBlock);
rptr.TextSep = "LineFeed";
% Add the DocBlock reporter to the chapter
% Add the chapter to the report
add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt, chapter);
% Close and view the output report
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Here is the content from the Sensor Info DocBlock in the generated report:



Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|DocBlock|slreportgen.utils.isDocBlock

Topics

"Reporting on DocBlock Blocks" on page 4-37 "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Element diagram snapshot and caption reporter

Description

Create a Simulink or Stateflow element diagram reporter. When added to a report, the ElementDiagram reporter creates a snapshot of an element. The reporter adds the snapshot to the report in the form of an image with a caption. Use the "Source" on page 7-0 property to specify the desired element.

Note To use an ElementDiagram reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

diagram = ElementDiagram() creates an empty element diagram reporter. Set its properties to capture a Simulink or Stateflow element snapshot.

diagram = ElementDiagram(source) creates a diagram reporter for an element of a block diagram or chart specified by source. Adding this reporter to a report creates a snapshot of the element's diagram and adds the snapshot, with a caption, to the report. The snapshot image file is stored in the report's temporary folder. When the report is closed, the image file is copied into the report and the temporary folder is deleted. To prevent the deletion, use the Debug property of the report. See mlreportgen.report.Report.

Input Arguments

source – Diagram element source

character vector | string scalar | handle | object | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
object

See the Source on page 7-0 property.

Properties

Source – Diagram element source

character vector | string scalar | handle | object | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
object

Diagram element source, specified as one of these values:

- Character vector or string scalar that contains the path to a Simulink block or Stateflow chart $\ensuremath{\mathsf{block}}$
- Handle to a Simulink block or Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow object
- Simulink Identifier (SID) of a block, annotation, or Stateflow object
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object

Note Simulink.Port objects are not valid sources for this reporter.

Snapshot — Snapshot reporter

mlreportgen.report.FormalImage object

Snapshot reporter, set by default to an object of the mlreportgen.report.FormalImage class. You do not need to set this property yourself. The FormalImage object adds the element diagram snapshot to a report. To control the size of the snapshot, set its mlreportgen.report.FormalImage properties.

SnapshotFormat — Snapshot image format

'svg' (default) | ...

Snapshot image format, specified as a character vector or string scalar. Supported formats are:

- 'bmp' Bitmap image.
- 'gif' Graphics Interchange format.
- 'jpg' JPEG image.
- 'png' PNG image.
- 'emf' Enhanced metafile, supported only in DOCX output on Windows platforms.
- 'svg' Scalable Vector Graphics.
- 'tif' Tag Image File format, not supported in HTML output.
- 'pdf' PDF image.

See "Version History" on page 7-70.

Scaling — Options for scaling a diagram element image

string | character vector

Options for scaling a diagram element image, specified as a string or character vector. Valid scaling options are:

- auto For PDF or Word (docx) output, auto scales the element image to fit on a page while
 maintaining its aspect ratio. First, the element image is scaled to the page width. If the image
 height exceeds the page height, the image is again scaled down. This additional scaling ensures
 that the image fits the current page with a 1" margin. The margin allows space for a caption.
 Scaling does not apply to HTML output.
- custom Sets the element image height and width to the values of this reporter's Height and Width properties.

• zoom — Enlarges or reduces the element image size to the percent value specified by this reporter's Zoom property. To specify the maximum image height and maximum image width, use the MaxHeight and MaxWidth properties, respectively.

Note A java.lang.OutOfMemoryError can occur when either of these combinations of property settings occur:

- Scaling set to zoom, and Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth properties set to large values
- Scaling set to custom, and Height and Width properties set to large values

To avoid this error, for zoom Scaling, use smaller Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth property values. For custom Scaling, use smaller Height and Width property values. Using smaller values ensures that the diagram fits on the page.

Height — Height of diagram element

string

Height to set diagram element image, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to custom.

The Height format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. The table shows the valid *Units* abbreviations.

Units	Units Abbreviation
pixels	px
centimeters	CM
inches	in
millimeters	mm
picas	pc
points	pt

Width — Width of diagram element image

string

Width to set diagram element image, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to custom.

The Width format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

Zoom — Amount to zoom diagram element image

string

Amount to zoom the diagram element image, specified as a string. The **Zoom** format is *value*%, where *value* is the percentage by which the diagram element image is enlarged or reduced.

MaxHeight — Maximum height for zoom scaling

string

Maximum height for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to zoom. The MaxHeight format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an

abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See this reporter's Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

MaxWidth — Maximum width for zoom scaling

string

Maximum width for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to zoom. The MaxWidth format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See this reporter's Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTemplate	Create element diagram template
slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter	Create custom element diagram reporter
	class
slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClassFolder	Element diagram class definition file
	location
getSnapshotImage	Element diagram snapshot image file
	location

copy

Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values Get implementation of reporter

getImpl

Examples

Add Element Diagram and Caption

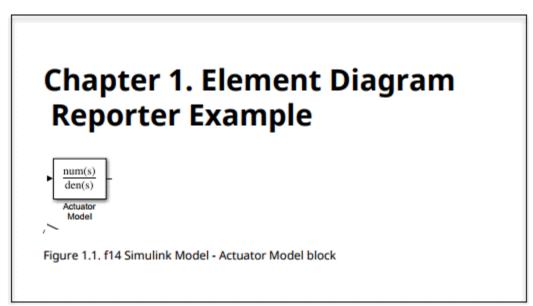
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
load_system('f14')
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
open(rpt)
chap = Chapter();

chap.Title = "Element Diagram Reporter Example"; diag = ElementDiagram("fl4/Actuator Model");

diag = ElementDiagram("f14/Actuator Model"); diag.Snapshot.Caption = "f14 Simulink Model - Actuator Model block";

add(chap,diag) add(rpt,chap)

close(rpt) rptview(rpt)



Add Element Diagrams and Property Tables

load_system('f14')
modelsys = "f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
open(rpt)
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Element Snapshots";

diag = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram(modelsys);
add (chapter,diag)

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(modelsys);
blks = find(blkfinder);
for blk = blks
    blkDiag = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram...
        (blk.Object);
    blkDiag.Snapshot.Caption = strcat(blk.DiagramPath,...
        "/", blk.Name);
    add(chapter,blkDiag) % Add diagram element image
    add(chapter,blk) % Add property table
end
add(cnt_chapter)
```

```
add(rpt,chapter)
close(rpt)
rptview(rpt)
```

	inapshots	
Elevator Deflection d (deg)		
Vertical Velocity w (ft/sec)		
► Vertical Gust wGust (ft/sec)		
Pitch Rate q (rad/sec) - Rotary Gust qGust (rad/sec)		
Aircraft Dynamics		
Model		
()—		
Elevator Deflection		
d (deg)		
Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elev		perti
Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Ele Property	Value	perti
Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Ele Property Type	Value Block	perti
Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Ele Property Type Block Type	Value Block Inport	perti
Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Ele Property Type Block Type Port number	Value Block Inport 1	perti
Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Ele Property Type Block Type Port number Port dimensions (-1 for inherited)	Value Block Inport 1 -1	perti
^{d (deg)} Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Ele Property Type Block Type Port number Port number Port dimensions (-1 for inherited) Sample time (-1 for inherited) Data type	Value Block Inport 1	perti

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

R2019b: Default value of SnapshotFormat is 'svg' for all report types

Behavior changed in R2019b

Starting in R2019b, Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) images are supported for Word reports. For all report types (HTML, PDF, and Word), the default value of the SnapshotFormat property is 'svg' and a value of 'auto' indicates 'svg'. In previous releases, the default value of the SnapshotFormat property was 'auto', which indicated 'svg' for HTML and PDF reports and 'emf' or 'png' for Word reports, depending on the platform.

Word reports that contain SVG images require Word 2016 or a later version. In MATLAB R2019b or a later release, to generate a report with images that are compatible with earlier versions of Word, set the SnapshotFormat property to a value other than 'svg'. To specify the image format used by default in earlier releases of MATLAB, set SnapshotFormat to:

- 'emf' for a Windows platform
- 'png' for a UNIX or Mac platform

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|
slreportgen.report.Report|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

System task and block execution order reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder class to report the tasks of a model or nonvirtual subsystem and the blocks in each task, sorted by execution order. By default, an ExecutionOrder reporter generates:

- A table of task names and properties
- A list of the blocks in each task

Conditionally executed blocks, such as subsystems triggered by a function call or an If block, are not displayed in the block execution order list. Instead, these blocks are displayed in a Conditional Execution table that follows the block execution order list. The table lists the conditionally executed blocks and the blocks that trigger their execution.

Use the ExecutionOrder reporter properties to filter the reported content and customize the content formatting.

Note To use an slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass. An ExecutionOrder reporter does not generate content if it is added to an slreportgen.report.Report object that has the CompileModelBeforeReporting set to false.

The slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder() creates an empty ExecutionOrder reporter object based on the default template. You must specify a model or subsystem for which to report the execution order by setting the Object property. Use other properties to specify report options.

reporter = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder(system) creates an ExecutionOrder
reporter and sets the Object property to the specified model or subsystem.

true

reporter = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties
using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — Model or nonvirtual subsystem block to report

```
[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | handle | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult
```

Model or nonvirtual subsystem block to report, specified as one of these types of values:

- Character vector or string scalar containing the path of the model or subsystem
- Handle to the model or subsystem
- An slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object
- An slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object

Specifying a BlockResult or DiagramResult that represents an unloaded model or a virtual subsystem results in an error.

ShowTaskDetails — Whether to include a task details table

true (default) | false

Whether to include a task details table, specified as true or false. If ShowTaskDetails is true, the reporter generates a table that displays names and properties of tasks in the specified system.

Data Types: logical

ShowBlockExecutionOrder — Whether to include block execution order lists

true (default) | false

Whether to include block execution order lists, specified as true or false. If ShowBlockEecutionOrder is true, the reporter includes a list of blocks, sorted in order of execution, for each task in the system. Conditionally executed blocks, such as subsystems triggered by a function call or If block, are not displayed in the execution order list. Instead, these blocks are displayed in a Conditional Execution table that follows the block execution order list. The table lists the conditionally executed blocks and the blocks that trigger their execution.

Data Types: logical

TaskProperties — Properties to report for task

["Order" "Name" "Type" "Trigger" "TaskID" "SourceBlock"] (default) | string array | cell array of character vectors

Properties to report for each system task, specified as a string array or cell array of character vectors. By default, all properties are included. Valid properties are:

- Order Place of the task in the task execution order at each time step. For Asynchronous and Constant tasks, this property is reported as N/A.
- Name Name of the task.
- Type Type of the task, for example, Periodic, Aperiodic, Asynchronous, or Constant.
- Trigger Rate at which periodic tasks execute or the list of times at which aperiodic tasks execute.

- TaskID Task index in the specified system.
- SourceBlock Block that defines the task.

Example: ["Order" "Name" "Type" "Trigger" "TaskID" "SourceBlock"]
Example: {'Order' 'Name' 'Type'}

ShowEmptyColumns — Whether to show empty columns in task details table false (default) | true

Whether to show empty columns in the task details table, specified as true or false. If ShowEmptyColumns is true, the task details table includes columns that do not have any data.

Data Types: logical

ShowBlockType — Whether to show the block type in execution order lists true (default) | false

Whether to show the type of each block in the block execution order lists, specified as true or false. If ShowBlocktype is true, the reporter includes the type of each block next to the block name in the execution order lists.

Data Types: logical

ShowHiddenBlocks — Whether to show blocks created at compile time

true (default) | false

Whether to show blocks created at compile time, specified as true or false. If ShowHiddenBlocks is true, the reporter includes blocks that Simulink inserts when the model is compiled. If ShowHiddenBlocks is false, the reporter includes only user-added blocks.

Data Types: logical

IncludeSubsystemBlocks — Whether to reference block lists of nonvirtual subsystems true (default) | false

Whether to reference block lists of nonvirtual subsystems, specified as true or false. If IncludeSubsystemBlocks is true, the reporter includes references to nonvirtual subsystem blocks. The SubsystemBlocksDisplayPolicy property determines how the nonvirtual subsystem blocks are referenced.

Data Types: logical

SubsystemBlocksDisplayPolicy — Policy for referencing execution order lists of blocks in nonvirtual subsystems

"Link" (default) | "NestedList"

Policy for referencing execution order lists of blocks that are in nonvirtual subsystems, specified as one of these string scalars or character vectors:

• "Link" — (default) A link to a separate block execution order list for the subsystem is inserted next to the subsystem name. The link works only if the report generation program that includes this reporter also includes a separate ExecutionOrder reporter for the subsystem. For each task that includes the subsystem in a multitasking model, the link goes to the block execution order list for the corresponding task reported by the subsystem ExecutionOrder reporter. No link is inserted for MATLAB Function block subsystems. • "NestedList" — Subsystem blocks are displayed as a nested list.

TaskFilterFcn — Function or expression to filter system tasks

[] (default) | function handle | string scalar | character vector

Function or expression to filter system tasks from a report, specified as a function handle, string scalar, or character vector. Specify a function as a function handle. Specify an expression as a string scalar or character vector. If TaskFilterFcn is empty, all tasks are included in the report.

If you provide a function handle, the associated function must:

- Take these arguments:
 - taskName Name of the task.
 - taskType Type of the task.
 - trigger Sample time or hit times of the task. If the hit times for an aperiodic task are specified as an expression, trigger is a string that contains the expression to be evaluated.
 - sourceBlock— Block that defines the task.
- Return true to filter the specified task from the report, or false to include the task in the report.

For example, this code uses the TaskFilterFcn property to report only periodic tasks:

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model name = "slrgex_vdp";
load system(model name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("ExecutionOrder example", "html");
finder = DiagramFinder(model name);
ch = Chapter("Diagrams");
while hasNext(finder)
   result = next(finder);
   % Only report block diagrams and nonvirtual subsystems
   || strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.BlockDiagram")
       sect = Section(result.Name);
       append(sect, result);
       % Create ExecutionOrder reporter and add to report
       rptr = ExecutionOrder(result);
       % Filter all but periodic tasks
       filterFcnHandle = @(taskName, taskType, trigger, sourceBlock) ...
           ~strcmpi(taskType, "Periodic");
       rptr.TaskFilterFcn = filterFcnHandle;
       append(sect,rptr);
       append(ch,sect);
   end
end
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt):
```

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

If you provide a string scalar or a character vector, it must contain an expression. The expression:

- Can use the variables taskName, taskType, trigger, and sourceBlock
- Must set the variable isFiltered to true to filter the specified task from the report, or false to include the task in the report

For example, this code uses the TaskFilterFcn property to report only periodic tasks:

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model name = "slrgex vdp";
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("ExecutionOrder_example", "html");
finder = DiagramFinder(model name);
ch = Chapter("Diagrams"):
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    % Only report block diagrams and nonvirtual subsystems
    if (strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.SubSystem")...
            && strcmpi(get param(result.Object, "IsSubsystemVirtual"), "off")) ...
            || strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.BlockDiagram")
        sect = Section(result.Name);
        append(sect, result);
        % Create ExecutionOrder reporter and add to report
        rptr = ExecutionOrder(result);
        % Filter all but periodic tasks
        % Code string to include only asynchronous tasks
        filterStr = "isFiltered = ~strcmpi(taskType, ""Periodic"");";
        rptr.TaskFilterFcn = filterStr;
        append(sect,rptr);
        append(ch,sect);
    end
end
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

TableReporter — Formatter for task details table

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Formatter for the task details table, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the ExecutionOrderTable style, which is defined in the default template for an ExecutionOrder reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default BaseTable object or replace the object with your own BaseTable object. If you add content to the Title property of the BaseTable object, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ListFormatter — Formatter for block execution order lists

mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object | mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object

Formatter for the block execution order lists, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object or mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object. The OrderedList or UnorderedList object must not contain list items.

The default value of this property is an OrderedList object with the StyleName property set to the ExecutionOrderList style, which is defined in the default template for an ExecutionOrder reporter. To customize the appearance of the list, modify the properties of the default OrderedList object or replace the object with a your own OrderedList or UnorderedList object.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.createTemplate	Create execution order reporter template
slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter	Create custom execution order reporter class
slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.getClassFolder	Get location of execution order reporter
	class definition file
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object
	and make deep copies of certain property
	values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report System Tasks and Task Blocks in Execution Order

For each block diagram or virtual subsystem of the slrgex_vdp model, report the system tasks and the blocks in each task, in execution order.

Import the MATLAB and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Open the model and create a report.

```
model_name = 'slrgex_vdp';
load_system(model_name);
```

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("ExecutionOrder_example","pdf");
```

Create a finder to find all of the diagrams in the model. Create a Diagrams chapter.

```
finder = DiagramFinder(model_name);
ch = Chapter("Diagrams");
```

For each diagram that is a block diagram or a nonvirtual subsystem, report the system tasks and blocks in execution order, using the default values of the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder reporter properties.

```
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    if (strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.SubSystem") &&...
        strcmpi(get_param(result.Object, "IsSubsystemVirtual"), "off")) ...
        || strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.BlockDiagram")
        sect = mlreportgen.report.Section(result.Name);
        append(sect,result);
        rptr = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder(result);
        append(sect,rptr);
        append(ch,sect);
    end
end
```

inu

Append the chapter to the report. Close and view the report.

```
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.LookupTable class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Lookup table block reporter

Description

Create a Simulink lookup table block reporter_ See the Object property for a list of supported blocks.

Note To use a LookupTable reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.LookupTable class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

rptr = LookupTable() creates an empty LookupTable block reporter based on a default template. Use its properties to specify the lookup table block on which to report and specify report options.

rptr = LookupTable(lutobj) creates a LookupTable block reporter for the lookup table block specified by lutobj. By default, the reporter generates a table and a plot of output values versus breakpoints, and a data types table.

rptr = LookupTable(Name=Value) sets LookupTable reporter properties using name-value
pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

lutobj — Lookup table block object

path | handle

See the Object property.

Properties

Object — Lookup table block

path | handle

Lookup table block to report on, specified as the path or handle of the block.

These lookup table blocks are supported.

• 1-D Lookup Table

- 2-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- Interpolation Using Prelookup
- Direct Lookup Table (n-D)
- Lookup Table Dynamic

Note If you use a finder to find a Lookup Table block and add it directly to a report, this LookupTable reporter is used rather than a Simulink object property reporter.

IncludeTable — Include table of lookup table data

true (default) | false

Whether to include a table of lookup table data, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes a table that lists output values and breakpoints of the lookup table.

For a 1-D lookup table, the data table lists the breakpoints in the first column of the table. The second column lists the corresponding output values.

For a 2-D or greater dimension lookup table, the data table lists the first set of breakpoints in the first row of the table. It lists the second set of breakpoints in the first column. The output appears in the corresponding table cells. For lookup tables greater than 2-D, the LookupTable report generator shows slices of the table as separate output versus breakpoint tables.

IncludePlot — Include lookup table data plot

true (default) | false

Whether to include a lookup table data plot, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes a plot of the output values versus the breakpoints of the lookup table block.

For a 1-D lookup table, the plot is a line plot of output values versus breakpoints.

For 2-D tables and slices, the plot is a surface or mesh plot of output values versus breakpoints. Use the PlotType property to specify whether to use a surface or mesh plot.

PlotType — Plot type for 2-D lookup table data plot

'Surface Plot' (default) | 'Mesh Plot'

Plot type for a 2-D lookup table data plot, specified as either a character array ('Surface Plot' or 'Mesh Plot') or string ("Surface Plot" or "Mesh Plot").

DataReporter — Lookup table data reporter

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Lookup table data reporter, specified as a **BaseTable** reporter or custom reporter. The **LookupTable** reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of lookup table data.

To customize the appearance of the table of lookup table data, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom version of the BaseTable reporter.

To customize the title of the table of lookup table data, specify the contents in the Title property of the default or replacement reporter. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default title. If the lookup table is too wide to fit legibly on a page, use the MaxCols property of the

DataReporter to generate the table as a set of slices that fit legibly. To determine an optimal value, iterate setting the MaxCols value and viewing the report .

Example: lutable.DataReporter.Title = 'New Title'

PlotReporter — Lookup table data plot reporter

Figure reporter (default) | custom reporter

Lookup table data plot reporter, specified as a Figure reporter or custom reporter. The LookupTable reporter uses the specified reporter to create a plot of output values versus breakpoints of the lookup table.

To customize the appearance of the plot of the lookup table data, customize the default Figure reporter or replace it with a custom version of the Figure reporter. To customize the caption of the plot, specify the contents in the Caption property of the default or replacement reporter. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default caption.

MaxTableColumns — Maximum table columns to display

inf (default) | integer

Maximum number of table columns to display for the output values versus breakpoints, specified as inf or an integer. This property applies only if the IncludeTable property is true.

If the number of lookup table columns is greater than the value of this property, the data is shown only as a surface plot. The plot appears only if the IncludePlot property is true.

The default value of this property is inf, which causes the reporter to use a table regardless of the size of the lookup table data array. Depending on the size of the data being displayed, some tables can be illegible. To avoid creation of illegible tables, change the default setting of this property to a smaller value.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen, dom, LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.createTemplate	Create Simulink lookup table block reporter
	template
slreportgen.report.LookupTable.customizeReporter	Create custom LookupTable reporter class
slreportgen.report.LookupTable.getClassFolder	Lookup Table reporter class definition file
	location
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and
	make deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Customize LookupTable Reporter Output

This example shows how to add fixed content to a customized HTML LookupTable reporter template. You can also customize your lookup table report output by editing the report generator program directly. The advantage of customizing a template is that you can reuse it as a basis for customizing another report generator program.

The template and style sheets for the LookupTable reporter are located in the matlab\toolbox \shared\slreportgen\rpt\rpt\+slreportgen\+report\@LookupTable\resources \templates folder. You do not need to specify this path when you copy the default template.

1 Create a copy of the default html template. In this example, the template package is saved as a zipped file named CustomTemplate.htmtx in the current working folder.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

LookupTable.createTemplate('CustomTemplate', 'html');

2 Unzip the template package.

```
unzipTemplate('CustomTemplate.htmtx');
```

The unzipped template package is a folder of document, style sheet, and image files. In this example, the unzipped folder of files is named CustomTemplate and is saved in the current working folder. The root.css file, which is in the stylesheets subfolder, defines the styles that control the appearance and formatting of the generated report. The docpart templates.html file specifies the holes that hold the report contents when the report is generated.

3 From the CustomTemplate folder, open the docpart templates.html file in a text editor outside of MATLAB.

```
<html>
  <head>
    <meta charset="utf-8" />
    <title>Document Part Templates</title>
    <link rel="StyleSheet" href="./stylesheets/root.css" type="text/css" />
  </head> <body>
    <dplibrary>
      <!-- NOTE: temporary in the template library until the -->
          DOM supports a source without template name -->
      <dptemplate name="LookupTable">
         <hole id="Content">LUT_CONTENT</hole>
<hole id="LUTDataTypes">DATA_TYPE</hole>
         <hole id="FootNoteContent">LUT_FOOTNOTE_CONTENT</hole>
      </dotemplate>
      <dptemplate name="LookupTableContent">
         <hole id="TableContent">TABLECONTENT</hole>
         <hole id="FigureContent">FIGURECONTENT</hole>
      </dptemplate>
    </dplibrary>
  </body>
</html>
```

4 To add fixed text to the template, place it in the desired location and use standard HTML tagging. This example adds text that appears above the data types table in the generated report. Only the <dptemplate name="LookupTable"> portion of the file is shown.

- **5** Save the file.
- 6 At the MATLAB command line, zip the template folder into a template package. For this example, the template package is zipped to the CustomTemplate.htmtx file.

zipTemplate('CustomTemplate');

7 To use the saved template for your report, specify the template source in your report generator program.

lutable = LookupTable(); lutable.TemplateSrc = 'CustomTemplate';

Change Lookup Table Plot Height and Width

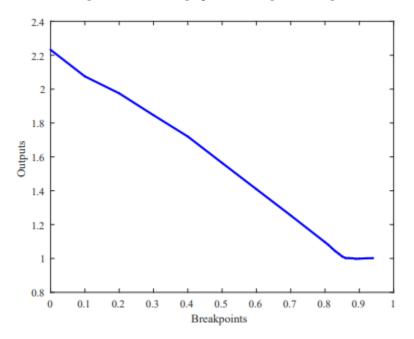
Create a PDF report generator that specifies the plot height and width returned by the LookupTable reporter. This example uses the slrgex_sf_car model and reports on its Torque ratio Lookup Table (n-D) block. This block is a 1-D lookup table and is in the transmission/Torque Converter subsystem of the slrgex_sf_car model. To set the height and width of the plot, use the PlotReporter property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name);
lutable = 'slrgex_sf_car/transmission/Torque Converter/Torque ratio';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(lutable);
rptr = LookupTable(lutable);
```

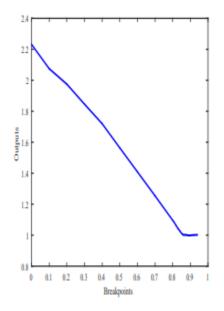
```
rptr.IncludeTable = false;
add(chapter,rptr);
rptr_resized = LookupTable(lutable);
rptr_resized.IncludeTable = false;
rptr_resized.PlotReporter.Snapshot.Width = '3in';
rptr_resized.PlotReporter.Snapshot.Height = '4in';
add(chapter,rptr_resized);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt) ;
close_system(model_name)
```

rptview(rpt);

The default plot on the first page of the report uses predefined sizing to fit the plot to the page size.



The resized plot on the second page of the report uses the specified 3" width and 4" height.



Report on Lookup Table Block

Create a PDF report generator that reports on a lookup table block. This example uses the slrgex_sf_car model and reports on its engine torque Lookup Table (n-D) block. This block is a 2-D lookup table. The engine torque block is in the Engine subsystem of the slrgex_sf_car model. The report, by default, includes a table of output values versus breakpoints, a surface plot, a table of block data types, and notes about possible differences between reported values and values obtained from simulation.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name);
lutable = 'slrgex_sf_car/Engine/engine torque';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(lutable);
rptr = LookupTable(lutable);
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt)
```

Chapter 1. slrgex_sf_car/Engine/engine torque

							BP2					
		800.000 0	1200	1.6000e +03	2.0000e +03	2400	2.8000e +03	3.2000e +03	3.6000e +03	4.0000e +03	4400	4800
	0	-40	-44	-49	-53	-57	-61	-65	-70	-74	-78	-82
	20	215	117	85	66	44	29	10	-2	-13	-22	-32
	30	245	208	178	148	122	104	85	66	48	33	18
-	40	264	260	241	219	193	167	152	133	119	96	85
BP	50	264	279	282	275	260	238	223	208	189	171	152
	60	267	290	293	297	290	275	260	256	234	212	193
	70	267	297	305	305	305	301	293	282	267	249	226
	80	267	301	308	312	319	323	319	316	297	279	253
	90	267	301	312	319	327	327	327	327	312	293	267
	100	267	301	312	319	327	334	334	334	319	305	275

Table 1.1. engine torque (:,:)

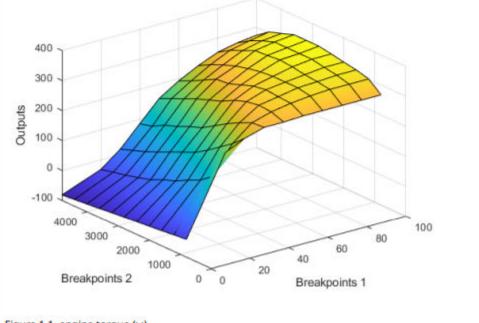


Figure 1.1. engine torque (:,:)

1

Chapter 1. slrgex_sf_car/Engine/engine torque

Table 1.2. engine torque Data Types

	Data Type	Value
l	Table data type	double
l	Intermediate results data type	double
l	Output data type	double
I	Fraction data type	double
	Preakpoints data type for dimension 1	double

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Find and Report on Lookup Tables and Other Blocks

Create a PDF report generator that finds all blocks in the Engine subsystem of the slrgex_sf_car model. The report generator program then loops through the blocks and tests whether the block is a lookup table block. For lookup table blocks, it uses the LookupTable reporter to report information about the block. For other blocks, the generated report reports on block properties, which are the results of the BlockFinder class.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'slrgex sf car';
load system(model name)
subsys name = 'slrgex sf car/Engine';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
blkfinder = BlockFinder(subsys name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
for i=1:length(blks)
   if slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(blks(i).Object)
      rptr = LookupTable(blks(i).Object);
      ch = Chapter(blks(i).Name);
      add(ch.rptr):
      add(rpt,ch);
   else
      ch = Chapter(blks(i).Name);
      add(ch,blks(i));
      add(rpt,ch);
   end
end
close(rpt);
```

close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);

Chapter 1. Ti

Table 1.1. slrgex_sf_car/Engine/Ti Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Inport
Port number	1
Port dimensions (-1 for inherited)	-1
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1
Data type	Inherit: auto

The first chapter shows the default properties reported for Inport block.

The fifth chapter shows the default output for a Lookup Table block reporter. The default output is a table of output values versus breakpoints table, a plot, and a table of data types.

Chapter 5. engine torque

Table 5.1. engine torque (:,:)

							BP2					
		800.000 0	1200	1.6000e +03	2.0000e +03	2400	2.8000e +03	3.2000e +03	3.6000e +03	4.0000e +03	4400	4800
	0	-40	-44	-49	-53	-57	-61	-65	-70	-74	-78	-82
	20	215	117	85	66	44	29	10	-2	-13	-22	-32
	30	245	208	178	148	122	104	85	66	48	33	18
-	40	264	260	241	219	193	167	152	133	119	96	85
BP	50	264	279	282	275	260	238	223	208	189	171	152
	60	267	290	293	297	290	275	260	256	234	212	193
	70	267	297	305	305	305	301	293	282	267	249	226
	80	267	301	308	312	319	323	319	316	297	279	253
	90	267	301	312	319	327	327	327	327	312	293	267
	100	267	301	312	319	327	334	334	334	319	305	275

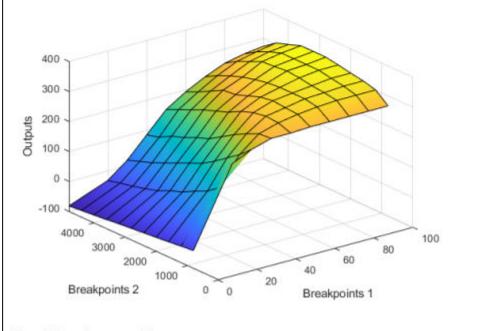


Figure 5.1. engine torque (:,:)

5

Chapter 5. engine torque

Table 5.2. engine torque Data Types

Data Type	Value
Table data type	double
Intermediate results data type	double
Output data type	double
Fraction data type	double
Developed at a data to see fee discovering	4 4 4 4 4

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See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|mlreportgen.report.BaseTable|
mlreportgen.report.Figure|slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

"Templates"

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class to report on a Simulink MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function.

By default, a MATLABFunction reporter adds this information to a report:

- Simulink MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function properties
- A summary of the function input and output arguments
- The MATLAB code used by the function to compute its outputs from its inputs

Use the reporter properties to include other information, such as detailed argument properties, function symbol properties, and supporting functions.

Note To use a MATLABFunction reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction() creates an empty MATLABFunction
reporter based on the default template. Use the Object property to specify the Simulink MATLAB
Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function to report.

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction(mlfcn0bj) sets the Object property to the MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function specified by mlfcn0bj.

reporter = MATLABFunction(Name=Value) sets MATLABFunction reporter properties on page 7-91 using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

true

Properties

Object — MATLAB function block or Stateflow MATLAB function

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | function handle

MATLAB function block or Stateflow MATLAB function to report, specified as one of these values:

- Character vector or string scalar that contains the path to a MATLAB Function block
- Handle to a MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function

Note If you use a finder to find a MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function and add the result directly to a report, an slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter is used instead of a Simulink object property reporter.

IncludeObjectProperties — Whether to include object properties

true (default) | false

Whether to include object properties, specified as a true or false. If the value is true, the report includes a table of the properties of the Simulink or Stateflow object that corresponds to the MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function being reported.

ObjectPropertiesReporter — **Object properties reporter**

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Object properties reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The MATLABFunction reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of the properties of the Simulink or Stateflow object that corresponds to the MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function being reported.

For a Simulink MATLAB Function block, these properties are reported:

- Update Method
- Sample Time
- Support variable-size arrays
- Saturate on integer overflow
- Treat these inherited Simulink signal types as fi objects
- MATLAB Function block fimath
- Input fi math
- Description

For a Stateflow MATLAB function, these properties are reported:

- Saturate on integer overflow
- MATLAB function fimath
- Input fi math
- Description

To customize the appearance of the function property table and its title, customize the default **BaseTable** reporter or replace it with a custom version of the **BaseTable** reporter. To customize the

title of the function property table, specify the contents in the **Title** property of the default or replacement reporter. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default title.

IncludeArgumentSummary — Include summary of arguments

true (default) | false

Whether to include an argument summary table, specified as true or false. If the value is true, the report includes a summary table of the properties of the arguments of the reported function.

ArgumentSummaryProperties — Argument properties to include

{'Name' 'Scope' 'Port' 'Compiled Type' 'Compiled Size'} (default) | cell array of character vectors | string array

Argument properties to include in the argument summary table, specified as a cell array of character vectors or a string array. If the model is not already compiled, the MATLABFunction reporter compiles the model to obtain Compiled Type, Compiled Size, and Variable Size data. When the report is closed, the model is uncompiled.

Specify any combination of these properties:

- Name
- Scope
- Port
- Compiled Type (Data Type)
- Compiled Size (Size)
- Complexity
- Description
- Maximum (Max Value)
- Minimum (Min Value)
- Tunable
- Variable Size

ArgumentSummaryReporter — Argument summary reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Argument summary reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The MATLABFunction reporter uses this reporter to create a table of the arguments of the MATLAB function. The table includes a summary of the arguments and the argument properties specified by the ArgumentSummaryProperties property.

To customize the appearance of the argument summary table and the content of its title, customize the default BaseTable object or replace it with a custom version of the BaseTable object.

IncludeArgumentProperties — Whether to Include details for each argument

false (default) | true

Whether to include a property table with detailed information for each argument, specified as true or false. If the value is true, the report includes a property table for each argument of the MATLAB function. If the model is not already compiled, the MATLABFunction reporter compiles the model. When the report is closed, the model is uncompiled.

ArgumentPropertiesReporter — Argument properties reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Argument properties reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The MATLABFunction reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of the properties of each argument of the MATLAB function. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the MATLABFunctionArgumentPropertiesTable style, which is defined in the default template for a MATLABFunction reporter.

To customize the appearance of the argument property table, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom BaseTable reporter.

IncludeFunctionScript — Whether to Include function script

true (default) | false

Whether to include the script of the MATLAB function, specified as a true or false. If the value is true, the report includes the code that computes the output of the MATLAB function from its inputs.

FunctionScript — Function code formatter

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Function code formatter, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The Paragraph object controls the formatting, such as the font family, font size, and alignment, of the code in the MATLAB function. It does not control whether the reporter highlights code syntax. The default Style property is set to mlreportgen.dom.WhiteSpace. To control the highlighting, use the HighlightScriptSyntax property.

To customize the code appearance, modify the properties of the default Paragraph reporter or replace the reporter with a custom reporter. If you add content to the default or replacement Paragraph reporter, the content is placed before the MATLAB Function script in the generated report.

FunctionScriptTitle — Function script section title

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Function script section title, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The Paragraph object contains the title for the section that contains the MATLAB function code. The default title is the MATLAB Function block name followed by Function Script. For example, for a MATLAB Function block named Covariance Derivative, the title is Covariance Derivative Function Script. The properties of the paragraph specify the appearance of the title.

To customize the title appearance, modify the properties of the default Paragraph object or replace it with another paragraph object. If you add content to the default or replacement title paragraph, the content you specify is placed at the front of the default title.

HighlightScriptSyntax — Whether to highlight script syntax keywords

true (default) | false

Whether to highlight script syntax keywords, specified as true or false. If the value is true, the report uses color to highlight the function code syntax keywords.

IncludeFunctionSymbolData — Whether to include function symbol data

false (default) | true

Whether to include function symbol data, specified as a true or false.

If the value is true, the report includes information about the symbols that appear in the main MATLAB function code. If the IncludeSupportingFunctions property is true, the report also contains information about symbols that appear in the code of the supporting functions. Function symbol data is reported only if the Object property of specifies a MATLAB Function block.

Note If you include function symbol data, report generation can be slower than if you do not include it.

FunctionSymbolReporter — Function symbol data reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Function symbol data reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The MATLABLFunction reporter uses this reporter to create tables of the properties of each symbol that appears in the main MATLAB function code and optionally in the supporting functions code. The symbols in the generated report are grouped by types, which are variable, operation, and function-call site. The tables for each symbol type appear after the function properties. The reported function and symbol properties are listed in the following tables. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the

MATLABFunctionFunctionSymbolTable style, which is defined in the default template for a MATLABFunction reporter.

Function Properties	Description
Function Name	Name of the function
Function ID	ID of the function. Simulink assigns a unique ID to every MATLAB Function in a model and to every supporting function. A built-in or user- defined supporting function uses its same ID, regardless of how many functions it supports in a given model.
Path	Path of the function, which is the model path of the MATLAB Function block or Stateflow block that contains it. The path of a supporting function is the path of the MATLAB file that defines it.

Variable Properties	Description
Name	Name of the variable
Data type	Data type and the size of the variable
Start position	Line and column number of the first character of the variable name in the script in which it appears

Operation Properties	Description
	Character or characters that represent the operation type. For example, +
51	Data type and size of the value produced by the operation

Operation Properties	Description
-	Line and column number of the first character of the operation in the script in which it appears

Function Call Site Properties	Description
Name	Name of the called function
Data type	Data type and the size of the value returned by the called function
ID	ID of the called function
Start position	Line and column number of the first character of the call site in the script in which it appears

To customize the appearance of the function symbol data tables, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom BaseTable reporter. If you specify the Title property in the default or replacement BaseTable reporter, the content is placed at the front of the default title in the generated report.

IncludeSupportingFunctions — Whether to include supporting functions

false (default) | true

If the value is true, the report includes a list of the user-defined functions called directly or indirectly by the main function of the MATLAB Function block being reported.

SupportingFunctionsType — Supporting function types

{ 'MATLAB' 'user-defined' } (default) | cell array of character vectors | string array

Supporting function types to be reported, specified as a cell array of character vectors or a string array. The cell array or string array can specify one or both of these types.

- MATLAB Include MATLAB supporting functions
- user-defined— Include user-defined supporting functions

SupportingFunctionsReporter — Supporting functions reporter

slreportgen.report.BaseTable

Supporting functions reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The BaseTable object reports the functions invoked directly or indirectly by the main MATLAB function. The functions are sorted by function name. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the MATLABFunctionSupportingFunctionsTable style, which is defined in the default template for a MATLABFunction reporter.

To customize the appearance of the supporting functions table, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a customized version of the BaseTable reporter.

IncludeSupportingFunctionsCode — Whether to include code of user-defined supporting functions

false (default) | true

Whether to include the code of user-defined supporting functions, specified as true or false. If the value is true, the report includes the code for the user-defined functions called directly or indirectly by the main function.

SupportingFunctionsCode — User-defined supporting functions code formatter

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

User-defined supporting functions code formatter, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The Paragraph object controls the formatting, such as the font family, font size, and alignment, of the code in the report. The MATLABFunction reporter highlights the syntax of the function text (code) and appends the highlighted text to the paragraph object.

To customize the code appearance, modify the properties of the default Paragraph reporter or replace the reporter with a custom reporter. If you add content to the default or replacement Paragraph reporter, the content is placed before the supporting function code in the generated report.

SupportingFunctionsCodeTitle — User-defined supporting function section title mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph

User-defined supporting function section title, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The MATLABFunction reporter uses the formatter to create a title for each user-defined supporting function. The default value of this property is an empty paragraph with properties that specify the appearance of the function title. By default, the MATLABFunction reporter appends the supporting function name to the paragraph. You can customize the title appearance by modifying the properties of the default paragraph object or by replacing it with another paragraph object. Any content that you add to the default or replacement paragraph appears before each title in the generated report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar

value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods	
slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.createTemplate	Create copy of
	slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter template
slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.getClassFolder	Get location of folder that contains
	$slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction\ class$
	definition file
slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeReporter	Create subclass of
	slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object
15	and make deep copies of certain property
	values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report a MATLAB Function block

To include information about a MATLAB Function block in a report, use an slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter. By default, the report includes a table of object properties, a table of input and output arguments, and the function script.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = "slrgex_radar_eml";
load_system(model_name);
mlfcnObj = "slrgex_radar_eml/MATLAB Function";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
chapter = Chapter(mlfcnObj);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcnObj);
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
```

rptview(rpt);

Here is the first page of the report:

Property	Value
Update Method	INHERITED
Sample Time	-1
Support variable-size arrays	0
Saturate on integer overflow	1
Treat these inherited Simulink signal types as fi obj ects	Fixed-point
MATLAB Function block fimath	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLeng th', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)

Table 1.2. MATLAB Function Argument Summary

Name	Scope	Port	Data Type	Size
meas	Input	1	double	2
residual	Output	1	double	2
xhatOut	Output	2	double	4
deltat	Parameter	NaN	double	1

MATLAB Function Function Script

function [residual, xhatOut] = EXTKALMAN(meas, deltat)
%EXTKALMAN Radar Data Processing Tracker Using an Extended Kalman Filter
% This program is executed as a MATLAB function block in the
% sldemo_radar Simulink model. The estimated and actual positions are
% saved to the workspace and are plotted at the end of the simulation by
% the program aero_radplot (called from the simulation automatically).
%
% Copyright 1990-2013 The MathWorks, Inc.
% Initialization

Include MATLAB Function Argument Details in Report

To include the MATLAB function argument details in a report, use the IncludeArgumentProperties property of the MATLABFunction reporter.

import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

```
model_name = "slrgex_radar_eml";
load_system(model_name);
mlfcnObj = "slrgex_radar_eml/MATLAB Function";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("myReport","pdf");
chapter = Chapter(mlfcnObj);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcnObj);
rptr.IncludeArgumentProperties = true;
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Here are some of the argument detail tables in the generated report:

Table 1.4. residual Argument Properties

Property	Value
Name	residual
Scope	Output
Port	1
Compiled Type	double
Compiled Size	2
Complexity	Off
Description	
Max Value	
Min Value	
Tunable	1
Variable Size	0

Table 1.5. xhatOut Argument Properties

Property	Value
Name	xhatOut
Scope	Output
Port	2
Compiled Type	double
Compiled Size	4
Complexity	Off
Description	
Max Value	
Min Value	
Tunable	1
Variable Size	0

Change the MATLAB Function Script Formatting and Title

To customize the title of the function script section, use the FunctionScriptTitle property. To change the formatting of the code, create a DOM paragraph that specifies the font family, size, and color and assign the paragraph to the FunctionScript property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model name = "slrgex radar eml";
load system(model name);
mlfcnObj = "slrgex_radar_eml/MATLAB Function";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("myReport", "html");
chapter = Chapter(mlfcn0bj);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcn0bj);
paraTitle = mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph("SCRIPT: ");
rptr.FunctionScriptTitle = paraTitle;
paraScript = mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph;
paraScript.FontFamilyName = "Arial";
paraScript.FontSize = "12pt";
paraScript.Color = "blue";
rptr.FunctionScript = paraScript;
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Here is a portion of the function script section, which shows the title and some of the code:

SCRIPT: MATLAB Function Function Script

```
function [residual, xhatOut] = EXTKALMAN(meas, deltat)
%EXTKALMAN Radar Data Processing Tracker Using an Extended Kalman Filter
%
% This program is executed as a MATLAB function block in the
% sldemo radar Simulink model. The estimated and actual positions are
% saved to the workspace and are plotted at the end of the simulation by
% the program aero radplot (called from the simulation automatically).
%
%
% Copyright 1990-2013 The MathWorks, Inc.
% Initialization
persistent P:
persistent xhat
if isempty(P)
  xhat = [0.001; 0.01; 0.001; 400];
  P = zeros(4):
```

end

Include Code of User-Defined Supporting Functions in Report

By default, a MATLABFunction reporter includes the code of the main function, but not the code of the user-defined supporting functions that the main function calls. To include the code of the user-defined functions, use the IncludeSupportingFunctionsCode property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = "slrgex_stats";
load_system(model_name);
mlfcnObj = "slrgex_stats/MATLAB Function";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("myReport","pdf");
chapter = Chapter(mlfcnObj);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcnObj);
rptr.IncludeSupportingFunctionsCode = true;
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Here is the MATLAB function script section, which shows the code for both the main function and the user-defined supporting function, avg.

MATLAB Function Function Script

function [mean,stdev] = stats(vals) % Calculates a statistical mean and a standard % deviation for the values in vals.

len = length(vals); mean = avg(vals,len); stdev = sqrt(sum(((vals-avg(vals,len)).^2))/len); plot(vals,'-+'); end

avg

function mean = avg(array,size)
mean = sum(array)/size;
end

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockResult| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder| slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|mlreportgen.report.BaseTable |mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph|MATLABFunction|slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction

Topics

"Report on MATLAB Functions" on page 4-13 "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

MATLAB System block reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class to report on a Simulink MATLAB System block.

By default, a MATLABSystem reporter adds this information to a report:

- Simulink MATLAB System block properties
- A summary of the input and output arguments of the MATLAB System block
- MATLAB System block source code

Note To use a MATLABSystem reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem() creates an empty MATLABSystem reporter based on the default template. Use the Object property to specify the Simulink MATLAB System block.

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem(mlSysObj) sets the Object property to the MATLAB System block specified by mlSysObj.

reporter = MATLABSystem(Name=Value) sets MATLABSystem reporter properties on page 7-91
using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — MATLAB System block

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | function handle

true

MATLAB System to report, specified as one of these values:

- Character vector or string scalar that contains the path to a MATLAB System block
- Handle to a MATLAB System block
- slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object

Note If you use a finder to find a MATLAB System block and add the result directly to a report, the finder returns an slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter instead of a Simulink object property reporter.

IncludeObjectProperties — Whether to include object properties

true (default) | false

Whether to include object properties, specified as a true or false. If the value is true, the report includes a table of the properties of the MATLAB System block.

ObjectPropertiesReporter — Object properties reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Object properties reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The MATLABSystem reporter uses this reporter to create a table of the properties of the MATLAB System block.

To customize the appearance of the object property table and its title, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom version of the BaseTable reporter. To customize the title of the object property table, specify the contents in the Title property of the default or replacement reporter. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default title.

IncludeArgumentSummary — Whether to Include an argument summary

true (default) | false

Whether to Include an argument summary, specified as true or false.

If true, the report includes a summary table for the input and outputs arguments of the MATLAB Systemblock. By default, the argument summary table includes the name, scope, port, data type, and size for all the input and output arguments.

Use the ArgumentSummaryProperties property to customize the set of properties to be reported in the summary table.

ArgumentSummaryProperties — Argument properties to include

{'Name' 'Scope' 'Port' 'Data Type' 'Size' 'Complex' Fixed Size'} (default) | cell
array of character vectors | string array

Argument properties to include, specified as a cell array of character vectors or a string array.

Specify any combination of these properties:

- Name
- Scope

- Port
- Data Type
- Size
- Complex
- Fixed Size

ArgumentSummaryReporter — Argument summary reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Argument summary reporter, specified as a mlreportgen.report.BaseTableobject. This property specifies the reporter to be used to create the summary table for the input and output arguments of the MATLAB System block. The default value of this property is a

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. You can customize the appearance of the table by customizing the default reporter or by replacing it with a customized version of the BaseTable reporter. Any content that you specify in the Title property of the default or the replacement reporter will appear before the title in the generated report.

IncludeArgumentProperties — Whether to Include details for each argument

false (default) | true

Whether to include a property table with detailed information for each argument, specified as true or false.

The argument summary table includes the name, scope, port, data type, and size for all the input and output arguments, as shown below:

Use the reporter's ArgumentSummaryProperties property to customize the set of properties to be reported in the summary table.

ArgumentPropertiesReporter — Argument properties reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Argument properties reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. This property specifies the reporter to be used as the basis to create the property tables for the input and output arguments of the MATLAB System block. The MATLABSystem reporter creates a copy of this reporter for each argument to be reported and uses the copy to report on argument's properties. The default value of this property is a mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. You can customize the appearance of the table by customizing the default reporter or by replacing it with a customized version of the BaseTable reporter. Any content that you specify in the Title property of the default or the replacement reporter will appear before the title in the generated report.

IncludeSourceCode — Whether to include the source code

true (default) | false

Whether to include the source code, specified as true or false. If true, the report includes the source code of the MATLAB System.

SourceCodeReporter — Source code reporter

mlreportgen.report.MATLABCode object

Source code reporter, specified as a mlreportgen.report.MATLABCode object. This is the reporter to be used to report and format the source code of the MATLAB System. The default value of this

property is an object of MATLABCode reporter type. To customize the code appearance, modify the properties of the default MATLABCode reporter or replace the reporter with a custom reporter.

SourceCodeTitle — Source code title

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Source code title, specified as a character vector, string scalar, or an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. SourceCodeTitle specifies a DOM Paragraph object for this reporter to fill with the title content for the MATLAB System source code. The default value of this property is an empty paragraph whose properties specify the appearance of the source code title. By default, the MATLABSystem reporter generates a title from the MATLAB System block name and appends it to the paragraph. The generated title consists of the MATLAB System block name followed by "Source Code", for example, "Analysis and Plot Source Code." You can customize the title appearance by modifying the properties of the default paragraph object or by replacing it with another paragraph object. The content that you add to the paragraph appears before the title in the generated report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods	
slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.createTemplate	Create copy of
	slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter
	template
slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter	Create subclass of
	slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class
slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.getClassFolder	Get location of folder that contains
	slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class
	definition file
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report on a MATLAB System Block

Create a report from text file as a paragraph.

Import the report API packages so that you do not have to use long fully qualified class names.

import slreportgen.report.*

Create a PFD report.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Load the model.

```
model_name = "slrgex_slexLawOfLargeNumbersExample";
mlSysObj = strcat(model_name,"/Analysis and Plot");
load_system(model_name);
```

Create a chapter.

chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(mlSysObj);

Create a MATLABSystem reporter.

rptr = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem(mlSys0bj);

Add the MATLABSystem reporter to the chapter and chapter to report

```
append(chapter,rptr);
append(rpt,chapter);
```

Close and view the report.

```
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|mlreportgen.report.BaseTable
|mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph|MATLAB System|slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Model configuration set reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration class to report on the active configuration set of a model.

Note To use an slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration() creates an empty
ModelConfiguration reporter object based on the default template. You must specify a model for
which to report the active configuration set by setting the Model property. Use other properties to
specify report options.

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration(model) creates a
ModelConfiguration reporter object and sets the Model property to the specified model.

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration(Name=Value) sets the reporter
properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Model — Name or handle of model

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | handle

Name or handle of open or loaded Simulink model, specified as a string scalar, character vector, or handle.

Title — Configuration set title

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.Text object | mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink object | mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink object

true

Configuration set title, specified as a character vector, string scalar, mlreportgen.dom.Text object, mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink object, or mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink object.

If the FormatPolicy property is set to "Inline Text" and the Title property is set to:

- A DOM object, the formatting specified by the DOM object is ignored
- An mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink or mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink object, the link text is used for the title, but the title is not a link

In both cases, to format the title, use the TextFormatter property of this ModelConfiguration reporter.

If you do not specify a title, the title is the model name followed by **Configuration Set**. For example:

slrgex_sf_car Configuration Set

FormatPolicy — Format for reporting configuration set

"Auto" (default) | "Table" | "Paragraph" | "Inline Text"

Format for reporting the configuration set, specified as one of these strings or character vectors:

• "Auto" — Formats the configuration set, components, and property values as a table or a paragraph, depending on the data type.

Data types formatted as a table include:

- Cell array
- Logical array
- Numeric array
- MATLAB table
- Simulink object
- Stateflow object
- Graphics object
- MATLAB structure or structure array
- MATLAB object or object array

Data types formatted as a paragraph include:

- Cell vector
- Logical scalar or vector
- Numeric scalar or vector
- Character or character array
- String
- MATLAB structure vector
- MATLAB object vector

Because the configuration set and components are objects, they are formatted as tables. The property values are formatted according to the data types of the values.

- "Table" Formats the values in a table. Data types that by default appear as paragraphs are
 formatted instead as table entries. Data types that are hierarchically structured objects, such as
 MATLAB structures, MATLAB objects, Simulink objects, Stateflow objects, or graphics objects, can
 have properties that are themselves objects. In these cases, the hierarchy is flattened and the
 property value is a hyperlink to a table of the field or object properties. The field or property table
 links back to the original table.
- "Paragraph" Generates a description of the configuration set as paragraphs. For example:

Source Type: Model Source Name: slrgex_sf_car

slrgex_sf_car Configuration Set. Configuration (Active)

• "Inline Text" — Generates a description of the configuration set in line with the surrounding text. For example:

slrgex_sf_car Configuration Set Configuration (Active) in slrgex_sf_car (Model)

TableReporter — Table formatter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Table formatter for the tables that the ModelConfiguration reporter generates, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the ModelConfigurationTable style, which is defined in the default template for a ModelConfiguration reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default BaseTable object or replace the object with your own BaseTable object. If you add content to the Title property, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ParagraphFormatter — Paragraph formatter

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph formatter for any model configuration content that is generated as a paragraph, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value of this property is a Paragraph object with the StyleName property set to the ModelConfigurationParagraph style, which is defined in the default template for a ModelConfiguration reporter. To customize the appearance of the paragraph, modify the properties of the default Paragraph object or replace the object with your own Paragraph object. If you add content to the paragraph object, the content appears in front of the model configuration content in the generated report.

TextFormatter — Text formatter

mlreportgen.dom.Text object

Text formatter for any model configuration content that is generated as inline text, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Text object. By default, the value of this property is an empty Text object. To customize the appearance of the text, modify the properties of the default mlreportgen.dom.Text object or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Text object. If you add content to the Text object, the content appears in front of the model configuration content in the generated report.

MaxCols — Maximum number of columns in value tables

32 (default) | positive integer

Maximum number of table columns in value tables, specified as a positive integer. If a property value is reported using a table and the number of columns is greater than the value of the MaxCols property, the table is sliced vertically. Slicing divides the table into multiple tables.

DepthLimit — Maximum number of nested levels to report

10 (default) | nonnegative integer

Maximum number of nested levels in the structured object hierarchy to report, specified as a nonnegative integer. The top level of the hierarchy is the configuration set object (Simulink.ConfigSet). Levels less than or equal to the value of DepthLimit are flattened into a sequence of interlinked tables. Levels greater than the depth limit are not reported. If you set the DepthLimit property to 0, hierarchically structured types are not expanded.

ObjectLimit — Maximum number of nested objects to report

200 (default) | positive integer

Maximum number of objects in an object hierarchy to report, specified as a positive integer.

IncludeTitle — Whether to include the configuration set title

true (default) | false

Whether to include the configuration set title, specified as true or false.

When IncludeTitle is true, the configuration set title (the content of the Title property) is included in the:

- Title of the configuration set property table when the FormatPolicy is "Auto" or "Table"
- The content generated when the FormatPolicy is "Inline Text" or "Paragraph"

The configuration set title is always included in the title for the paragraph or table that contains the configuration set components, regardless of the value of the IncludeTitle property.

ShowDataType — Whether a title includes data type

false (default) | true

Whether a title includes the data type of the value that the title describes, specified as true or false.

Data Types: logical

ShowEmptyValues — Whether to show configuration properties that have empty values true (default) | false

Whether to show configuration set or component properties that have empty values, specified as a true or false.

Data Types: logical

ShowDefaultValues — Whether to show configuration properties that use default values true (default) | false

Whether to show configuration set or component properties that use the default values, specified as true or false.

Data Types: logical

PropertyFilterFcn — Function or expression to filter configuration properties from a report

[] (default) | function handle | string scalar | character vector

Function or expression to filter configuration set and component object properties from a report, specified as a function handle, string scalar, or character vector. Specify a function as a function handle. Specify an expression as a string scalar or character vector. If PropertyFilterFcn is empty, all properties are included in the report.

If you provide a function handle, the associated function must:

- Take these arguments:
 - variableName Name of the variable being reported
 - variableObject The variable being reported
 - propertyName Name of the property of the variable being reported
- Return true to filter the specified property from the report, or false to include the property in the report.

For example, this code uses the PropertyFilterFcn property to prevent the display of the Name and Description properties:

```
import slreportgen.report.*

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
open(rpt);

model = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model);
reporter = ModelConfiguration(model);

filterFcnHandle = @(variableName,variableObject,propertyName) ...
    (propertyName == "Name") || ...
    (propertyName == "Description");

reporter.PropertyFilterFcn = filterFcnHandle;
append(rpt,reporter);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

If you provide a string scalar or a character vector, it must contain an expression. The expression:

- Can use the variables variableName, variableObject, and propertyName
- Must set the variable isFiltered to true to filter the specified property from the report, or false to include the property in the report

For example, this code uses the PropertyFilterFcn property to prevent the display of the Name and Description properties:

```
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
open(rpt);
model = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model);
reporter = ModelConfiguration(model);
```

```
filterStr = "isFiltered = " +...
    "strcmp(propertyName,'Name')||strcmp(propertyName,'Description');";
reporter.PropertyFilterFcn = filterStr;
append(rpt,reporter);
```

close(rpt); rptview(rpt);

NumericFormat — Format or precision used to display noninteger numeric values

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | positive integer

Format or precision used to display noninteger numeric values, specified as a string scalar, character vector, or positive integer.

Specify the format as a string scalar or a character vector. See the formatSpec argument on the sprintf reference page.

Specify the precision as a positive integer. See the precision argument on the num2str reference page.

Example: "%.2f" displays double values with two digits to the right of the decimal place.

Example: 2 displays a maximum number of two significant digits.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods	
slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.createTemplate	Create model configuration reporter template
slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter	Create custom model configuration reporter class
slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.getClassFolder	Get location of model configuration reporter class definition file
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values
getConfigSet	Get active configuration set from model configuration reporter
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report Active Model Configuration Set

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration class to report on the active model configuration set.

Import the MATLAB Report and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Create a Simulink report.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
open(rpt);
```

Create a chapter for the active model configuration set.

```
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Active Model Configuration Set";
```

Load a model.

```
model = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model);
```

Create an slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration object to report on the active configuration set of the model.

reporter = ModelConfiguration(model);

Append the reporter to the chapter and chapter to the report.

```
append(chapter,reporter);
append(rpt,chapter);
```

Close and view the report

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

Simulink.ConfigSet

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?" "Manage Configuration Sets for a Model"

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Model variable reporter

Description

Reporter for a Simulink model variable.

Note To use an slreportgen.report.ModelVariable reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.ModelVariable class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

You do not create an slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object explicitly. To get the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object for a found model variable:

- Use the find or next method of the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder object to get the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object for the found variable.
- Call the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object to get the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object.

You can customize the reporting of a model variable by setting the properties of the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object.

Properties

Variable — Simulink.VariableUsage object

Simulink.VariableUsage

The Simulink.VariableUsage object that corresponds to the variable to report on. The object contains the name of the variable, the source of the variable, and the blocks that use the variable. This property is read-only.

ModelBlockPath — Path of Model block that sets the value of variable

[] | character vector

true

Path of the Model block that sets the variable value, specified as a character vector.

Suppose that a referenced model uses a model argument to set a block parameter value. If a model has multiple instances of the referenced model, the model variable finder returns multiple instances of the variable that is associated with the model argument. The ModelBlockPath property uniquely identifies the instance of the variable by providing the path to the model block that set its value. If a variable is not associated with a model argument in a referenced model, the ModelBockPath is empty. For more information about referenced models and instance-specific parameters, see "Parameterize Instances of a Reusable Referenced Model".

ShowUsedBy — Whether to include blocks that use this variable

true (default) | false

Whether to include a list of blocks that use this variable, specified as true or false. If the FormatPolicy property has a value of "Inline Text", the list of blocks is not included in the report, regardless of the value of the ShowUsedBy property.

If the report includes reported content for a block in the Used By list, clicking the hyperlink for the block takes you to the content. See "Generate Report of Model Variables, Diagrams, and Blocks" on page 7-124.

ShowWorkspaceInfo — Whether to include workspace

true (default) | false

Whether to include the workspace that the variable is resolved in, specified as true or false. If the FormatPolicy property has a value of "Inline Text", the workspace is not included in the report, regardless of the value of the ShowWorkspaceInfo property.

ListFormatter — List formatter

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList (default) | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList

List formatter that formats the list of blocks that use the variable, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object or an mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The default value of this property is an object of mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList. To customize how the list is formatted, modify the list object properties or replace the list object with a customized list object that does not contain list items.

FormatPolicy — Format of variable values

"Auto" (default) | "Table" | "Paragraph" | "Inline Text"

Format of the variable values, specified as one of these strings or character vectors:

• "Auto" — Formats the variable values as a table or a paragraph, depending on the data type of the value.

Data types formatted as a table include:

- Cell array
- Logical array
- Numeric array
- MATLAB table
- Simulink object

- Stateflow object
- Graphics object
- MATLAB structure or structure array
- MATLAB object or object array

Data types formatted as a paragraph include:

- Cell vector
- Logical scalar or vector
- Numeric scalar or vector
- Character or character array
- String
- MATLAB structure vector
- MATLAB object vector
- "Table" Formats the variable values in a table. Variables that by default appear as paragraphs are formatted instead as table entries. Variables that are hierarchically structured objects, such as a MATLAB structures, MATLAB objects, Simulink objects, Stateflow objects, or graphics objects, can have properties that are themselves objects. In that case, the hierarchy is flattened and the property value is displayed as a hyperlink to a table of the properties of that object. The object property table also has a hyperlink back to the original table.
- "Paragraph" Format the variable values as a paragraph. Variables that by default are formatted as tables are flattened and formatted as a paragraph.
- "Inline Text" Formats the variable in line with the surrounding text.

TableReporter — Table reporter

mlreportgen.report.Basetable

Table reporter used to format the value of the variable, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the ModelVariableTable style, which is defined in the default template for a ModelVariable reporter.

To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default table reporter or replace it with a customized table reporter. If you add content to the **Title** property of the default or customized table reporter, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ParagraphFormatter — Paragraph formatter

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Paragraph formatter to format the value of a model variable, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the ModelVariableParagraph style, which is defined in the default template for a ModelVariable reporter.

To customize the appearance of the paragraph, modify the properties of the mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. If you add content to the default or replacement paragraph object, the content appears in front of the variable content in the generated report.

TextFormatter — Text formatter

mlreportgen.dom.Text object

Text formatter to format the name and value of the model variable when the text is in line with the surrounding text, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Text object. To customize the appearance of the text, modify the properties of the default mlreportgen.dom.Text object or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Text object. If you add content to the default or replacement text object, the content appears in front of the variable content in the generated report.

MaxCols — Maximum number of table columns to display

32 (default) | positive integer

Maximum number of table columns to display, specified as a positive integer. For array variables reported using a table, if the number of columns is greater than the value of the MaxCols property, the table is sliced vertically. Slicing divides the table into multiple tables.

DepthLimit — Maximum number of nested levels to report

10 (default) | nonnegative integer

Maximum number of levels to report for a variable that is a structured object or an array of structured objects, specified as a nonnegative integer. Levels less than or equal to the value of DepthLimit are flattened into a sequence of interlinked tables (see the FormatPolicy property). Levels greater than the depth limit are not reported. If you set the DepthLimit property to 0, structured objects are not expanded.

ObjectLimit — Maximum number of nested objects to report

200 (default) | positive integer

Maximum number of objects in an object hierarchy to report, specified as a positive integer.

IncludeTitle — Whether to include title

true (default) | false

Whether to include a title, specified as true or false. The title contains the variable name and optionally, the data type. If IncludeTitle is true, the title is included. By default, the title includes only the name of the variable. To include the data type of the variable, set the ShowDataType property to true.

Title — Title of variable to report

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.Text object | mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink object | mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink object

Title of variable to report, specified as a character vector, string scalar, mlreportgen.dom.Text object, mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink object, or mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink object.

If the FormatPolicy property is set to "Inline Text" and the Title property is set to:

- A DOM object, the formatting specified by the DOM object is ignored
- An mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink or mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink object, the link text is used for the title, but the title is not a link

In both cases, to format the title, use the TextFormatter property of this ModelVariable reporter.

If you do not specify the Title property, the title is the variable name.

ShowDataType — Whether to show data type of variable in title

false (default) | true

Whether to show the data type of the variable in the title, specified as true or false.

ShowEmptyValues – Whether to show properties that have empty values

true (default) | false

Whether to show properties that have empty values, specified as a true or false. The ShowEmptyValues property applies only to MATLAB object, Simulink object, and Stateflow object variables.

ShowDefaultValues — Whether to show properties that use default values true (default) | $\boldsymbol{0}$

Whether to show properties that use the default value, specified as true or false. The ShowDefaultValues property applies only to MATLAB object, Simulink object, and Stateflow object variables.

PropertyFilterFcn — Function or expression to filter properties of a reported model variable

[] (default) | function handle | string scalar | character vector

Function or expression to filter the properties of a reported model variable from a report. Specify a function as a function handle. Specify an expression as a string scalar or character vector. This property applies only to a variable that contains an object. If you do not provide PropertyFilterFcn, all properties of the model variable are included in the report.

If you provide a function handle, the associated function must:

- Take these arguments:
 - variableName Name of the variable being reported
 - variableObject The variable being reported
 - propertyName Name of the property of the variable being reported
- Return true to filter the specified property from the report, or false to include the property in the report.

For example, this code prevents the display of the Description and Complexity properties of a Simulink.Parameter object.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('modelvarrpt','pdf');
model_name = load_system('sldemo_mdlref_datamngt');
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    varRptr = getReporter(result);
    varRptr.PropertyFilterFcn = @varPropertyFilter;
```

```
close(rpt);
```

end

add(rpt,varRptr);

```
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
function tf = varPropertyFilter(~, variableObject,propertyName)
if isa(variableObject, 'Simulink.Parameter')
    tf = (propertyName == "Description") || ...
        (propertyName == "Complexity");
else
    tf = false;
end
end
```

If you provide a string scalar or a character vector, it must contain an expression. The expression:

- Can use the variables variableName, variableObject, and propertyName
- Must set the variable isFiltered to true to filter the specified property from the report, or false to include the property in the report

For example, this code filters the CoderInfo property of a Simulink.Parameter object from the report.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('modelvarrpt', 'pdf');
model_name = load_system('sldemo_mdlref_datamngt');
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder):
    varRptr = getReporter(result);
   varRptr.PropertyFilterFcn = "isFiltered = " + ...
        "isa(variableObject, 'Simulink.Parameter') && " + ...
        "propertyName == 'CoderInfo';";
    add(rpt,varRptr);
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

NumericFormat — Format or precision used to display noninteger numeric values

"%.2f" (default) | string scalar | character vector | positive integer

Format or precision used to display noninteger numeric values.

Specify the format as a string scalar or a character vector. See the formatSpec argument on the sprintf reference page.

Specify the precision as a positive integer. See the precision argument on the num2str reference page.

Example: "%.2f" displays double values with two digits to the right of the decimal place.

Example: 2 displays a maximum number of two significant digits.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods Get name of variable from model variable getVariableName reporter getVariableValue Get value of variable from model variable reporter slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.createTemplate Create model variable reporter template Create custom model variable reporter class slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.getClassFolder Get location of model variable reporter class definition file Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and copy make deep copies of certain property values Get implementation of reporter getImpl

Examples

Customize the Formatting of Model Variables in a Report

Use the properties of an slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object to customize the formatting of a variable.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
% Create a Chapter
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Model Variable Reporter Example";
% Load the model
model name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model_name);
% Find the variables in the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
   % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
   % Customize the formatting of numbers
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    reporter.NumericFormat = "%.4f";
    % Add the reporter to the chapter
    add(chapter, reporter);
end
% Add chapter to the report
add(rpt,chapter);
% Close the report and open the viewer
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Generate Report of Model Variables, Diagrams, and Blocks

Generate a report that includes:

- A chapter for the model variables
- · A chapter for each model diagram, with a section for the blocks in the diagram

Each block name in the Used By list for a model variable is a hyperlink to the corresponding content reported for the block.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
% Load the model
model_name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model_name);
% Create a Chapter for the Variables
```

```
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = sprintf("Model Variable Report for the %s model",model name);
% Find the variables in the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
% Report on the variables
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    add(chapter,reporter);
end
add(rpt,chapter);
% Add diagrams to the report
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(model name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    ch = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(result.Name);
    add(ch, result);
    % Add a section for the blocks in the diagram
    sect = mlreportgen.report.Section("Title", "Blocks");
    blFinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(result.Object);
   while hasNext(blFinder)
        blockresult = next(blFinder);
        add(sect,blockresult);
    end
    add(ch,sect);
    add(rpt, ch);
end
% Close and view the report
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.BusObject|Simulink.VariableUsage|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

7-126

slreportgen.report.Notes class

Package: slreportgen.report slreportgen.report slreportgen.report Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Simulink or Stateflow diagram notes reporter

Description

Create a reporter that reports on Simulink or Stateflow diagram notes.

```
Note To use a Notes reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.
```

The slreportgen.report.Notes class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

notes = slreportgen.report.Notes() creates an empty slreportgen.report.Notes
reporter.

notes = slreportgen.report.Notes(source) creates an slreportgen.report.Notes
reporter for the system specified by source and sets the Source property to source.

slreportgen.report.Notes(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Source — Source from which to extract notes

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | handle | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object

Source from which to extract notes, specified as a string scalar, character vector, handle, or slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object. The source can be a model, subsystem, Stateflow chart, Stateflow truth table, or Stateflow state transition table.

NoteType — Type of notes

'None' (default) | 'Internal' | 'External | 'Inherit'

true

Type of notes, specified as one of the values in this table:

Value	Description
'Internal'	Note content is included with the model and is saved in a .mldatx file.
'External'	Note content is external to the model and is specified by a URL.
'Inherited'	Note content originates from the ancestors of the specified diagram source.
'None'	The diagram does not have notes.

This property is read-only.

ReportOnInheritNoteType — Whether to report on notes with type inherit

false (default) | true

Whether to report on notes that have a NoteType of 'Inherit', specified as true or false. The reported note content is based on the parent note type as described in this table.

Parent Note Type	Reported Note Content
'Internal'	Link to parent note content
'External'	Link to external content specified by the parent note
'None'	Empty content

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

exportToHTML	<pre>htmlContent = exportToHTML(notes) exports the internal notes associated with the specified slreportgen.report.Notes reporter to a string of HTML. If the NoteType of the note reporter is not 'Internal', the exportToHTML method ends with an error.</pre>
exportToHTMLFile	<pre>fullFileName = exportToHTMLFile(notes,filename) exports the internal notes associated with the specified slreportgen.report.Notes reporter to the specified HTML file. If the NoteType of the note reporter is not 'Internal' or if the HTML file name exists, the exportToHTMLFile method ends with an error.</pre>
getURL	<pre>getURL(notes) returns the URL of the external notes associated with the specified slreportgen.report.Notes reporter as a string. If the NoteType of the note reporter is not 'External', the getURL method ends with an error.</pre>
<pre>slreportgen.report.Notes.createTemplat e</pre>	Copy the default slreportgen.report.Notes reporter template.
<pre>slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeRepo rter</pre>	Subclass the slreportgen.report.Notes class for customization.
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values
<pre>slreportgen.report.Notes.getClassFolde r</pre>	Get the location of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Notes reporter class definition file.
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Include Model Notes in a Report

This example reports the notes for the slreportgendemo_autotrans model. This example reports the notes for the overall model. For an example that reports the diagram and notes for each subsystem of the model, see "Report Model Notes" on page 4-39.

The example creates a chapter for the notes and includes the model notes in the chapter by adding an slreportgen.report.Notes reporter to the chapter.

```
model = "slreportgendemo_autotrans";
open_system(model);
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.Report(model + "_Notes_Report","pdf");
open(rpt);
ch = Chapter(Title=(model+" Notes"));
notes = Notes(model);
add(ch,notes);
add(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder

Topics

"Report Model Notes" on page 4-39

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.Report class

Package: slreportgen.report

Report container

Description

slreportgen.report.Report is a container for a report based on Simulink reporters and DOM
objects. Use this object to generate an HTML, PDF, or Word report based on templates in a template
library.

Note Use objects of this type, instead of mlreportgen.report.Report, to create Simulink reports, which are reports that use Simulink reporters to generate content. You can also use MATLAB reporters and DOM objects to generate Simulink report content.

The slreportgen.report.Report class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

report = slreportgen.report.Report() returns a report object report with the default report type (PDF) and a default file name (untitled.pdf).

report = slreportgen.report.Report(path) uses the specified output path for the report.

report = slreportgen.report.Report(path,type) creates the specified type of report.

report = slreportgen.report.Report(path,type,template) uses the specified template.

report = slreportgen.report.Report(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

path — Report output path
untitled.pdf (default) | string | character array

See the OutputPath property.

type — Report output type
'pdf' (default) | 'html' | 'html-file' | 'docx'

See the Type property.

template — **Report template** string | character array

See the TemplatePath property.

Properties

OutputPath — **Report document output path**

string | character array

Report document output path, specified as a string or character array. The path is the location in the file system where the report output document is stored. The path can be a full path or a path relative to the current MATLAB folder, for example, 'C:/myreports/reportA.docx' or 'reportA'. If the file name does not have a file extension corresponding to the Type property, the appropriate file extension is added.

Note Generating a PDF report on a cloud drive, such as MATLAB Drive[™], can result in an error that is caused by file contention between the report generation software and the cloud drive synchronization software. To avoid this error, generate reports on a local drive that does not synchronize with the cloud. Consider writing a script that generates a report on a local drive and then copies the report to the cloud drive.

Type — Output type

string | character vector | 'docx' | 'pdf'

Output type, specified as one of these values.

- 'HTML' HTML report packaged as a zipped file containing the HTML file, images, style sheet, and JavaScript files of the report.
- 'HTML-FILE' HTML report as a single HTML file containing the text, style sheet, JavaScript, and base64-encoded images of the report
- 'PDF' PDF file
- 'DOCX' Microsoft Word document

If you specify a template using the TemplatePath property, the value for Type must match the template type.

Layout — Page layout options

mlreportgen.report.ReportLayout object

Page layout options for this report, specified as a report layout object. See mlreportgen.report.ReportLayout.

Locale — Locale or language

[] (default) | string | character array

Locale or language, specified as the ISO 639-1 two-letter language code of the locale for which this report is to be generated. The default [] specifies the language of the system locale, for example, English on an English system. The Report API uses the language code to translate chapter title prefixes to the language of the specified locale. Translations are provided for the following locales: af, ca, cs, da, de, el, en, es, et, eu, fi, fr, hu, id, it, ja, ko, nl, nn, no, pl, pt, ro, ru, sk, sl, sr, sv, tr, uk, xh, and zh. If you specify an unsupported locale, the English version is used. See ISO 639-1 codes.

TemplatePath — Location of template

string | character array

Location of template used to format the report, specified as a string or character array. Use this property to specify a custom template for this report.

Document — Underlying DOM document object

DOM document object

This read-only property is an mlreportgen.dom.Document that is used to generate the content of the report.

Context — Container for keys and values

map object

This read-only property is a **containers.Map** object that contains information for generating the report, such as the hierarchical level of the current report section.

Debug – Debug mode

false (default) | true

Debug mode, specified as a logical. If you set **Debug** to true, the temporary files for the report are stored in a subfolder of the report folder. In debug mode, these files are not deleted when the report is closed.

CompileModelBeforeReporting — Compile Simulink model

true (default) | false

Whether to compile the Simulink model before reporting, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the model is not already compiled, it compiles when you add a reporter that reports on that model to this report. If the model cannot be compiled, report generation terminates. If this property is false, report generation proceeds without compiling the model.

PackageType — Packaging for generated files

'zipped'|'unzipped'|'both'|'single-file'

Value Supported Report Types Description 'docx'or 'html' Generates the report as a zip 'zipped' file at the location specified by the OutputPath property. The zip file has an extension that matches the document type (docx for Word output or htmtx for HTML output.) For example, if the document type is **doc**x and OutputPath is s:\docs \MyDoc, the output is packaged in a zip file named s:\docs \MyDoc.docx.

Packaging used for the generated files, specified as one of the values in the table.

Value	Supported Report Types	Description
'unzipped'	'docx' or 'html'	Generates the report as separate files in a folder that has the file name of the OutputPath property. For example, if the OutputPath is s:\docs\MyDoc, the output folder is s:\docs\MyDoc.
'both'	'docx' or 'html'	Generates zipped and unzipped outputs.
'single-file'	'pdf' or 'html-file'	Generates the report as a single file.

When the Type property is 'html', to generate an HTML report that you can open without unzipping, set PackageType to 'unzipped' or 'both'. In the folder that contains the generated files, open the root.html file.

Methods

Public Methods

This class uses the same methods as the MATLAB version, mlreportgen.report.Report. Instead of using mlreportgen in the class name, use slreportgen.

of using mer epor egen in the stass name, use	Sereporegen.
open	Opens the report
append	Add content to report
add	(Not recommended) Add content to report
close	Close and generate report
rptview	Open generated report file in viewer
mlreportgen.report.Report.createTemplate	Create report template
mlreportgen.report.Report.customizeReport	Create class derived from Report class
mlreportgen.report.Report.getClassFolder	Report class definition file location
getTempPath	Path of report temporary directory
generateFileName	Generate temporary report file name
getReportLayout	Current page layout of report
fill	Fill report template holes
getContext	Get report context value
setContext	Set report context value
ispdf	Check if PDF report
isdocx	Check if Word report
ishtml	Check if multifile HTML report
ishtmlfile	Check if single-file HTML report

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

R2020b: add method is not recommended

Behavior changed in R2020b

Starting in R2020b, use the **append** method instead of the **add** method to add content to objects of these Report API classes:

- slreportgen.report.Report
- mlreportgen.report.Chapter
- mlreportgen.report.Section

To add content to a DOM API object, such as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object, continue to use the append method of the DOM object. The advantage of using append to add content to Report API objects is that you use the same method name as you use to add content to DOM API objects.

There are no plans to remove the add methods of the Report, Chapter, or Section classes. Report API programs that use the add methods will continue to run.

To update existing code, replace the method name add with append as shown by the examples in the table.

Not Recommended	Recommended
<pre>import mlreportgen.report.*</pre>	<pre>import mlreportgen.report.*</pre>
<pre>import mlreportgen.dom.*</pre>	<pre>import mlreportgen.dom.*</pre>
	<pre>rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("myrpt","pdf");</pre>
<pre>ch = Chapter("My Chapter");</pre>	<pre>ch = Chapter("My Chapter");</pre>
<pre>sect = Section("My Section");</pre>	<pre>sect = Section("My Section");</pre>
<pre>para = Paragraph("My Content ");</pre>	<pre>para = Paragraph("My Content ");</pre>
<pre>append(para, "more Content");</pre>	<pre>append(para, "more Content");</pre>
<pre>add(sect,para);</pre>	<pre>append(sect,para);</pre>
add(ch,sect);	<pre>append(ch,sect);</pre>
<pre>add(rpt,ch);</pre>	<pre>append(rpt,ch);</pre>
close(rpt);	close(rpt);
<pre>rptview(rpt);</pre>	<pre>rptview(rpt);</pre>

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder| slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder| slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|

slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties| slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties|slreportgen.report.Diagram| slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.Reporter class

Package: slreportgen.report

Superclass for Simulink reporters

Description

The slreportgen.report.Reporter class is a superclass for the Simulink Report API reporters and custom reporters that you create to report on Simulink models and model elements. The format of a reporter is based on a template.

Note To use a subclass of slreportgen.report.Reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.Reporter class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Reporter() creates an empty Simulink reporter.

report = slreportgen.report.Reporter(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value
pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

TemplateSrc — Source of template for reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified in one of these ways:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the

true

TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateName — Name of template for reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template specified by the TemplateSrc property of this reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Methods

Public Methods	
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make
	deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter
slreportgen.report.Reporter.createTemplate	Create reporter template
slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter	Create class derived from
	slreportgen.report.Reporter class
slreportgen.report.Reporter.getClassFolder	Get location of folder containing
	slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"What Are Reporters?"

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

slreportgen.report.RptFile class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Create Report Explorer-based reporter

Description

Use the RptFile reporter to include the content generated by a Report Explorer setup (.rpt) file in a Report API report. When added to a report, the RptFile reporter:

- 1 Executes the specified Report Explorer setup file to generate a DocBook XML rendition of the Report Explorer report
- **2** Uses a modified version of the Report Explorer Docbook-to-DOM conversion template to convert the XML to a set of DOM objects (see "Manage Report Conversion Templates")
- **3** Adds the DOM content to the Report API report.

Note Use a Block Loop rather than a Chart Loop component in your report setup file to report on Stateflow charts. See "Report on Stateflow Dialog Snapshots" on page 7-143.

The slreportgen.report.RptFile class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

reporter = RptFile() creates an empty Report Explorer-based RptFile reporter. Before adding the reporter to a report, your report program must set the reporter's SetupFile property to the path of a Report Explorer setup (.rpt) file. Otherwise, an error occurs.

By default, the RptFile reporter uses a conversion template that is a slightly modified version of the Report Explorer's default conversion template for the report output type. For example, if the report output type is PDF, the reporter uses a slightly modified version of the default template for the Report Explorer's PDF (from template) output type.

You can use a custom conversion template to customize the reporter output. Use the reporter's createTemplate method to create a copy of one of the reporter's default output-type-specific conversion templates for customization. To use the customized template, set the RptFile reporter's TemplateSrc property to the path of the customized template.

reporter = RptFile(SetupFile) creates a RptFile reporter based on the specified Report
Explorer setup file (.rpt file). See the SetupFile property.

reporter = RptFile(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify
multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

SetupFile — Report Explorer setup file path

character array | string

Report Explorer setup file path, specified as a character array or string. Do not use form-based reports for setup files that you use with the RptFile reporter. The Report API report to which the setup file is added overrides the output type of the setup file.

public public

Attributes:

GetAccess		
SetAccess		

Data Types: string | character array

Model — Model name

character array | string

Model name, specified as a character array or string, of the model for which the specified SetupFile is executed. If the setup file contains a Model Loop, the RptFile reporter sets its value to the value of this property. An error occurs if the setup file does not contain a Model Loop or contains multiple model loops.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: character array | string

System — System path

character array | string | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object

System path, specified as a character array, string, or slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object. If the setup file contains a System Loop, the RptFile reporter sets the System Loop's value to the value of this property if it is a character or string. If the value is a DiagramResult object, the reporter sets the System Loop to the value of the result's Path property. An error occurs if the setup file does not contain a System Loop or contains multiple system loops.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: character array | string | object

Block — Block path

character array | string | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object

Block path, specified as a character array or string,

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object, or slreportgen.finder.BlockResult
object for a block. If the setup file contains a Block Loop, the RptFile reporter sets the Block Loop's
value to the value of this property if it is a character or string. If the value is an
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object, the reporter uses the value of the object's BlockPath

property. If the value is a DiagramElementResult object, the reporter uses the value of the object's DiagramPath and Name properties to determine the full path. An error occurs if the setup file does not contain a Block Loop or contains multiple block loops.

Note Use a Block Loop component in your setup file to report on Stateflow charts. See "Report on Stateflow Dialog Snapshots" on page 7-143.

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public public

Data Types: character array | string | object

TemplateSrc — Source of conversion template

[] | string | character array

Source of conversion template to be used by this reporter to convert the setup file's XML output to DOM objects. An empty value specifies use of the default template for the output type of the report to be generated. A string or character array value specifies the path of a customized version of the default template for the output type to be generated.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: character array | string

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character array | string

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character array or string. By default this property specifies RptFile, the name of the reporter's default template. This default template resides in the template library of its default conversion template along with other templates used to convert Report Explorer XML components to DOM objects. The default reporter template contains a single hole named Content to be filled with the DOM content converted from the XML content generated by the setup. If you change the name of this template, you must set this property to the new name. You can modify the template itself, but the modified template must contain a hole named Content.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: character array | string

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for content created by this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Report Explorer-based reporter class definition file

Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make

deep copies of certain property values Get implementation of reporter

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess	public public	
Data Types: <pre>string character array object</pre>		
Methods		
Public Methods slreportgen.report.RptFile.createTemplate	Create Report Explorer-based (RptFile) reporter template	
slreportgen.report.RptFile.customizeReporter	Create custom Report Explorer-based reporter class	

copy

getImpl

Examples

Create a RptFile Reporter

Create an RptFile reporter without specifying a setup file. Then, use the SetupFile property to specify the Report Explorer setup file.

location

reporter = slreportgen.report.RptFile(); reporter.SetupFile = "my_setup_file.rpt"

slreportgen.report.RptFile.getClassFolder

Report on a Documentation Block

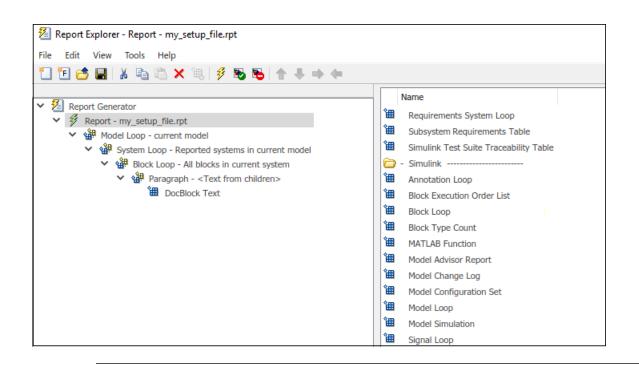
Use the RptFile reporter to report on a Documentation block in the slrgex_fuelsys Simulink model.

The RptFile reporter uses a Report Explorer setup file to obtain information about the Documentation block.

Note Before you run this example, use the Report Explorer to create a setup file named my_setup_file.rpt. The setup file for this example contains a hierarchy of a Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, Paragraph, and Documentation components as shown. Select the components from the middle pane.

- Model Loop, System Loop, and Block Loop components are in the Simulink folder.
- Paragraph component is in the Formatting folder.
- Documentation block component is in the Simulink Blocks folder.

For more information on setting up a setup file for this example, see "Create a Report Setup File".



Use this script to generate a report that includes information about the properties of the Sensor Info Documentation block in the ToController system of the slrgex_fuelsys model.

```
model = "slrgex_fuelsys";
load_system(model)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
chap = mlreportgen.report.Chapter("Report on a DocBlock");
rptFile = slreportgen.report.RptFile("my_setup_file.rpt");
rptFile.Model = model;
rptFile.System = "sldemo_fuelsys/To Controller";
rptFile.Block = "sldemo_fuelsys/To Controller/Sensor Info";
add(chap,rptFile);
add(rpt,chap);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```


Report on Stateflow Dialog Snapshots

To use slreportgen.report.RptFile to report on Stateflow dialog snapshots, use a Block Loop in the Report Explorer setup file.

Use the Report Explorer to create a setup file named my_setup_file.rpt. The setup file for this example contains a hierarchy consisting of a Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, and Stateflow Dialog Snapshot component. Select the components from the middle pane.

- The Model Loop, System Loop, and Block Loop components are in the Simulink folder.
- The Stateflow Dialog Snapshot component is in the Stateflow folder.

For more information on setting up a setup file, see "Create a Report Setup File".

```
🚈 Report Explorer - Report - my_setup_file.rpt*
File
    Edit
         View
                Tools
                       Help
                👗 🖻 🖺 🗙 🍓 I
                                   ¥
    Έ 🔁 📕
  🔏 Report Generator
v
                                                         🛅 - Simulink -----
     Report - my_setup_file.rpt*
                                                         圕
                                                              Annotation Loop
         Model Loop - current model
                                                         圕
                                                              Block Execution Order List
            System Loop - Reported systems in current model
                                                         圕
                                                              Block Loop

    Block Loop - All blocks in current system

                                                         圕
                                                              Block Type Count
                   Stateflow Dialog Snapshot
                                                         钿
                                                              MATLAB Function
                                                         圕
                                                             Model Advisor Report
                                                         圕
                                                             Model Change Log
                                                         圕
                                                             Model Configuration Set
                                                         圕
                                                              Model Loop
                                                         齫
                                                              Model Simulation
         Create a Simulink report.
         rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
         open(rpt);
         Load a model.
         model = "slrgex_sf_car";
         load_system(model);
         Create a chapter.
         chap = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
         chap.Title = strcat(model,": Stateflow Dialog Snapshots");
         Find all the systems in the model.
         sys finder = slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder(model);
         systems = find(sys_finder);
         Find all the blocks in the current system. Use the report setup file to report on Stateflow dialog
         snapshots.
         for system = systems
             blk_finder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(system);
```

```
for block = blocks
    if slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem(block.Object) && ...
        ~isempty(slreportgen.utils.block2chart(block.Object))
        rptFile = slreportgen.report.RptFile("my_setup_file.rpt");
        rptFile.Model = model;
```

blocks = find(blk_finder);

```
rptFile.System = system;
rptFile.Block = block;
add(chap,rptFile);
end
end
```

end

Add the chapter to the report.

add(rpt,chap);

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2019a

See Also

mlreportgen.report.RptFile | slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Use Simulink Report Explorer Components in Report API Reports" on page 4-20 "Working with Report Explorer"

slreportgen.report.Signal class

Package: slreportgen.report

Signal reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.Signal class to report the properties of a signal.

Signals are the outputs of dynamic systems that are represented by blocks in a Simulink diagram and by the diagram itself. See "Signal Basics".

Note To use a Signal object in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.Signal class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Signal() creates an slreportgen.report.Signal object with default property values. You must specify the signal to report by setting the Object property. Use other properties to customize the information reported and the formatting of the information.

true

reporter = slreportgen.report.Signal(object) sets the Object property to object.

reporter = slreportgen.report.Signal(Name=Value) sets the Signal object properties on page 7-146 using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — Block output port representing signal to report

[] (default) | handle

Block output port that represents the signal to report, specified as a handle. The signal reporter reports information about the properties of the output port and the properties of the line connected to the port.

ShowSimulinkSignalObject — Whether to report information about the Simulink.Signal object for this signal

true (default) | false

Whether to report information about the Simulink.Signal object for this signal, specified as true or false. If this property is true, the signal reporter includes information about the Simulink.Signal object that specifies the attributes of the signal. The properties of the Simulink.Signal object are reported using an mlreportgen.report.MATLABVariable reporter. Use the MATLABVariableReporter property of this signal reporter to customize the appearance of the signal object information. If the signal is not associated with a signal object, nothing is reported.

MATLABVariableReporter — Reporter for Simulink.Signal object

mlreportgen.report.MATLABVariable object

Reporter for the Simulink.Signal object that defines the signal being reported, specified as an mlreportgen.report.MATLABVariable object. The default value is an empty MATLABVariable reporter with the DepthLimit property set to 0. The default reporter reports information about the Simulink.Signal object in a single table. To customize the appearance of the reported information, modify the properties of the default MATLABVariable reporter or replace the reporter with a customized MATLABVariable reporter. For example, the following code uses the PropertyFilterFcn property of the MATLABVariable reporter to display only specific properties of the Simulink.Signal object:

filterFcnHandle = @(variableName, variableObject, propertyName) ...
~ismember(propertyName, ["Description", "DataType", "Unit"]);
signalRptr.MATLABVariableReporter.PropertyFilterFcn = filterFcnHandle;

Some properties of signal objects, such as the CoderInfo property, have values that are also objects with properties. To display the properties of properties in separate tables, set the DepthLimit property of the MATLABVariableReporter to an integer that is greater than 0. For example:

signalRptr.MATLABVariableReporter.DepthLimit = 10;

PropertyTable — Signal properties table formatter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Signal properties table formatter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the SignalTable style, which is defined in the default template for a Signal reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default BaseTable object or replace the object with your own BaseTable object. If you add content to the Title property of the BaseTable object, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ShowEmptyValues — Whether to show signal properties with empty values

false (default) | true

Whether to show signal properties that have empty values, specified as true or false.

Properties — Signal properties to report

```
["Name" "Description" "Source" "NonvirtualDestination" "DataType"] (default) | string array | cell array
```

Signal properties to report, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. Specify any combination of these properties:

- Name
- Description
- Source

- Destination
- NonvirtualDestination
- DataType
- Complexity
- Dimensions
- Min
- Max
- SampleTime

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

"Signal" (default) | character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library specified by the TemplateSrc property for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.Signal.createTemplate	Create signal reporter template
slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter	Create subclass of slreportgen.report.Signal class
slreportgen.report.Signal.getClassFolder	Get location of folder that contains
	slreportgen.report.Signal class definition file
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make
	deep copies of certain property values

getImpl

Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report a Signal

Use an slreportgen.report.Signal object to include information about a signal in a report.

Import the MATLAB and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Load a model.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name);
```

Create a Simulink report.

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("signal_example","pdf");

Add a diagram of the model to the report.

append(rpt,slreportgen.report.Diagram(model_name));

Get the port handle for the signal that you want to report.

```
ph = get_param("slrgex_vdp/x1","PortHandles");
port = ph.Outport;
```

Create a chapter for the signal information.

```
ch = Chapter("x1");
```

Create a Signal reporter for the signal and append the reporter to the chapter.

```
signalRptr = slreportgen.report.Signal(port);
append(ch,signalRptr);
```

Add the chapter to the report. Close and view the report.

```
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder|slreportgen.finder.SignalResult

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?" "Signal Basics"

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Simulink object properties reporter

Description

The SimulinkObjectProperties reporter generates tables that list the properties and property values of Simulink objects.

Note To use a Simulink object properties reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

reporter = SimulinkObjectProperties() creates an empty Simulink object properties
reporter. Use the Object property to specify the object to report.

To specify the list of Simulink object properties to include in the generated properties table, use the **Properties** property of the reporter. If you do not specify any properties, the reporter includes a default set of properties based on the object type. For example, the property table for a block includes the properties set by its parameter dialog box.

To customize the format of the generated property table, use the PropertyTable property.

Note This reporter compiles the model containing the object to be reported if the model is not already compiled. Compiling the model is necessary to propagate values to properties that are unspecified when the model has not been compiled. The model is uncompiled when you close the report that contains the generated property table.

reporter = SimulinkObjectProperties(obj) creates a reporter that generates a table listing the property values of the specified Simulink object.

reporter = SimulinkObjectProperties(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

obj — **Simulink object** path string or character vector | object handle

See Object property.

Properties

Object — **Simulink object to report**

path string or character vector | object handle

Simulink object whose properties to report, specified as a path to or handle of the specified object. The **Object** value must be one of these types of objects:

- model
- block
- annotation
- port
- line
- line segment

PropertyTable — Object properties table reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter

Object properties table reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter. The object properties reporter uses the base table reporter to format object properties. If this property is initially empty, the object properties reporter sets the property to a default property table reporter. To customize the property table formatting, set this property to a base table reporter that meets your formatting requirements.

ShowPromptNames — Whether to show property prompt names

true (default) | false

Choice to display property names as dialog box prompts, specified as a logical. If true and the property appears on the dialog box of the object, the table lists its dialog box prompt instead of its property name. Otherwise, the generated property table lists the property using its property name.

ShowEmptyValues — Whether to show properties with empty values

false (default) | true

Choice to show properties with empty values.

Whether to show properties with empty values, specified as a logical. If false, the generated object properties table omits object properties whose value is empty. If true, the table includes properties whose value is empty.

Properties - Names of properties to be reported

cell array of strings or character vectors

Names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array.

A cell array of names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array of strings or character vectors. If you do not specify any properties, the reporter determines a set of properties to report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.createTemplate	Create Simulink object properties
	reporter template
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter	Create custom Simulink object properties class
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.getClassFolder	Simulink object properties class
	definition file location
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter
	object and make deep copies of
	certain property values

getImpl

Examples

Add Properties Table to Report

Use the SimulinkObjectProperties reporter to add a properties table for the slrgex_vdp model to the report.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name);
```

Get implementation of reporter

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
chapter = Chapter(model_name);
rptr = SimulinkObjectProperties(model_name);
add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt, chapter);
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Specify Object Properties for Report Table

Add a properties table to a report and include properties for a model line segment only.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
chapter = Chapter(model_name);
```

```
load_system(model_name);
ph = get_param("slrgex_vdp/Mu","PortHandles");
outPort = ph.Outport;
line = get_param(outPort,"Line");
rptr = SimulinkObjectProperties(line);
rptr.Properties = {"Parent","SourcePort","StorageClass"};
```

```
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Stateflow object properties reporter

Description

The StateflowObjectProperties reporter generates tables that list the properties and property values of Stateflow objects.

Note To use a Stateflow object properties reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

reporter = StateflowObjectProperties() creates an empty Stateflow object properties
reporter. Use the properties of this reporter to specify reporting on these Stateflow objects:

- Object whose properties to report
- Properties to report
- Format of the reported properties

reporter = StateflowObjectProperties(obj) creates a reporter that generates a table listing the property values of the specified Stateflow object. The properties included by default depend on the object type. For example, a chart table includes the state and data of the chart. To specify a custom list of properties to be included in the generated property table, use the Properties property. Use the PropertyTable property to customize the format of the generated property table.

Note This reporter compiles the model containing the object to be reported if the model is not already compiled. Compiling the model is necessary to propagate values to properties that are unspecified when the model has not been compiled. The model is in an uncompiled state when you close the report that contains the generated property table.

reporter = StateflowObjectProperties(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value
pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

obj — Stateflow object Stateflow object handle

See Object property.

Properties

Object — **Stateflow object to report**

Stateflow object handle

Stateflow object whose properties to report, specified as the path string or character vector or as the handle of the specified object.

PropertyTable — Object properties table reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter

Object properties table reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter. The object properties reporter uses the base table reporter to format object properties. If this property is initially empty, the object properties reporter sets the property to a default property table reporter. To customize the property table formatting, set this property to a base table reporter that meets your formatting requirements.

ShowEmptyValues — Whether to show properties with empty values

false (default) | true

Choice to show properties with empty values.

Whether to show properties with empty values, specified as a logical. If false, the generated object properties table omits object properties whose value is empty. If true, the table includes properties whose value is empty.

Properties — Names of properties to be reported

cell array of character vectors | cell array of strings

Names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array of strings or character vectors.

A cell array of names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array of strings or character vectors. If you do not specify any properties, the reporter determines a set of properties to report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.createTemplate	Create Stateflow object properties reporter template
$slreportgen.report. {\it StateflowObjectProperties.customizeReporter}$	Create custom Stateflow object properties class
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.getClassFolder	Stateflow object properties class definition file location
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Add Stateflow Chart Properties Table to Report

Add a table that reports the properties of the shift_model chart in slrgex_sf_car model.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(model_name);
chart = block2chart('slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic');
rptr = StateflowObjectProperties(chart);
add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt, chapter);
```

```
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class

Package: slreportgen.report slreportgen.report slreportgen.report
slreportgen.report

Summary table reporter for finder results

Description

Use an object of slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class to summarize the search results obtained from a Simulink model by using a Finder object.

Note To use a Simulink summary table reporter in your report, you must create the report by using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

summaryTableRptr = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable() creates a summary table for an unspecified set of finder results.

Note Adding a Simulink summary table reporter with unspecified results to a report causes an error.

summaryTableRptr = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable(finderResults) creates a summary table reporter for the finder result objects in the array finderResults and sets the FinderResults property to finderResults.

The summary table contains a row for each result whose entries contain properties of the found object. By default, the reported properties depend on the result object type. Use the summary table reporters Properties property to customize the set of properties to report on.

summaryTableRptr = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable(Name=Value) sets properties by
using name-value arguments. Specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Properties

FinderResults — Finder result objects to report

finder result objects

true

Finder result objects to report, specified as an array of objects of a "finder result class" on page 7-162 such as slreportgen.report.FunctionReferenceResult, or slreportgen.report.SignalResult.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Title — Title for summary table

string scalar | character vector | DOM object

Title for the summary table, specified as a string, character vector, or a DOM object. By default, this property is empty and the reporter creates the table title by using the getDefaultSummaryTableTitle method for the finder result object specified by finderResults.

Specifying this property as a string scalar or character vector creates an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object with Style property set to 'SummaryTableTitleParagraph' in the generated report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Properties — Properties of result class to report

array | cell array

Properties of the result class to report on, specified as an array of string scalars or cell array of character vectors.

If this property is empty, the reporter determines which result object properties to report by using the getDefaultSummaryProperties method of the finder result objects specified in finderResults.

Use the getPropertyValues method of the finder result object specified by finderResults to identify the properties you can add to the summary table.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

SeparateTablesByType — Separate result objects table by type

true (default) | false

Whether to create a separate summary table for finder result objects based on the result object Type property, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

IncludeLinks — Link to corresponding finder result object
true (default) | false

Whether to link the Name property of each object in the summary table to link to the corresponding reporter object, specified as true or false.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ShowEmptyColumns — Include columns for empty result properties

false (default) | true

Whether to include columns for empty finder result object properties in the summary tables, specified as false or true.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TableReporter — Table reporter formatter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Table reporter formatter type, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the FunctionReferenceTable style, which is defined in the default template for a FunctionReference reporter.

To customize the appearance of the summary table, customize the default reporter or replace it with a customized BaseTable reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter	Create summary table reporter template Create class derived from summary table
	reporter class
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder	Get location of folder containing
	slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class
	definition file
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Add Summary Table Reporter to Report

This example shows how to add a summary table for finder results respresenting named signals in your Simulink® model to a report.

Create a PDF report and load the required model

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("SummaryTable","pdf");
% Open the model to report on
model_name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model_name);
% Create a chapter for the Summary Table Reporter
titleStr = sprintf("Summary Table for Named Signals in %s",model_name);
add(rpt,TitlePage(Title=titleStr,Author=""));
```

Create a **SignalFinder** object to find all the named signals in the model.

```
sigFinder = slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder(model_name);
sigFinder.IncludeInternalSignals = true;
sigFinder.IncludeUnnamedSignals = false;
results = find(sigFinder);
```

Create a summary table reporter for the results of the finder object.

```
reporter = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable(results);
reporter.Properties = ["Name","Source","DataType","Dimensions"];
reporter.Title = "Named Signals";
add(rpt,reporter);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
```

More About

finder result class

A finder result class is a Report API class that is a subclass of the mlreportgen.finder.Result class, which is an undocumented, internal class.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult | slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult | slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder
| slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder
```

slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable class

Package: slreportgen.report slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

State Transition Table Reporter

Description

Use objects of the slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable class to report on Stateflow.StateTransitionTableChart objects and Simulink State Transition Table blocks. The reporter includes:

- A table with details about the state transition table.
- An optional property table for symbols used by the state transition table.

StateTransitionTable objects can only be used with slreportgen.report.Report objects.

The slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

sttReporter = StateTransitionTable() creates an empty state transition table reporter. Set the Object property before you add sttReporter to a report.

sttReporter = StateTransitionTable(stt0bj) creates an
slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable object and sets the Object property to stt0bj.

sttReporter = StateTransitionTable(Name=Value) sets "Properties" on page 7-163 using
one or more name-value arguments.

Properties

Object — State transition table on which to report

[](default)|character array|string scalar|block handle| Stateflow.StateTransitionTableChart|slreportgen.finder.BlockResult| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

State transition table on which to report, specified as one of these options:

true

value	description
string scalar or character array	Path of the State Transition Table block on which to report
Block handle	A block handle to the State Transition Table block on which to report. To get a block handle, use the function getSimulinkBlockHandle or get_param.
Stateflow.StateTransitio nTableChart	The object on which to report
slreportgen.finder.Block Result	Search result object that represents the block with a Stateflow.StateTransitionTableChart object on which to report
slreportgen.finder.Diagr amElementResult	Search result object that represents the Stateflow.StateTransitionTableChart object on which to report.

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public public

Data Types: char | string | double | Stateflow.StateTransitionTableChart |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

IncludeSymbols — Whether to include property table for symbols

false or 0 (default) | true or 1

Whether to include a property table for the symbols used by the state transition table, specified as numeric or logical 0 (false) or 1 (true). The property table includes symbols for input and output ports and for local, constant, parameter, and Data Store Memory data elements. You can choose whether to compile the model before adding the symbol values to the report by setting the CompileModelBeforeReporting property of the slreportgen.report.Report object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

TableReporter — Formatter of symbols table

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Formatter of the symbols table, if included, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the STTTableReporter style, which is defined in the default templates for StateTransitionTable. To customize the symbols table, customize the existing BaseTable object or assign and customize a new BaseTable object to the TableReporter property.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template used to render the generated content

[] (default) | character array | string scalar

Name of the template in TemplateSrc used to render the generated content, specified as a character vector or a string scalar. If TemplateName is empty, then the reporter uses the default TemplateSrc template.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

<pre>slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTabl e.getClassFolder</pre>	path to the	folder that contains the gen.report.StateTransitionTabl
slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.createTem	-	Copy template file for slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable class
slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.customize	Reporter	Create custom state transition table reporter class
getImpl		Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report on Simulink® State Transition Table Block

This example shows how to report on a State Transition Table block.

Import these packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.utils.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.dom.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

Create an slreportgen.report.Report of type DOCX with a chapter.

```
theReport = Report("STT_Generated_Report","docx");
chapter = Chapter("A State Transition Table Block");
append(theReport,chapter);
```

Load the Simulink® model and create an slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder object to find the blocks in the model.

```
modelName = "slrgex_stt_boiler";
load_system(modelName);
blockFinder = BlockFinder(modelName);
```

Iterate through the block search results to find a result that represents a State Transition Table block.

```
while(blockFinder.hasNext)
    nextRes = blockFinder.next;
```

When you find a result that represents a State Transition Table block, use this result to create an slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable reporter. Then set the foundSST flag to true and break the loop.

```
if(isStateTransitionTableBlock(nextRes))
    sttReporter = StateTransitionTable(Object=nextRes,IncludeSymbols=true);
```

Append the StateTransitionTable reporter to the report. Close the report and the model, then view the report.

```
append(theReport,sttReporter);
close(theReport);
close_system(modelName);
rptview(theReport);
```

Return to end the execution of the example.

```
return;
end
end
```

The next block of code is executed only if no State Transition Table block is found in the model. Close the model and the report.

```
close_system(modelName);
close(theReport);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Reporter|Stateflow.StateTransitionTableChart| slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockResult| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget| mlreportgen.report.BaseTable|getSimulinkBlockHandle|get_param

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Reporter for MATLAB function references

Description

Use objects of the slreportgen.report.FunctionReference class to report on MATLAB function references that are specifically used for calculating parameters in Simulink blocks. You can use a FunctionReference object to add these elements to your report:

- A table with details about how the function is referenced by model blocks
- A section with information about the function type
- A section with information about the MATLAB program file (.m) that defines the function

The slreportgen.report.FunctionReference class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

You do not create FunctionReference objects explicitly. To create a FunctionReference object, use the getReporter method with an object of the class slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult.

Properties

Object — **MATLAB function to be reported** slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult object

MATLAB function to be reported, specified as an slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult object.

Attributes:

GetAccess public SetAccess private

Data Types: slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult

ParagraphFormatter — **Formatter for labels, function file path, and function type text** mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object

Formatter for labels, function file path, and function type text, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph object. This formatter determines the rendering of all labels,

true

function type text, and function file path, if included in the report. To customize the rendering of these elements, customize the existing Paragraph object or assign and customize a new Paragraph object.

Note If the FunctionFileDisplayPolicy is "code", this property affects only the label of the function code section. Use the MATLABCodeReporter property to customize the appearance of the function code.

Attributes:

GetAccess	
SetAccess	

public public

Data Types: mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph

ShowFunctionType — Whether to include function type in report

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to include the function type in the report, specified as a logical 1 (true) or 0 (false).

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

References Table

Properties related to the references table, which contains information about blocks that reference the function.

ShowReferencesTable — Whether to include a references table in the report

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to include a references table in the report, specified as a logical 1 (true) or 0 (false).

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

Title — Title of references table

empty string (default) | character array | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom object

Title of references table, if included in the report, specified as one of the these values:

Value	Description
100	The default title, in the format <function name=""> References</function>
character vector or string scalar	Explicit title of table

Value	Description
mlreportgen.dom.Text object	The value of the Content property of the Text object
mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink object	Concatenation of the contents of the objects in the Children property of the InternalLink object
mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink object	Concatenation of the contents of the objects in the Children property of the ExternalLink object

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public public

Data Types: char | string | mlreportgen.dom.Text | mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink |
mlreportgen.dom.ExternalLink

TableReporter — Formatter for references table

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Formatter of the references table, if included in the report, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the FunctionReferenceTable style, which is defined in the default template for a FunctionReference reporter. To customize the references table, customize the existing BaseTable object or assign and customize a new BaseTable object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: mlreportgen.report.BaseTable

Program File

Properties related to the section with information about the MATLAB program file (.m) that defines the referenced function.

ShowFunctionFile — Whether to include information about MATLAB program file

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to include information about the MATLAB program file, specified as a logical 1 (true) or 0 (false). The value of the FunctionFileDisplayPolicy determines which information about the file to include, the file content or the file path. In effect only for user-defined functions.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

FunctionFileDisplayPolicy — Whether to include content or path of the MATLAB program file

"code" (default) | "text"

Determine whether to include the content or the path of the MATLAB program file, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"code"	Include the content of the MATLAB program file
"text"	Include the path of the MATLAB program file

In effect only for user-defined functions.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: char | string

MATLABCodeReporter — Formatter of MATLAB program file code

mlreportgen.report.MATLABCode object

Formatter of MATLAB program file code, if included in the report, specified as an mlreportgen.report.MATLABCode object. To customize the format of the code in the report, customize the existing MATLABCode object or assign and customize a new MATLABCode object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: mlreportgen.report.MATLABCode

Methods

Public Methods

<pre>slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.getClass</pre>	Folder folderPath = getClassFolder() re contains the slreportgen.report.Fu file.
<pre>slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.getDefat ePath</pre>	<pre>ultTemplat templatePath = getDefaultTemplat templateType) returns the path of the type, for an object of the class Function</pre>
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values

getImpl slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.createTemplate	Get implementation of reporter Copy template file for slreportgen.report.FunctionReference
	class

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.customizeReporter

Create custom function reference reporter class

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Reporter | slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder |
slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult | "Report on MATLAB® Function References
in Simulink® Blocks" on page 7-176

true

slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Finder

Find MATLAB function references in Simulink blocks

Description

Use objects of the class slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder to find function references that are specifically used for calculating parameters in Simulink blocks.

The slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

funcRefFinder = slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder(container) creates a
FunctionReferenceFinder object and sets the Container property to container.

theReporter = slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder(Name=Value) sets
"Properties" on page 7-173 using one or more name-value arguments.

Properties

Container — Simulink model or block to search for function references

character array | string scalar | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object | model handle | block handle

Simulink model or block to search for function references, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
	Model name, specified as a string scalar or character vector. For example, "slrgex_sf_car"
	Path to block, specified as a string scalar or character vector. For example "slrgex_sf_car/Engine"

Value	Description
Model handle	<pre>Model handle, generated by the slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle function. For example slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle("slrg ex_sf_car")</pre>
Block handle	<pre>Block handle, generated by the getSimulinkBlockHandle function. For example, getSimulinkBlockHandle("slrgex_sf_car/ Engine")</pre>
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object</pre>	Search result object that represents a Simulink model or subsystem
<pre>slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object</pre>	Search result object that represents a Simulink block

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search inside container

inf (default) | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search inside the container, specified as a nonnegative integer or inf to search in an unlimited depth.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

FunctionType — Function type to search for

"all" (default) | "built-in" | "user-defined"

Function type to search for, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"all"	Search for all function references
"built-in"	Search for built-in function references
"user-defined"	Search for user-defined function references

Attributes:

GetAccess	
SetAccess	

public public

Data Types: string | char

 ${\tt Search Referenced Models} - {\tt Whether to search in referenced models}$

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to search in the models that are referenced by the model or block represented by the Container property, specified as a logical 1 (true) or 0 (false). When SearchReferencedModels is true:

- The finder searches only referenced models within the search depth are searched.
- The finder searches referenced models to the depth specified by SearchDepth, regardless of the depth of the block that contains the referenced model.
- The finder searches models that are referenced by referenced models.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

LookUnderMasks — Whether to search under masks

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to search under masks, specified as a logical 1 (true) or 0 (false).

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

FollowLibraryLinks — Whether to follow links to library blocks

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to follow links to library blocks, specified as a logical 1 (true) or 0 (false).

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Data Types: logical

IncludeInactiveVariants — Whether to search for functions referenced by inactive variants

false or 0 (default) | true or 1

Whether to search for functions referenced by inactive variants in variant subsystems and model variants, specified as a logical 0 (false) or 1 (true).

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public public

Data Types: logical

Properties — Properties of functions to find

cell array

Properties of functions to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs in the format {"Name", "Value"}. The finder returns only functions that have the specified properties with the

specified values. Supported properties include any property of the slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult class.

Data Types: cell

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>funcRefResArr = find(funcRefFinder) returns function references that match the constraints specified by the FunctionReferenceFinder object as an array of slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceRe sult objects.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(funcRefFinder) returns a logical 1 (true) if a result is available to be retrieved by the next method. If no result is available, hasNext returns a logical 0 (false).</pre>
next	<pre>funcRefRes = next(funcRefFinder) returns the next available result as a FunctionReferenceResult object. A result is available if it matches the constraints of funcRefFinder and has not been previously retrieved by the next method. If no result is available, then the next method returns an empty FunctionReferenceResult object.</pre>

Examples

Report on MATLAB® Function References in Simulink® Blocks

This example shows how to find and report on MATLAB function references in Simulink blocks.

Import these packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Create an slreportgen.report.Report of type PDF.

theReport = Report("FunctionReferenceReport", "pdf");

Open the model slrgex_fuelsys and then compile the model so that the finder searches the most updated version of the model.

```
modelName = "slrgex_fuelsys";
open_system(modelName);
slreportgen.utils.compileModel(modelName);
```

Create an slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder object.

funcRefFinder = FunctionReferenceFinder(modelName);

Set the finder to search in referenced models.

```
funcRefFinder.SearchReferencedModels = true;
```

Use the methods hasNext and next iteratively to fetch the slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult objects one at a time.

```
while(hasNext(funcRefFinder))
    nextRes = next(funcRefFinder);
```

If the referenced function is a built-in function, append the result directly to the report.

```
if(nextRes.FunctionType == "built-in")
    append(theReport,nextRes);
```

If the referenced function is a user-defined function, obtain a handle of the slreportgen.report.FunctionReference reporter of this result. Customize the reporter to exclude the references table by setting the ShowReferencesTable property of the reporter to false. Then append the reporter to the report.

```
else
   reporter = getReporter(nextRes);
   reporter.ShowReferencesTable = false;
   append(theReport,reporter);
   end
end
```

Uncompile and close the model.

```
slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel(modelName)
close_system(modelName);
```

Close and view the report.

close(theReport);
rptview(theReport);

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.FunctionReference|
slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult|slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle|
getSimulinkBlockHandle
```

slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Search result object that represents a MATLAB function reference

Description

Use objects of the class slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult to report on a referenced function found by an slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder object.

The slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceResult class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

```
HandleCompatible
```

true

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

You do not create FunctionReferenceResult objects explicitly. The slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder methods find and next create a FunctionReferenceResult object for each function reference the finder finds.

Properties

Tag — Optional label

[] (default) | any value

Optional label, specified as any type of MATLAB variable.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Function Properties

Properties that describe the referenced function.

Object — Name of function represented by this result object

string scalar

Name of the function represented by this result object, specified as a string scalar.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	protected

Data Types: string

FunctionType — Type of function represented by this result object

"built-in" | "user-defined"

Type of function represented by this result object, specified as "built-in" or "user-defined".

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public protected

Data Types: string

FilePath — Full path of MATLAB program file

string scalar

Full path of the MATLAB program file, specified as a string scalar, or an empty string scalar if the FunctionType property is "built-in".

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public protected

Data Types: string

References Properties

Properties that describe the references to the function, specified each as a string array. Elements in these arrays correspond to each other.

CallingBlocks — List of blocks that reference the function

string array

List of blocks that reference the function, specified as a string array. Each element in the list corresponds to the elements with the same positional index in the BlockParameters and CallingExpressions properties.

Attributes:

GetAccess SetAccess public protected

Data Types: string

BlockParameters — List of parameters that reference the function in the calling blocks

string array

List of parameters that reference the function in the calling blocks, specified as a string array. Each element in the list corresponds to the elements with the same positional index in the CallingBlocks and CallingExpressions properties.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	protected

Data Types: string

CallingExpressions — List of expressions used to reference the function in the calling blocks

string array

List of expressions used to reference the function in the calling blocks, specified as a string array. Each element in the list corresponds to the elements with the same positional index in the CallingBlocks and BlockParameters properties.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	protected

Data Types: string

Methods

Public Methods

getReporter	<pre>funcRefReporter = getReporter(resObj) returns the slreportgen.report.FunctionReference reporter that is associated with the search result object, resObj.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>defTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resObj) returns the default summary table title for an object of the class FunctionReferenceResult, resObj. This value is the default title for an slreportgen.report.SummaryTable object created from a FunctionReferenceResult array. After you create a summary table, you can change the title.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resObj) returns the list of default summary table properties for an object of the class FunctionReferenceResult, resObj. The return value of this method, ["Name", "Calling Blocks", "Calling Expressions"], is the list of default properties for an slreportgen.report.SummaryTable object created from a FunctionReferenceResult array. After you create a summary table, you can change the properties.</pre>

getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>linkID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resObj) returns the link target ID of the slreportgen.report.FunctionReference reporter object associated with the result object, resObj. Use linkID to create a hyperlink from any part of the report to the function reference.</pre>
getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(resObj, propNames) returns a cell array of the values of the properties specified by propNames in the search result object resObj. Entries in propVals correspond to entries in propNames in the same positional indices. Entries that correspond to invalid entries are "N/A". To retrieve the value of the Object property of the result object, specify "Object", "Name", or "Function Name" as an entry in propNames.</pre>

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference |
slreportgen.finder.FunctionReferenceFinder | slreportgen.report.SummaryTable |
"Report on MATLAB® Function References in Simulink® Blocks" on page 7-176

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

System hierarchy reporter

Description

Creates a system hierarchy reporter that generates a nested list of the subsystems of a Simulink model or subsystem in a report.

Note To use a system hierarchy reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

rptr = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy() creates an empty system hierarchy reporter based on a default template. Customize the content and format of the generated list by using the reporter properties. Before you add the reporter to a report, you must specify a model or subsystem in the Source property of the reporter. Adding an empty reporter to a report produces an error.

rptr = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy(source) creates a system hierarchy reporter for the model or subsystem specified by source. See the Source property.

rptr = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties
using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Source - Simulink model or subsystem

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | handle

Simulink model or subsystem, specified as a string scalar or character vector that contains the path to the model or subsystem, or as a handle to the model or subsystem.

MaxAncestorLevel — Maximum number of levels of ancestors to include

Inf (default) | nonnegative integer scalar

true

Maximum number of levels of ancestors of the source subsystem to include in the generated list, specified as a nonnegative integer scalar. For example, if MaxAncestorLevel is 2, the list includes the source and up to two levels of ancestors. If MaxAncestorLevel is Inf, the default value, the list includes all ancestors. If MaxAncestorLevel is zero, the list does not include ancestors.

MaxDescendantLevel — Maximum number of levels of descendants to include

Inf (default) | nonnegative integer scalar

Maximum number of levels of descendants of the source model or subsystem to include in the generated list, specified as a nonnegative integer scalar. For example, if MaxDescendantLevel is 2, the list includes the source and up to two levels of descendants. If MaxDescendantLevel is Inf, the default value, the list includes all descendants. If MaxDescendantLevel is zero, the list does not include descendants.

IncludePeers — Whether to include peers of the subsystem

true (default) | false

Whether to include peers of the source subsystem in the generated list, specified as true or false.

EmphasizeSource — Whether to emphasize the source

true (default) | false

Whether to emphasize the source model or subsystem in the generated list, specified as true or false. If EmphasizeSource is true, the name of the source model or subsystem is formatted according to the TextFormatter property. Otherwise, it is formatted like the other items in the list.

ListFormatter — List formatter

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList (default) | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList

List formatter that formats the generated list, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object or an mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The default value of this property is an object of mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList. To customize the list formatting, modify the list object properties or replace the list object with a customized list object that does not contain list items.

SourceTextFormatter — Text formatter for highlighting the name of the source

mlreportgen.dom.Text

Text formatter object that formats the name of the source model or subsystem in the generated list, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Text object. This property applies only if the EmphasizeSource property is true. The initial value of the SourceTextFormatter property is an mlreportgen.dom.Text object with the Bold and Italic properties set to true. To customize the appearance of the name in the generated list, modify the mlreportgen.dom.Text object properties or replace the object with a customized mlreportgen.dom.Text object. If you add text to the default or replacement text object, the text appears in front of the source name in the generated report.

IncludeMaskedSubsystems — Whether to include masked subsystems

false (default) | true

Whether the generated list of descendants of the source system includes masked subsystems, specified as true or false. If IncludeMaskedSubsystems is true, the list includes masked subsystems and their descendant subsystems, as long as the number of levels below the source subsystem is less than or equal to the value of the MaxDescendantLevel property.

To enable the system hierarchy reporter to link masked subsystems to the corresponding diagrams in the report, in the diagram reporter, set the MaskedSystemLinkPolicy property to 'system'.

IncludeReferencedModels — Whether to include referenced models

true (default) | false

Whether the generated list of descendants of the source system includes referenced models, specified as true or false. If IncludeReferencedModels is true, the list includes referenced models and their descendant subsystems, as long as the number of levels below the source subsystem is less than or equal to the value of the MaxDescendantLevel property.

IncludeReferencedSubsystems — Whether to include referenced subsystems

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether the generated list of descendants of the source system includes referenced subsystems, specified as true or false. If IncludeReferencedSubsystems is true, the list includes referenced subsystems and their descendant subsystems, as long as the number of levels below the source subsystem is less than or equal to the value of the MaxDescendantLevel property.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Whether to include Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Whether the generated list of descendants of the source system includes subsystems that link to a Simulink library subsystem, specified as true or false. The list includes a linked subsystem or one of its descendant subsystems, only if all of these conditions are true:

- The value of IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks is true.
- The subsystem is not masked, or the subsystem is masked and the value of the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true.
- The number of levels below the source subsystem is less than or equal to the value of the MaxDescendantLevel property.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Whether to include library links to user-defined libraries true (default) | false

Whether the generated list of descendants of the source system includes subsystems that link to a user-defined library subsystem, specified as true or false. The list includes a linked subsystem, or one of its descendant subsystems, only if all of these conditions are true:

- The value of IncludeUserLibraryLinks is true.
- The subsystem is not masked, or the subsystem is masked and the value of the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true.
- The number of levels below the source subsystem is less than or equal to the value of the MaxDescendantLevel property.

IncludeVariants — Variants to include

```
"Active" (default) | "All" | "ActivePlusCode"
```

Variants of a variant block to include in the generated list of descendants of the source system, specified as one of the values in the table. You can specify the value as a string scalar or a character vector.

Value	Description
"Active"	Active variants (default)
"All"	All variants
"ActivePlusCode"	Active variants and code variants

The list includes the variants only if the number of levels below the source subsystem is less than or equal to the value of the MaxDescendantLevel property.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

$slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.createTemplate\\slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter$	Create system hierarchy reporter template Create custom system hierarchy reporter class
slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.getClassFolder	Get location of system hierarchy reporter class definition file
сору	Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values
getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Include System Hierarchy of a Model in a Report

Include the system hierarchy of the slrgex_fuelsys model in a report by adding an slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy reporter to a report generation program. Generate the model diagrams by adding an slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder object. The system hierarchy reporter generates links from subsystems in the nested list to the corresponding diagrams.

```
% Import the API packages
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.dom.*
% Load the model
model = "slrgex fuelsys";
load_system(model);
% Create a report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
% Create a chapter reporter
chapter = Chapter("System Hierarchy for the " + model + " Model");
% Create a SystemHierarchy reporter for the model
rptr = SystemHierarchy(model);
% Add the SystemHierarchy reporter to the chapter.
% Add the chapter to the report
add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt, chapter);
% Find the diagrams for the subsystems
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    ch = Chapter(result.Name);
    add(ch, result);
    add(rpt, ch);
end
% Close and view the output report
close(rpt);
close_system(model);
rptview(rpt);
```

Here is the system hierarchy in the generated report:

sirgex fuelsys

- Dashboard
 Engine Gas
 - Engine Gas Dynamics
 - Mixing & Combustion
 - <u>Throttle & Manifold</u>
 - Intake Manifold
 - 🖻 <u>Throttle</u>
 - To Controller
- 🛅 <u>To Plant</u>

.

- fuel_rate_control (slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control)
 - <u>airflow calc</u>
 Control logic
 - control_logic
 - <u>02</u>
 - <u>Pressure</u>
 - 🛅 map_estimate
 - 🔲 <u>Speed</u>
 - <u>speed_estimate</u>
 - <u>Throttle</u>
 - 🖻 throttle_estimate
 - 🖻 <u>fuel calc</u>
 - <u>feedforward_fuel_rate</u>
 - <u>switchable_compensation</u>
 - disabled_mode
 - <u>low_mode</u>
 - 🛅 <u>rich_mode</u>

To see the diagram corresponding to a subsystem, click the subsystem in the list.

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder

Topics

"Report Systems Hierarchically" on page 4-25 "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

7-188

slreportgen.report.SystemIO class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Simulink system input and output signal reporter

Description

Create a reporter that reports on signals entering or leaving a Simulink model or subsystem.

Note To use a SystemIO reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.SystemIO class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

slreportgen.report.SystemIO() creates an empty slreportgen.report.SystemIO reporter object. Use the Object property to specify the model or subsystem to be reported. By default, the reporter generates summary tables for the system inputs and outputs. The input summary table lists the sources of the input signals. The output summary table lists the destinations of the output signals. The reporter also generates a signal details section that lists the properties of the input and output ports. Use the reporter properties to customize the content and appearance of the generated report. For example, use the DetailsReporter property to customize the content and appearance of the signal details section.

slreportgen.report.SystemIO(object) creates a reporter for the model or subsystem specified by object. See the Object property.

slreportgen.report.SystemIO(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties using name-value
pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — **Model** or subsystem to be reported

string scalar | character vector | handle | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object

Simulink model or subsystem to be reported, specified as a string scalar or character vector that contains the path to the model or subsystem, as a handle to the model or subsystem, as an

true

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object, or as an slreportgen.finder.BlockResult
object.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

InputSummaryProperties — List of properties to report for each input

string array | cell array of character vectors

List of properties to report for each input, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. By default, the list includes Port, Inport Block, Source, Name, and DataType. The value reported for Inport Block is the name of the Inport block that corresponds to the input signal in the system. You can include these signal properties in the list:

- "Port"
- "Source"
- "Name"
- "Description"
- "DataType"
- "Complexity"
- "Dimensions"
- "Min"
- "Max"
- "SampleTime"
- "Units"

You also can specify these block properties of the corresponding Inport block:

- "Inport Block"
- "Inport Block Description"

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

OutputSummaryProperties — List of properties to report for each output

string array | cell array of character vectors

List of properties to report for each output, specified as a string array or a cell array of character vectors. By default, the list includes Port, Outport Block, Destination, Name, and DataType. The value reported for Outport Block is the name of the Outport block that corresponds to the output signal in the system. You can include these signal properties in the list:

- "Port"
- "Destination"
- "Name"
- "Description"

- "DataType"
- "Complexity"
- "Dimensions"
- "Min"
- "Max"
- "SampleTime"
- "Units"

You also can specify these block properties of the corresponding Outport block:

- "Outport Block"
- "Outport Block Description"

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ShowInputSummary — Whether to show input summary table

true (default) | false

Whether to show a table that summarizes the inputs to the subsystem or model, specified as true or false. The InputSummaryProperties property determines which input properties the table includes.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ShowOutputSummary — Whether to show output summary table

true (default) | false

Whether to show a table that summarizes the outputs from the subsystem or model, specified as true or false. The OutputSummaryProperties property determines which output properties the table includes.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ShowDetails — Whether to show details for each input and output

true (default) | false

Whether to show details for each input or output, specified as true or false. If ShowDetails is true, the reporter inserts slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties reporters after the input and output summary tables. If Object is a model, details about the input or output blocks are included. If Object is a subsystem, details about the input or output ports are included. The port numbers in the summary tables link to the corresponding SimulinkObjectProperties reporter for that port.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ShowEmptyColumns — Whether to show empty columns in summary tables false (default) | true

Whether to show empty columns in summary tables, specified as true or false. If ShowEmptyColumns is true, the summary tables include columns that do not have data.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

InputSummaryReporter — Table formatter for input summary tables

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Table formatter for input summary tables, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter. The default value is a BaseTable reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default table reporter or replace it with a customized table reporter. If you add content to the Title property of the default or customized table reporter, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

OutputSummaryReporter — Table formatter for output summary tables

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Table formatter for output summary tables, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter. The default value is a BaseTable reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the properties of the default table reporter or replace it with a customized table reporter. If you add content to the Title property of the default or customized table reporter, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

DetailsReporter — Formatter for detail tables

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object

Formatter for detail tables, specified as an slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties reporter. The default value is an SimulinkObjectProperties reporter. To customize the appearance of the detail tables, modify the properties of the default SimulinkObjectProperties reporter or replace it with a customized SimulinkObjectProperties reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

ListFormatter — List formatter for source and destination lists

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object

List formatter for the source and destination lists, specified as an

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList or mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The source list is the list of blocks to which an input signal is connected. The destination list is the list of blocks to which an output signal is connected. The default formatter is an UnorderedList object. To customize the appearance of the list, modify the properties of the default list formatter or replace it with a customized list object that does not contain any children.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateSrc — Source of template for reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified in one of these ways:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

TemplateName — Name of template for reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of the template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template specified by the TemplateSrc property of this reporter.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	public

Methods

Public Methods slreportgen.report.SystemIO.createTemplate Copy the default slreportgen.report.SystemIO reporter template slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter Create subclass of slreportgen.report.SystemIO class slreportgen.report.SystemIO.getClassFolder Get location of folder that contains the slreportgen.report.SystemIO class definition file Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and copy make deep copies of certain property values getImpl Get implementation of reporter

Examples

Report on Inputs and Outputs of a Model

This example uses an slreportgen.report.SystemIO reporter to report on the inputs and outputs of a model and its subsystems.

```
model_name = "slrgex_f14";
load system(model name);
% Create a Simulink report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("SystemI0_example","docx");
% Create finder to find all diagrams in model
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(model name);
% Report inputs and outputs of each diagram
ch = mlreportgen.report.Chapter("Diagrams");
while hasNext(finder)
  result = next(finder);
 if strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.SubSystem") ...
          i strcmpi(result.Type, "Simulink.BlockDiagram")
      sect = mlreportgen.report.Section(result.Name);
      add(sect,result);
      % Create SystemIO reporter and add to report
      ioRptr = slreportgen.report.SystemIO(result);
      add(sect.ioRptr);
      add(ch,sect);
 end
end
% Add chapter to report and close report
add(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Tips

- The input and output signal properties reported by the SystemIO reporter correspond to Simulink properties, which you can query by using get_param. For example, the DataType and Dimensions properties correspond to the Simulink CompiledPortDataType and CompiledPortDimensions properties of the port handles.
- For bus signals, Simulink determines the values of the CompiledPortDataType and CompiledPortDimensions properties based on whether the signal is a nonvirtual or virtual bus.

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

R2021b: Default values of InputSummaryProperties and OutputSummaryProperties Behavior changed in R2021b

Starting in R2021b, the default value of the InputSummaryProperties property is ["Port"
"Inport Block" "Source" "Name" "DataType"] and the default value of the
OutputSummaryProperties property is ["Port" "Outport Block" "Destination" "Name"
"DataType"]. Before R2021b, the default value of the InputSummaryProperties was ["Source"
"Name" "DataType"] and the default value of the OutputSummaryProperties was
["Destination" "Name" "DataType"].

Before R2021b, a SystemIO object always reported the Inport or Outport block for a model signal and the port number for a subsystem signal, regardless of the values of the InputSummaryProperties or OutputSummaryProperties properties. Starting in R2021b, to report the Inport or Outport block for either a model or subsystem signal, you must include Inport Block or Outport Block in the property list in the InputSummaryProperties or OutputSummaryProperties property. To report the port number, you must include Port in the property list.

R2021b: Specifying Inport or Outport blocks in property list

Behavior changed in R2021b

Starting in R2021b, you can specify Inport Block instead of Inport Block Name in the InputSummaryProperties property and you can specify Outport Block instead of Outport Block Name in the OutputSummaryProperties property. Inport Block Name and Outport Block Name are still valid.

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult

Topics

"Report System Inputs and Outputs" on page 4-34 "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.TestSequence class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Test Sequence block reporter

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.report.TestSequence class to report on a Simulink Test Sequence block. Using a Test Sequence block in a Simulink model requires Simulink Test.

By default, a **TestSequence** reporter generates:

- Property tables for all of the symbols input, output, local, constant, parameter, and data store memory
- A nested list for the step hierarchy
- Details for each step including the step description, When condition, action statements, and a table of transition conditions and next steps

If the Test Sequence block uses scenarios, the TestSequence reporter includes the scenario parameter in the parameters table and a list for each scenario in the step hierarchy. In the report, scenarios are identified by the scenario icon. The active scenario is also identified by the word Active followed by the active scenario icon. For example:

Scenario 2 (Active +)

The reporter adds a note to the report when the active scenario is controlled in the workspace. In this case, the active scenario is not identified in the report.

Use the **TestSequence** reporter properties to filter the content and customize the content formatting.

Note To use an slreportgen.report.TestSequence reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class or subclass.

The slreportgen.report.TestSequence class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

true

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.TestSequence() creates an empty TestSequence reporter object based on the default template. You must specify a Test Sequence block to report by setting the Object property. Use other properties to specify report options.

reporter = slreportgen.report.TestSequence(testSeqObject) creates a TestSequence
reporter and sets the Object property to the specified Test Sequence block.

reporter = slreportgen.report.TestSequence(Name=Value) sets the reporter properties
using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Object — **Test Sequence block to report**

[](default)|character vector | string scalar | handle | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

Test Sequence block to report, specified as one of these types of values:

- Character vector or string scalar containing the path of the block
- Handle to the block
- An slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object
- An slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object

IncludeSymbols — Whether to include symbols

true (default) | false

Whether to include symbols in the report, specified as true or false. If IncludeSymbols is true, the report includes property tables for the symbols. In the input and output symbol property tables, the symbols are sorted by the port number. In the local, constant, parameter, and data store memory tables, the symbols are sorted by the symbol name.

If the model was compiled before report generation, the values in the property tables are the values after compilation. Otherwise, the property values are the values before compilation and a note at the end of the Symbols section states that the model was not compiled. By default, models are compiled during report generation. You can control whether a model is compiled during report generation by setting the CompileModelBeforeReporting property of the slreportgen.report.Report object that includes this reporter.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepHierarchy — Whether to include step hierarchy

true (default) | false

Whether to include the step hierarchy, specified as true or false. If IncludeStepHierarchy is true, the report includes the step hierarchy as a nested list. The step name in the list links to the corresponding step content in the report.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepContent — Whether to include step content

true (default) | false

Whether to include step content, specified as true or false. If IncludeStepContent is true, the report includes the content for each step. In the reported step content, the step name links to the step hierarchy in the report. You can filter the reported step content by using the IncludeStepDescription, IncludeStepWhenCondition, IncludeStepAction, IncludeStepTransitions, and IncludeStepRequirements properties.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepDescription — Whether to include step description

true (default) | false

Whether to include the step description in the content reported for a step, specified as true or false.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepWhenCondition — Whether to include step When condition

true (default) | false

Whether to include the step When condition in the content reported for a step, specified as true or false. The When condition is the condition that activates a When decomposition child step.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepAction — Whether to include step actions

true (default) | false

Whether to include the step actions in the content reported for a step, specified as true or false.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepTransitions — Whether to include step transitions table

true (default) | false

Whether to include the step transitions table in the content reported for a step, specified as true or false. The step transitions table contains the transition conditions and the next steps.

Data Types: logical

IncludeStepRequirements — Whether to include step requirements

false (default) | true

Whether to include a link to the step requirements in the content reported for a step, specified as true or false. Linking to the step requirements requires Requirements Toolbox.

Data Types: logical

TableReporter — Table formatter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object

Table formatter for tables generated by this reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable object. The default value of this property is a BaseTable object with the TableStyleName property set to the TestSequenceTable style, which is defined in the default template for a TestSequence reporter. To customize the appearance of the table, modify the

properties of the default BaseTable object or replace it with your own BaseTable object. If you add content to the Title property of the BaseTable object, the content appears in front of the table title in the generated report.

ListFormatter — Formatter for step hierarchy list

mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object | mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object

Formatter for the step hierarchy list, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.UnorderedList object or mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList object. The UnorderedList or OrderedList object must not contain list items.

The default value of this property is an UnorderedList object with the StyleName property set to the TestSequenceList style, which is defined in the default template for a TestSequence reporter. To customize the appearance of the list, modify the properties of the default UnorderedList object or replace the object with your own UnorderedList or OrderedList object.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.createTemplate slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter Create Test Sequence block reporter template Create custom Test Sequence block reporter class

Get location of Test Sequence block reporter

Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and

make deep copies of certain property values

Get implementation of reporter

class definition file

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.getClassFolder

copy

getImpl

Examples

Report on a Test Sequence Block

This example shows how to use an slreportgen.report.TestSequence object to report on a Test Sequence block.

Import these packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Create a Simulink® Report Generator report of type PDF.

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("myTestSequenceReport", "pdf");

Load a model that has a test sequence.

```
model_name = "slrgex_sltestTestSequenceDebouncerExample";
load_system(model_name);
testSeqObj = strcat(model name,"/Debouncer Test");
```

Create a chapter for the Test Sequence block.

```
chapter = Chapter(testSeq0bj);
```

Create a reporter for the Test Sequence block.

rptr = TestSequence(testSeqObj);

Append the reporter to the chapter and the chapter to the report.

```
append(chapter,rptr);
append(rpt,chapter);
```

Close the report and model and view the report.

```
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also Test Sequence

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?" "Test Sequence Editor" (Simulink Test)

slreportgen.report.TruthTable class

Package: slreportgen.report
Superclasses: slreportgen.report.Reporter

Truth table reporter

Description

Create a Simulink truth table block or Stateflow truth table object reporter.

Note To use a TruthTable reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

The slreportgen.report.TruthTable class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

rptr = TruthTable() creates an empty TruthTable reporter. Use its properties to specify the truth table on which to report and specify report options and format.

rptr = TruthTable(truthtableobj) creates a TruthTable reporter for the truth table specified by truthtableobj, which can be either a block or a Stateflow object. By default, the reporter generates a table of the conditions and actions of the truth table.

rptr = TruthTable(Name=Value) creates a truth table reporter with additional options specified by one or more Name=Value pair arguments. Name is a property name and Value is the corresponding value. You can specify several name-value pair arguments in any order as Name1=Value1, ..., NameN=ValueN.

Input Arguments

truthtableobj — Truth table object

Simulink Truth Table block path | Simulink Truth Table block handle | Stateflow Truth Table handle

See the Object property.

Properties

Object — Truth table block or object

Simulink Truth Table block path | Simulink Truth Table block handle | Stateflow Truth Table handle

Simulink Truth Table block or Stateflow truth table object, specified as a path or handle.

IncludeConditionTableHeader — Include headers in condition table

true (default) | false

Specify whether to include headers in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the report includes column headers that identify the contents of the table columns.

IncludeConditionTableRowNumber — Include row numbers in condition table
true (default) | false

Specify whether to include row numbers in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the condition table starts with a row number.

IncludeConditionTableConditionCol — Include condition column in condition table
true (default) | false

Specify whether to include the condition column in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the report includes the conditions that trigger the decisions.

IncludeConditionTableDescriptionCol — Include description column in condition table
true (default) | false

Specify whether to include the description column in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the report includes descriptions of the truth table conditions.

ConditionTableReporter — Reporter for truth table condition table

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Reporter used by the TruthTable reporter to create the truth table condition table. This property is set by default to an instance of a BaseTable reporter.

Use the associated **BaseTable** reporter properties to customize the appearance of the condition table. If the condition table is too wide to fit legibly on a page, use the MaxCols property of the **BaseTable** reporter to generate the condition table as a set of table slices that fit legibly.

Note The TruthTable reporter always repeats the first two columns of the condition table in each slice. It does not use the RepeatCols property of the BaseTable or custom reporter.

IncludeActionTableHeader — Include headers in action table

true (default) | false

Specify whether to include headers in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the action table includes the column headers, such as "Description" that identify the contents of each column.

IncludeActionTableRowNumber — Include row numbers in action table

true (default) | false

Specify whether to include row numbers in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the action table starts with a row number.

IncludeActionTableActionCol — Include action column in action table
true (default) | false

Specify whether to include the action column in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the action table lists the executable action statements for each action.

IncludeActionTableDescriptionCol — Include description column in action table true (default) | false

Specify whether to include the description column in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the action table contains a description of the corresponding action.

ActionTableReporter — Reporter for truth table action table

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Reporter used by the TruthTable reporter to create the truth table's action table. This property is set by default to an instance of a BaseTable reporter. You can customize the appearance of the action table by changing the properties of this table reporter or by replacing it with a customized version of a BaseTable reporter.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of the template for this reporter, specified as one of these options:

- Character vector or string scalar that specifies the path of the file that contains the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Microsoft Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

character vector | string scalar

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar. The template for this reporter must be in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a character vector or string scalar that specifies the link target ID or as an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A character vector or string scalar value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

Public Methods

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder Create truth table template Create custom truth table reporter class Location of truth table class definition file copy

getImpl

Examples

Add Truth Table to a PDF Report

import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

model_name = 'sf_climate_control';
openExample(model_name);

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf'); truthtableobj = 'sf_climate_control/ClimateController';

chapter = Chapter(truthtableobj); rptr = TruthTable(truthtableobj); rptr.IncludeConditionTableRowNumber = false; add(chapter,rptr) add(rpt,chapter)

close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)

Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values Get implementation of reporter

Chapter 1. sf_climate_control/ClimateController

Table 1.1. Condition Table for ClimateController

Description	Condition	D1	D2	D3	D4
Hot	t > T_thresh	т	т	-	-
Dry	h < H_thre sh	т	-	т	-
	Actions:	CoolOn,HumidOn	CoolOn	HeatOn,HumidOn	HeatOn

Table 1.2. Action Table for ClimateController

#	Description	Action
1	Turn On Cooling (This implicitly reduces hu midity)	CoolOn: cooler = 1; heater = 0; humidifier = 0;
2	Turn On Heater (This implicitly reduces hu midity)	HeatOn: heater = 1; cooler = 0; humidifier = 0;
3	Turn On Humidifier	HumidOn: humidifier = 1;

Slice Truth Table Condition Table

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'sf_climate_control';
openExample('sf_climate_control');
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
truthtableobj = 'sf_climate_control/ClimateController';
```

chapter = Chapter(truthtableobj); rptr = TruthTable(truthtableobj); rptr.IncludeConditionTableRowNumber = false; rptr.ConditionTableReporter.MaxCols = 4; add(chapter,rptr) add(rpt,chapter)

close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)

Ch	apter 1. s	sf_climate_co	ontrol/ClimateCo	ntroller	
Tal	ble 1.1. Co	ondition Table	e for ClimateContr	oller	
ro	m column 1	to column 2, fr	om column 3 to colun	nn 4.	
De	escription	Condition	D1	D2	
Ho	ot	t > T_thresh	т	т	
Dr	у	h < H_thresh	т	-	
		Actions:	CoolOn,HumidOn	CoolOn	
Fro	m column 1	to column 2, fr	om column 5 to colun	nn 6.	
De	escription	Condition	D3	D4	
Ho	ot	t > T_thresh	-	-	
Dry		h < H_thresh	т	-	
	Actions:		HeatOn,HumidOn	HeatOn	
۲al	ole 1.2. Ac	tion Table fo	r ClimateControlle	er	
#		Descript	tion		Action
1	Turn On Cooling (This implicitly reduces hu midity)		CoolOn: cooler = 1; heater = 0; humidifier	= 0;	
2	Turn On Heater (This implicitly reduces hu midity)		HeatOn: heater = 1; cooler = 0; humidifier	= 0;	
3	Turn On Humidifier			HumidOn:	

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

```
mlreportgen.report.BaseTable | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult |
```

humidifier = 1;

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|mlreportgen.utils.TableSlice|
mlreportgen.utils.TableSlicer|slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable
```

slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Simulink annotation objects

Description

Find annotation objects in a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

The slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = AnnotationFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds by default all annotations in the specified diagram. To constrain the search to specific types of annotations, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = AnnotationFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value arguments. You
can specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

diagram — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Simulink block
- Path to a Simulink block

- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

SortType — Sorting method for finder results

"none" (default) | "alphabetical" | "systemAlpha" | "depth"

Sorting method for finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first result in the sorted list belongs to the system that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search Container

[] (default) | inf | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search Container, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
[] (default)	• If Container is a block diagram, search only the top level of the diagram.
	• If Container is a Stateflow chart, search only for elements visible from the top level of the chart. The search includes elements in nested states but excludes elements in subcharts.
nonnegative integer	Search the specified number of levels
inf	Search all levels

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds annotations in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the annotations it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the annotation properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the diagram that the finder searches contains at least one annotation. If the diagram has at least one annotation, the hasNext method queues that annotation as the next annotation that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that annotation. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the diagram has an annotation that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the annotation for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more annotations to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a diagram progressively for annotations, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the annotation that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the annotation properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>

Examples

Find Annotations in a Model

Create a report that finds annotations in the $\verb"slrgex_sf_car"$ model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "slrgex sf car";
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
add(rpt,TitlePage(...
            Title=sprintf("Annotations in %s Model",model name)));
add(rpt,TableOfContents);
diagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model name);
diagrams = find(diagFinder);
while hasNext(diagFinder)
    diagram = next(diagFinder);
    annotFinder = AnnotationFinder(diagram.Object);
    annotations = find(annotFinder);
    if ~isempty(annotations)
        chapter = Chapter(Title=diagram.Name);
        add(chapter, diagram);
        sect = Section(Title="Annotations");
        add(sect,annotations);
        add(chapter,sect);
        add(rpt,chapter);
    end
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
```

```
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Diagram |
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Simulink blocks

Description

Finds blocks in a Simulink diagram.

The slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = BlockFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds by default all types of blocks in the
specified Simulink block diagram. To constrain the search to specific types of blocks, use the
properties of the finder.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = BlockFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value arguments. You can specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

diagram — Block diagram to search

path | handle

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram to search

path | handle

Diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Simulink model or subsystem
- Path to a Simulink model or subsystem

BlockTypes — Types of blocks to find

string | character array | string array | cell array of character arrays

Type of block to find, such as Gain, specified as a string or character array, or a set of block types to find, specified as a string array or a cell array of character arrays.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out blocks

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out blocks in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out blocks are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Variants to include

"Active" (default) | "All" | "ActivePlusCode"

Variants of a variant block to include in the search results, specified as one of the values in the table. You can specify the value as a string scalar or a character vector.

Value	Description
"Active"	Active variants (default)
"All"	All variants
"ActivePlusCode"	Active variants and code variants

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search Container

1 (default) | inf | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search Container, specified as a nonnegative integer or inf. Specify inf to search all levels.

SortType — Sorting method for finder results

"none" (default) | "alphabetical" | "systemAlpha" | "fullPathAlpha" | "blockType" | "depth" | "leftToRight" | "topToBottom" | "runtime"

Sorting method for finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.
"fullPathAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by full path.
"blockType"	Sort results alphabetically by type.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first result in the sorted list belongs to the system that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a result in the top-level model and blocks in subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel/ block1, myModel/subsystem1/block2, myModel/subsystem1/nestedSubststem/ block3.

Value	Description
"leftToRight"	Sort results by their location in the model layout using rows from left to right. A row of blocks in the model is a subgroup of blocks that are positioned between two horizontal lines. A minimal row is a row that cannot be divided to subrows. The algorithm first groups the blocks into minimal rows and sorts each row from left to right. The algorithm then concatenates the sorted rows from top to bottom.
"topToBottom"	Sort results by their location in the model layout using columns from top to bottom. A column of blocks in the model is a subgroup of blocks that are positioned between two vertical lines. A minimal column is a column that cannot be divided to subcolumns. The algorithm first groups the blocks into minimal columns and sorts each row from top to bottom. The algorithm then concatenates the sorted rows from right to left.
"runtime"	Sort nonvirtual blocks by their order of execution in a model or nonvirtual subsystem. This option compiles the model containing the specified blocks. Any block result that represents a virtual block or a block that is not a part of the system specified by Container is appended to the end of the sorted block list. For multitasking systems, blocks are grouped by the task in which they execute.

ConnectedSignal — Limit search to blocks connected to specific signal

[] (default) | slreportgen.finder.SignalResult | port handle

Limit the search to blocks that are connected to a specific signal, specified as an slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object or port handle. If this property is empty, the search is not limited to blocks that are connected to specific signals.

Example: finder.ConnectedSignal =
find_system(my_model,findall=true,type="port",name="my_signal")

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

Methods

Public Methods

Method	Description
find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds blocks in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the blocks it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.BlockResult. To add tables of the block properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of reports of type slreportgen.report.Report</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the diagram that the finder searches contains at least one block. If the diagram has at least one block, the hasNext method queues that block as the next block that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that block. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the diagram has a block that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the block for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more blocks to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a diagram progressively for blocks, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the block that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.BlockResult. To add tables of the block properties, add the result object to the report directly or add it to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>

Examples

Find Inport and Outport Blocks in a Model

Find Inport and Output blocks in the slrgex_sf_car model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "slrgex sf car";
load system(model name)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
add(rpt,TitlePage(Title=sprintf("I/O Blocks in %s Model",model name)));
add(rpt,TableOfContents);
diagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model name);
diagFinder.IncludeRoot = false;
while hasNext(diagFinder)
    diagram = next(diagFinder);
    chapter = Chapter(Title=diagram.Name);
    add(chapter,diagram)
    sect = Section(Title="Inport Blocks");
    ioFinder = BlockFinder(diagram.Object);
    ioFinder.BlockTypes = "Inport";
    blocks = find(ioFinder);
    for block = blocks
        add(sect,block)
    end
    add(chapter,sect);
    sect = Section(Title="Outport Blocks");
    ioFinder = BlockFinder(diagram.Object);
    ioFinder.BlockTypes = "Outport";
    outblocks = find(ioFinder);
    for block = outblocks
        add(sect,block)
    end
    add(chapter,sect)
    add(rpt,chapter)
end
close(rpt)
close system(model name)
rptview(rpt)
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Diagram |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult
```

Topics

```
"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
"What Are Reporters?"
```

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

Create block finder result object

Description

Block search result object for a block in a Simulink diagram.

The slreportgen.finder.BlockResult class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

result = BlockResult(block) creates a search result object for a block found by a BlockFinder. The result object contains the Simulink block.

Note The simulink.finder.BlockFinder find method creates objects of this type for each block that it finds. You do not need to create this object yourself.

finder = BlockResult(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify
multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

block — Simulink or Stateflow block

block path | block handle

Simulink block, specified as a path or block handle to that block.

Properties

Object — Block handle

handle

This read-only property contains a handle to the block returned in this result.

Name — Name of block string

This read-only property specifies the name of the block returned in this result.

Type — Block type string

This read-only property specifies the type of the block returned in this result.

Example: "Gain"

DiagramPath — **Path of block**

string

This read-only property returns the path of the block returned in this result.

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

Public Methods

getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNam es) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. Access the properties of the result object or the block represented by the finder result object by specifying the required property names in propNames.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificProperties) returns the list of finder result class properties that are included by default in a summary table.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificTitle) returns the default title for a summary table for a finder result object of type resultObject.</pre>
getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resultObject) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.</pre>

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

"What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder

Create Stateflow chart finder

Description

Finds Stateflow charts.

The slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = ChartDiagramFinder(container) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Stateflow chart diagrams in the specified container. To constrain the search to specific types of diagrams, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder can operate in either find or iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one-by-one. When searching in models that have many model references, use iterator mode. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can consume all system memory and slow report generation. Iterator mode is slower than find mode, so use find mode to search models that reference few or no other models.

finder = ChartDiagramFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

Container — Chart container to search path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — **Chart container to search**

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Chart container in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle of a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block

- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

SearchDepth — Depth of system diagram search

inf (default) | positive integer

Depth of system diagram search, specified as inf or a positive integer. SearchDepth specifies how many levels deep to search a diagram container for diagrams. To search all levels, use inf.

IncludeMaskedSubsystems — Search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Choice to search masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches masked Subsystem blocks in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedModels — Search model references

true (default) | false

Choice to search referenced models, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches models referenced in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Search Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If both this property and IncludeMaskedSubsystems are true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to both Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but IncludeMaskedSubsystems is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Search user library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search user library links, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in user libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in user libraries.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out charts

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out charts in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out charts are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

SortType — Sorting method for finder results

"none" (default) | "alphabetical" | "numBlocks" | "depth"

Sorting method for finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"numBlocks"	Sort results by number of blocks in the system. The first block in the sorted list contains the highest number of blocks.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first system in the sorted list is the system that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

AutoCloseModel — Whether to close models

true (default) | false

Whether to close models, specified as true or false. If true, the next method of the finder closes the currently open model before moving to the next model to search. Closing models prevents excessive consumption of memory when searching a model that references many models.

Note The find method of the finder ignores this property and leaves all referenced models open. For this reason, you should not use the find method to search models with many model references.

Methods

Public Methods

find	roculte - find(finder) forde short
	<pre>results = find(finder) finds chart diagrams in the container specified by the finder. The finder is an slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder object. results is an array of slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a chart diagram found by this method. Adding this array to a report or reporter adds images of the charts that it contains. The reports to which you can add the results of this method are reports of type slreportgen.report.Report or another reporter object, such as an slreportgen.report.Chapter reporter.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the container that the finder searches contains at least one chart. If the container has at least one chart, the hasNext method queues that chart as the next chart that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that chart. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the container has a chart that the next has not yet retrieved. It queues the chart for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more charts exist to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a container progressively for charts, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
	Note If the current result is the last result in the search queue for the current chart and the AutoCloseModel property is true, this method closes the current chart before it opens the next chart. Although this increases search time, it reduces memory consumption when searching a chart that references many other charts. If your chart does not reference many other charts, to speed up the search, set the AutoCloseModel property to false or use the find method.
next	<pre>result = next(result) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. The search result contains the resulting chart. Adding this result object to a report or reporter adds a Diagram reporter for the chart.</pre>

Examples

Find Stateflow Charts

Create a report that includes images of all Stateflow charts in the sldemo_fuelsys model. Use a separate chapter for each chart.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "slrgex fuelsys";
load system(model name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
add(rpt, TitlePage(Title=sprintf("%s Charts",model name)));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
chapter = Chapter("Root System");
add(chapter, Diagram(model name));
add(rpt,chapter);
chapter = Chapter("Charts");
finder = ChartDiagramFinder(model name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
    section = Section(Title=result.Name);
    add(section,result);
    add(chapter,section);
end
add(rpt, chapter);
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder | slreportgen.report |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder
slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Finder

Find data dictionaries

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder class to find Simulink data dictionaries.

The slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

true

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

finder = slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder() creates a data dictionary finder and sets the Container property to 'MATLABPath'.

You can constrain the search by setting the properties of the finder. Use the methods of the finder to perform the search.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder(searchFolder) creates a data
dictionary finder and sets the Container property to the folder or folders specified by
searchFolder.

finder = slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using
name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Container — Folders to search for data dictionaries

string array | character vector | cell array of character vectors

Folders to search for data dictionaries, specified as a string array, character vector, or cell array of character vectors. Strings and character vectors can include the * and the ** wildcards. Characters next to the ** wildcard must be file separators. For example, to find all data dictionaries in the exampleFolder folder and its subfolders, set Container to "exampleFolder**". If Container is set to 'MATLABPath', the finder searches for data dictionaries in the current folder and all folders on the MATLAB path.

Name — Data dictionary to find

string scalar | character vector

Data dictionary to find, specified as a string scalar or character vector. The Name property value can include the * wildcard. For example, to find all data dictionaries that begin with sldemo_fuelsys_dd, set the Name property to "sldemo_fuelsys_dd*". The name or expression specified in this property must have no file name extension or the extension .sldd.

Properties — Properties of data dictionaries to find

{} (default) | cell array

Properties of the data dictionaries to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. Use the **Properties** property to filter the finder results by the data dictionary properties. The finder searches the folders specified by the **Container** property for data dictionaries with names that match the **Name** property and that have the specified properties values. For data dictionary properties, see **Simulink.data.Dictionary**. For example, to return only the data dictionaries that have access to the base workspace, set **Properties** to {'HasAccessToBaseWorkspace',true}.

Methods

Public Methods

find	nearly find (find an) finds to
TINO	<pre>results = find(finder) finds data</pre>
	dictionaries in a model or subsystem according to
	the constraints specified by the finder. The
	variables are returned as an array of
	slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResul
	t objects.
	Append all of the results directly to a report or
	process the results in a for loop. In the loop, you
	can customize the content and formatting for a
	data dictionary by setting the properties of the
	reporter for the data dictionary. Get the reporter
	by using the getReporter method of the
	slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResul
	t object that contains the data dictionary.

hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) returns true if a data</pre>
	dictionary returned by the finder is available for
	the next method to retrieve. If the finder does
	not return any data dictionaries, or if all
	dictionaries have been retrieved, hasNext
	returns false. Use hasNext and next to iterate
	through the data dictionaries in a while loop. In
	the loop, you can customize the content and
	formatting for a data dictionary by setting
	properties of the reporter for the data dictionary.
	Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the
	slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResul
	t object.
next	result = next(finder) returns the next data
	dictionary as an
	<pre>slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResul t object.Use hasNext and next to iterate</pre>
	through found data dictionaries in a while loop.
	In the loop, you can customize the content and
	formatting for a data dictionary by setting the
	properties of the reporter for the data dictionary.
	Get the reporter by using the getReporter
	method of the
	<pre>slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResul t object.</pre>

Examples

Find and Report on Data Dictionary

To report on data dictionaries, create an slreportgen.DataDictionaryFinder object. Use the object properties to constrain the search and the methods to get the results.

Import the MATLAB Report and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Create a Simulink report and append a table of contents to the report.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "html-file");
append(rpt,TableOfContents);
```

Create a Simulink data dictionary finder to search the entire MATLAB path.

f = DataDictionaryFinder();

Constrain the finder to find only data dictionaries that have names that begin with slrgex_fuelsys.

```
f.Name = "slrgex_fuelsys*";
```

Create a chapter for the data dictionaries.

ch = Chapter("Data Dictionaries");

For each found dictionary, create a section and append it to the chapter.

```
while hasNext(f)
    result = next(f);
    s = Section(result.Name);
    append(s,result);
    append(ch,s);
end
```

Append the chapter to the report. Close and view the report.

```
append(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult|slreportgen.report.DataDictionary

Topics

"What Is a Data Dictionary?" "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

true

slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Data dictionary search result object

Description

An object of the slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult class represents a result of a search for data dictionaries. You can append a DataDictionaryResult object directly to a report. Alternatively, you can use the getReporter method to access the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary reporter for the result and then customize the reporter and append it to the report.

The slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

You do not create an slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object explicitly. The slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder find and next methods create an slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object for each data dictionary that is found.

Properties

Object — Full path of data dictionary

string scalar

Full path of the data dictionary represented by this result, specified as a string scalar. This property is read-only.

Name — File name of data dictionary

string scalar

File name of data dictionary represented by this result, specified as a string scalar. This property is read-only.

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | number | ...

Additional information to save with this result. You can set this property to any type of value.

Methods

Public Methods

getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(dictionary Result,TypeSpecificProperties) returns the list of finder result class properties that are</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>included by default in a summary table. tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(dictionary Result,TypeSpecificTitle) returns the default title for a summary table for a finder result object of type resultObject.</pre>
getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(dictionaryResult,pro pNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. Access the properties of the result object or the data dictionary represented by the finder result object by specifying the required property names in propNames.</pre>
getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(dictionaryResu lt) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.</pre>
getReporter	<pre>reporter = getReporter(dictionaryResult) returns the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary reporter object for the specified data dictionary result. Use the reporter to customize the information reported and the formatting of the information.</pre>

Examples

Customize Reporter for Data Dictionary Result

Use the getReporter method of an slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object to access the data dictionary reporter for the result. Then, customize the reporter by setting its properties.

Import the MATLAB and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

Create a Simulink report and add a table of contents.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","html-file");
append(rpt,TableOfContents);
```

Create a dictionary finder that searches the entire MATLAB path. Find only data dictionaries with names that begin with slrgex_fuelsys.

```
f = slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder();
f.Name = "slrgex_fuelsys*";
```

Create a chapter with a section for each data dictionary result. For each result, customize the reporter to include only the Name, Value, and Class properties in the Design Data summary table.

```
ch = Chapter("Data Dictionaries");
while hasNext(f)
    result = next(f);
    s = Section(result.Name);
    rptr = getReporter(result);
    rptr.SummaryProperties = ["Name" "Value" "Class"];
    append(s,rptr);
    append(ch,s);
end
```

Add the chapter to the report. Close and view the report.

append(rpt,ch); close(rpt); rptview(rpt);

The report has a section for each of the found dictionaries, slrgex_fuelsys.sldd and slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control.sldd. The summary table for each dictionary includes only the Name, Value, and Class properties.

1.1. slrgex_fuelsys.sldd		
Design Data Summary		
Table 1.1. slrgex_fuelsys.sldd Design Data		
Name	Value	Class
EngSensor:	See Details	Simulink.Bus
<u>s16En3</u>	See Details	Simulink.NumericType
<u>s16En7</u>	See Details	Simulink.NumericType
<u>u8En7</u>	See Details	Simulink.NumericType

1.2. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control.sldd

Design Data Summary

Table 1.10. slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control.sldd Design Data

Name	Value	Class
<u>EngSensors</u>	See Details	Simulink.Bus
<u>s16En15</u>	See Details	Simulink.NumericType
<u>s16En3</u>	See Details	Simulink.NumericType
	See Details	Simulink.NumericType
<u>u8En7</u>	See Details	Simulink.NumericType

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary|slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder

Topics

"What Is a Data Dictionary?" "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create diagram element finder object

Description

Finds elements in a Simulink block or Stateflow chart diagram.

The slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = DiagramElementFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds elements of a Simulink
block or Stateflow chart diagram. By default this finder finds blocks, annotations, lines, states, and
other elements in the diagram. Use the properties of the finder to constrain the search to specific
types of elements.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = DiagramElementFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value arguments.
You can specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

diagram — Diagram to search path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Simulink block
- Path to a Simulink block

- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

Types — Types of diagram elements to find

string | character array | array of strings | cell array of character arrays

Types of Simulink or Stateflow diagram elements to find, specified as a string, character array, array of strings, or a cell array of character arrays. If the type is an array, it specifies a set of element types. The default is All or all, which finds all elements in all diagrams. Use one of these values to constrain the search to specific diagram element types. You can use either the fully qualified name or the short name.

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
All	all
Simulink.Annotation	annotation
Simulink.Block	block
Simulink.Segment	line
Simulink.Port	port
Stateflow.Annotation	sf_annotation
Stateflow.Box	box
Stateflow.EMFunction	emfunction
Stateflow.Function	function
Stateflow.Junction	junction
Stateflow.Port	sf_port
Stateflow.SLFunction	slfunction
Stateflow.State	state
Stateflow.Transition	transition
Stateflow.TruthTable	truthtable

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out diagram elements

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out diagram elements in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out elements are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search Container

[] (default) | inf | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search Container, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
[] (default)	• If Container is a block diagram, search only the top level of the diagram.
	• If Container is a Stateflow chart diagram, search only for elements visible from the top level of the chart. The search includes elements in nested states but excludes elements in subcharts.
nonnegative integer	Search the specified number of levels
inf	Search all levels

SortType — Sort finder results

none (default) | alphabetical | systemAlpha | depth

Sort finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first result in the sorted list belong to the object that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

Methods

Public Methods

Method	Description
find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds diagram elements in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the diagram elements it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the diagram that the finder searches contains at least one element. If the diagram has at least one element, the hasNext method queues that element as the next element that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that element. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the diagram has an element that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the element for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more elements exist to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a diagram progressively for elements, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the diagram element that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>

Examples

Find Block, Annotation, and Line Elements

Find the block, annotation, and line diagram elements to a search depth of 1 in the f14 model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "f14";
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
add(rpt, TitlePage(Title=sprintf("%s Model",model name)));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
diagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(Container=model name,SearchDepth=1);
while hasNext(diagFinder)
    system = next(diagFinder);
    chapter = Chapter(Title=system.Name);
    add(chapter,system);
    sect = Section(Title="Diagram Elements");
    elemFinder = DiagramElementFinder(...
                        Container=system.Object,...
                        Types=["block" "annotation" "line"]);
    elems = find(elemFinder);
    for elem = elems
        add(sect, elem);
    end
    add(chapter, sect);
    add(rpt, chapter);
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder | slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder | slreportgen.report.Diagram |
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder | slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create finder for diagrams

Description

Finds Simulink diagrams and Stateflow charts.

The slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = DiagramFinder(container) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Simulink block diagrams and Stateflow chart diagrams in the specified container. To constrain the search to include specific types of diagrams, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder can operate in either find or iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one-by-one. When searching in models that have many model references, use iterator mode. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can consume all system memory and slow report generation. Iterator mode is slower than find mode, so use find mode to search models that reference few or no other models.

finder = DiagramFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify
multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

Container — Model container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Model container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Model container in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle of a Simulink model, subsystem, or model block
- Path to a Simulink model, subsystem, or model block

- Handle of a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

SearchDepth — Depth of system diagram search

inf (default) | positive integer

Depth of system diagram search, specified as inf or a positive integer. SearchDepth specifies how many levels deep to search a diagram container for diagrams. To search all levels, use inf.

IncludeMaskedSubsystems — Search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Choice to search masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches masked Subsystem blocks in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedModels — Search model references

true (default) | false

Choice to search referenced models, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches models referenced in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedSubsystems — Whether to search for referenced subsystems

true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to search for referenced subsystems, specified as numeric or logical 1 (true) or 0 (false). Results indicate the source subsystem block rather than individual occurrences of the referenced subsystem block. Therefore, a single subsystem that is referenced multiple times has only one result.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Search Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If both this property and IncludeMaskedSubsystems are true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to both Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but IncludeMaskedSubsystems is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Search user library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search user library links, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in user libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in user libraries.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out diagrams

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out diagrams in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out diagrams are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

SortType — Sort finder results

none (default) | alphabetical | numBlocks | depth

Sort finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"numBlocks"	Sort results by number of blocks in the system. The first block in the sorted list contains the highest number of blocks.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first system in the sorted list is the system that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

AutoCloseModel — Whether to close models

true (default) | false

Whether to close models, specified as true or false. If true, the next method of the finder closes the currently open model before moving to the next model to search. Closing models prevents excessive consumption of memory when searching a model that references many models.

Note The find method of the finder ignores this property and leaves all referenced models open. For this reason, you should not use the find method to search models with many model references.

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds diagrams in the specified container. The finder is an slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder object. results is an array of slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a diagram found by this method. Adding this array to a report or a reporter adds images of all the diagrams that it contains. The reports to which you can add the results of this method are reports of type slreportgen.report.Report or another reporter object, such as an slreportgen.report.Chapter reporter.</pre>
	Note The find method opens and compiles a top-level model and all models it references. This method leaves all the models open at the conclusion of a search, which can slow reporting on models that contain many model references. To avoid this slowdown, use the hasNext and next methods to search such a model.

hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the container that the finder searches contains at least one diagram. If the container has at least one diagram, the hasNext method queues that diagram as the next diagram that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that diagram. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the container has a diagram that the next has not yet retrieved. It queues the diagram for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more diagrams to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a container progressively for diagrams, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
	Note If the current result is the last result in the search queue for the current model and the AutoCloseModel property is true, this method closes the current model before it opens the next model. Although this increases search time, it reduces memory consumption when searching a top model that references many other models. If your model does not reference many other models, to speed up the search, set the AutoCloseModel property to false or use the find method.
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. The search result contains the resulting diagram. Adding this result object to a report or reporter adds a Diagram reporter for the diagram.</pre>

Examples

Find All Block Diagrams and Stateflow Charts

Create a report that includes an image of all diagrams in the slrgex_sf_car model. Although the model used in this example does not contain model references, the example uses iterator mode to illustrate its syntax.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
```

```
add(rpt, TitlePage(Title=sprintf('%s Systems',model_name)));
finder = DiagramFinder(model_name);
while hasNext(finder)
        add(rpt,next(finder));
end
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Find All Diagrams in a Subsystem

Open the slrgex_sf_car model and find all the diagrams in its Engine subsystem. Use either the path to the subsystem or its handle. You can then include the results in your report.

```
slrgex_sf_car
```

```
% Use path
enginePath = "slrgex_sf_car/Engine";
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(enginePath);
results = find(finder);
```

```
% or use handle
engineHandle = get_param("slrgex_sf_car/Engine","Handle");
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(engineHandle);
results_enginehandle = find(finder);
```

Find Diagram Elements with Specific Property Value

To find elements with specific property values, use an object of the slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder class. Open the f14 model and find all Gain blocks with a value of Zw.

```
model = 'f14';
load_system(model);
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder(model)
finder.Properties = {'Gain', 'Zw'};
results = find(finder);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder | slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.report.Diagram |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

"What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Create diagram element finder result object

Description

Diagram element search result object for an element in a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

The slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

result = DiagramElementResult(elem) creates a search result object for a diagram element. The result object contains the specified Simulink or Stateflow diagram element.

Note The find methods of diagram element finders create and return instances of this slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object. You do not need to create instances yourself.

finder = DiagramElementResult(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

elem — Simulink or Stateflow diagram element

diagram element path | diagram element handle

Simulink or Stateflow diagram element, specified as a path or handle to the element.

Properties

Object — **Diagram element handle**

handle

This read-only property contains a handle to the diagram element returned in this result.

Name — Name of diagram element

string

This read-only property specifies the name of the diagram element returned in this result.

Type – Diagram element type

string

This read-only property specifies the type of the diagram element returned in this result.

Example: "Simulink.BlockDiagram"

DiagramPath — Path of diagram that contains element

string

This read-only property returns the path of the diagram that contains the element returned in this result.

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

Public Methods

getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificProperties) returns the list of finder result class properties that are included by default in a summary table.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificTitle) returns the default title for a summary table for a finder result object of type resultObject.</pre>
getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNam es) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. Access the properties of the result object or the diagram element represented by the finder result object by specifying the required property names in propNames.</pre>
getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resultObject) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.</pre>

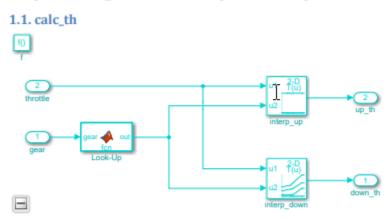
Examples

Add Stateflow Function Diagram to Report

The slrgex_sf_car model uses a Simulink Function, which is a function that uses a Simulink subsystem to compute its outputs from its inputs. This example finds the diagrams in the model and

for each diagram uses an slreportgen.DiagramElementFinder object to find the Simulink Function subsystems. For each slreportgen.DiagramElementResult object returned by the finder, the example uses the Name property value as a section title and calls the getDiagramReporter method to return the subsystem diagram to add to the section.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Diagram Element Result Example";
% Find all diagrams in the model
diagFinder = DiagramFinder(model);
diagrams = find(diagFinder);
for diag = diagrams
    % Find all Simulink Function subsystems in the current diagram
    elemFinder = DiagramElementFinder(diag);
   elemFinder.Types = "slfunction";
   elems = find(elemFinder);
    for elem = elems
        section = Section(Title=mlreportgen.utils.normalizeString(elem.Name));
        % Get the diagram reporter from the result and add it to the section
        rptr = getDiagramReporter(elem);
        if ~isempty(rptr)
            add(section, rptr)
        end
        add(section,elem);
        add(chapter,section);
   end
end
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```



Chapter 1. Diagram Element Reporter Example

Figure 1.1. calc_th

Table 1.1. slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic/selection_state/calc_th Properties

Property	Value
Туре	SLFunction
LabelString	[down_th,up_th] = calc_th(gear,throttle)
SimulinkSubSystem	selection_state.calc_th

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Create diagram result finder object

Description

Diagram search result object for a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

finder = DiagramResult(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify
multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

The slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

result = DiagramResult(diagram) creates a search result object for a Simulink or Stateflow diagram. The result object contains the specified Simulink or Stateflow diagram. Diagram finder find methods create and return instances of this object for each diagram that they find. You do not need to create this object yourself.

Input Arguments

diagram — Simulink or Stateflow diagram

diagram path | diagram handle

Simulink or Stateflow diagram, specified by its path or its handle.

Properties

Object — **Diagram handle**

handle

This read-only property contains a handle to the diagram returned by this result.

Name — Name of model or block

string

This read-only property specifies the name of the model or block that contains the diagram returned by this result.

Type — Diagram type

string

This read-only property specifies the type of the diagram returned by this result.

Example: "Simulink.BlockDiagram"

Path — Path to diagram

string

This read-only property returns the path of the container of the diagram returned by this result. An example of a container of a diagram is a subsystem block.

Example: "slrgex_sf_car/Engine"

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

Public Methods

	la neut det
getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificProperties) returns the list of finder result class properties that are included by default in a summary table.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificTitle) returns the default title for a summary table for a finder result object of type resultObject.</pre>
getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNam es) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. Access the properties of the result object or the diagram represented by the finder result object by specifying the required property names in propNames.</pre>
getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resultObject) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.</pre>

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder| slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics "Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder
slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Finder

Finds variables used by a Simulink model

Description

Find variables used by a Simulink model.

The slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(container) creates a finder that finds variables used in the specified container, which can be a Simulink model or subsystem. See the Container property. You can constrain the search by setting the properties of the finder. Use the methods of the finder to perform the search.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using
name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Container — Model or subsystem to search

string scalar | character vector | handle

Model or subsystem to search, specified as a string scalar or character vector that contains the path to the model or subsystem, or as a handle to the model or subsystem.

true

Regexp — Regular expression matching

false (default) | true

Regular expression matching, specified as false or true. If Regexp is false, regular expression matching is not enabled. If Regexp is true, regular expression matching is enabled for the values of the Name, SourceType, and Users properties. For example, this code finds variables that start with vehicle.

```
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder('slrgex_sf_car');
finder.Regexp = true;
finder.Name = "^vehicle";
```

Note You can also set the Regexp property by using "off" and "on".

See "Regular Expressions".

SearchMethod — Compile status

"compiled" (default) | "cached"

Compile status, specified as one of the values in the table.

Value	Description
	Get up-to-date results by compiling models before the search. (default)
	Get results more quickly by using data cached during the previous compilation.

SearchReferencedModels — Whether to search referenced models

true (default) | false

Whether to search for variables in referenced models, specified as one of the values in the table.

Value	Description
true	Search for variables in referenced models. (default)
false	Do not search for variables in referenced models.

Note You can also set the SearchRederencedModels property by using "off" and "on".

Name — Name of variable to search for

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar

Name of variable to search for, specified as a character vector or string scalar. If the Regexp property is set to "on", the value of Name can be a regular expression. If the Name property is empty, the finder does not search based on the variable name.

Example: "vehicledata" Example: "^vehicle"

SourceType — Source of variable definitions

```
[](default)|"base workspace"|"model workspace"|"mask workspace"|"data
dictionary"
```

Source of variable definitions, specified as one of these values:

- "base workspace"
- "model workspace"
- "mask workspace"
- "data dictionary"

If you set SourceType, the finder returns variables only from the specified source. If the Regexp property is set to "on", the value of SourceType can be a regular expression. If the SourceType property is empty, the finder does not filter the search results by the source.

Example: finder.SourceType = "model workspace" returns all variables defined in the model workspace.

Example: finder.SourceType = "(base|mask) workspace" returns all variables defined in the base workspace or the mask workspace if the Regexp property is set to "On".

Example: finder.SourceType = "\w* workspace" returns all variables defined in the base, mask, or model workspace if the Regexp property is set to "On".

Users — Names of blocks to search for variables

[] (default) | character vector | string scalar | array of character vectors | string array

Names of blocks to search for variables. Specify one block as a character vector or string scalar. Specify multiple blocks as an array of character vectors or a string array. The finder returns variables used by one or more of the specified blocks. If you do not set the Users property, the finder searches the entire model or subsystem. If the Regexp property is set to true, you can set the Users property to a regular expression.

For example, to find all variables in MyModel that are used by either the Gain1 block or the Gain2 block, you can specify both blocks in the Users property.

myFinder.Users = ["myModel/Gain1", "myModel/Gain2"];

Alternatively, you can use a regular expression that matches both block names.

myFinder.Regexp = "on"; myFinder.Users = "Gain(1|2)";

LookUnderMasks — Whether to search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Whether to search for variables in masked subsystems, specified as one of the values in the table.

Value	Description
	Search for variables in masked subsystems. (default)
	Do not search for variables in masked subsystems.

Note You can also set the LookUnderMasks property by using "all" and "none".

FollowLibraryLinks — Whether to follow library links

true (default) | false

Whether to follow library links when searching for variables, specified as one of the values in the table.

Value	Description
	Follow links into library blocks. Library links are treated as subsystems. (default)
	Do not follow links into library blocks. Library links are treated as blocks.

Note You can also set the FollowLibraryLinks property by using "on" and "off".

IncludeInactiveVariants — Whether to include variables of inactive variant systems

false (default) | true

Whether to include variables of inactive variant systems, specified as one of the values in the table.

Value	Description
false	Do not include variables used by inactive variant systems. (default)
true	Include variables used by inactive variant systems. Variables in inactive variants are only found if the Variant activation time configuration parameter of the containing Variant Subsystem or Variant Model block is set to code compile or update diagram analyze all choices. To include variables in Model blocks that are inactive systems, the SearchReferencedModels property of this finder must also be set to true.

Note You can also set the IncludeInactiveVariants property by using "on" and "off".

Properties — Properties of Simulink.VariableUsage objects to find

{} (default) | cell array

Properties of Simulink.VariableUsage objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only variables whose associated Simulink.VariableUsage object has the specified property values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'SourceType', 'base workspace'}

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds variables in a model or subsystem according to the constraints specified by the finder. The variables are returned as an array of slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult objects. Add all of the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop. In the loop, you can customize the content and formatting for a variable by setting properties of the reporter for the variable. Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object that contains the variable.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) returns true if a variable returned by the finder is available for the next method to retrieve. If the finder does not return any variables, or if all variables have been retrieved, hasNext returns false. Use hasNext and next to iterate through the variables in a while loop. In the loop, you can customize the content and formatting for a variable by setting properties of the reporter for the variable. Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next variable as an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object. Use hasNext and next to iterate through found variables in a while-loop. In the loop, you can customize the content and formatting for a variable by setting properties of the reporter for the variable. Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object.</pre>

Examples

Add Model Variables to a Report

Find the variables in a model and add the results directly to a report. Specify that the finder includes variables in masked systems.

```
% Create a Simulink Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
% Create a Chapter
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Model Variable Finder Example";
% Load the model
model name = "slrgex sf car";
load_system(model_name)
% Create a variable finder and set its properties
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model name);
finder.LookUnderMasks = "all";
% Find variables used by the model
results = find(finder);
% Add the results to the chapter
add(chapter,results);
% Add chapter to the report
add(rpt,chapter);
% Close the report and open the viewer
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Customize the Formatting of Model Variables in a Report

Customize the formatting of model variables in a report by iterating through the search results and setting properties of the model variable reporter for each result.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
% Create a Chapter
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Model Variable Reporter Example";
% Load the model
model name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load system(model name);
% Find the variables in the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
   % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
   % Customize the formatting of numbers
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    reporter.NumericFormat = "%.4f";
    % Add the reporter to the chapter
```

```
add(chapter,reporter);
end
% Add chapter to the report
add(rpt,chapter);
% Close the report and open the viewer
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

R2022a: New inputs for certain properties

Not recommended starting in R2022a

Starting in R2022a, the following properties accept boolean values as inputs:

- Regexp
- SearchReferencedModels
- LookUnderMasks
- FollowLibraryLinks
- IncludeInactiveVariants

You can also use the legacy inputs for these properties.

See Also

slreportgen.report.BusObject|Simulink.findVars|Simulink.VariableUsage|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Model variable search result object

Description

Model variable search result object for a variable used in a Simulink model or subsystem.

The slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

You do not create an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object explicitly. The slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder find or next methods create an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object for each variable that is found.

Properties

Object — Simulink.VariableUsage object

Simulink.VariableUsage object

Simulink.VariableUsage object for the variable represented by this result. This property is readonly.

Name — Name of variable

character vector

Name of the variable represented by this result, specified as a character vector. This property is readonly.

Source — Source of variable definition

character vector

Source of the variable definition, specified as a character vector. This property is read-only. This table shows example values.

Value	Description
'base workspace'	MATLAB base workspace
'MyModel'	Model workspace for MyModel

true

Value	Description
'MyModel/Mask1'	Mask workspace for a masked block
	The data dictionary my_data_dictionary.sldd.

SourceType — Type of defining workspace

character vector

Type of the workspace that defines the variable, specified as one of these character vectors:

- 'base workspace'
- 'model workspace'
- 'mask workspace'
- 'data dictionary'

This property is read-only.

Users — Blocks that use the variable

cell array

Blocks that use the variable, specified as a cell array of character vectors. This property is read-only.

ModelBlockPath — Path of Model block that set the variable value

character vector

Path of the Model block that set the variable value, specified as a character vector. This property is read-only.

Suppose that a referenced model uses a model argument to set a block parameter value. If a model has multiple instances of the referenced model, the model variable finder returns multiple instances of the variable that is associated with the model argument. The ModelBlockPath property uniquely identifies the instance of the variable by providing the path to the Model block that set its value. If a variable is not associated with a model argument in a referenced model, the ModelBlockPath is empty. For more information about referenced models and instance-specific parameters, see "Parameterize Instances of a Reusable Referenced Model".

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | number | ...

Additional information to save with this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

Public Methods

getReporter	Get reporter for model variable search result
getVariableID	Get unique ID of model variable
getVariableValue	Get value of variable from model variable search result
getDefaultSummaryProperties	Get list of default summary table properties for a finder result class
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	Get default summary table title for finder result class
getPropertyValues	Get property values of model variable and model variable finder
	result objects

getReporterLinkTargetID Get link target ID of reporter object associated with the finder result object

Examples

Customize the Formatting of Model Variables in a Report

Customize the formatting of model variables in a report by iterating through the search results and setting properties of the model variable reporter for each result.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");
% Create a Chapter
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Model Variable Reporter Example";
% Load the model
model name = "slrgex sf car";
load_system(model_name);
% Find the variables in the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
   % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
   % Customize the formatting of numbers
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    reporter.NumericFormat = "%.4f";
   % Add the reporter to the chapter
    add(chapter, reporter);
end
% Add chapter to the report
add(rpt,chapter);
% Close the report and open the viewer
close(rpt);
```

```
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable| Simulink.VariableUsage

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder

Find signals used by model or block

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder class to find signals used by a model or block.

Signals are the outputs of dynamic systems that are represented by blocks in a Simulink diagram and by the diagram itself. To find unique signals in a system, the signal finder searches for block output ports. When a block or subsystem is searched, the results represent the output ports of the block or subsystem, as well as the output ports of the blocks whose output signals feed into the block or subsystem. When a model is searched, the results represent the output ports of the model Inport blocks and the block output ports that are connected to the model Outport blocks.

The slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

finder = slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder(container) creates a SignalFinder object
and sets the "Container" on page 7-0 property to the model or block specified by container. Use
the SignalFinder properties to:

- Constrain the search to the types of signals found, such as input, output, or internal signals.
- Specify the number of levels to search in a model.

Use the **SignalFinder** methods to perform the search.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

true

finder = slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder(Name=Value) sets the SignalFinder object
properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Properties

Container — Model or block to search for signals

string scalar | character vector | handle | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object

Model or block to search for signals, specified as one of the following values:

- A string scalar or character vector that contains the name of a model or block
- The handle of a model or block
- slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult or slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object

IncludeInputSignals — Whether to find signals used as input to model or block true (default) | false

Whether to find the signals used as input data to the container model or block, specified as true or false. If Container is a model, the input signal results represent the output ports of any Inport blocks in the top level of the model. If Container is a block, the input signal results represent the output ports of the blocks that feed into the container block input ports.

IncludeOutputSignals — Whether to find signals output by model or block true (default) | false

Whether to find signals output by the container model or block, specified as true or false. If Container is a model, the output signal results represent the output ports of blocks that feed into Outport blocks in the top level of the model. If Container is a block, the output signal results represent the output ports of the block.

IncludeControlSignals — Whether to find block control signals

false (default) | true

Whether to find block control signals, specified as true or false. This property applies only when Container is a block, such as a Subsystem or Model block, that has a control port. Control signals control the execution of a block. Control signal results represent the output ports of blocks that feed into a block control port, such as the enable, trigger, or reset port. If Container is a model, any signals that control the execution of blocks in the model are reported as internal signals.

IncludeInternalSignals — Whether to find internal signals

false (default) | true

Whether to find internal signals, specified as true or false. Internal signals are not used as input, output, or control signals for a model or subsystem. This property applies only if the Container is a model or subsystem. Internal signal results represent the output ports of all blocks in the system, except for the output ports of Inport blocks and output ports that feed into Outport blocks.

IncludeVirtualBlockSignals — Whether to find signals output by virtual blocks
true (default) | false

Whether to find signals output by virtual blocks, specified as true or false.

If this property is true, signal results can represent ports of virtual blocks, such as virtual Subsystem blocks.

If this property is false, signal results represent only output ports of nonvirtual blocks. Input and control signals are traced to the nonvirtual blocks that output the signal. If the model or block specified by the Container property is virtual, output ports of the model or block are traced to their nonvirtual sources.

IncludeUnnamedSignals — Whether to find signals without a name

true (default) | false

Whether to find signals without a name, specified as true or false.

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search for internal signals

1 (default) | 0 | positive integer | inf

Number of levels to search for internal signals in the model or subsystem, specified as one of these values:

- 1 Search level one (top level) only.
- 0 Search only for signals that are related to the ports of the model or block.
- An integer *n* that is greater than one Search the specified number of levels. The results are sorted from level one (top) to level *n*.
- inf Search all levels.

See IncludeInternalSignals.

SortType — Sorting method for finder results

"depth" (default) | "alphabetical" | "systemAlpha"

Sorting method for finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first result in the sorted list belongs to the object that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.

Properties — Properties of output ports to find

{} (default) | cell array

Properties of output ports to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only output ports that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: {'CompiledPortDataType','int8'}

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds signals in a model or subsystem according to the constraints specified by the finder. The variables are returned as an array of slreportgen.finder.SignalResult objects. Append all of the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop. In the loop, you can customize the content and formatting for a signal by setting the properties of the signal reporter. Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object that represents the signal.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) returns true if a signal returned by the finder is available for the next method to retrieve. If the finder does not return any signals, or if all signals have been retrieved, hasNext returns false. Use hasNext and next to iterate through the signals in a while loop. In the loop, you can customize the content and formatting for a signal by setting properties of the signal reporter. Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next signal as an slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object. Use hasNext and next to iterate through found signals in a while loop. In the loop, you can customize the content and formatting for a signal by setting the properties of the signal reporter. Get the reporter by using the getReporter method of the slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object.</pre>

Examples

Find and Report Signals in a Model

This example creates a report that includes information about signals in a model by using an slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder object. The example sets the finder properties so that signals without names are excluded and internal signals are included.

Import the MATLAB Report API and Simulink Finder API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Create a Simulink report.

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport", "pdf");

Create a chapter for the signal information.

```
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Named Signals";
```

Load a model.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name);
```

Create a signal finder and set the properties to exclude signals without names and include internal signals.

```
finder = SignalFinder(model_name);
finder.IncludeUnnamedSignals = false;
finder.IncludeInternalSignals = true;
```

Find the signals and add the results to the chapter.

```
results = find(finder);
append(chapter,results);
```

Add the chapter to the report.

append(rpt,chapter);

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.BusObject|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.SignalResult|
slreportgen.report.Signal
```

Topics

```
"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
"What Are Reporters?"
"Signal Basics"
```

slreportgen.finder.SignalResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder slreportgen.finder
slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Signal search result object

Description

An object of the slreportgen.finder.SignalResult class represents a result of a search for the signals used by a model or block. You can append a SignalResult object directly to a report. Alternatively, you can use the getReporter method to access the slreportgen.report.Signal reporter for the result and then customize the reporter and append it to the report.

The slreportgen.finder.SignalResult class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

HandleCompatible

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

You do not create an slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object explicitly. The slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder find and next methods create an slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object for each signal that is found.

Properties

Object — Block output port handle

Block output port that represents the found signal, specified as a handle. This property is read-only.

Name — Name of found signal string scalar

Name of the found signal, specified as a string scalar. This property is read-only.

Source block — Name of source block of signal

string scalar

Name of the block that is the source of the found signal, specified as a string scalar. This property is read-only.

SourcePortNumber — Number of output port

double

true

Number of the output port that represents the found signal, specified as an integer. This property is read-only.

RelatedObject — Name of model or block that uses this signal

string scalar

Name of model or block that uses this signal, specified as a string scalar. The value of this property corresponds to the value of the Container property of the slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder object used to find this signal. This property is read-only.

Relationship — Relationship of signal to container model or block

"Input" | "Output" | "Internal" | "Control" | "State"

Relationship of the found signal to the container model or block, specified as "Input", "Output", "Internal", "Control", or "State". The container model or block is specified by the RelatedObject property.

Tag — Additional information

[] (default) | string scalar | character vector | number | ...

Additional information to save with this result, specified as any value.

Methods

Public Methods

getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(signalResu lt,TypeSpecificProperties) returns the list of finder result class properties that are included by default in a summary table.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(signalResu lt,TypeSpecificTitle) returns the default title for a summary table for a finder result object of type resultObject.</pre>
getDestinationPorts	<pre>ports = getDestinationPorts(signalResult) returns the handles of the input or control ports that are connected to the signal represented by signalResult. The ports returned are the graphical destinations of the signal. They can belong to both virtual and nonvirtual blocks.</pre>

getVirtualDestinationPorts	<pre>ports = getVirtualDestinationPorts(signalResult) returns the handles of the input or control ports that are connected to the signal represented by signalResult. The ports returned are the nonvirtual destinations of the signal. They belong to only nonvirtual blocks. For example, if a signal output from a block in exampleModel connects to a block, Gain1, that is in a virtual subsystem, Sub1, this method returns the input port to exampleModel/Sub1/ Gain1.</pre>
getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(signalResult,propNam es) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. Access the properties of the result object or the signal represented by the finder result object by specifying the required property names in propNames.</pre>
getReporter	<pre>reporter = getReporter(signalResult) returns the slreportgen.report.Signal reporter object for the signal represented by signalResult. Use the reporter to customize the information reported and the formatting of the information.</pre>
getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(signalResult) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.</pre>

Examples

Customize Reporter for Signal Result

Use the getReporter method of an slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object to access the signal reporter for the result. Then, customize the reporter by setting its properties.

Import the MATLAB and Simulink Report API packages so that you do not have to use long, fully qualified class names.

import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*

Create a Simulink report.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MySignalReport","pdf");
```

Create a chapter for the signal information.

```
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Signals";
```

Load a model.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name);
```

Create a signal finder.

finder = slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder(model_name);

Find the signals. For each found signal, get the reporter, specify that you want to report empty property values, and add the reporter to the chapter.

```
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    reporter.ShowEmptyValues = true;
    add(chapter,reporter);
end
```

Add the chapter to the report.

```
add(rpt,chapter);
```

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder|slreportgen.report.Signal

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?" "Signal Basics"

slreportgen.finder.StateFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Stateflow states

Description

Finds Stateflow states.

The slreportgen.finder.StateFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = StateFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Stateflow states in the specified chart diagram. To constrain the search to specific types of chart diagrams, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = StateFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify
multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

diagram — Diagram to search path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Chart diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Chart diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block

- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out states

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out states in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out states are excluded from the search results.

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search Container

[] (default) | inf | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search Container, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
[] (default)	Search only for elements visible from the top level of the chart. The search includes elements in nested states but excludes elements in subcharts.
nonnegative integer	Search the specified number of levels
inf	Search all levels

SortType — Sorting method for finder results

"none" (default) | "alphabetical" | "systemAlpha" | "depth"

Sorting method for finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first result in the sorted list belongs to the object that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.

Properties — Properties of states to find

cell array

Properties of states to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only states that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'ArrowSize','5'}

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds states in the chart diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the states it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the state properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the chart diagram that the finder searches contains at least one state. If the chart diagram has at least one state, the hasNext method queues that state as the next state that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that state. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the chart diagram has a state that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the state for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more states to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a chart diagram progressively for states, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the state that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the state properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>

Examples

Find Stateflow States

Create a report that includes properties of all the Stateflow states in the shift_logic chart of the slrgex_sf_car model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "slrgex sf car";
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
open(rpt)
add(rpt, TitlePage(Title=sprintf('States in %s Model',model_name)));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
chartFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model_name);
charts = find(chartFinder);
while hasNext(chartFinder)
    diagram = next(chartFinder);
    stFinder = StateFinder(diagram.Object);
states = find(stFinder);
    if ~isempty(states)
         chapter = Chapter(Title=diagram.Name);
         add(chapter,diagram)
         for state = states
    sect = Section(Title="States");
            add(sect,states)
         end
         add(chapter,sect)
         add(rpt,chapter)
    end
end
close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
```

Topics

```
"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9
"What Are Reporters?"
```

slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: mlreportgen.finder.Result

Find Stateflow objects

Description

Use objects of the slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder class to find objects in a Stateflow chart diagram. You can use these objects to search for:

- Path or handle to a Simulink model
- Path or handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow.Chart objects
- Stateflow.State objects
- Stateflow.Machine objects
- slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder objects that represent a model, Stateflow chart, Stateflow state, or Stateflow machine object

The slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = StateflowObjectFinder(diagram) creates a Stateflow object finder object. Use the
properties of the finder to constrain the search to specific types of objects.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = StateflowObjectFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value arguments.
You can specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Properties

Container — **Chart diagram to search** path | handle | chart ID | **Stateflow**. Chart object

Chart diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Path or handle to a Simulink model
- Path or handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow.Chart objects
- Stateflow.State objects
- Stateflow.Machine objects
- slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder objects that represent a model, Stateflow chart, Stateflow state, or Stateflow machine object

Types — Types of diagram elements to find

"all" (default) | string | character array | array of strings | cell array of character arrays

Types of Stateflow diagram objects to find, specified as a string, character array, array of strings, or a cell array of character arrays that contain either these fully qualified or short names in this table:

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
All	all
Stateflow.Annotation	annotation
Stateflow.Box	box
Stateflow.EMFunction	emfunction
Stateflow.Function	function
Stateflow.Junction	junction
Stateflow.Port	port
Stateflow.SLFunction	slfunction
Stateflow.State	state
Stateflow.Transition	transition
Stateflow.TruthTable	truthtable
Stateflow.Data	data
Stateflow.Event	event

If the type is an array, it specifies a set of element types. The default is All or all, which finds all objects in all diagrams. Use one of these values to constrain the search to specific diagram object types.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out chart elements

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out chart objects in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out objects are excluded from the search results.

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search Container

1 (default) | inf | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search Container, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
1 (default)	Search only for objects visible from the top level of the chart. The search includes objects in nested states but excludes objects in subcharts.
nonnegative integer	Search the specified number of levels
inf	Search all levels

SortType — Sort finder results

none (default) | "alphabetical" | "numBlocks" | "depth"

Sort finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first object in the sorted list is the object that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {"ArrowSize","5"}

Methods

Public Methods

Method	Description
find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds Stateflow objects in the Stateflow object specified by the Container property of the StateflowObjectFinder object, finder. This method returns the Stateflow objects that it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResu lt. To report on objects found by the finder, append the result objects to a objects found by the finder, append the result objects to a report or reporter object. You can add the results only to reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>

Method	Description
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) returns a logical 1 (true) if a result object is available to be retrieved by the next method. If no result object is available, hasNext returns a logical 0 (false). Use the next method to obtain that object. A result object is available if it matches the finder properties and has not been previously retrieved by the next method. Use this method with the next method in a while-loop to progressively search a container for objects.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result as an slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResu lt class. If no result object is available, then the next method returns an empty StateflowObjectResult object. To report on objects found by the finder, append the result objects to an slreportgen.report.Report object.</pre>

Examples

Find Stateflow Data and Events

Create a report that finds Stateflow data and events in the shift_logic Stateflow chart within the slrgex_sf_car model.

First, import the report API packages so that you do not have to use long fully qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load your Simulink model and create a PDF report.

```
model_name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model_name);
```

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");

Find all data and events in the shift_logic chart.

```
objFinder = StateflowObjectFinder("slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic");
objFinder.Types = ["data", "event"];
results = find(objFinder);
```

Add the results to your report.

append(rpt,results);

Close the model and view your report.

close(rpt); close_system(model_name); rptview(rpt);

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder | slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties |
slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder

Create Stateflow result object

Description

Objects of the slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult class contain the search results for an object in a Stateflow chart. Objects of the slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult class contain the search results for an object in a Stateflow chart. You can add a table of properties for the objects in the search results by adding the StateflowObjectResult object to an slreportgen.report.Report object.

The slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

result = StateflowObjectResult(obj) creates a search result object for a state, annotation, or other Stateflow object, obj.

finder = StateflowObjectResult(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You
can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

obj — Stateflow diagram object

object path | object handle

Stateflow object, specified as a path or handle to the object.

Properties

Object — **Object** handle

handle

Object handle, returned as a handle to the Stateflow object returned by the StateflowObjectResult object.

Name — Name of object

string

Name of object returned by the StateflowObjectResult object, returned as a string.

Type – Object type

string

Object type for the object returned by the StateflowObjectResult object, returned as a string.

Example: "Stateflow.Chart"

DiagramPath — Path of diagram that contains object

string

Path of the diagram that contains the object returned by the StateflowObjectResult object, returned as a string.

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

Public Methods

getReporter	<pre>reporter = gerReporter(result) returns a reporter that generates a properties table for the StateflowObjectResult object, result.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryProperties	<pre>propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificProperties) returns the list of finder result class properties that are included by default in a summary table.</pre>
getDefaultSummaryTableTitle	<pre>tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObje ct,TypeSpecificTitle) returns the default title for a summary table for a finder result object of type resultObject.</pre>
getPropertyValues	<pre>propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNam es) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. Access the properties of the result object or the diagram element represented by the finder result object by specifying the property names in propNames.</pre>
getReporterLinkTargetID	<pre>targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resultObject) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the StateflowObjectResult object, resultObject. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.</pre>

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinde r class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectFinder

Find Stateflow diagram elements

Description

StateflowDiagramElementFinder creates a finder object that finds elements in a Stateflow chart diagram.

The slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds elements of a
Stateflow chart diagram. By default this finder finds states, transitions, truth tables, and other
elements in the specified Stateflow chart diagram. Use the properties of the finder to constrain the
search to specific types of elements.

Note This finder provides two ways to get search results:

- To return the search results as an array, use the find method. Add the results directly to a report or process the results in a for loop.
- To iterate through the results one at a time, use the hasNext and next methods in a while loop.

Neither option has a performance advantage.

finder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value
arguments. You can specify multiple name-value arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

diagram — Chart Diagram to search path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Chart diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Chart diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object
- Stateflow

state object

- Path or handle to a Simulink model
- Finder result representing a model, chart, or state

Types — Types of diagram elements to find

string | character array | array of strings | cell array of character arrays

Types of Stateflow diagram elements to find, specified as a string, character array, array of strings, or a cell array of character arrays. If the type is an array, it specifies a set of element types. The default is All or all, which finds all elements in all diagrams. Use one of these values to constrain the search to specific diagram element types. You can use either the fully qualified name or the short name.

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
All	all
Stateflow.Annotation	annotation
Stateflow.Box	box
Stateflow.EMFunction	emfunction
Stateflow.Function	function
Stateflow.Junction	junction
Stateflow.Port	port
Stateflow.SLFunction	slfunction
Stateflow.State	state
Stateflow.Transition	transition
Stateflow.TruthTable	truthtable

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out chart elements

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out chart elements in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out elements are excluded from the search results.

SearchDepth — Number of levels to search Container

[] (default) | inf | nonnegative integer

Number of levels to search Container, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
[] (default)	Search only for elements visible from the top level of the chart. The search includes elements in nested states but excludes elements in subcharts.
nonnegative integer	Search the specified number of levels
inf	Search all levels

SortType — Sort finder results

none (default) | alphabetical | systemAlpha | depth

Sort finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"systemAlpha"	Sort results alphabetically by parent system name.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first result in the sorted list belong to the object that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel/block1, myModel/subsystem1/ block2, myModel/subsystem1/ nestedSubststem/block3.

Properties — Properties of elements to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only elements that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {"ArrowSize","5"}

Methods

Public Methods

Method	Description
find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds Stateflow chart diagram elements in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the chart diagram elements it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the chart diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the chart diagram that the finder searches contains at least one element. If the chart diagram has at least one element, the hasNext method queues that element as the next element that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that element. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the chart diagram has an element that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the element for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more elements to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a chart diagram progressively for elements, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the chart diagram element that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResul t. To add tables of the chart diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.</pre>

Examples

Find Stateflow States and Transitions

Create a report that finds Stateflow states and transitions in the slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = "slrgex fuelsys fuel rate control";
load_system(model_name)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
add(rpt, TitlePage(Title=sprintf("%s Charts",model_name)))
add(rpt, TableOfContents)
chartFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model name);
while hasNext(chartFinder)
    chart = next(chartFinder);
    chapter = Chapter(Title=chart.Name);
    add(chapter, chart)
    sect = Section(Title="States");
    stateFinder = StateFinder(chart.Object);
    states = find(stateFinder);
    for state = states
        add(sect,state)
    end
   add(chapter,sect)
    sect = Section(Title="Transitions");
    transitionFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder...
       (Container=chart.Object,Types="transition");
    transitions = find(transitionFinder);
    for transition = transitions
        add(sect,transition)
    end
    add(chapter,sect)
    add(rpt, chapter)
end
close(rpt);
```

```
close('pt');
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt)
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder | slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties |
slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9

"What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder
Superclasses: slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder

Create block diagram finder

Description

Create Simulink block diagram finder.

The slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

finder = SystemDiagramFinder(container) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Simulink block diagrams in the specified container, which can be a Simulink model or subsystem. To constrain the search to specific types of models or subsystems, use the properties of the finder.

Note This finder can operate in either find or iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one-by-one. When searching in models that have many model references, use iterator mode. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can consume all system memory and slow report generation. Iterator mode is slower than find mode, so use find mode to search models that reference few or no other models.

finder = SystemDiagramFinder(Name=Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.

Input Arguments

Container — Diagram container to search path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

System container in which to search, specified as one of these values:

· Handle of a Simulink model or subsystem

• Path to a Simulink model or subsystem

SearchDepth — Depth of system diagram search

inf (default) | positive integer

Depth of system diagram search, specified as inf or a positive integer. SearchDepth specifies how many levels deep to search a diagram container for diagrams. To search all levels, use inf.

IncludeMaskedSubsystems — Search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Choice to search masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches masked Subsystem blocks in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedModels — Search model references

true (default) | false

Choice to search referenced models, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches models referenced in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Search Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If both this property and IncludeMaskedSubsystems are true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to both Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but IncludeMaskedSubsystems is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Search user library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search user library links, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in user libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in user libraries.

IncludeRoot — Include root diagram

true (default) | false

Choice to include the root diagram in the search results, specified as a logical. If true and the toplevel diagram container is a model, the model block diagram is included in the search results. Otherwise, the search results omit the model block diagram.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out diagrams

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out diagrams in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out diagrams are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

SortType — Sorting method for finder results

none (default) | alphabetical | numBlocks | depth

Sorting method for finder results, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"none"	Do not sort results.
"alphabetical"	Sort results alphabetically by name.
"numBlocks"	Sort results by number of blocks in the system. The first block in the sorted list contains the highest number of blocks.
"depth"	Sort results by depth in the model hierarchy. The first system in the sorted list is the system that is highest in the hierarchy. For example, a model and its subsystems are sorted in the order: myModel, myModel/subsystem1, myModel/ subsystem1/nestedSubststem.

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

AutoCloseModel — Whether to close models

true (default) | false

Whether to close models, specified as true or false. If true, the next method of the finder closes the currently open model before moving to the next model to search. Closing models prevents excessive consumption of memory when searching a model that references many models.

Note The find method of the finder ignores this property and leaves all referenced models open. For this reason, you should not use the find method to search models with many model references.

Methods

Public Methods

find	<pre>results = find(finder) finds block diagrams in the container specified by the finder. The finder is an slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder object. results is an array of slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a block diagram found by this method. Adding the array to a report or reporter adds images of all the block diagrams it contains. The reports to which you can add the results of this method are reports of type slreportgen.report.Report or another reporter object, such as an slreportgen.report.Chapter reporter.</pre>
hasNext	<pre>tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the container that the finder searches contains at least one diagram. If the container has at least one diagram, the hasNext method queues that diagram as the next diagram that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that diagram. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the container has a diagram that the next has not yet retrieved. It queues the diagram for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more diagrams to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a container progressively for diagrams, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.</pre>
	Note If the current result is the last result in the search queue for the current model and the AutoCloseModel property is true, this method closes the current model before it opens the next model. Although this increases search time, it reduces memory consumption when searching a top model that references many other models. If your model does not reference many other models, to speed up the search, set the AutoCloseModel property to false or use the find method.

next	<pre>result = next(finder) returns the next</pre>
	search result in the result queue that the
	hasNext method created. The search result
	contains the resulting diagram. Adding this
	result object to a report or reporter adds a
	Diagram reporter for the diagram.

Examples

Find Block Diagrams

Create a report that finds block diagrams in the slrgex_sf_car model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'slrgex sf car';
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
add(rpt, TitlePage(Title=sprintf('%s Systems',model_name)));
add(rpt,TableOfContents);
finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
     chapter = Chapter(Title=result.Name);
     add(chapter,result);
     add(rpt,chapter);
end
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Diagram |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.utils.HierarchyNumber class

```
Package: slreportgen.utils
```

Generate number that represents subsystem position in model hierarchy

Description

Use an object of the slreportgen.utils.HierarchyNumber class to generate numbers that represent the positions of subsystems in a model hierarchy. You can use the numbers to label report elements, such as section titles.

The slreportgen.utils.HierarchyNumber class is a handle class.

Class Attributes

```
HandleCompatible
```

true

For information on class attributes, see "Class Attributes".

Creation

Description

hierarchyNumberObj = slreportgen.utils.HierarchyNumber(source) creates a hierarchy
number object for the specified source and sets the Source property to source.

If you specify the source as a Simulink model, the HierarchyNumber object uses all the uncommented Simulink subsystems and Stateflow chart diagrams in the model to generate the model hierarchy numbers. Otherwise, the object uses the custom subsystem list that you specify. For example, to generate the hierarchy number of Stateflow chart diagrams in a model, specify a list of the subsystem paths.

Properties

Source — Model or list of subsystems

string scalar | character vector | handle | string array | cell array

Model or subsystem, specified as one of these values:

- String scalar or character vector that contains the name of an open or loaded model
- Handle of an open or loaded model
- String array of subsystem paths
- Cell array of subsystem paths or handles

Attributes:

GetAccess	public
SetAccess	private

Methods

Public Methods

subsystemPaths	<pre>spaths = subsystemPaths(thisHierarchyNumberObj) returns a string array of the paths of the subsystems in the system represented by thisHierarchyNumberObj.</pre>
generateHierarchyNumber	 hNum = generateHierarchyNumber(thisHierarchyN umberObj,diagram) returns a multilevel number that represents the position of the specified diagram in the system represented by thisHierarchyNumberObj. Specify diagram as one of these values: Handle or path of a Simulink model or subsystem Handle or path of a Stateflow chart Stateflow chart ID Stateflow chart object Stateflow Simulink function Subcharted Stateflow state Subcharted Stateflow box

Examples

Generate Number That Represents Subsystem Position in Model Hierarchy

Create an slreportgen.utils.HierarchyNumber object for the slrgex_f14 model and generate the number that represents the position of the Aircraft Dynamics Model subsystem in the model hierarchy.

```
modelName = "slrgex_f14";
load_system(modelName);
hierNumberObj = slreportgen.utils.HierarchyNumber(modelName);
hierNumber = generateHierarchyNumber(hierNumberObj,"slrgex_f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model")
hierNumber =
"1.1"
```

Use Hierarchy Numbers in Section Titles

This example generates the hierarchy number for each diagram in a model and uses the number in the title of the report section that corresponds to the diagram.

Import the packages so that you do not have to use long, fully-qualified class names.

```
import mlreportgen.dom.*;
import mlreportgen.report.*;
import slreportgen.finder.*;
import slreportgen.utils.*;
```

Load a model.

model = "slrgex_f14"; load_system(model);

Create a report. Turn off numbering for the report sections.

```
rpt = Report("output","pdf");
open(rpt);
mlreportgen.report.Section.number(rpt,false);
```

Create the table of contents and add it to the report.

```
toc = TableOfContents();
append(rpt,toc);
```

Create a chapter and turn on chapter numbering.

```
chapter = Chapter(model + " Model");
chapter.Numbered = true;
```

Create a diagram finder and a HierarchyNumber object for the model.

```
finder = DiagramFinder(model);
hierNumberObj = HierarchyNumber(model);
```

For each found diagram, generate the number that represents the relative position of the diagram in the model hierarchy. Create a section for the diagram and use the generated number in the title. Turn off the default section numbering. Append the section to the chapter.

```
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    hierNumber = hierNumberObj.generateHierarchyNumber(result.Path);
    title = strcat (hierNumber + " " + result.Name);
    section = Section(title);
    section.Numbered = false;
    append(chapter, section);
end
```

Append the chapter to the report.

append(rpt,chapter);

Close and view the report.

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);

Here is the generated table of contents:

Table of Contents
Chapter 1. sirgex_f14 Model1
<u>1 sirgex f14</u> 1
1.1 Aircraft Dynamics Model1
1.2 Controller
1.3 Dryden Wind Gust Models
1.3.1 Band-Limited White Noise
1.4 Nz pilot calculation

Version History Introduced in R2021b

See Also

mlreportgen.report.Section | mlreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions class

Package: slreportgen.webview

Options for exporting Simulink model to web view

Description

Use an slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions object to specify the items to export to a web view or an embedded web view report.

The slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

exportopts = slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions(wvdoc) creates an export options
object, exportopts, for the wvdoc web view or embedded web view document.wvdoc is created
using slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument or

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.When you create a Web view or embedded
Web view document, an export options object is created automatically.

Input Arguments

wvdoc — Web view object

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument or slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as a Web view or embedded Web view object.

Properties

Diagrams — Diagram or diagrams to export to the web view character vector

Diagram on page 7-299 or diagrams to export to the web view, specified as a character vector.

SearchScope — **System and subsystem levels to export for the specified** Current and Below (default) | All | Current and Above

System and subsystem levels to export, specified as one of:

- Current and Below Current specified system or subsystem and all of its dependents.
- Current Current specified system or subsystem
- Current and Above Current specified system or subsystem and all of its antecedents
- All All systems and subsystems in the model

IncludeMaskedSubsystems — Option to export masked subsystems

False (default) | True

Option to export masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeMaskedSystems to False, no masked subsystems are exported. If you set it to True, all masked subsystems are exported.

IncludeReferencedModels — Option to export referenced models

False (default) | True

Option to export referenced models, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeReferencedModels to False, no masked subsystems are exported. If you set it to True, all masked subsystems are exported.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Option to export Simulink library links

False (default) | True

Option to export Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks to False, no library links are exported. If you set it to True, all library links are exported.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Option to export user-defined library links

False (default) | True

Option to export user-defined library links, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeUserLibraryLinks to False, no user-defined library links are exported. If you set it to True, all user-defined library links are exported.

FilterCallback — **Function to determine whether to export a system and its descendants** function name or handle

Function to determine whether to export a system and its descendants, specified as a function name or function handle. The function must return True to include the system or False to exclude the system.

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument|
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument|slwebview
```

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument class

Package: slreportgen.webview

Create a web view document generator

Description

Creates a document generator that generates an HTML document containing a web view of one or more Simulink models.

The slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument class is a handle class.

Creation

Description

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname,model) creates a document
generator that generates an HTML document at the specified location containing a web view of the
specified model. Use the generator's fill method to generate the document.

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname,model1,model2,... modeln)creates a document generator that includes two or more models in the web view that it creates. This constructor assigns an array of default slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects to the generator's ExportOptions property, one for each of the models to be included in the generated document's web view. You can use the objects to specify custom export options for the models to be exported.

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname, {model1, model2, ... modeln}) assigns a default slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions object to the generator's ExportOptions property that applies to all of the models to be exported.

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname) creates a web view document generator for an initially unspecified model or set of models. Use the Systems property of the generator's ExportOptions property to specify the model or models to be included in the web view that it generates.

Input Arguments

docname — Name of output document file and folder

character vector

Name of the zip file and/or folder containing the report generated by this generator. Use this generator's PackageType property to specify whether to package the generated report as a file or a folder or both. If you specify an extension, the extension must be.htmx. If you do not specify an extension, the report generator appends .htmx.

model — Name of Simulink model to export

character vector

Name of the Simulink model to export to an interactive HTML Web view, specified as a character vector.

Properties

CurrentHoldID — Identifier of current hole in document

character vector

Identifier of current hole in document. This is a read-only property.

ExportOptions — Web view export options

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions (default)

An array of slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects, one for each model or set of models to be exported. The generator's constructor sets this property with default values for the model or models you specify. Use the properties of the ExportOptions object or objects to customize export of the models to the generated web view. For example, you can specify additional models to include or whether to include the block diagrams of masked subsystems and library blocks.

IncludeNotes — Whether to include user notes

false or 0 (default) | true or 1

Whether to include user notes, specified as numeric or logical 0 (false) or 1 (true).

Data Types: logical

ForceOverwrite — Overwrite existing file or folder

True (default) | False

Whether to overwrite an existing report with the same name. True overwrites the existing report. False generates the report under a new name.

OpenStatus — Status of web view document

unopened (default) | opened

OutputPath — Path of the document output directory

current working directory (default)

Path of the document output directory.

PackageType — Packaging for files generated

'both' (default) | 'zipped' | 'unzipped'

Packaging to use for output document, specified as one of these character vectors:

- 'zipped' Creates a zip file with an .htmx extension
- 'unzipped' Creates a folder of files
- 'both' Creates both zipped and unzipped output

TemplatePath — Path of the template to use to generated this document

character vector

Path to the HTML template to use to generate this report. The template has an .htmtx extension. This property points by default to a default template. To use a custom template, set this property to the path of the custom template.

TitleBarText — Text for HTML browser title bar

character vector

Text to display in the title bar of the HTML browser displaying the generated web view document. The default text is "Simulink Web View - Created by Simulink Report Generator."

Methods

Public Methods

fill	Fill report holes
fillslwebview	Create and insert a web view in an HTML document
getExportModels	Model paths and handles to export
getExportDiagrams	Get names of diagram paths and handles to export
getExportSimulinkSubSystems	Subsystem paths and handles to export
getExportStateflowCharts	Stateflow chart paths and handles to export
getExportStateflowDiagrams	Stateflow chart hierarchy paths and handles to export

Examples

Export Model to a Web View

```
import slreportgen.webview.*
open_system('f14')
d = WebViewDocument('f14WebView', 'f14');
fill(d);
rptview(d);
```

Export Multiple Models to a Web View

The export options in this example allow you to view the subsystem that implements the Simulink library block, Band-Limited White Noise, in the f14 model and the Stateflow chart that implements the Engine block in the slrgex_sf_car model. If the example did not enable the export options, the subsystem and chart would appear only as blocks in the exported web view.

```
import slreportgen.webview.*
open_system('fl4');
open_system('slrgex_sf_car');
wvdoc = WebViewDocument(...
    'myWebview','fl4','slrgex_sf_car');
opts = wvdoc.ExportOptions;
fl40pts = opts(1);
fl40pts.IncludeMaskedSubsystems = true;
fl40pts.IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks = true;
sfcar0pts = opts(2);
sfcar0pts.IncludeMaskedSubsystems = true;
fill(wvdoc)
rptview(wvdoc);
```

Export Selected Systems to a Web View

This example exports f14's root system and Aircraft Dynamics Model subsystem.

```
import slreportgen.webview.*
open_system('f14');
wvdoc = WebViewDocument('myWebView', ...
    {'f14', 'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model'});
wvdoc.ExportOptions.SearchScope = 'Current';
fill(wvdoc)
rptview(wvdoc);
```

Export Subsystem's Ancestors to a Web View

This example exports f14's root system and Controller subsystem.

```
import slreportgen.webview.*
open_system('f14');
wvdoc = WebViewDocument(...
    'mydoc', 'f14/Controller');
wvdoc.ExportOptions.SearchScope = 'CurrentAndAbove';
fill(wvdoc)
rptview(wvdoc);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument|slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions

Functions

getDiagramReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.BlockResult Package: slreportgen.finder

Returns Diagram reporter for this block result

Syntax

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result) returns a diagram reporter if the block result contains a subsystem or chart block. The reporter generates a snapshot of the block's diagram or chart, respectively. If the block result contains any other type of block, this method returns empty, []. To include a diagram of the subsystem or chart block search result in a report, add this reporter to the report, either directly or via a Chapter or Section reporter.

Input Arguments

result - Block result object

BlockResult object

BlockResult object, which is the output of the slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder class.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram reporter object

slreportgen.report.Diagram object | []

Diagram reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Diagram or empty, []. If the result contains a subsystem or chart block, this result returns a Diagram reporter that generates a snapshot of the block's block diagram or chart, respectively. Otherwise, it returns empty, [].

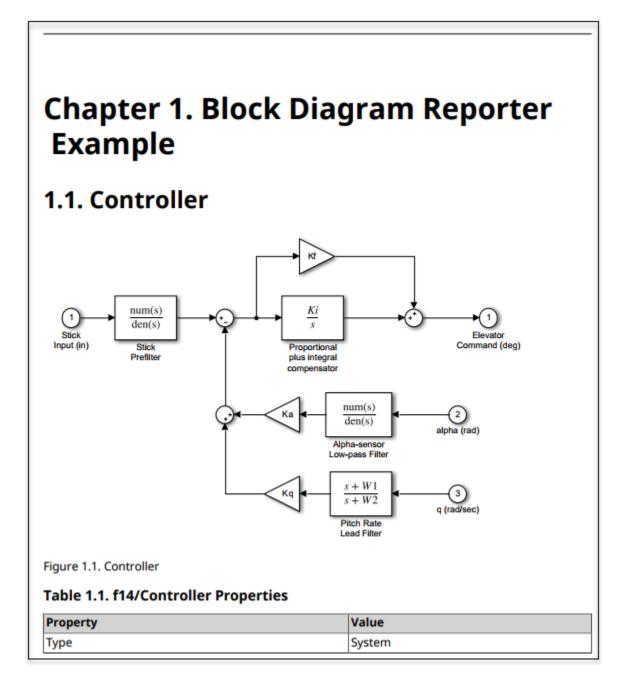
Examples

Add Block Diagram to Report

Add a subsystem snapshot and property table of the Controller block subsystem of the f14 model to a report.

```
model_name = 'f14';
load_system(model_name)
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter();
```

```
chapter.Title = 'Block Diagram Reporter Example';
blkFinder = BlockFinder(model_name);
blocks = find(blkFinder);
for block = blocks
    if block.Name == "Controller"
        rptr = getDiagramReporter(block);
        section = Section(Title=strrep(block.Name, newline,' '));
        add(section,rptr);
        add(section,plock);
        add(section,block);
        add(chapter,section);
    end
end
add(rpt,chapter)
rptview(rpt)
```



Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram

getPropertyValues

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get property values of block and block finder result objects

Syntax

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames)

Description

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames for the block finder result object, resultObject.propNames must have the names of the properties of the finder result object or the block represented by the finder result object.

Examples

Find Property Values of Inport Blocks

Find the property values of the Inport blocks in the slrgex_sf_car model.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load the model and search for all of the Inport blocks in the model. For each result object, print the DiagramPath property.

```
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name)
diagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model_name);
diagFinder.IncludeRoot = false;
while hasNext(diagFinder)
diagram = next(diagFinder);
ioFinder = BlockFinder(diagram.Object);
ioFinder.BlockTypes = "Inport";
blocks = find(ioFinder);
for block = blocks
getPropertyValues(block, "DiagramPath")
end
```

end

Input Arguments

```
resultObject — Finder result object
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object
```

Finder result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object.

propNames — List of properties
string array | cell array

List of property values to access, specified as an string array or cell array of characters.

Valid propNames elements are:

- Name
- Parent
- Any property of the block object that is accessible by using dot notation
- Any property of the slreportgen.finder.BlockResult class

If propNames contains invalid properties, the corresponding cell array value is N/A.

Output Arguments

propVals — Values of properties

cell array

Values of the accessed properties, returned as a cell array.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.BlockResult **Package:** slreportgen.finder

Get block reporter

Syntax

reporter = getReporter(blockResult)

Description

reporter = getReporter(blockResult) returns a reporter that generates a properties table for the block in the result.

Input Arguments

blockResult — Block result object

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object

Search result object for a block, specified as an slreportgen.finder.BlockResult object.

Output Arguments

reporter — Simulink object properties reporter

block-specific reporter object | slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object

Simulink object properties reporter, returned as one of these values:

- Block-specific reporter object, when the Report API includes a reporter for the block. For example, the getReporter method returns an slreportgen.report.DocBlock object when the search result represents a DocBlock block.
- An slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object, when the Report API does not include a reporter specific to the block. A SimulinkObjectProperties reporter generates a properties table for the block.

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

getPropertyValues

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get property values of data dictionary and data dictionary finder result objects

Syntax

```
propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames)
```

Description

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames in a cell array. propNames must have the names of the properties of the finder result object or the data dictionary represented by the finder result object.

Examples

Find Property Values of Data Dictionary Objects

Find the data dictionary property values in the slrgex_fuelsys model.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load the model and search for the data dictionary objects in the model. For each result object, print the NumberOfEntries property.

```
f = slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryFinder();
f.Name = "slrgex_fuelsys*";
while hasNext(f)
    result = next(f);
    getPropertyValues(result,"NumberOfEntries")
end
```

Input Arguments

resultObject — Finder result object
slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object

Finder result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object.

propNames — List of properties string array | cell array

List of property values to access, specified as a string array or cell array of characters.

Supported propNames elements are:

- Any property of a slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult object
- Path
- DataSources
- EnableAccessToBaseWorkspace
- HasAccessToBaseWorkspace
- HasUnsavedChanges
- NumberofEntries

If propNames contains invalid properties, the corresponding cell array value is N/A.

Output Arguments

propVals — Values of properties cell array

Values of the accessed properties, returned as a cell array.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult

getDiagramReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult
Package: slreportgen.finder

Returns Diagram reporter for diagram element result

Syntax

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result) returns a reporter that generates a snapshot of the element returned in the diagram element result, or empty, []. If the result contains a diagram element, such as a Simulink block, or Stateflow chart or subchart, that contains a diagram, this method returns a reporter that generates a snapshot of the diagram. Otherwise, it returns empty, []. For example, this method returns a diagram reporter for chart and subchart results but [] for state results, which do not contain diagrams. To include the diagram of an applicable search result in a report, add this reporter to the report, either directly or via a Chapter or Section reporter.

Input Arguments

result — Diagram element result object

DiagramElementResult object

DiagramElementResult object, which is the output of the slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder class.

Output Arguments

reporter – Diagram reporter object

slreportgen.report.Diagram object | []

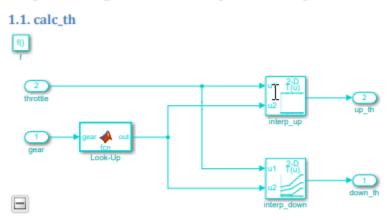
Diagram reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Diagram object, depending on the search result. If the search result is an object that contains a diagram, such as a subsystem block or a subchart, the output is a diagram reporter. Otherwise, it is empty, []. If not empty, the diagram reporter generates a snapshot image of the diagram element.

Examples

Add Stateflow Function Diagram to Report

The slrgex_sf_car model uses a Simulink Function, which is a function that uses a Simulink subsystem to compute its outputs from its inputs. This example finds the diagrams in the model and for each diagram uses an slreportgen.DiagramElementFinder object to find the Simulink Function subsystems. For each slreportgen.DiagramElementResult object returned by the finder, the example uses the Name property value as a section title and calls the getDiagramReporter method to return the subsystem diagram to add to the section.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model = "slrgex_sf_car";
load system(model);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Diagram Element Result Example";
% Find all diagrams in the model
diagFinder = DiagramFinder(model);
diagrams = find(diagFinder);
for diag = diagrams
    % Find all Simulink Function subsystems in the current diagram
    elemFinder = DiagramElementFinder(diag);
elemFinder.Types = "slfunction";
    elems = find(elemFinder);
    for elem = elems
        section = Section(Title=mlreportgen.utils.normalizeString(elem.Name));
        % Get the diagram reporter from the result and add it to the section
        rptr = getDiagramReporter(elem);
        if ~isempty(rptr)
            add(section,rptr)
        end
        add(section,elem);
        add(chapter,section);
    end
end
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```



Chapter 1. Diagram Element Reporter Example

Figure 1.1. calc_th

Table 1.1. slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic/selection_state/calc_th Properties

Property	Value
Туре	SLFunction
LabelString	[down_th,up_th] = calc_th(gear,throttle)
SimulinkSubSystem	selection_state.calc_th

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult **Package:** slreportgen.finder

Get diagram element reporter

Syntax

reporter = getReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getReporter(result) returns a reporter that generates a properties table for the diagram element returned in this result. A report or reporter to which a diagram element result is added invokes this method to generate a properties table for the element in the result. If you need to customize a properties table, you can invoke this method to get the properties reporter. Then, modify the reporter and add the modified properties reporter to the target report or reporter.

Input Arguments

result — Diagram element result object

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object

Diagram element result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram element reporter object

block-specific reporter object | slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties object

Diagram element reporter object, returned as one of these values:

- Block-specific reporter object, when the diagram element is a block and the Report API includes a reporter for the block. For example, the getReporter method returns an slreportgen.report.DocBlock object when the search result represents a DocBlock block.
- An slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties object for all other blocks and block diagram elements.
- An slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties object for Stateflow chart elements.

Version History Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

getPropertyValues

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get property values of finder result object and the diagram element object represented by result object

Syntax

```
propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames)
```

Description

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames for the diagram element finder result object, resultObject. propNames must have the names of the properties on the finder result object or the diagram element represented by the finder result object.

Examples

Find Property Values of Diagram Element Objects

Find the property values of the diagram elements in the slrgex_sf_car model.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

import slreportgen.finder.*

Load the model and search for diagram elements in the model. For each result object, print the Type property.

```
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name)
diagFinder = DiagramFinder(model_name);
diagrams = find(diagFinder);
for diag = diagrams
    elemFinder = DiagramElementFinder(diag);
    elemFinder.Types = "slfunction";
    for elems=find(elemFinder)
        getPropertyValues(elems, "Type")
    end
end
```

Input Arguments

resultObject — Finder result object
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object

Finder result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object.

propNames — List of properties

string array | cell array

List of properties values to access, specified as a string array or cell array of characters.

Valid propNames elements are:

- Name
- Parent
- Any property of the diagram element that is accessible by using dot notation
- Any property of the slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult class

If propNames contains invalid properties, the corresponding cell array value is N/A.

Output Arguments

propVals — Values of properties
cell array

Values of the accessed properties, returned as a cell array.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult Package: slreportgen.finder

Get diagram reporter

Syntax

reporter = getReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getReporter(result) returns an slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter for the diagram returned by this report. The diagram reporter adds a snapshot of the diagram to a report. A report or reporter to which you add a diagram result invokes this method to create an image of the diagram that the result contains. If you need to change the size or otherwise customize the diagram image, you can invoke this method to get the diagram reporter. Then, modify the reporter and add the modified diagram reporter to a destination report or reporter.

Input Arguments

result — Diagram finder object

finder object

DiagramFinder object, which you create using the slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder class.

Output Arguments

reporter – Diagram reporter object

slreportgen.report.Diagram object

Diagram reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Diagram object. The Diagram reporter generates a snapshot image of the diagram.

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram

getPropertyValues

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get property values of diagram and diagram finder result objects

Syntax

```
propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames)
```

Description

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames for the diagram finder result object, resultObject.propNames must have the names of the properties of the finder result object or the diagram represented by the finder result object.

Examples

Find Property Values of Diagram Objects

Find the property values of the diagram in the slrgex_sf_car model.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load the model and search for the diagrams in the model. For each result object, print the Type property.

```
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name)
diagFinder = DiagramFinder(model_name);
diagrams = find(diagFinder);
for diag = diagrams
    getPropertyValues(diag, "Type")
end
```

Input Arguments

```
resultObject — Finder result object
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object
```

Finder result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object.

propNames — List of properties

string array | cell array

List of properties values to access, specified as an array of strings or cell array of characters.

Valid propNames elements are:

- Name
- Parent
- Any property of the diagram that is accessible by using dot notation
- Any property of the slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult class

If propNames contains invalid properties, the corresponding cell array value is N/A.

Output Arguments

propVals — Values of properties

cell array

Values of the accessed properties, returned as a cell array.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
Package: slreportgen.finder

Get reporter for model variable search result

Syntax

```
reporter = getReporter(variableResult)
```

Description

```
reporter = getReporter(variableResult) returns an
slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object for a model variable search result.
```

Input Arguments

```
variableResult — Result of model variable search
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object
```

Result of a search using the find or next method of an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder object.

Output Arguments

```
reporter — Reporter for model variable
slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object
```

Reporter that includes information about a model variable in a report. Customize the content and formatting of the information for a variable by setting properties of the reporter.

Examples

Customize the Formatting of a Model Variable in a Report

Customize the formatting of a model variable in a report by setting the reporter properties.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
% Create a Chapter
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Model Variable Reporter Example";
% Load the model
model_name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model_name);
```

```
% Find the variables in the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
   % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
   % Customize the formatting of numbers
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    reporter.NumericFormat = "%.4f";
   % Add the reporter to the chapter
    add(chapter,reporter);
end
% Add chapter to the report
add(rpt,chapter);
% Close the report and open the viewer
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder|slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

getPropertyValues

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get property values of model variable and model variable finder result objects

Syntax

```
propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames)
```

Description

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames for the model variable finder result object, resultObject. propNames must have the names of the properties of the finder result object or the model variable represented by the finder result object.

Examples

Find Property Values of Model Variable Objects

Find the property values for the model variables in the slrgex_sf_car model.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load the required model and search for the model variables in the model. For each result object, print the associated Bytes property.

```
model_name = 'slrgex_sf_car';
load_system(model_name)
finder = ModelVariableFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
    getPropertyValues(result,"Bytes")
end
```

Input Arguments

resultObject — Finder result object slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object

Finder result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object.

propNames — List of properties

string array | cell array

List of properties values to access, specified as a string array or cell array of characters.

Valid propNames elements are:

- Value
- Class
- Size
- Bytes
- StorageClass
- CallingString
- Any property of the model variable that is accessible by using dot notation
- Any property of the slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult class

If propNames contains invalid properties, the corresponding cell array value is N/A.

Output Arguments

propVals — Values of properties

cell array

Values of the accessed properties, returned as a cell array.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult

getVariableID

Class: slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
Package: slreportgen.finder

Get unique ID of model variable

Syntax

varID = getVariableID(variableResult)

Description

varID = getVariableID(variableResult) returns a string that uniquely identifies the variable represented by the model variable search result. This ID is the default value of the LinkTarget property of the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable reporter for the variable. Therefore, you can use the ID to generate a link to the reported content for the variable.

Input Arguments

variableResult — Result that represents a model variable
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object

Result of a search using the find or next method of an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder object.

Output Arguments

varID — Variable ID

string scalar

Unique ID for the model variable, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create a List of Variables with Links to Content

You can use the variable ID returned by the getVariableID method to create a link to the reported content for the variable. This example generates a report of the variables used by the slrgex_sf_car model. The list of variables at the beginning of the report provides links to the reported content for the variables.

```
% Create a Report
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("MyReport","pdf");
```

```
% Load the model
model_name = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model_name);
```

```
% Create a Chapter
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = sprintf("Variables Used in the %s model",model_name);
% Find the variables in the model
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model name);
results = find(finder);
\% Create a list of the variables with links to the reported variable content
ul = mlreportgen.dom.OrderedList;
for r = results
    varname = r.Name:
    %get ID that is used for the link target for this variable
    varid = getVariableID(r);
    link = mlreportgen.dom.InternalLink(varid,varname);
    li = mlreportgen.dom.ListItem();
    append(li,link);
    append(ul,li);
end
add(chapter,ul);
% Add reporters for the variables to report
for r = results
    % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
    % Customize the formatting of numbers
    reporter = getReporter(r);
    reporter.NumericFormat = "%.4f";
   % Add the reporter to the chapter
   add(chapter,reporter);
end
add(rpt,chapter);
% Close the report and open the viewer
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

getVariableValue

Class: slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
Package: slreportgen.finder

Get value of variable from model variable search result

Syntax

value = getVariableValue(variableResult)

Description

value = getVariableValue(variableResult) returns the value of the variable represented by the model variable search result.

Input Arguments

variableResult — Result that represents a model variable
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult object

Result of a search using the find or next method of an slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder object.

Examples

Use getVariableValue to Identify Simulink.Bus Objects

If the getVariableValue method returns a Simulink.Bus object, use an slreportgen.report.BusObject object instead of an slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object to report on the bus object.

```
mdl = "sldemo_bus_arrays";
load_system(mdl);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("ExampleBusReport", "pdf");
% Find variables used by the model
f = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(mdl);
results = find(f);
for r = results
 % If the result represents a Bus object, add a Bus object reporter to the
 % report
 if isa(getVariableValue(r), "Simulink.Bus")
 reporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject(r);
 % Add the reporter to a chapter in the report
 ch = mlreportgen.report.Chapter(reporter.Name);
 add(ch, reporter);
 add(rpt, ch);
```

```
end
end
```

```
% Close and view the report
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.BusObject|
slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

getDefaultSummaryProperties

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get list of default summary table properties for a finder result class

Syntax

```
propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObject)
propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObject,TypeSpecificProperties=
value)
```

Description

propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObject) returns the default summary table properties for the finder result class, resultObject.

propList = getDefaultSummaryProperties(resultObject,TypeSpecificProperties= value) indicates whether to include the type-specific properties.

Examples

Find Default Properties to Report

Find the default properties included in the summary table reporter for a finder result object.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

import slreportgen.finder.*

Load the model and search for signals in the model.. For each result object, print the associated default summary table properties.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name)
finder = SignalFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
props = getDefaultSummaryProperties(results(1))
props =
1×5 string array
"Name" "Description" "Source" "NonvirtualDestination" "DataType"
```

Input Arguments

resultObject — Finder result object for which to list default properties
finder result object

Finder result object for which to list the default summary table properties, specified as an object of a finder result class.

value — Include type specific properties

true (default) | false

Whether to return type-specific properties of the finder result object, specified as true or false.

Output Arguments

propList — List of default summary table properties

string array

List of default summary table properties, returned as a string array. Default properties for the result classes are:

Finder Result Class	Property List When TypeSpecificProperties Is true	Property List When TypeSpecificProperties set to true
slreportgen.finder.Block Result	 Name Parent Block dialog properties for the block represented by the finder result object 	• Name • Parent
slreportgen.finder.DataD ictionaryResult	This class does not have any type-specific properties.	NameDataSources
slreportgen.finder.Diagr amElementResult	 The default properties depend on the type of finder result object: For Stateflow objects, the reported properties are the same properties reported by the slreportgen.report.Sta teflowObjectProperties reporter For other objects, the reported properties are the same properties reported by the slreportgen.report.Sim ulinkObjectProperties reporter 	• Name • Type

Finder Result Class	Property List When TypeSpecificProperties Is true	Property List When TypeSpecificProperties set to true
slreportgen.finder.Diagr amResult	 The default properties depend on the type of finder result object: For Stateflow objects, reported properties are the same properties reported by the slreportgen.report.Sta teflowObjectProperties reporter For other objects, the reported properties are the same properties reported by the slreportgen.report.Sim ulinkObjectProperties 	 Name Description
slreportgen.finder.Model VariableResult	reporter This class does not have any type-specific properties.	 Name Class Source SourceType
slreportgen.finder.Signa lResult	This class does not have any type-specific properties.	 Name Description Source NonvirtualDestination DataType
slreportgen.finder.Funct ionReferenceResult	This class does not have any type-specific properties.	NameCalling blocksCalling expressions

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult| slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.finder.SignalResult

getDefaultSummaryTableTitle

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get default summary table title for finder result class

Syntax

```
tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObject)
tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObject,TypeSpecificTitle=
value)
```

Description

tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObject) returns the default summary table title for the finder result class, resultObject.

tableTitle = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(resultObject,TypeSpecificTitle= value) indicates whether to return the type-specific table title of the specified object.

Examples

Find Default Summary Table Title for SignalResult Object

This example shows how to access the default summary table title for a BlockResult object.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load the model and search for blocks in the model. For a result object, print the default summary table title.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name)
finder = BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
title1 = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(results(1),TypeSpecificTitle=true)
title2 = getDefaultSummaryTableTitle(results(2),TypeSpecificTitle=false)
title1 =
    "Constant Block Properties"
title2 =
```

"Block Properties"

Input Arguments

resultObject — Finder result object for which to return default title

finder result object

Finder result object for which to return the default summary table title, specified as an object of finder result class.

value - Whether to return type-specific summary table title

true (default) | false

Whether to return a type-specific summary table title which is specific to the Type property of the finder result object, specified as true or false.

Output Arguments

tableTitle — Default table title for summarizing finder result object

string array

Default summary table title for finder result object, returned as a string array. Depending on the finder result class, the possible table titles are:

Finder Result Class	Table title with TypeSpecificTitle set to true	Table title with TypeSpecificTitle set to false
slreportgen.finder.Block Result	<block type=""> Block Properties</block>	Block Properties
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DataD ictionaryResult</pre>	Data Dictionaries	Data Dictionaries
slreportgen.finder.Diagr amElementResult	<0bject Type> Properties	Object Properties
slreportgen.finder.Diagr amResult	<diagram type=""> Properties</diagram>	System Properties
slreportgen.finder.Model VariableResult	Model Variables	Model Variables
slreportgen.finder.Signa lResult	Signal Properties	Signal Properties
<pre>slreportgen.finder.Funct ionReferenceResult</pre>	Functions	Functions

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult| slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.finder.SignalResult

getReporterLinkTargetID

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get link target ID of reporter object associated with the finder result object

Syntax

targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resultObject)

Description

targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(resultObject) returns the link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object, resultObject. Use the link target ID to add a hyperlink to the reporter from any part of the report.

Examples

Find Link Target ID for Finder Result Object

This example shows how to access the link target ID for the reporter associated to a finder result object.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

import slreportgen.finder.*

Load the model and search for signals in the model. For each result object, print the reporter link target ID.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name)
finder = SignalFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
    targetID = getReporterLinkTargetID(result)
end
targetID =
    'mw_9cd5fef8740098932ba6700fb427d044'
targetID =
    'mw_cd36af0a7b02521d1213fc98b4af862b'
```

Use these link target IDs to reference the reporters in your report.

Input Arguments

resultObject — Result object for which to find reporter target link ID

finder result class

Result object for which to find reporter target link ID, specified as an object of a finder result class.

Output Arguments

targetID — Link target ID of the reporter

string scalar

Link target ID of the reporter associated with the finder result object, specified as a string scalar.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.DataDictionaryResult| slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult| slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.finder.SignalResult

getPropertyValues

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get property values of signal and signal finder result object

Syntax

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames)

Description

propVals = getPropertyValues(resultObject,propNames) returns the values of the properties specified in propNames for the signal finder result object, resultObject.propNames must have the names of the properties of the finder result object or the model variable represented by the finder result object.

Examples

find Property Values of Signal Objects

Find the property values for signals in the slrgex_vdp model.

Import the required packages to avoid using long, fully qualified class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
```

Load the model and search for signals in the model. For each result object, print the Source property.

```
model_name = "slrgex_vdp";
load_system(model_name)
finder = SignalFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
    getPropertyValues(result, "Source")
end
```

Input Arguments

```
resultObject — Finder result object
slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object
```

Finder result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.SignalResult object.

propNames — List of properties

string array | cell array

List of properties values to access, specified as an array of strings or cell array of characters.

Valid propNames elements are:

- Name
- Description
- Source
- Destination
- NonvirtualDestination
- DataType
- Complexity
- Dimensions
- Min
- Max
- SampleTime
- Any property of the signal that is accessible by using dot notation

If propNames contains invalid properties, the corresponding cell array value is N/A.

Output Arguments

propVals — Values of properties

cell array

Values of the accessed properties, returned as a cell array.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.SignalResult

slreportgen.report.Bus.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.Bus Package: slreportgen.report

Create bus reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.Bus.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.Bus.createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a
copy of the slreportgen.report.Bus reporter template for the report type specified by type at
the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point to
design a custom bus reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Bus Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.Bus reporter and save it with the name myBusTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.Bus.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myBusTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a Bus reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Bus | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.Bus Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.Bus class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.Bus at the location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom bus reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a bus reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Bus Reporter

Create a custom bus reporter, myBus, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.Bus.customizeReporter("MyFolder/myBus")

ans =

"MyFolder\myBus.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Bus | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Bus.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.Bus Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Bus class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.Bus.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.Bus.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Bus class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.Bus class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.Bus class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Bus Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the bus reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.Bus.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also slreportgen.report.Bus | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.createTem plate

Class: slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable
Package: slreportgen.report

Copy template file for slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable class

Syntax

copiedFilePath = slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.createTemplate(
targetPath,templateType)

Description

copiedFilePath = slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.createTemplate(
targetPath,templateType) creates a copy of the default template file, of the specified type, for
objects of the slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable class in the folder specified by
targetPath. Use the template copy as a starting point for creating your custom template.

Input Arguments

targetPath — Target path for new file to create

character vector | string scalar

Target path for the copy of the template file, specified as a character vector or string scalar. If you specify targetPath without the file extension, the method creates the file with the extension of the copied template file. If you include the file extension, it must match the extension of the copied template file.

Data Types: char | string

templateType — Type of template to copy "html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template to copy, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Data Types: char | string

Output Arguments

copiedFilePath — Path of created file

string scalar

Path of the created file, returned as a string scalar.

Data Types: string

Examples

Copy the Default PDF Template for State Transition Table Reporter

This example shows how to copy the default PDF template for a state transition table reporter.

The output of the command shows the path of the copied template file.

```
copiedFilePath =
```

"d:\myTemplates\PDF_Template.pdftx"

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable | "Style Sheets in Templates" | "Templates for DOM API Report Programs"

slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.customize Reporter

Class: slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable **Package:** slreportgen.report

Create custom state transition table reporter class

Syntax

mFilePath = slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.customizeReporter(
targetFilePath)

Description

mFilePath = slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable.customizeReporter(targetFilePath) defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable in a newly created MATLAB program file (.m) in the folder specified by targetFilePath. The method creates or uses the existing resources/templates subfolder, in the folder specified by targetFilePath, and copies the default template files of the StateTransitionTable class into the subfolder. Use the created subclass as a starting point for creating your custom version of the StateTransitionTable reporter.

Input Arguments

targetFilePath — Target path for new MATLAB program file

character array | string scalar

Target path for the new MATLAB program file, specified as a character vector or string scalar. You can specify targetFilePath with or without the .m file extension.

Data Types: char | string

Output Arguments

mFilePath — Path of created MATLAB program file

string scalar

Path of the created MATLAB program file, returned as a string scalar.

Data Types: string

Examples

Create a Subclass of the StateTransitionTable Class

This example shows how to create a subclass of the StateTransitionTable class.

The output of the command shows the path of the created MATLAB program file.

mFilePath =

"d:\myClasses\myReporter.m"

This is the folder structure:

```
d:\myClasses\myReporter.m
d:\myClasses\resources\templates\docx\default.dotx
d:\myClasses\resources\templates\html\default.htmt
d:\myClasses\resources\templates\html\default.htmtx
d:\myClasses\resources\templates\pdf\default.pdftx
```

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable | "Style Sheets in Templates" | "Templates for DOM API Report Programs" | classdef

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.createTempl ate

Class: slreportgen.report.FunctionReference **Package:** slreportgen.report

Copy template file for slreportgen.report.FunctionReference class

Syntax

copiedFilePath = slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.createTemplate(
targetPath,templateType)

Description

copiedFilePath = slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.createTemplate(
targetPath,templateType) creates a copy of the default template file, of the specified type, for
objects of the slreportgen.report.FunctionReference class in the folder specified by
targetPath. Use the template copy as a starting point for creating your custom template.

Input Arguments

targetPath — Target path for copy of template file

character vector | string scalar

Target path for copy of template file, specified as a character vector or string scalar. If you specify targetPath without the file extension, the method creates the file with the extension of the copied template file. If you include the file extension, it must match the extension of the copied template file.

Data Types: char | string

templateType — Type of template to copy

"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template to copy, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Data Types: char | string

Output Arguments

copiedFilePath — Path of created file

string scalar

Path of the created file, returned as a string scalar.

Data Types: string

Examples

Copy the Default PDF Template for a Function Reference Reporter

This example shows how to copy the default PDF template for a function reference reporter.

The output of the command shows the path of the copied template file.

```
copiedFilePath =
```

"d:\myTemplates\PDF_Template.pdftx"

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference | "Style Sheets in Templates" | "Templates for DOM API Report Programs"

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.customizeR eporter

Class: slreportgen.report.FunctionReference Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom function reference reporter class

Syntax

mFilePath = slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.customizeReporter(
targetFilePath)

Description

mFilePath = slreportgen.report.FunctionReference.customizeReporter(targetFilePath) defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.FunctionReference in a newly created MATLAB program file (.m) in the folder specified by targetFilePath. The method creates or uses the existing resources/templates subfolder, in the folder specified by targetFilePath, and copies the default template files of the FunctionReference class into the subfolder. Use the created subclass as a starting point for creating your custom version of the FunctionReference reporter.

Input Arguments

targetFilePath — Target path for new MATLAB program file

character array | string scalar

Target path for the new MATLAB program file, specified as a character vector or string scalar. You can specify targetFilePath with or without the .m file extension. You can specify either a relative path or an absolute path. The path you specify can be one of these path types:

Path Type	Example	Resultir
Explicit path	<pre>mFilePath = FunctionReference.customizeReporter(</pre>	d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas
Class folder	<pre>mFilePath = FunctionReference.customizeReporter(</pre>	d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas
Package folder	<pre>mFilePath = FunctionReference.customizeReporter(</pre>	d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas d:\myClas

To learn more about class and package folders, see "Packages Create Namespaces" and "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

Data Types: char | string

Output Arguments

mFilePath — Path of created MATLAB program file

string scalar

Path of the created MATLAB program file, returned as a string scalar.

Data Types: string

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.FunctionReference | classdef | "Folders Containing Class Definitions" | "Packages Create Namespaces" | "Style Sheets in Templates" | "Templates for DOM API Report Programs"

slreportgen.report.BusObject.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.BusObject Package: slreportgen.report

Create bus object reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.BusObject.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.BusObject.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the bus object reporter template specified by type at the templatePath location.
You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom bus object template for your
report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Bus Object Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the bus object reporter and save it with the name myBusTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.BusObject.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myBusObjectTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of the reporter.

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.BusObject|slreportgen.report.Report

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult **Package:** slreportgen.finder

Get Stateflow object reporter

Syntax

reporter = getReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getReporter(result) returns a reporter that generates a properties table result
object, result.

Input Arguments

result — Stateflow object result object

slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult object

Stateflow object result object, specified as an slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult object.

Output Arguments

reporter — Stateflow object properties reporter

object-specific reporter object | slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties object

Stateflow object properties reporter, returned as a Stateflow object-specific reporter object.

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectResult

slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.BusObject
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom bus object reporter

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.BusObject. The
slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter method creates the reporter class
definition file at the location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter
templates to the resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition
file. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom bus object reporter
class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Bus0bject.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a bus object reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new bus object reporter class
string scalar

Path and file name of the new bus object reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Bus Object Reporter

Create a custom bus object reporter, MyBus, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.BusObject.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MyBus')

ans =

"MyFolder\MyBus.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.BusObject|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.BusObject.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.BusObject
Package: slreportgen.report

Bus object reporter class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.BusObject.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.BusObject.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.BusObject class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Bus object reporter class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.BusObject class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Bus Object Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the bus object reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.BusObject.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.BusObject|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.CCaller.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.CCaller Package: slreportgen.report

Create C Caller block reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.CCaller.createTemplate(templatePath)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.CCaller.createTemplate(templatePath) creates a copy
of the slreportgen.report.CCaller template for the report type specified by type at the
location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom
reporter template for your report.

Examples

Create C Caller Block Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.CCaller class and save it with the name myTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

template = slreportgen.report.CCaller.createTemplate("mytemplates/myTemplate",'html')

After you modify the template, use it by setting the **TemplateSrc** property of a C Caller block reporter to the path of the new template file.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

string scalar (default) | character vector

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or a string scalar.

type — Type of template "html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the copy of the template, returned as a string scalar. The file name extension of the template is based on the specified template type. For example, if the type argument is "pdf", the file name extension is .pdftx.

Version History Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder

slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.CCaller Package: slreportgen.report

Create class derived from C Caller block reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter(classPath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter(classPath) creates a
reporter class definition file that is a subclass of slreportgen.report.CCaller at the location
specified by classPath. The method also copies the default reporter template to the resources/
templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. Use the class definition file
as a starting point to design a custom reporter class.

Examples

Create Custom C Caller Block Reporter

Create a custom reporter and its associated default templates. This function creates the derived class file at the specified path relative to the current working folder.

In this case, the path to the myCCallerReporter.m class file is <current_working_folder>/ newCCallerReporter/@myCCallerReporter/myCCallerReporter.m.

slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter("myCCallerReporter/@myCallerReporter")

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your C Caller block reporter.

The default templates are in the <*current_working_folder*>/newCCallerReporter/ @myCCallerReporter/resources/templates folder.

Input Arguments

classPath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of a new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

Specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates myCCallerReporter.m in the subfolder sFolder1 of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter("sFolder1/myCCallerReporter")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates myClass.m in the subfolder sFolder2/ @myClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter("sFolder2/@myClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.CCaller.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@myClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of the new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties|mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph|
mlreportgen.report.BaseTable
```

slreportgen.report.CCaller.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.CCaller
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder containing slreportgen.report.CCaller class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.CCaller.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.CCaller.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.CCaller class definition file.

Examples

Get C Caller Block Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.CCaller class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.CCaller.getClassFolder();

This function returns the path as a character vector.

Output Arguments

path — Class definition file location

character vector

slreportgen.report.CCaller class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder

slreportgen.report.CFunction.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.CFunction
Package: slreportgen.report

Create C Function block reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.CFunction.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.CFunction.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.CFunction reporter template for the report type
specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the template copy as a
starting point to design a custom C Function block reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a C Function Block Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.CFunction reporter and save it with the name myCFunctionTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.CFunction.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myCFunctionTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a CFunction reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2021b

See Also

slreportgen.report.CFunction | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.CFunction Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.CFunction class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.CFunction at the
location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom C Function block reporter class for your
report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a C Function block reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom C Function Block Reporter

Create a custom C Function block reporter, myCFunction, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.CFunction.customizeReporter("MyFolder/myCFunction")

ans =

"MyFolder\myCFunction.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2021b

See Also

slreportgen.report.CFunction | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.CFunction.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.CFunction
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains the slreportgen.report.CFunction class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.CFunction.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.CFunction.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.CFunction class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.CFunction class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.CFunction class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get C Function Block Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the CFunction reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.CFunction.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2021b

See Also

slreportgen.report.CFunction | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.DataDictionary
Package: slreportgen.report

Copy the default slreportgen.report.DataDictionary reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.createTemplate(templatePath, type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary reporter template for the report type specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copy of the template as a starting point to design a custom slreportgen.report.DataDictionary template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Data Dictionary Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary reporter and save it with the name myDataDictionaryTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myDataDictionaryTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a data dictionary reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.DataDictionary

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeRepor ter

Class: slreportgen.report.DataDictionary Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates a reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary at the location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom data dictionary reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a data dictionary reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeReporter("+my0rg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Data Dictionary Reporter

Create a custom data dictionary reporter, myDataDictionary, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.customizeReporter('MyFolder/myDataDictionary')

ans =

"MyFolder\myDataDictionary.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.DataDictionary

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.DataDictionary
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.DataDictionary class definition file location, returned as a character
vector.

Examples

Get Data Dictionary Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the data dictionary reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.DataDictionary.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.DataDictionary

slreportgen.report.Diagram.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram
Package: slreportgen.report

Create diagram template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.Diagram.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.Diagram.createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates
a copy of the default diagram template specified by type at the location specified by templatePath.
Use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom diagram template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Report Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML diagram template in the mytemplates folder. Name the copied template myDiagramReporter.htmtx. To use the new template, assign its path to the slreportgen.report.Diagram TemplateSrc property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = Report('My Report','html');
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
diagram = Diagram('slrgex_sf_car');
```

```
template = Diagram.createTemplate('mytemplates\myDiagram','html');
diagram.TemplateSrc = template;
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Diagram.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom diagram reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.Diagram.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Diagram.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a diagram class definition file that is a subclass of slreportgen.report.Diagram. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The customizeReporter method also copies the default diagram templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the new class definition file as a starting point to design a custom diagram class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom diagram class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom diagram class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram reporter path

string

Diagram reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Diagram Reporter

Create a custom diagram reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MyDiagram.m class file is <current working folder>/newDiagram/@MyDiagram/ MyDiagram.m. The default diagram templates are in the <current working folder>/ newDiagram/@MyDiagram/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
Diagram.customizeReporter('newDiagram/@MyDiagram');
```

After editing this new class file and loading a model, you can use the new diagram reporter.

```
slrgex_sf_car;
diagram = MyDiagram('slrgex_sf_car');
```

Version History Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Diagram.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram
Package: slreportgen.report

Diagram class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.Diagram.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.Diagram.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the diagram class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Diagram class definition file location

character array

Diagram class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.Report

getSnapshotImage

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram Package: slreportgen.report

Diagram snapshot image file location

Syntax

path = getSnapshotImage(diag,rpt)

Description

path = getSnapshotImage(diag,rpt) takes the snapshot of the diagram specified by the slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter (diag). It creates an image file and returns the path of that file.rpt is the report into which the diagram is added. This method gives you access to the image file so you can place it in specific locations of the report, such as on a title page. By changing the report layout and then adding this image, you can control the image layout.

Note If you use this method, set the Diagram Scaling property to custom or zoom. If you use auto scaling, the image does not scale to fit on the page.

Input Arguments

diag — Dialog reporter

variable name

Dialog reporter, specified as the variable name of the Diagram class. For example,

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report
diag = slreportgen.report.Diagram...
        ("f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model");
getSnapshotImage(diag,rpt)
```

rpt – Report name

variable name

Name of the report into which the diagram will go, specified as the report variable name.

Output Arguments

path — Location of snapshot image file string

Location of snapshot image file, returned as a string. The location is a temporary folder that is deleted when the report is closed. To retain the folder, set the Debug property of slreportgen.report.

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.DocBlock Package: slreportgen.report

Create DocBlock reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the DocBlock reporter template specified by type at the templatePath location.
You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom DocBlock template for your
report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a DocBlock Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the DocBlock reporter and save it with the name myDocBlockTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myDocBlockTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of the reporter.

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.DocBlock|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Modify Styles in Microsoft Word Templates" "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" "Modify Styles in PDF Templates"

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.DocBlock Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom DocBlock reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.DocBlock at the location
specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/
templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the class
definition file as a starting point to design a custom DocBlock reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a DocBlock reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter("+my0rg/@DocBlock");

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of the new DocBlock reporter class string scalar

Path and file name of the new DocBlock reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom DocBlock Reporter

Create a custom DocBlock reporter, MyDocBlock, and its associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MyDocBlock')

ans =

"MyFolder\MyDocBlock.m"

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your DocBlock reporter.

rptr = MyDocBlock();

Create Custom DocBlock Reporter in a Class Folder Inside a Package Folder

Create a custom DocBlock reporter and its associated default templates in a class folder that is a subfolder of a package folder.

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.customizeReporter("+MyPackage/@MyDocBlock")

ans =

"+MyPackage\@MyDocBlock\MyDocBlock.m"

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your DocBlock reporter.

rptr = MyPackage.MyDocBlock();

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.DocBlock|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.DocBlock Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of DocBlock reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.DocBlock class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Location of the DocBlock reporter class definition file

character vector

Location of the slreportgen.report.DocBlock class definition file, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get DocBlock Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the DocBlock reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also slreportgen.report.DocBlock | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getDocBlockFile

Class: slreportgen.report.DocBlock Package: slreportgen.report

Get path of content file for DocBlock reporter

Syntax

fileLoc = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getDocBlockFile(docBlockRptr,rpt)

Description

fileLoc = slreportgen.report.DocBlock.getDocBlockFile(docBlockRptr,rpt) creates
a file that contains the contents of the DocBlock reporter docBlockRptr and returns the full path to
that file. Use the file path to access content within the DocBlock reporter.

Input Arguments

docBlockRptr - DocBlock reporter

slreportgen.report.DocBlock object

DocBlock reporter, specified as an object of slreportgen.report.DocBlock.

rpt – Report object

slreportgen.report.Report object

Name of the report, specified as an object of slreportgen.report.Report.

Output Arguments

fileLoc — Location of content file

string scalar

Location of the DocBlock reporter content file, returned as a string.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.DocBlock|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTemplat e

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram Package: slreportgen.report

Create element diagram template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTemplate(templatePath, type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the default element diagram reporter template specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom diagram template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

string | character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

type — Type of template

"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Template name

string

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create an Element Diagram Template

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeRep orter

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom element diagram reporter class

Syntax

customRptrPath = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter(
classpath)

Description

customRptrPath = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter(
classpath) creates an empty element diagram class definition file that is a subclass of
slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram. The file is created at the specified classpath location.
The customizeReporter method also copies the default element diagram templates to the
<classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the new class definition file as a starting
point to design a custom element diagram class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom element diagram class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom element diagram class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name. For example, both of these are valid paths:

- slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter("path_folder/ MyClassA.m")
- slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter("+package/@MyClassB")

Output Arguments

customRptrPath — Path of custom element diagram reporter string

Jung

Path of the custom element diagram reporter classdef file that defines the custom element diagram reporter, specified as a string.

Examples

Create Custom Element Diagram Reporter

Create a custom element diagram reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the

MyElemDiagram.m class file is <current working folder>/newElemDiagram/ @MyElemDiagram/MyElemDiagram.m. The default diagram templates are in the <current working folder>/newDiagram/@MyElemDiagram/resources/templates folder.

import slreportgen.report.*
ElementDiagram.customizeReporter('newElemDiagram/@MyElemDiagram');

After editing this new class file and loading a model, you can use the new diagram reporter.

slrgex_sf_car; diagram = MyElemDiagram('slrgex_sf_car');

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClassFolde r

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram
Package: slreportgen.report

Element diagram class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the element diagram class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Element diagram class definition file location

character array

Element diagram class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram

getSnapshotImage

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram
Package: slreportgen.report

Element diagram snapshot image file location

Syntax

path = getSnapshotImage(elemdiag,rpt)

Description

path = getSnapshotImage(elemdiag, rpt) generates the image of the element diagram this reporter would generate if it were added to the report (rpt). This method returns the path of the generated image. Use this method to take snapshots of element diagrams without having to add the ElementDiagram reporter to a report. For example, you can use this method to set the Image property of a TitlePage reporter to a snapshot of an element diagram.

Note If you use this method, set the ElementDiagram Scaling property to custom or zoom. If you use auto scaling, the image does not scale to fit on the page.

Input Arguments

elemdiag — Element diagram reporter

ElementDiagram object

Element diagram reporter, specified as an ElementDiagram class object. For example,

```
load_system('f14')
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
eldiag = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram...
        ("f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model");
getSnapshotImage(eldiag,rpt);
```

rpt — Report class object

```
Report class
```

Report class object used to generate the diagram image

Output Arguments

path — Location of snapshot image file string

Location of snapshot image file, returned as a string. The location is a temporary folder that is deleted when the report is closed. To retain the folder, set the Debug property of slreportgen.report.

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder
Package: slreportgen.report

Create execution order reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.createTemplate(templatePath, type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder reporter template for the report type specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom execution order reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

type — Type of template

```
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create an Execution Order Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder reporter and save it with the name myExecutionOrderTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myExecutionOrder', 'html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of an ExecutionOrder reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeRepo rter

Class: slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom execution order reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates a class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder at
the location specified by classpath. This method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom execution order reporter class for your
report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/ @MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates an execution order reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass");

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new execution order reporter class
string scalar

Path and file name of the new execution order reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Execution Order Reporter

Create a custom execution order reporter, MyExcutionOrder, and its associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MyExecutionOrder')

ans =

"MyFolder\MyExecutionOrder.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of execution order reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Location of the execution order reporter class definition file character vector

Location of the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder class definition file, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Execution Order Reporter Class Folder

Get the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder.getClassFolder();

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ExecutionOrder

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.LookupTable Package: slreportgen.report

Create Simulink lookup table block reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.LookupTable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.LookupTable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the LookupTable reporter template specified by type at the templatePath
location. You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom LookupTable reporter
template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create LookupTable Reporter Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML LookupTable template and save it in a mytemplates folder. Name the copied template myLUTable.htmtx. Edit the template as desired. To use the new template for the lookup table, assign its path to the TemplateSrc property of slreportgen.report.LookupTable.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
```

```
rpt = Report('My Report', 'html');
lutable = LookupTable();
template = LookupTable.createTemplate('mytemplates\myLUTable', 'html');
lutable.TemplateSrc = template;
```

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.LookupTable

Topics

"Modify Styles in Microsoft Word Templates" "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" "Modify Styles in PDF Templates"

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.customizeReporte r

Class: slreportgen.report.LookupTable
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom LookupTable reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.LookupTable.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.LookupTable.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a LookupTable reporter class definition file that is a subclass of slreportgen.report.LookupTable. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The LookupTable.customizeReporter method also copies the default LookupTable reporter templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom LookupTable reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom lookup table reporter class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom lookup table reporter class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter — Lookup table reporter path

string

Lookup table reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Lookup Table Reporter

Create a custom lookup table reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the myLUTable.m class file is <current working folder>/newLUTable/@myLUTable/ myLUTable.m. The default lookup table reporter templates are in the <current working folder>/newLUTable/@myLUTable/resources/templates folder.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
LookupTable.customizeReporter('newLUTable/@myLUTable');
```

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your LookupTable reporter.

lutable = myLUTable();

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.LookupTable

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.LookupTable Package: slreportgen.report

Lookup Table reporter class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.LookupTable.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.LookupTable.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the LookupTable class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Lookup Table class definition file location character array

Lookup Table class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.LookupTable

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.createTemplat e

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction
Package: slreportgen.report

Create copy of slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.createTemplate(templatePath, type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter template for the report type specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom MATLABFunction reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create MATLAB Function Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter and save it with the name myMATLABFunctionTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myMATLABFunctionTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a MATLABFunction reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction | slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Modify Styles in Microsoft Word Templates" "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" "Modify Styles in PDF Templates"

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeRep orter

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates a reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction at the location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom MATLAB function reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of the new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a MATLAB function reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class string scalar Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom MATLAB Function Reporter

Create a custom slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter, myMATLABFunction, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customizeReporter("MyFolder/myMATLABFunction")

ans =

"MyFolder\myMATLABFunction.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.getClassFolde r

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class definition file location, returned as a character
vector.

Examples

Get slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem
Package: slreportgen.report

Create copy of slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter template for the report type
specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a
starting point to design a custom MATLABSystem reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create MATLAB System Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter and save it with the name myMATLABSystemTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myMATLABSystemTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a MATLABSystem reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem | slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Modify Styles in Microsoft Word Templates" "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" "Modify Styles in PDF Templates"

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeRepo rter

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem
Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter(classpath) creates
a reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem at
the location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom MATLAB System reporter class for your
report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of the new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/ @MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a MATLAB System reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class string scalar Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom MATLAB System Block Reporter

Create a custom slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter, myMATLABSystem, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.customizeReporter("MyFolder/myMATLABSystem")

ans =

"MyFolder\myMATLABSystem.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2023a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABSystem | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.createTem plate

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration
Package: slreportgen.report

Create model configuration reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.createTemplate(templatePath, type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration reporter template for the report type specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom model configuration reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Simulink Model Configuration Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration reporter and save it with the name myModelConfigurationTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

template = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.createTemplate...
 ('mytemplates/myModelConfigurationTemplate','html');

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a model configuration reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeR eporter

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration **Package:** slreportgen.report

Create custom model configuration reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates a class definition file that defines a subclass of

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration at the location specified by classpath. This method
also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/templates subfolder of the folder that
contains the class definition file. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a
custom model configuration reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a model configuration reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass");

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new model configuration reporter class string scalar

Path and file name of the new model configuration reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Model Configuration Reporter

Create a custom model configuration reporter, MyModelConfiguration, and its associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MyModelConfiguration')

ans =

"MyFolder\MyModelConfiguration.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.getClassFol der

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of model configuration reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Location of the model configuration reporter class definition file character vector

Location of the slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration class definition file, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Model Configuration Reporter Class Folder

Get the folder that contains the model configuration reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration

getConfigSet

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration
Package: slreportgen.report

Get active configuration set from model configuration reporter

Syntax

configSetObj = getConfigSet(reporter)

Description

configSetObj = getConfigSet(reporter) returns the Simulink.ConfigSet object that represents the active model configuration set to be reported by the specified slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration reporter.

Input Arguments

reporter — Model configuration reporter
slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration object

Model configuration reporter, specified as an slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration object.

Output Arguments

configSetObj — Model configuration set object
Simulink.ConfigSet object

Model configuration set object, specified as a Simulink.ConfigSet object.

Examples

Get Active Configuration Set to be Reported

Create an slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration reporter for the slrgex_sf_car model and then get the active configuration set object associated with the reporter.

```
model = "slrgex_sf_car";
load_system(model);
reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration(model);
configSet = getConfigSet(reporter)
```

configSet =

Simulink.ConfigSet

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

Simulink.ConfigSet|slreportgen.report.ModelConfiguration

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelVariable
Package: slreportgen.report

Create model variable reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable reporter template for the report type
specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a
starting point to design a custom model variable reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Simulink Model Variable Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable reporter and save it with the name myModelVariableTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myModelVariableTemplate', 'html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of the model variable reporter.

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReport er

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelVariable
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom model variable reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates a class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.ModelVariable at
the location specified by classpath. This method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom model variable reporter class for your
report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a model variable reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass");

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new model variable reporter class string scalar Path and file name of the new model variable reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Model Variable Reporter

Create a custom model variable reporter, MyModelVariable, and its associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MyModelVariable')

ans =

"MyFolder\MyModelVariable.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

Simulink.VariableUsage|slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelVariable
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of model variable reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Location of the model variable reporter class definition file

character vector

Location of the slreportgen.report.ModelVariable class definition file, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Model Variable Reporter Class Folder

Get the folder that contains the model variable reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

```
Simulink.VariableUsage|slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult
```

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

getVariableName

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelVariable
Package: slreportgen.report

Get name of variable from model variable reporter

Syntax

```
name = getVariableName(reporter)
```

Description

name = getVariableName(reporter) returns the name of the model variable to be reported by the specified model variable reporter.

Input Arguments

reporter — Model variable reporter

slreportgen.report.Modelvariable object

Model variable reporter, specified as an slreportgen.report.ModelVariable object.

Output Arguments

name — Name of model variable

character vector

Name of model variable, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Name of Model Variable from Reporter

After you get the reporter for a model variable result, you can use the getVariableName method to get the variable name from the reporter.

finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model);

```
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
    % Get the variable name
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    name = getVariableName(reporter);
    ...
    % Add the reporter to the chapter
    add(chapter,reporter);
```

```
end
```

• • •

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

getVariableValue

Class: slreportgen.report.ModelVariable
Package: slreportgen.report

Get value of variable from model variable reporter

Syntax

value = getVariableValue(reporter)

Description

value = getVariableValue(reporter) returns the value of the model variable to be reported
by the specified model variable reporter.

Input Arguments

reporter — Model variable reporter
slreportgen.report.Modelvariable object

Model variable reporter, specified as an slreportgen.report.ModelVariable.

Examples

Get Value of Model Variable from Model Variable Reporter

After you get the reporter for a model variable result, you can use the getVariableValue method to get the variable value from the reporter.

```
finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model);
```

```
while hasNext(finder)
    result = next(finder);
    % Get the ModelVariable reporter for the result
    % Get the variable value
    reporter = getReporter(result);
    value = getVariableValue(reporter);
    ...
    % Add the reporter to the chapter
    add(chapter,reporter);
end
...
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableResult|slreportgen.report.ModelVariable|
slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder

Topics

"Create Report Generators for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-9 "What Are Reporters?"

slreportgen.report.Notes.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.Notes Package: slreportgen.report

Copy default slreportgen.report.Notes reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.Notes.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.Notes.createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a
copy of the slreportgen.report.Notes reporter template for the report type specified by type at
the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copy of the template as a starting point to
design a custom slreportgen.report.Notes template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the copy of the template, returned as a string scalar. The file name extension of the template is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, if type is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Notes Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.Notes reporter and save it with the name myNotesTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.Notes.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myNotesTemplate','html');
```

Modify the template copy and then set the TemplateSrc property of the Notes reporter to the template copy.

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Notes | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.RptFile.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.RptFile
Package: slreportgen.report

Create Report Explorer-based (RptFile) reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.RptFile.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.RptFile.createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates
a copy of the default Report Explorer-based reporter (RptFile) template specified by type at the
templatePath location . You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom
RptFile reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create Report Explorer-based Reporter Template

Copy the template file of the desired output type. In this example the copied template file is named myrptfile.htmtx and is saved in a folder named mytemplates. To use the new template for the RptFile reporter, assign its path to the RptFile TemplateSrc property.

```
template = RptFile.createTemplate('mytemplates\myrptfile','html');
rptfile.TemplateSrc = template;
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019a

See Also

slreportgen.report.RptFile | slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Modify Styles in Microsoft Word Templates" "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" "Modify Styles in PDF Templates"

slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.Notes Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.Notes class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.Notes at the location
specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/
templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the class
definition file as a starting point to design a custom notes reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a notes reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create a Custom Notes Reporter

Create a custom notes reporter, myNotes, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.Notes.customizeReporter("MyFolder/myNotes")

ans =

"MyFolder\myNotes.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Notes | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Notes.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.Notes Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains slreportgen.report.Notes reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.Notes.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.Notes.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Notes class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.Notes class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.Notes class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Notes Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the notes reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.Notes.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Notes | slreportgen.report.Report

сору

Class: slreportgen.report.Reporter Package: slreportgen.report

Create copy of a Simulink reporter object and make deep copies of certain property values

Syntax

reporter0bj2 = copy(reporter0bj1)

Description

reporter0bj2 = copy(reporter0bj1) returns a copy of the specified reporter object. The
returned copy contains a "deep copy" on page 8-136 of any property value of reporter0bj1 that
references a reporter or DOM object. As a result, the corresponding property value in
reporter0bj2 refers to a new, independent object. You can modify the properties of the original or
new object without affecting the other object.

Input Arguments

reporter0bj1 — Reporter to copy
reporter object

Reporter to copy, specified as an object of a "reporter class" on page 8-136.

Output Arguments

reporter0bj2 — Copy of reporter

reporter object

Copy of reporter, returned as an object of a "reporter class" on page 8-136.

Examples

Copy a Simulink Reporter Object

This example copies a DocBlock reporter to show the effect of a deep copy operation on a reporter property. Modifying a property of the Text object in the TextFormatter property of the copy of the DocBlock object does not affect the original DocBlock object.

Load a model.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
model_name = "slrgex_fuelsys";
load_system(model_name);
docBlock = "slrgex_fuelsys/To Controller/Sensor Info";
```

Create a DocBlock reporter.

rptr1 = DocBlock(docBlock);

The **Bold** property of the **Text** object referenced by the **TextFormatter** property of the reporter is empty.

rptr1.TextFormatter.Bold

ans =

[]

Copy the DocBlock object. In the copy, set the Bold property of the Text object referenced by the TextFormatter property to true.

```
rptr2 = copy(rptr1);
rptr2.TextFormatter.Bold = true;
rptr2.TextFormatter.Bold
ans = logical
1
```

In the original DocBlock object, the Bold property of the object referenced by the TextFormatter property is still empty.

```
rptr1.TextFormatter.Bold
ans =
[]
```

More About

reporter class

A reporter class is a Report API class that is a subclass of the mlreportgen.report.ReporterBase class, which is an undocumented, internal class.

deep copy

To make a deep copy of a handle object, the copy operation recursively copies property values that are handles to objects so that all of the underlying data is copied. By contrast, with a shallow copy, the copy operation copies the handle. The underlying data is not copied. When you copy a reporter, the copy operation makes a deep copy of any property value that is a reporter object, or a DOM object.

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Reporter

slreportgen.report.Reporter.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.Reporter Package: slreportgen.report

Create reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.Reporter.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.Reporter.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.Reporter template for the report type specified by
type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point
to design a custom reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.Reporter class and save it with the name myTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.Reporter.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the **TemplateSrc** property of a reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Reporter | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.Reporter Package: slreportgen.report

Create class derived from slreportgen.report.Reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.Reporter at the
location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom reporter class.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Reporter

Create a custom reporter, myReporter, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.Reporter.customizeReporter("MyFolder/myReporter")

ans =

"MyFolder\myReporter.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

slreportgen.report.Reporter.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.Reporter Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder containing slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.Reporter.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.Reporter.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.Reporter.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Reporter|slreportgen.report.Report

getImpl

Class: slreportgen.report.Reporter Package: slreportgen.report

Get implementation of reporter

Syntax

impl = getImpl(reporter,report)

Description

impl = getImpl(reporter, report) returns the DOM object used to implement this reporter in the specified report. The implementation object can help you debug report generation problems.

Input Arguments

reporter - Reporter

slreportgen.report.Reporter object | object of subclass of slreportgen.report.Reporter

Reporter object, specified as an object of slreportgen.report.Reporter or subclass of slreportgen.report.Reporter.

Example: slreportgen.report.Diagram for a diagram reporter

report - Report

slreportgen.report.Report object

Report, specified as an slreportgen.report.Report object.

Output Arguments

impl — Implementation object

DOM object

Implementation object, returned as a DOM object. The DOM object is usually an mlreportgen.dom.DocumentPart type object.

Examples

Get Reporter Implementation

This example shows how to use getImpl to obtain the DOM object used to create a diagram reporter. You can use the getImpl method with any type of reporter.

```
load_system("slrgex_vdp")
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
```

```
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Diagram Reporter Example";
diagram = Diagram("slrgex_vdp");
diagram.Snapshot.Caption = "The van der Pol Equation";
diagram.SnapshotFormat = "svg";
diagram.Snapshot.Height = "4in";
getImpl(diagram,rpt)
close(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Reporter

slreportgen.report.RptFile.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.RptFile
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom Report Explorer-based reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.RptFile.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.RptFile.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
Report Explorer-based reporter(RptFile) class definition file that is a subclass of
slreportgen.report.RptFile. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The
RptFile.customizeReporter method also copies the default RptFile templates to the
<classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the new class definition file as a starting
point to design a custom Report Explorer-based reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom Report Explorer-based reporter class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom Report Explorer-based reporter class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter - Report Explorer-based reporter path

string

Report Explorer-based reporter path, returned as a string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Report Explorer-based Reporter

Create a custom Report Explorer-based reporter and its associated default templates. In this example, the derived class file is created at the specified path under the current working folder. In this example, the path to the MyRptExplRptr.m class file is <current working folder>/ new_rptexpl_rptr/@MyRptExplRptr/MyRptExplRptr.m. The default RptFile templates are in the <current working folder>/new_rptexpl_rptr/@RptExplRptr/resources/templates folder.

import slreportgen.report.*
RptFile.customizeReporter('new_rptexpl_rptr/@MyRptExplRptr');

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your RptFile reporter.

rptr = MyRptExplRptr();

Version History

Introduced in R2019a

See Also

slreportgen.report.RptFile | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.RptFile.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.RptFile
Package: slreportgen.report

Report Explorer-based reporter class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.RptFile.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.RptFile.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the Report Explorer-based reporter class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Report Explorer-based reporter class definition file location
character array

Report Explorer-based reporter class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2019a

See Also

slreportgen.report.RptFile | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Signal.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.Signal Package: slreportgen.report

Create signal reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.Signal.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.Signal.createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a
copy of the slreportgen.report.Signal reporter template for the report type specified by type
at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point to
design a custom signal reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Signal Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.Signal reporter and save it with the name mySignalTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.Signal.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/mySignalTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a Signal reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.Signal

slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.Signal Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.Signal class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.Signal at the location
specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the resources/
templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the class
definition file as a starting point to design a custom signal reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of the new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a signal reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Signal Reporter

Create a custom signal reporter, mySignal, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.Signal.customizeReporter("MyFolder/mySignal")

ans =

"MyFolder\mySignal.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.Signal

slreportgen.report.Signal.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.Signal Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains slreportgen.report.Signal class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.Signal.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.Signal.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.Signal class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.Signal class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.Signal class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Signal Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the signal reporter class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.Signal.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2021a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.Signal

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.creat eTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
Package: slreportgen.report

Create Simulink object properties reporter template

Syntax

```
template = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.createTemplate(
templatePath,type)
template = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.createTemplate(_____,
Name=Value)
```

Description

template = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.createTemplate(
templatePath,type) creates a copy of the default Simulink object properties template specified by
type at the location specified by templatePath. To design a custom Simulink object properties
template for your report, use the copied template as a starting point.

template = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.createTemplate(_____, Name=Value) creates a copy of the template with additional options specified by one or more namevalue arguments.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Report Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties reporter and save it with the name mySimulinkObjectPropertiesTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates\mySimulinkObjectPropertiesTemplate','html');
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

Topics

"Modify Styles in Microsoft Word Templates" "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" "Modify Styles in PDF Templates"

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.custo mizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom Simulink object properties class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter(
classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter(
classpath) creates a Simulink object properties page class definition file that is a subclass of
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.The file is created at the specified
classpath location. The SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter method also copies
the default Simulink object properties templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder.
To design a custom Simulink object properties class for your report, use the new class definition file
as a starting point.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom Simulink object properties class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom Simulink object properties class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter — Simulink object properties reporter path

string

Simulink object properties reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Simulink object properties

Examples

Create Custom Simulink Object Properties Reporter

Create a custom Simulink object properties reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MySFObjProps.m class file is <current working folder>/newSFObjProps/

@MySFObjProps/MySFObjProps.m. The default title page templates are in the <current working folder>/newTitlePage/@MySFObjProps/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
StateflowObjectProperties.customizeReporter...
        ('newSFObjProps/@MySFObjProps');
```

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your Simulink object properties reporter.

```
objprop = MySFObjProps();
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.getCl assFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
Package: slreportgen.report

Simulink object properties class definition file location

Syntax

path =
getClassFolderslreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.getClassFolder()

Description

path =
getClassFolderslreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.getClassFolder()
returns the path of the folder that contains the Simulink object properties class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Simulink object properties class definition file location

character array

Simulink object properties class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.crea teTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties **Package:** slreportgen.report

Create Stateflow object properties reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.createTemplate(
templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.createTemplate(
templatePath,type) creates a copy of the default Stateflow object properties template specified
by type at the location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to
design a custom Stateflow object properties template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Report Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties reporter and save it with the name myStateflowObjectPropertiesTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.createTemplate...
        ('mytemplates\myStateflowObjectPropertiesTemplate','html');
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.cust omizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties **Package:** slreportgen.report

Create custom Stateflow object properties class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.customizeReporter(
classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.customizeReporter(
classpath) creates a Stateflow object properties page class definition file that is a subclass of
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties.The file is created at the specified
classpath location. The SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter method also copies
the default Stateflow object properties templates to the <classpath>/resources/template
folder. To design a custom Stateflow object properties class for your report, use the new class
definition file as a starting point.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom Stateflow object properties class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom Stateflow object properties class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter - Stateflow object properties reporter path

string

Stateflow object properties reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Stateflow Object Properties Reporter

Create a custom Stateflow object properties reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MySFObjProps.m class file is <current working folder>/newSFObjProps/@MySFObjProps.m. The default title page templates are in the <current working folder>/newTitlePage/@MySFObjProps/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
StateflowObjectProperties.customizeReporter...
    ('newSFObjProps/@MySFObjProps');
```

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your Stateflow object properties reporter.

```
objprop = MySFObjProps();
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.getC lassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties **Package:** slreportgen.report

Stateflow object properties class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the Stateflow object properties class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Stateflow object properties class definition file location

character array

Stateflow object properties class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2017b

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate

Package: slreportgen.report

Create summary table reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.SummaryTable template for the report type specified
by type at the location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to
design a custom reporter template for your report.

Examples

Create Summary Table Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class and save it with the name myTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

template = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate("mytemplate/myTemplate",'html')

After you modify the template, use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a summary table reporter to the path of the new template file.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

string scalar | character vector

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or a string scalar.

type — Type of template "html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the copy of the template, returned as a string scalar. The file name extension of the template is based on the specified template type. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter|
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder|
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable
```

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeRepor ter

Package: slreportgen.report

Create class derived from summary table reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter(classPath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter(classPath) creates a reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.SummaryTable at the location specified by classPath. The method also copies the default reporter template to the resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. Use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom reporter class.

Examples

Create Custom Summary Table Reporter

Create a derived class from the summary table reporter class and its associated default templates at the specified path in the current working folder.

Specify the path to the mySummaryTableReporter.m class file as <current_working_folder>/ newSummaryTableReporter/@mySummaryTableReporter.m.

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter("newSummaryTableReporter/@mySummaryTableReporter")

The default templates are in the <*current_working_folder*>/newSummaryTableReporter/ @mySummaryTableReporter/resources/templates folder.

Input Arguments

classPath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of the new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

Specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates mySummaryTableReporter.m in the subfolder sFolder1 of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter("sFolder1/mySummaryTableReporter")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates myClass.m in the subfolder sFolder2/ @myClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter("sFolder2/@myClass")

To create the reporter class in a package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@myClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of the new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder |
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate |
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable
```

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder

Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder containing slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class definition file.

Examples

Get Summary Table Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class definition file.

path = slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.getClassFolder()

Output Arguments

path — Class definition file location

character vector

slreportgen.report.SummaryTable class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Version History

Introduced in R2022a

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.customizeReporter |
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable.createTemplate |
slreportgen.report.SummaryTable
```

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.createTemplat e

Class: slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy Package: slreportgen.report

Create system hierarchy reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.createTemplate(templatePath, type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy reporter template for the report type specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom system hierarchy template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a System Hierarchy Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the system hierarchy reporter and save it with the name mySysHierarchyTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.createTemplate...
        ('mytemplates/mySysHierarchyTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of the reporter.

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeRep orter

Class: slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom system hierarchy reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates a class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy
at the location specified by classpath. This method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom system hierarchy reporter class for your
report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/ @MyClass of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a system hierarchy reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter("+my0rg/@SystemHierarchy");

Output Arguments

reporter — Path to new system hierarchy reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new system hierarchy reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom System Hierarchy Reporter Class

Create a custom system hierarchy reporter class, MySystemHierarchy, and its associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MySystemHierarchy')

ans =

"MyFolder\MySystemHierarchy.m"

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your system hierarchy reporter.

```
rptr = MySystemHierarchy;
```

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.getClassFolde r

Class: slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of system hierarchy reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Location of the system hierarchy reporter class definition file character vector

Location of the slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy class definition file, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get System Hierarchy Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the system hierarchy reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.SystemHierarchy|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.SystemIO Package: slreportgen.report

Copy the default slreportgen.report.SystemIO reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.SystemIO.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.SystemI0.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.SystemI0 reporter template for the report type
specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copy of the template
as a starting point to design a custom slreportgen.report.SystemI0 template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a System Input and Output Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.SystemIO reporter and save it with the name mySystemIOTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.SystemIO.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/mySystemIOTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of the reporter.

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.SystemI0

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.SystemIO Package: slreportgen.report

Create subclass of slreportgen.report.SystemIO class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.SystemI0.customizeReporter(classpath) creates a
reporter class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.SystemI0 at the
location specified by classpath. The method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom system input and output reporter class for
your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/@MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a system input and output reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass")

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new reporter class

string scalar

Path and file name of the new reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom System Input and Output Reporter

Create a custom system input and output reporter, mySystemIO, and the associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.customizeReporter('MyFolder/mySystemIO')

ans =

"MyFolder\mySystemI0.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.SystemI0

slreportgen.report.SystemIO.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.SystemIO
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of folder that contains the slreportgen.report.SystemIO class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.SystemI0.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.SystemIO.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.SystemIO class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — slreportgen.report.SystemI0 class definition file location
character vector

slreportgen.report.SystemIO class definition file location, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get System Input and Output Reporter Class Folder

Get the location of the folder that contains the system input and output reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.SystemIO.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.SystemI0

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.TestSequence Package: slreportgen.report

Create Test Sequence block reporter template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the slreportgen.report.TestSequence reporter template for the report type
specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. You can use the copied template as a
starting point to design a custom Test Sequence block reporter template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Path and file name of new template

character vector | string scalar

Path and file name of the new template, specified as a character vector or string scalar.

```
type — Type of template
"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"
```

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Path and file name of template copy

string scalar

Path and file name of the template copy, returned as a string scalar. The specified template type determines the file name extension of the template. For example, if the type argument is 'pdf', the file name extension is .pdftx.

Examples

Create a Test Sequence Block Reporter Template

Create a copy of the HTML template for the slreportgen.report.TestSequence reporter and save it with the name myTestSequenceTemplate in the mytemplates folder.

```
template = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates/myTestSequenceTemplate','html');
```

After you modify the template, you can use it by setting the TemplateSrc property of a TestSequence reporter to the path of the template file.

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.TestSequence

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReport er

Class: slreportgen.report.TestSequence Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom Test Sequence block reporter class

Syntax

reporter = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter(classpath) creates
a class definition file that defines a subclass of slreportgen.report.TestSequence at the
location specified by classpath. This method also copies the default reporter templates to the
resources/templates subfolder of the folder that contains the class definition file. You can use the
class definition file as a starting point to design a custom Test Sequence block reporter class for your
report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Path and name of new class definition file

string scalar | character vector

Path and name of new class definition file, specified as a string scalar or character vector.

You can specify a relative path or an absolute path. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder of the current folder.

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter("myFolder/MyClass")

To create the reporter class in a class folder, precede the class name with the @ character. Do not specify the .m extension. For example, this code creates MyClass.m in the subfolder myFolder/ @MyClass in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter("myFolder/@MyClass")

See "Folders Containing Class Definitions".

To create the reporter class in a class package, precede the folder name with the + character. For example, this code creates a Test Sequence block reporter in the myOrg package folder in the current folder.

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter("+myOrg/@MyClass");

Output Arguments

reporter — Path and file name of new Test Sequence block reporter class string scalar

Path and file name of the new Test Sequence block reporter class, returned as a string scalar.

Examples

Create Custom Test Sequence Block Reporter

Create a custom Test Sequence block reporter, MyTestSequence, and its associated default templates in the subfolder MyFolder of the current working folder.

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.customizeReporter('MyFolder/MyTestSequence')

ans =

"MyFolder\MyTestSequnce.m"

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.TestSequence

slreportgen.report.TestSequence.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.TestSequence
Package: slreportgen.report

Get location of Test Sequence block reporter class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the slreportgen.report.TestSequence class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Location of the Test Sequence block reporter class definition file character vector

Location of the slreportgen.report.TestSequence class definition file, returned as a character vector.

Examples

Get Test Sequence Block Reporter Class Folder

Get the folder that contains the Test Sequence block reporter class definition.

path = slreportgen.report.TestSequence.getClassFolder()

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also slreportgen.report.TestSequence

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.TruthTable Package: slreportgen.report

Create truth table template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate(templatePath,type)
creates a copy of the default TruthTable reporter template specified by type at the location
specified by templatePath. To design a custom truth table template for your report, use the copied
template as a starting point.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

string | character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

type — Type of template

"html" | "html-file" | "docx" | "pdf"

Type of template, specified as "html", "html-file", "docx", or "pdf".

Output Arguments

template — Template name

string

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create a Truth Table Template

```
template = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates\myTruthTable','html');
```

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.TruthTable

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.TruthTable
Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom truth table reporter class

Syntax

customRptrPath = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

customRptrPath = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter(classpath)
creates an empty truth table class definition file that is a subclass of

slreportgen.report.TruthTable. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The
customizeReporter method also copies the default truth table templates to the <classpath>/
resources/template folder. To design a custom truth table class for your report, you can use the
new class definition file as a starting point.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom truth table class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom truth table class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name. For example, both of these paths are valid:

- slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter("path_folder/MyClassA.m")
- slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter("+package/@MyClassB")

Output Arguments

customRptrPath — Path of custom truth table reporter

string

Path of the class definition file that defines the custom truth table reporter, specified as a string.

Examples

Create Custom Truth Table Reporter

Create a custom TruthTable reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MyTruthTable.m class file is <current working folder>/newTruthTable/@MyTruthTable.m. The default diagram templates are in the <current working folder>/ newTruthTable/@MyTruthTable/resources/templates folder.

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter('newTruthTable/@MyTruthTable');

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.TruthTable

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.TruthTable
Package: slreportgen.report

Location of truth table class definition file

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the truth table class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Truth table class definition file location character array

Truth table class definition file location, returned as a character array.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report | slreportgen.report.TruthTable

slreportgen.utils.block2chart

```
Package: slreportgen.utils
```

Get Stateflow chart object from containing block

Syntax

charts = slreportgen.utils.block2chart(subsystems)

Description

charts = slreportgen.utils.block2chart(subsystems) returns an array of Stateflow chart
objects that are contained in the specified subsystems.

Examples

Obtain Chart Object

```
load_system("slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control")
slreportgen.utils.block2chart...
  ("slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/control_logic")
```

Input Arguments

subsystems — Subsystem blocks

array of subsystem block handles | array of paths to subsystem blocks

Subsystem blocks, specified as an array of subsystem block handles or an array of handles or paths to the subsystem blocks.

Output Arguments

charts — Stateflow chart objects

array of Stateflow chart objects

Stateflow chart objects, returned as an array. The returned Stateflow charts are contained in the specified subsystems.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle

slreportgen.utils.compileModel

Package: slreportgen.utils

Compile model

Syntax

slreportgen.utils.compileModel(modelname)

Description

slreportgen.utils.compileModel(modelname) compiles the model specified in the modelname input. If modelname is a Simulink block or Stateflow object, the model that contains the block or object is compiled.

Input Arguments

modelname — Model to compile

character array | string

Model to compile, specified as a character array or string of the model handle, block handle, or Stateflow object. If modelname is an element in the model or chart, this utility compiles the containing model or chart.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled | slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel

slreportgen.utils.getCurrentEditorView

Get current editor view area

Syntax

viewArea = slreportgen.utils.getCurrentEditorView()

Description

viewArea = slreportgen.utils.getCurrentEditorView() returns the current Simulink Editor view area as a 1-by-4 array of doubles. The first two values of the array are the x and y coordinates, in pixels, of the top left corner of the diagram area in the Simulink Editor coordinate space. The last two values are the width and height, in pixels.

Examples

Take a Snapshot of the Current Editor View

This example creates an slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter that takes a snapshot of the current editor view.

Open a model in Simulink.

f14

In the Simulink Editor, zoom in on the area of the diagram that you want to capture in the report.

Set up the report and create an slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter to take a snapshot of the top-level diagram. Specify that you want to capture the current editor view in the diagram snapshot.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.utils.*

rpt = Report('output','pdf');

diag = Diagram('f14');
diag.SnapshotArea = getCurrentEditorView();
add(rpt,diag);

close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Version History

Introduced in R2020a

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram

slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon

Package: slreportgen.utils

Get Simulink or Stateflow icon file name

Syntax

displayIcon = slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon(obj)

Description

displayIcon = slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon(obj) returns the icon image file name
for a Simulink handle or Stateflow object.

Examples

Get Icon Path for Stateflow Chart

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
chart = find(slroot,'-isa',...
    'Stateflow.Chart','Name','shift_logic');
iconPath = slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon(chart);
```

Input Arguments

obj — Simulink or Stateflow object

string | character array

Simulink handle or Stateflow object, specified as a string or character array of its path or handle.

Output Arguments

displayIcon — Icon image file name
string

Icon image file name, returned as a string.

Version History Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle

```
Package: slreportgen.utils
```

Get Simulink model

Syntax

modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle(obj)

Description

modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle(obj) returns the handle of a Simulink
model or Stateflow object.

Examples

Obtain Simulink Model Handle

```
load_system('f14')
modelHandle_blk = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle('f14/Controller')
```

```
modelHandle_blk =
```

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Obtain Stateflow Chart Handle

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car');
chart = find(slroot,'-isa',...
        'Stateflow.Chart','Name','shift_logic');
chart_handle = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle(chart);
```

Input Arguments

obj — Simulink or Stateflow object

string | character array

Simulink or Stateflow object, specified as a string or character array of the object path or object handle. This utility returns the handle of the specified model or chart. If you specify an element in the model or chart, this utility returns the handle of the containing model or chart.

Output Arguments

modelHandle — Model handle

double

Model handle, returned as a double.

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle

slreportgen.utils.getObjectID

Package: slreportgen.utils

Generate link target ID for Simulink or Stateflow object

Syntax

```
id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(obj)
id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(obj,"Hash",false)
```

Description

id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(obj) generates a link target ID for the specified Simulink or Stateflow object. The ID is hashed so that it does not exceed the 40-character limit imposed on Microsoft Word bookmarks.

Note The slreportgen.report.Diagram and slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram reporters use this utility to generate IDs for element hyperlinks in diagrams generated for HTML and PDF reports. You can use this function to generate corresponding link targets for the diagram elements.

To create a link target for a Truth Table block in a Simulink diagram, specify the Truth Table block path and not the Stateflow.TruthTable object.

id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(obj, "Hash", false) does not hash the generated ID.

Examples

Obtain Object ID from Handle

```
load_system('f14')
modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14');
objID = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(modelHandle)
```

objID =

'8bc7ba92e180202ffc5ce217625c6563'

Input Arguments

obj — Simulink or Stateflow object

object path | object handle

Simulink or Stateflow object, specified by its path or handle, for which to generate a link target ID.

Output Arguments

id — Simulink or Stateflow link target ID

character vector

Simulink or Stateflow link target ID, returned as a character vector. You use this character vector as the anchor ID for linking.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget|slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram| slreportgen.report.Diagram

slreportgen.utils.getResolvedParamValue

Package: slrportgen.utils

Evaluate parameter value expression

Syntax

param_value = slreportgen.utils.getResolvedParamValue(block,parameter)

Description

param_value = slreportgen.utils.getResolvedParamValue(block,parameter) returns
the value of a block parameter. The value of the parameter is an evaluated MATLAB expression that
includes references to workspace variables. This utility produces an
slreportgen:UnresolvableExpression error if it cannot find expression variables in the
MATLAB or model workspace.

Examples

Obtain Parameter Value

```
load_system('f14')
numval = slreportgen.utils.getResolvedParamValue...
   ('f14/Actuator Model','Numerator')
numval =
   1
```

Input Arguments

block — Block name

string | character array

Block name, specified as a string or character array of the block name or block handle.

parameter — Block parameter name

string | character array

Block parameter name, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

param_value — Value of block parameter

depends on block

Value of block parameter. The data type of the returned value depends on the specific parameter.

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.traceSignal

slreportgen.utils.getSISfHandle

Get Simulink handle or Stateflow object

Syntax

sisfhandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle(path_id)

Description

sisfhandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle(path_id) returns the Simulink or Stateflow object handle of the input Simulink path, Simulink identifier (SID), or Stateflow numeric ID.

Examples

Obtain Simulink Model and Object Handles

```
load_system('f14')
modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14')
blockHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14/Controller')
SIDHandle =
    2.0001
blockHandle =
    38.0001
SIDHandle =
    6.0001
Obtain Stateflow Chart Handle
```

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
chart = find(slroot, '-isa',...
    'Stateflow.Chart', 'Name', 'shift_logic');
slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle(chart.Id)
```

This example returns the list of Stateflow chart properties to the workspace. The Stateflow handle is equivalent to the Stateflow object. To use a Stateflow handle, assign it to a variable.

Input Arguments

path_id — Simulink or Stateflow object path or ID

string | character array

Simulink or Stateflow object path or ID, specified as a string or character array. This utility returns the handle of the specified path_id object.

Output Arguments

sisfhandle - Handle of object
double

Handle of the specified Simulink or Stateflow object, returned as a double.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

getSimulinkBlockHandle | slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle

slreportgen.utils.hasDiagram

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object has diagram

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.hasDiagram(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.hasDiagram(obj) returns 1 (true) if the input object has a diagram and 0 (false) if the object does not have a diagram.

These types of objects have diagrams:

- Simulink block diagram
- Simulink graphical subsystem
- Stateflow chart
- Stateflow Simulink function
- Subcharted Stateflow state
- Subcharted Stateflow function
- Subcharted Stateflow box

You can use this function to check if an object has a diagram before you try to use the object with an slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter.

Examples

Check Whether Object Has a Diagram

```
load_system('f14');
tf = slreportgen.utils.hasDiagram('f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model')
tf =
    logical
    1
```

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check

string scalar | character vector | handle

Object to check for a diagram, specified as a character vector or string scalar that contains the Simulink path of the object or as a handle to the object.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether object has a diagram

1(true) | 0(false)

Whether the input object has a diagram, returned as 1 (true) if the input object has a diagram or 0 (false) if the input object does not have a diagram.

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle

slreportgen.utils.isBusSelector

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if Bus Selector block

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isBusSelector(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isBusSelector(obj) tests if the input obj is a Simulink Bus Selector block.

Examples

Test If Object Is a Bus Selector

```
load_system('sldemo_fuelsys')
slreportgen.utils.isBusSelector...
   ("slrgex_fuelsys_fuel_rate_control/Bus Selector1")
tf =
   logical
   1
```

In this case, the Bus Selector1 block in the sldemo_fuelsys model is a Bus Selector block.

Input Arguments

obj — Input object to test for being a Bus Selector block

string | character array | object handle

Input object to test for being a Bus Selector block, specified as a string or character array of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a Bus Selector block

true|false

Whether input is a Bus Selector block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a Bus Selector. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2019a

See Also

Bus Selector

slreportgen.utils.isCommented

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object is commented out

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isCommented(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isCommented(obj) tests whether the input Simulink or Stateflow
object is commented out.

Examples

Check If System Is Commented Out

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isCommented('slrgex_sf_car/Vehicle')
tf =
    logical
    0
```

In this case, the slrgex_sf_car model is not commented out.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being commented out

string | character array

Simulink or Stateflow object to check for being commented out, specified as a string or character array of the Simulink object path or handle or Stateflow object.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a masked system

true|false

Whether input is a masked system, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is masked. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.utils.isDocBlock

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if DocBlock

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isDocBlock(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isDocBlock(obj) tests if the input obj is a Simulink DocBlock block.

Examples

Test If Object Is a DocBlock

```
load_system("slrgex_fuelsys")
tf = slreportgen.utils.isDocBlock ...
   ("slrgex_fuelsys/To Controller/Sensor Info")
tf =
   logical
   1
```

In this case, the Sensor Info block in the sldemo_fuelsys model is a DocBlock.

Input Arguments

obj — Object to test for being a DocBlock

```
string | character array | handle
```

Object to test for being a DocBlock, specified as a string or character array of the block path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a DocBlock

true|false

Whether input is a DocBlock, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a DocBlock. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2019a

See Also

DocBlock

slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if lookup table block

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(obj) tests whether the obj is a lookup table block.

These lookup table blocks are supported:

- 1-D Lookup Table
- 2-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- Interpolation Using Prelookup
- Direct Lookup Table (n-D)
- Lookup Table Dynamic

Examples

Test Whether Block Is a Lookup Table Block

Use isLookupTable to test whether a block is a type of lookup table block.

Find blocks in a container, such as a model, and obtain its results.

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(blkfinder);
```

Then, loop through the results and test whether each block is a lookup table block. For each result that is a lookup table block, create a LookupTable reporter, and add the reporter to the report.

```
for i=1:length(results)
    block = results(i).Object;
    if slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(block)
        rptr = LookupTable(block);
        add(rpt,rptr);
    end
end
```

Input Arguments

```
obj — Simulink block to query string | character array
```

Simulink block to query for whether it is a lookup table block, specified as a string or character array of its block path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a lookup table block

true | false

Whether input is a lookup table block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a lookup table block. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.LookupTable | slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable

slreportgen.utils.isMaskedSystem

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if system is masked subsystem block

Syntax

tf = isMaskedSystem(system)

Description

tf = isMaskedSystem(system) tests whether the input system is masked.

Examples

Check If System Is Masked

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isMaskedSystem('slrgex_sf_car/Vehicle')
tf =
    logical
    1
```

In this case, the slrgex_sf_car model is masked.

Input Arguments

system — System to check for masking

```
string | character array
```

System to check for masking, specified as a string or character array of the Simulink path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a masked system

true|false

Whether input is a masked system, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is masked. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

Topics "Create Block Masks"

slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if MATLAB function block or object

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(obj) tests whether the input obj is a Simulink MATLAB Function block or a Stateflow MATLAB function object.

Examples

Test Whether Block Is a MATLAB Function Block

Use isMATLABFunction to test whether a block is a MATLAB Function block.

Find blocks in a container, such as a model, and obtain its results.

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(blkfinder);
```

Then, loop through the results and test whether each block is a MATLAB Function block. For each result that is a MATLAB Function block, create a MATLABFunction reporter, and add the reporter to the report.

```
for i=1:length(results)
    block = results(i).Object;
    if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(block)
        rptr = MATLABFunction(block);
        add(myReport,rptr);
    end
end
```

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check for being a MATLAB Function block

string | character array

Simulink element or Stateflow object to check for being a MATLAB Function block, specified as a string or character array of the path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a MATLAB Function block or object true | false

Whether input is a MATLAB Function block or object, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a MATLAB Function or object. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018a

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction

slreportgen.utils.isModel

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object is model

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModel(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModel(obj) returns 1 (true) if the input object is a Simulink model
and 0 (false) if the object is not a model.

Examples

Check Whether Object is a Model

```
load_system("slrgex_vdp");
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModel("slrgex_vdp")
tf =
   logical
   1
```

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check

handle | string scalar | character vector | handle

Object to check, specified as a handle to the object or as a character vector or string scalar that contains the Simulink path of the object.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether object is a model

1(true) | 0(false)

Whether the input object is a model, returned as 1 (true) if the input object is a model or 0 (false) if the input object is not a model.

Version History

Introduced in R2020b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle|slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled| slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded

slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if model is compiled

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled(model)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled(model) tests whether the input Simulink model is compiled.

Examples

Check If Model Is Compiled

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled('slrgex_sf_car')
tf =
    logical
    0
```

In this case, the slrgex_sf_car model is not compiled.

Input Arguments

model - Model to check for being compiled

```
string | character array
```

Model to check for being compiled, specified as a string or character array of the model path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether model is compiled

true|false

Whether model is compiled, returned as 1 (true) if the model is compiled. Otherwise, it returns $\boldsymbol{0}$ (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded|slreportgen.utils.compileModel| slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel

slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if model is loaded

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded(model)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded(model) tests whether the input Simulink model is
loaded into memory.

Examples

Check If Model Is Loaded

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded('slrgex_sf_car')
tf =
    logical
    1
```

In this case, the slrgex_sf_car model is loaded.

Input Arguments

model - Model to check for being loaded
string | character array

Model to check for being loaded, specified as a string or character array of the model path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input model is loaded

true|false

Whether input model is loaded into memory, returned as $1\ (true)$ if the input model is loaded. Otherwise, it returns $0\ (false).$

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle

slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object is Model block

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock(obj) tests whether the input obj is a Model block.

Examples

Check If Object Is a Model Block

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock('slrgex_sf_car/Engine')
tf =
    logical
    0
```

In this case, the Engine subsystem in the slrgex_sf_car model is not a Model block.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being a Model block

string | character array

Object to check for being a Model block, specified as a string or character array of the Simulink object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a Model block

true|false

Whether input is a Model block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a Model block. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

Simulink.SubSystem.convertToModelReference

slreportgen.utils.isSID

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if name is Simulink Identifier (SID) string

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isSID(name)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isSID(name) tests whether the input name is a syntactically correct Simulink Identifier (SID).

Examples

Check If Input Uses Valid SID Syntax

```
load_system('f14')
```

```
sid 1 = slreportgen.utils.isSID('f14')
sid 2 = slreportgen.utils.isSID('f14/Controller')
sid 3 = slreportgen.utils.isSID('valid syntax not valid sid')
getsid 4 = Simulink.ID.getSID('f14/Controller');
sid_4 = slreportgen.utils.isSID(getsid_4)
sid 1 =
 logical
   1
sid 2 =
 logical
   0
sid_3 =
 logical
   1
sid 4 =
  logical
   1
```

Input Arguments

name — Name to check for being an SID

string | character array

Name to check for being an SID, specified as a string or character array. This utility checks only that the syntax of the input is valid. It does not check whether the input is a valid SID.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is an SID

true|false

Whether input is a syntactically correct SID, returned as 1 (true) if the input is an SID. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTable

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object is state transition table

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTable(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTable(obj) tests whether the input object is a
state transition table or Stateflow state transition table object.

Examples

Check If Object Is State Transition Table

To check if an object is a state transition table, use the slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTable function as shown.

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTable...
   ('slrgex_stt_boiler/State Transition Table')
tf =
   logical
   1
```

In this case, the State Transition Table object in the slrgex_stt_boiler model is a state transition table.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being state transition table

string | character vector

Object to check for being a state transition table, specified as a string or character vector of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input object is state transition table

true|false

Whether the input object is a state transition table, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a state transition table. Otherwise, if the input object is not a state transition table, it returns 0 (false).

Version History Introduced in R2022a

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateTransitionTable

slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object is Transition Table block

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock(obj)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock(obj) tests whether the input obj
is a Stateflow State Transition Table block.

Examples

Check If Block Is a State Transition Table Block

```
load_system('slrgex_sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock...
    ('slrgex_sf_car/shift_logic/downshifting')
tf =
    logical
    0
```

In this case, the downshifting object in the Stateflow shift_logic chart of the slrgex_sf_car model is not a State Transition Table block.

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check for being a Stateflow Transition Table block

string | character array

Object to check for being a Stateflow Transition Table block, specified as a string or character array of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a State Transition Table block

true|false

Whether input is a State Transition Table block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a State Transition Table block. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.utils.isTestSequence

```
Package: slreportgen.utils
```

Check if Test Sequence block or object

Syntax

```
tf = slreportgen.utils.isTestSequence(obj)
```

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isTestSequence(obj) tests if the input obj is a Simulink Test Sequence block or a Stateflow Test Sequence object.

Examples

Test If Object Is a Test Sequence

```
load_system("slrgex_sltestTestSequenceDebouncerExample")
tf = slreportgen.utils.isTestSequence...
   ("slrgex_sltestTestSequenceDebouncerExample/Debouncer_Test")
tf =
   logical
   l
```

In this case, the Debouncer_Test block in the slrgex_sltestTestSequenceDebouncerExample model is a Test Sequence block.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being a Test Sequence block or object

string | character array | handle

Object to check for being a Test Sequence block or object, specified as a string or character array of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a Test Sequence block or object

true|false

Whether input is a Test Sequence block or object, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a Test Sequence. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History Introduced in R2019a

See Also

Test Sequence

slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if object is Truth Table

Syntax

```
tf = slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable(obj)
```

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable(obj) tests if the input obj is a Simulink Truth Table
block or a Stateflow Truth Table object.

Examples

Check If Object Is a Truth Table

```
openExample('sf_climate_control');
tf = slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable...
   ('sf_climate_control/ClimateController')
tf =
   logical
   1
```

In this case, the ClimateController block in the sf_climate_control model is a Truth Table block.

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check for being a Truth Table block or object

string | character array

Object to check for being a Truth Table block or object, specified as a string or character array of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a Truth Table block or object

true|false

Whether input is a Truth Table block or object, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is a truth table. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.report.TruthTable|slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable

slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if system is valid Simulink system

Syntax

tf = slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem(system)

Description

tf = slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem(system) tests if the input system is a valid Simulink block diagram or subsystem block. Use this utility to determine whether a system is in memory.

Input Arguments

system — System to check for validity

string | character array

System to check for validity, specified as a string or character array of the path or handle of a Simulink block diagram or subsystem block.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether system is valid

true|false

Whether system is valid, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is valid. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.utils.loadAllSystems

Package: slreportgen.utils

Load all systems

Syntax

slreportgen.utils.loadAllSystems(name)

Description

slreportgen.utils.loadAllSystems(name) loads all systems, including masking subsystems
and libraries, into memory for the specified Simulink model name. If the input name is not a model
and is, for example, a block, this utility obtains the containing model and then, loads all of its
systems.

Input Arguments

name — Name or handle of Simulink model or Stateflow object

string | character array

Name or handle of Simulink model or Stateflow object, specified as a string or character array, for which to load all of its systems.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem

slreportgen.utils.pathJoin

Package: slreportgen.utils

Combine two diagram path parts

Syntax

diagrampath = slreportgen.utils.pathJoin(parent,name)

Description

diagrampath = slreportgen.utils.pathJoin(parent,name) combines the parent and name paths to create a full Simulink diagram path. Any newlines are converted to spaces.

Examples

Combine Parent Diagram Path and Diagram Name

```
slreportgen.utils.pathJoin("slrgex_sf_car/transmission",...
"transmission ratio")
```

diagpath =

"slrgex sf car/transmission/transmission ratio"

Input Arguments

parent — Parent diagram path

string | character array

Parent diagram path, specified as a string or character array.

name — **Diagram name** string | character array

Diagram name, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

diagrampath — Full diagram path
string

Full diagram path, returned as a string.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.pathSplit | slreportgen.utils.pathParts

slreportgen.utils.pathParts

```
Package: slreportgen.utils
```

Split diagram path into parent and diagram parts

Syntax

[parent,name] = slreportgen.utils.pathParts(diagramPath)

Description

[parent,name] = slreportgen.utils.pathParts(diagramPath) splits a Simulink diagram path into its parent diagram path and its diagram name.

Examples

Split Full Diagram Path into Parent and Diagram Parts

```
[parent,name] = slreportgen.utils.pathParts...
  ('slrgex_sf_car/transmission/transmission ratio')
parent =
    "slrgex_sf_car/transmission"
name =
    "transmission ratio"
```

Input Arguments

diagramPath — Full diagram path

```
string | character array
```

Full diagram path, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

parent — Parent diagram path

string

Parent diagram path, returned as a string.

name — Diagram name string

Diagram name, returned as a string.

Version History Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.pathJoin | slreportgen.utils.pathSplit

slreportgen.utils.pathSplit

Package: slreportgen.utils

Split diagram path into array of diagram parts

Syntax

parts = slreportgen.utils.pathSplit(diagrampath)

Description

parts = slreportgen.utils.pathSplit(diagrampath) splits the input Simulink diagram path into a string array of diagram names.

Examples

Split Diagram Path Into Separate Parts

```
parts = slreportgen.utils.pathSplit...
  ("slrgex_sf_car/transmission/transmission ratio")
parts =
  1×3 string array
  "slrgex_sf_car" "transmission" "transmission ratio"
```

Input Arguments

diagrampath — **Full diagram path** string | character array

Full diagram path, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

parts — Diagram path parts
string array

Diagram path parts, returned as a string array.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

```
See Also slreportgen.utils.pathParts|slreportgen.utils.pathJoin
```

slreportgen.utils.traceSignal

Package: slreportgen.utils

Trace signal to source or destination

Syntax

```
[blks,ports,portnums] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(port)
[blks,ports,portnums] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(portArray)
[blks,ports,portnums] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(_____,"Nonvirtual",false)
```

Description

[blks,ports,portnums] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(port) traces the signal entering or leaving the specified port to the nonvirtual source or destination. If port is an input port, the function returns the nonvirtual source block, port, and port number of the signal. If port is an output port, slreportgen.utils.traceSignal returns the nonvirtual destination blocks, ports, and port numbers of the signal. If the function is unable to trace the signal, it returns -1 as the value of blks.

[blks,ports,portnums] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(portArray) traces the signal entering or leaving the ports specified by portArray to the nonvirtual sources or destinations. If the first port in portArray is an output port, the function treats all the ports as output ports. If the first port is an input port, the function treats all the ports as input ports. If the function is unable to trace a signal, the blks cell array contains a -1 for the entry corresponding to the untraceable port.

[blks,ports,portnums] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(____, "Nonvirtual",false)
traces signals to the graphical sources or destinations instead of to the nonvirtual sources or
destinations and can include any of the input arguments in previous syntaxes.

Examples

Trace Block Input Signal

```
model= 'f14';
load_system(model)
srcBlock = 'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Transfer Fcn.1';
ports = get_param(srcBlock, 'PortHandles');
[sb,sp,spn] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(ports.Inport);
fprintf('Block with input signal to trace: %s\n',srcBlock)
fprintf('Source block: %s\n',sb)
fprintf('Source port number: %d\n',spn)
bdclose(model)
```

```
Block with input signal to trace: f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Transfer Fcn.1
Source block: f14/Aircraft
Dynamics
```

Model/Sum2 Source port number: 1

Input Arguments

port — Input or output port

handle

Input or output port, specified as a handle.

portArray — Input or output ports

string scalar | character array

Input or output ports, specified as an array of handles.

Output Arguments

blks — Blocks

-1 | character vector | N-by-1 cell array of character vectors | 1-by-M cell array

Blocks, returned as one of the following values:

- -1, if a signal cannot be traced.
- Character vector, if a signal is traced to a single source or destination.
- *N*-by-1 cell array of character vectors, if a signal is traced to multiple destinations.
- 1-by-M cell array, if multiple signals are traced. M is the number of signals traced. The cell array can contain:
 - -1, if a signal cannot be traced
 - Character vectors for signals that are traced to a single source or destination.
 - *N*-by-1 cell array of character vectors for signals traced to multiple destinations.

ports — Ports

handle | N-by-1 array of handles | M-by-1 cell array

Ports, returned as one of the following values:

- Handle, if a signal is traced to a single source or destination.
- *N*-by-1 array of handles, if a signal is traced to multiple destinations.
- M-by-1 cell array, if multiple signals are traced. M is the number of signals traced. The cell array can contain:
 - Handles
 - *N*-by-1 array of handles for signals traced to multiple destinations.

portnums — Signal source port number

integer | *N*-by-1 cell array of integers | 1-by-*M* cell array

Ports, returned as one of the following values:

• Integer, if a signal is traced to a single source or destination.

- *N*-by-1 cell array of integers, if a signal is traced to multiple destinations.
- 1-by-M cell array, if multiple signals are traced. M is the number of signals traced. The cell array can contain:
 - Integers
 - *N*-by-1 cell array of integers for signals traced to multiple destinations

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also slreportgen.report.Signal

slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel

Package: slreportgen.utils

Uncompile model

Syntax

slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel(modelname)

Description

slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel(modelname) uncompiles the model specified in the
modelname input. If modelname is a Simulink block or Stateflow object, the model that contains that
block or object is uncompiled.

Input Arguments

modelname — Model to uncompile

character array | string

Model to uncompile, specified as a character array or string of the model handle, block handle, or Stateflow objects. If modelname is an element in the model, the containing model is uncompiled.

Version History

Introduced in R2018b

See Also

slreportgen.utils.compileModel|slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled

createDiagramLink

Class: slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Link to embedded Web view report

Syntax

diaglink = createDiagramLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel)

Description

diaglink = createDiagramLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel) updates a DOM object in an embedded Web view Document panel so that it links to a diagram anchor handle in the Simulink Web view. The diaglink DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or if domlabel is a string, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

dhandle — Handle of Web view diagram anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view diagram anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the getExportDiagrams method to obtain the diagram paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'slrgex_vdp'. Object handle: get param('slrgex vdp', 'handle')

domlabel — DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

diaglink — Diagram link

DOM object

Diagram link to the specified Simulink Web view diagram, returned as a DOM object. The DOM object has an attribute that marks it as a link.

Examples

Create a Link to a Web View

Use createDiagramLink to create links from level-two headings in the document pane to the associated diagrams in the embedded web view. This example also uses createElementLink to create links from block names in the document pane to blocks in the embedded web view.

Write a class, ExampleWebView, that is a subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.Use createDiagramLink and createElementLink in the fillContent method.

```
classdef ExampleWebView < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>
```

```
methods
    function wvdoc = ExampleWebView(reportPath.modelName)
        % Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
        % saves the report path and model name for use by the
        % report's fill methods.
        wvdoc@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,modelName);
    end
    function fillContent(wvdoc)
        % Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
        % variable information. You can use DOM or Report API methods
        % to create, format, add, and append content to this report.
        [~, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc);
        n = numel(handles);
        for i = 1:n
            diagHandle = handles{i};
            diagHeading = createDiagramLink(wvdoc,diagHandle, ...
                mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,get param(diagHandle,'Name')));
            append(wvdoc,diagHeading);
            blockFinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(diagHandle);
            while hasNext(blockFinder)
                r = next(blockFinder);
                elemHandle = r.Object;
                elemHeading = createElementLink(wvdoc,elemHandle, ...
                    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(3,get_param(elemHandle,'Name')));
                append(wvdoc,elemHeading);
            end
        end
```

end end



Create an object of the ExampleWebView class and use its methods to generate the embedded web view report.

```
model = 'slrgex_vdp';
open_system(model);
wvdoc = ExampleWebView('myReport',model);
open(wvdoc);
fill(wvdoc);
```

close(wvdoc);
rptview(wvdoc);

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument|
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument|createElementLink|
createElementTwoWayLink|createDiagramTwoWayLink|getExportDiagrams

Topics

"Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35

"Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26

"Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30

createDiagramTwoWayLink

Class: slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Link and anchor in embedded Web view report

Syntax

diag2link = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel)

Description

diag2link = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel) creates a two-way
connection between a Simulink Web view diagram and a DOM object in an embedded Web view
Document panel. The diag2link DOM object is updated to include attributes that identifies it as a
link. The diag2link DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or if domlabel is a string, an
mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

dhandle — Handle of Web view diagram anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view diagram anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the getExportDiagrams method to obtain the diagram paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'slrgex_vdp'. Object handle: get_param('slrgex_vdp', 'handle')

domlabel — DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

diag2link — Diagram link and Web view anchor

DOM object

Diagram link and Web view anchor, returned as a DOM object. The diag2link object connects a DOM object in the embedded Web view Document panel to the specified Simulink web view diagram. The DOM object is updated with an attribute that indicates it is a link to the anchor.

Examples

Create Two-Way Diagram Link

Use createDiagramTwoWayLink to create two-way links between level-two headings in the document pane and the associated diagrams in the embedded web view. This example also uses createElementTwoWayLink to create links between block names in the document pane and blocks in the embedded web view.

Write a class, ExampleWebView, that is a subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.Use createDiagramTwoWayLink and createElementTwoWayLink in the fillContent method.

```
classdef ExampleWebView< slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument

methods
function wvdoc = ExampleWebView(reportPath,modelName)
% Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
% saves the report path and model name for use by the
% report's fill methods.
wvdoc@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,modelName);
end
function fillContent(wvdoc)</pre>
```

```
% Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
% variable information. You can use DOM or Report API methods
% to create, format, add, and append content to this report.
[~, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc);
n = numel(handles);
for i = 1:n
    diagHandle = handles{i};
    diagHeading = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,diagHandle, ...
        mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,get_param(diagHandle,'Name')));
    append(wvdoc,diagHeading);
    blockFinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(diagHandle);
    while hasNext(blockFinder)
        r = next(blockFinder);
        elemHandle = r.Object;
        elemHeading = createElementTwoWayLink(wvdoc,elemHandle, ...
            mlreportgen.dom.Heading(3,get param(elemHandle, 'Name')));
        append(wvdoc,elemHeading);
    end
end
```

end end

end

Create an object of the ExampleWebView class and use its methods to generate the embedded web view report.

```
model = 'slrgex_vdp';
open_system(model);
wvdoc = ExampleWebView('myReport',model);
open(wvdoc);
fill(wvdoc);
close(wvdoc);
rptview(wvdoc);
```

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument | createElementTwoWayLink |
createDiagramLink | createElementLink | getExportDiagrams

Topics

"Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35 "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26 "Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30

createElementLink

Class: slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Element link in embedded Web view report

Syntax

elemLink = createElementLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel)

Description

elemLink = createElementLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel) updates a DOM object in an embedded Web view Document panel so that it links to an element anchor in the Simulink Web view. The DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or, if domlabel is a string, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

ehandle — Handle of Web view element anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view element anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the getExportDiagrams method to obtain the element paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'slrgex_vdp/Mu'. Object handle: get_param('slrgex_vdp/ Mu', 'handle')

domlabel — DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

elemLink — Element link

array of character vectors

Element link to the specified Simulink Web view element, returned as a DOM object. The DOM object has an attribute that marks it as a link.

Examples

Create Link from Element to Diagram

Use CreateElementLink to create links from block names in the document pane to blocks in the diagram in the embedded web view. This example also uses createDiagramLink to create links from level two headings in the document pane to diagrams in the embedded web view.

Write a class, ExampleWebView, that is a subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.Use CreateElementLink and createDiagramLink in the fillContent method.

```
classdef ExampleWebView < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>
```

```
methods
    function wvdoc = ExampleWebView(reportPath.modelName)
        % Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
        % saves the report path and model name for use by the
        % report's fill methods.
        wvdoc@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,modelName);
    end
    function fillContent(wvdoc)
        % Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
        % variable information. You can use DOM or Report API methods
        % to create, format, add, and append content to this report.
        [~, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc);
        n = numel(handles);
        for i = 1:n
            diagHandle = handles{i};
            diagHeading = createDiagramLink(wvdoc,diagHandle, ...
                mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,get param(diagHandle,'Name')));
            append(wvdoc,diagHeading);
            blockFinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(diagHandle);
            while hasNext(blockFinder)
                r = next(blockFinder);
                elemHandle = r.Object;
                elemHeading = createElementLink(wvdoc,elemHandle, ...
                    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(3,get_param(elemHandle,'Name')));
                append(wvdoc,elemHeading);
            end
        end
```

end end



Create an object of the ExampleWebView class and use its methods to generate the embedded web view report.

```
model = 'slrgex_vdp';
open_system(model);
wvdoc = ExampleWebView('myReport',model);
open(wvdoc);
fill(wvdoc);
```

close(wvdoc);
rptview(wvdoc);

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument | createElementTwoWayLink |
createDiagramLink | createDiagramTwoWayLink | getExportDiagrams

Topics

"Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35

"Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26

"Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30

createElementTwoWayLink

Class: slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Element link and anchor in embedded Web view report

Syntax

elem2link = createElementTwoWayLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel)

Description

elem2link = createElementTwoWayLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel) creates a two-way
connection between a Simulink Web view element and a DOM object in an embedded Web view
Document panel. The elem2link DOM object is updated to include attributes that identifies it as a
link. The elem2link DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or if domlabel is a string, an
mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Input Arguments

wvdoc – Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

ehandle — Handle of Web view element anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view element anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the getExportDiagrams method to obtain the element paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'slrgex_vdp/Mu'. Object handle: get_param('slrgex_vdp/ Mu', 'handle')

domlabel — DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

elem2link — Element link and Web view anchor DOM object

DOM object

Element link and Web view anchor, returned as a DOM object. The elem2link object connects a DOM object in the embedded Web view Document panel to the specified Simulink Web view element. The DOM object is updated with an attribute that indicates it is a link to the anchor.

Examples

Create Two-Way Element Link in Embedded Web View Report

Use CreateElementTwoWayLink to create two-way links between block names in the document pane and blocks in the diagram in the embedded web view. This example also uses createDiagramTwoWayLink to create links between level two headings in the document pane and diagrams in the embedded web view.

Write a class, ExampleWebView, that is a subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.Use CreateElementTwoWayLink and createDiagramTwoWayLink in the fillContent method.

```
classdef ExampleWebView< slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>
```

```
methods
        function wvdoc = ExampleWebView(reportPath,modelName)
            % Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
            % saves the report path and model name for use by the
            % report's fill methods.
            wvdoc@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath.modelName);
        end
        function fillContent(wvdoc)
            % Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
            % variable information. You can use DOM or Report API methods
            % to create, format, add, and append content to this report.
            [~, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc);
            n = numel(handles);
            for i = 1:n
                diagHandle = handles{i};
                diagHeading = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,diagHandle, ...
                    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,get_param(diagHandle,'Name')));
                append(wvdoc,diagHeading);
                blockFinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(diagHandle);
                while hasNext(blockFinder)
                    r = next(blockFinder);
                    elemHandle = r.Object;
                    elemHeading = createElementTwoWayLink(wvdoc,elemHandle, ...
                        mlreportgen.dom.Heading(3,get param(elemHandle, 'Name')));
                    append(wvdoc,elemHeading);
                end
            end
       end
   end
end
```

Create an object of the ExampleWebView class and use its methods to generate the embedded web view report.

```
model = 'slrgex_vdp';
open_system(model);
wvdoc = ExampleWebView('myReport',model);
open(wvdoc);
fill(wvdoc);
close(wvdoc);
rptview(wvdoc);
```

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument | createDiagramLink |
createDiagramTwoWayLink | createElementLink | getExportDiagrams

Topics

"Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-35 "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-26 "Create Embedded Web View Report Generators" on page 5-30

getReportObject

Class: slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument **Package:** slreportgen.webview

Returns the report object for an embedded web view report

Syntax

```
rptobj = getReportObject(rpt)
```

Description

rptobj = getReportObject(rpt) returns the slreportgen.report.Report object associated with an embedded web view report. You can use the report object to get the DOM object that implements a reporter in your report. Examining the DOM implementation can help you to debug report generation issues.

Input Arguments

rpt — Embedded web view report

object of subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument

Embedded web view report, specified as an object of a subclass of slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.

Output Arguments

rptobj — Report object

slreportgen.report.Report

Report object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Report object.

Examples

Get DOM Implemention of a Reporter

Get the report object for an embedded web view report by calling the getReportObject method. Then, get the DOM object that implements the title page reporter in the report.

Create the embedded web view class used in "Generate Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-41.

```
classdef SystemDesignVariables < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>
```

```
methods
    function rpt = SystemDesignVariables(reportPath, modelName)
    rpt@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,...
        modelName);
```

```
rpt.ValidateLinksAndAnchors = false;
            rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeMaskedSubsystems = true;
            rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks = true;
            rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeReferencedModels = true;
        end
        function fillContent(rpt)
            import mlreportgen.dom.*
            import mlreportgen.report.*
            model = getExportModels(rpt);
            model= model{1};
            tp = TitlePage("Title",[model " Report"],"Author","");
            add(rpt,tp);
            finder = slreportgen.finder.ModelVariableFinder(model);
            ch = Chapter("Variables");
            while hasNext(finder)
                result = next(finder);
                s = Section(result.Name);
                reporter = getReporter(result);
                add(s,reporter);
                add(ch,s);
            end
            add(rpt,ch);
       end
   end
end
```

Using the MATLAB Editor, set a breakpoint at this line:

add(rpt,tp);

Run a script to generate the embedded web view report.

```
model = 'f14';
rptName = sprintf('%sVariables', model);
load_system(model);
rpt = SystemDesignVariables(rptName, model);
fill(rpt);
close(rpt);
close_system(model);
rptview(rptName);
```

MATLAB pauses at the breakpoint.

In the Editor, at the command prompt, run these commands:

```
rptObj = getReportObject(rpt);
impl = getImpl(tp,rptObj)
```

The DOM implementation for the title page reporter displays.

To end the debugging session, click **Quit Debugging**.

To clear the breakpoint, right-click the breakpoint icon and select **Clear Breakpoint** from the context menu.

Version History

Introduced in R2019b

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Generate Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-41 "Debug MATLAB Code Files"

fill

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument **Package:** slreportgen.webview

Fill report holes

Syntax

fill(wvdoc)

Description

fill(wvdoc) fills the holes in the report generated by wvdoc. This method loops through the holes in the report's template. For each hole, it determines if this object has a method named fillId(wvdoc), where Id is the id of the hole. If the method exists, this method invokes the method to fill the hole.

Input Arguments

wvdoc — Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Tips

- The default template specified by wvdoc contains a hole named slwebview. Thus invoking this method will invoke slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.fillslwebview to fill the hole with web views of the model(s) specified by wvdoc's ExportOptions property.
- This method allows you to fill holes in a custom template by deriving a class from slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument and providing the derived class with fillId methods to fill the holes.

append

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Append content to a web view document

Syntax

append(wvdoc,content)

Description

append(wvdoc,content) appends content to the web view document. You can append any type of content that can be appended to an mlreportgen.dom.Document object.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

content — Objects to be appended to the web view document

Any MATLAB or DOM objects that can be appended to an mlreportgen.dom.Document object.

The value of this object can be any type of MATLAB or DOM API object that can be appended to a DOM document.

Tips

- Use this method to fill holes in a custom template that you create to be used with slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument or slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument objects.
- To fill the Content hole defined by the default template specified by a class that you derive from slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument class, define a fillContent method in your derived class and use this method in the fillContent method to fill the hole with document content. See fillfor more information.

fillslwebview

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument **Package:** slreportgen.webview

Create and insert a web view in an HTML document

Syntax

fillslwebview(wvdocgen)

Description

fillslwebview(wvdocgen) creates the web view specified by the ExportOptions property of the specified web view document generator (i.e., wvdocgen) and inserts the web view in the generator's output document at the location specified by an slwebview hole in the generator's document template.

Input Arguments

wvdocgen — Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

fill

getExportDiagrams

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Get names of diagram paths and handles to export

Syntax

[paths,handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc)

Description

[paths,handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc) returns an array of diagram paths and handles to export.

Examples

Get Diagram Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for a Web view of the f14 Simulink model and subsystems.

```
f14
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','f14');
[paths,handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc)
paths =
  5×1 cell array
    'f14'
    'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model'
    'f14/Controller'
    'f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models'
    'f14/Nz pilot calculation'
handles =
  5×1 cell array
    [ 2.0001]
    [ 7.0001]
    [39.0001]
    [69.0004]
    [84.0001]
```

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Diagram paths

cell array of character vectors

Diagram paths in the model, including the model name and its subsystem names, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Diagram handles

array of character vectors

Diagram handles that correspond to the diagram paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

```
getExportModels | getExportSimulinkSubSystems | getExportStateflowCharts |
getExportStateflowDiagrams
```

getExportModels

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Model paths and handles to export

Syntax

[paths,handles] = getExportModels(wvdoc)

Description

[paths,handles] = getExportModels(wvdoc) returns an array of model paths and handles to export.

Input Arguments

```
wvdoc — Web view document
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object
```

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Model paths
array of character vectors

Model paths in the model, returned as an array of character vectors.

handles — Diagram handles

array of character vectors

Diagram handles that correspond to the diagram paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

Examples

Get Model Paths and Handles

Get the path and handle for a Web view of the f14 Simulink model.

```
f14
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','f14');
[path,handle] = getExportModels(wvdoc)
path =
    cell
    'f14'
```

handle =

100.0002

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

getExportDiagrams | getExportSimulinkSubSystems | getExportStateflowCharts |
getExportStateflowDiagrams

getExportSimulinkSubSystems

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Subsystem paths and handles to export

Syntax

[paths,handles] = getExportSimulinkSubSystems(wvdoc)

Description

[paths,handles] = getExportSimulinkSubSystems(wvdoc) returns a cell array of subsystem
paths and handles to export.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Subsystem paths

cell array of character vectors

Subsystem paths in the model, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Subsystem handles

array of character vectors

Subsystem handles that correspond to the Subsystem paths, returned as an array of character vectors.

Examples

Get Simulink Subsystems Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for a Web view of the f14 Simulink subsystems.

```
'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model'
'f14/Controller'
'f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models'
'f14/Nz pilot calculation'
handles =
105.0001
```

137.0001 167.0004 182.0001

More About

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

getExportModels | getExportDiagrams | getExportStateflowCharts |
getExportStateflowDiagrams

getExportStateflowCharts

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument Package: slreportgen.webview

Stateflow chart paths and handles to export

Syntax

[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowCharts(wvdoc)

Description

[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowCharts(wvdoc) returns an array of the Stateflow chart paths and handles at the top level of the model to export.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Stateflow chart paths

cell array of character vectors

Stateflow chart paths in the model, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Diagram handles

array of character vectors

Stateflow chart handles that correspond to the paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

Examples

Get Stateflow Charts Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for Stateflow charts in the sf_cdplayer Simulink model.

```
{'sf_cdplayer/Media Player Mode Manager'}
{'sf_cdplayer/User Request' }
```

handles =

```
Stateflow.Chart: 1-by-3
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

getExportModels | getExportDiagrams | getExportSimulinkSubSystems |
getExportStateflowDiagrams

getExportStateflowDiagrams

Class: slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument
Package: slreportgen.webview

Stateflow chart hierarchy paths and handles to export

Syntax

[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowDiagrams(wvdoc)

Description

[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowDiagrams(wvdoc) returns an array of Stateflow chart paths and handles to export. The paths and handles are returned for both charts at the top level of the model and all charts in the hierarchy.

Input Arguments

wvdoc – Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Stateflow diagram paths

cell array of character vectors

Stateflow diagram paths in the model, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Stateflow diagram handles

array of character vectors

Stateflow diagram handles that correspond to the Stateflow diagram paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

Examples

Get Stateflow Diagrams Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for Stateflow diagrams in the sf_cdplayer Simulink model.

```
openExample('sf_cdplayer');
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','sf_cdplayer');
[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowDiagrams(wvdoc)
```

```
paths =
```

7×1 cell array
{'sf_cdplayer/CD Player Behavior Model'
{'sf_cdplayer/Media Player Mode Manager'
{'sf_cdplayer/Media Player Mode Manager/AMMode'
{'sf_cdplayer/Media Player Mode Manager/CDMode/Play'}
{'sf_cdplayer/Media Player Mode Manager/FMMode'
}
{'sf_cdplayer/Media Player Mode Manager/FMMode'
}
{'sf_cdplayer/User Request'
}

```
handles =
```

```
Stateflow.Object: 1-by-7
```

Version History

Introduced in R2017a

See Also

getExportModels|getExportDiagrams|getExportSimulinkSubSystems

slwebview

Export Simulink models to web views

Syntax

```
slwebview
filename = slwebview(system_name)
filename = slwebview(folder)
filename = slwebview(system_name,Name=Value)
```

Description

slwebview starts the web view dialog box in the Report Explorer.

filename = slwebview(system_name) exports the subsystem system_name and its child
systems to the file filename.

filename = slwebview(folder) exports all models in a folder. See "RecurseFolder" on page 8-0 to include models in subfolders.

filename = slwebview(system_name,Name=Value) provides additional options specified by
one or more Name=Value pairs.

Examples

Export Web View for a Subsystem

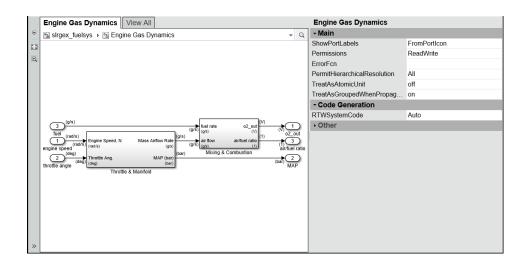
Open the slrgex_fuelsys model.

```
open_system("slrgex_fuelsys")
```

Export the Engine Gas Dynamics subsystem and the system that contains it to a web view. Do not export the subsystems that it contains.

```
fuelsys_web_view1 = slwebview(...
"slrgex_fuelsys/Engine Gas Dynamics","SearchScope","CurrentAndAbove")
```

Navigate to the Engine_Gas_Dynamics folder and open webview.html in a web browser. See "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5. Here is the web view:



Export Web View with Access to Referenced Models

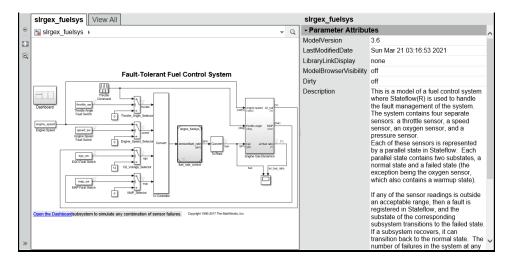
Open the slrgex fuelsys model.

open_system("slrgex_fuelsys")

Export the model to a web view and allow access to the models it references.

fuelsys_web_view2 = slwebview(...
"slrgex_fuelsys","FollowModelReference","on")

Navigate to the slrgex_fuelsys folder and open webview.html in a web browser. See "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5. Here is the web view:



Click the fuel_rate_control block to see its properties. Double-click the fuel_rate_control block to display the referenced model.

Input Arguments

system_name — System to export to a web view file

string containing the path to the system | handle to a subsystem or block diagram | handle to a chart or subchart

Exports the specified system or subsystem and its child systems to a web view file. By default, child systems of the system_name system are also exported. Use the SearchScope name-value pair to export other systems, in relation to system_name.

folder — Path to file folder of models to export

string containing the path to the file folder

Path to the file folder containing one or more models to export to a web view file, specified as a string. All models in the folder are exported.

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional pairs of arguments as Name1=Value1, ..., NameN=ValueN, where Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name-value arguments must appear after other arguments, but the order of the pairs does not matter.

Before R2021a, use commas to separate each name and value, and enclose Name in quotes.

Example: htmlFileName = slwebview(gcs, 'LookUnderMasks', 'all',...
'FollowLinks', 'on') Export to a web view all layers of the model hierarchy to which the current
system belongs, including the ability to interact with library links and masks.

SearchScope — Systems to export, relative to the system_name system

'CurrentAndBelow' (default) | 'Current' | 'CurrentAndAbove' | 'All'

'CurrentAndBelow' exports the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by system_name and all systems or charts that it contains.

'Current' exports only the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by system_name.

'CurrentAndAbove' exports the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by the system_name and all systems or charts that contain it.

'All' exports all Simulink systems or Stateflow charts in the model that contains the system or chart specified by system_name.

Data Types: char

LookUnderMasks — Whether to export the ability to interact with masked blocks 'none' (default) | 'all'

'none' does not export masked blocks in the web view. Masked blocks are included in the exported systems, but you cannot access the contents of the masked blocks.

'all' exports all masked blocks.

Data Types: char

FollowLinks — Whether to follow links into library blocks

'off' (default) | 'on'

'off' does not allow you to follow links into library blocks in a web view.

'on' allows you to follow links into library blocks in a web view.

Data Types: char

IncludeBehaviorComponents — Whether to include behavior components true or 1 (default) | false or 0

Whether to include behavior components defined in System Composer[™] architecture models, specified as numeric or logical 0 (false) or 1 (true).

Data Types: logical

IncludeNotes — Whether to include user notes

false or 0 (default) | true or 1

Whether to include user notes, specified as numeric or logical 0 (false) or 1 (true).

Data Types: logical

IncludeSupportingFunctions — Whether to export supporting MATLAB functions false or 0 (default) | true or 1

Whether to export the MATLAB functions used in MATLAB Function blocks or Stateflow charts to web view, specified as a numeric or logical 1 (true) or 0 (false).

Data Types: logical

FollowModelReference — Whether to access referenced models in a web view 'off' (default) | 'on'

'off' does not allow you to access referenced models in a web view.

'on' allows you to access referenced models in a web view.

Data Types: char

RecurseFolder — Whether to export models in subfolders

false (default) | true

Whether to export models in subfolders to a web View file, specified as a logical. If false, the web view includes models only in the top-level folder and does not include models in subfolders. If true, models in subfolders are also included. This property applies only if you specify a folder as an input argument.

PackageName — Name of the web view output package

model name (default)

Name of the web view output package, specified as a character vector. The web view output is a .zip file or folder of unzipped web view files, or both types of outputs.

Data Types: char

PackageFolder — Path of folder in which to place the packaged web view output

current working directory (default)

Path in which to place the packaged web view, specified as a character vector. To save the packaged web view in the same folder as the model, use **\$model** as the **PackageFolder**.

Data Types: char

PackageType — Type of web view output package

'both' (default) | 'zipped' | 'unzipped'

Type of web view output package, specified as a zipped file, a folder of unzipped files, or both a zipped file and folder of unzipped files.

Data Types: char

OptionalViews — **Optional views to include**

{} (default) | cell array

Optional views to include, specified as a cell array that contains one or both of these values:

- 'requirements'
- 'coverage'

See "Include Model Requirements and Coverage Data in Web Views" on page 5-24.

ViewFile — Whether to display the web view in a web browser when you export the web view

true (default) | false

true displays the web view in a web browser when you export the web view.

false does not display the web view in a web browser when you export the web view.

Data Types: logical

ShowProgressBar — Whether to display the status bar when you export a web view true (default) | false

true displays the status bar when you export a web view.

false does not display the status bar when you export a web view.

Data Types: logical

IncrementalExport — Option to export model incrementally

false (default) | 0 | true | 1

Option to export the model incrementally, specified as numeric 0 or 1 or logical true or false. Use IncrementalExport to specify whether to use full or incremental export mode.

If IncrementalExport is false, slwebview completely regenerates web views that you have previously exported.

If IncrementalExport and FollowModelReference are true:

- When you export a model, slwebview reuses cached web views for the top model or referenced models or subsystems that have not changed since you last ran slwebview.
- **slwebview** caches web views in the current simulation cache folder. To reuse existing web views, use a common simulation cache folder for web view export.

Only changes that dirty a model trigger web view regeneration. Certain changes to model behavior or model appearance do not dirty the model and thus do not trigger web view regeneration. For example, changing the name of a tunable parameter triggers regeneration, but changing the value of a tunable parameter does not trigger regeneration. To force regeneration of a web view, delete the model's simulation cache file in the current simulation cache folder.

Caching new or updated web views increases export time, but reusing cached web views reduces export time. For this reason, use incremental export only if you enable FollowModelReference and the model contains numerous model or subsystem references.

Data Types: logical | numeric

Output Arguments

filename — The name of the HTML file for displaying the web view

string

Reports the name of the HTML file for displaying the web view. Exporting a web view creates the supporting files, in a folder.

Tips

A web view is an interactive rendition of a model that you can view in a web browser. You can navigate a web view hierarchically to examine specific subsystems and to see properties of blocks and signals.

You can use web views to share models with people who do not have Simulink installed.

Version History

Introduced in R2006a

See Also

Topics

"Create and Use Web Views of Models" on page 5-18 "Display and Navigate Through Web Views" on page 5-5

"Simulation cache folder"

"Share Simulink Cache Files for Faster Simulation"

slreportgen.utils.sortSystems

Package: slreportgen.utils

Sort Simulink and Stateflow systems

Syntax

```
sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortSystems(systemList)
sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortSystems(systemList,sortMethod)
```

Description

sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortSystems(systemList) sorts the elements in systemList alphabetically by name. You must load the models containing the systems before using the sortSystems function. The function ignores and excludes invalid elements.

sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortSystems(systemList,sortMethod) uses sortMethod to sort the elements in systemList.

Examples

Sort Simulink® Systems by Number of Blocks

This example shows how to use the slreportgen.utils.sortSystems function to sort Simulink systems by the number of blocks.

Import these packages so you do not have to use long, fully qualified function and class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
```

Open the model and note how many blocks each subsystem contains.

```
model_name = "sortSystemsExampleModel";
open_system(model_name);
```

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Use an slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder object to find and create a list of the systems in the model. Display the paths of the systems and note that the model itself is considered a system.

```
sysList = find(DiagramFinder(model_name));
disp([sysList.Path]');
```

```
"sortSystemsExampleModel"
"sortSystemsExampleModel/System1"
"sortSystemsExampleModel/System2"
"sortSystemsExampleModel/System3"
```

Use the slreportgen.utils.sortSystems function to sort the systems by the number of blocks. Display the paths of the sorted list and note that the numBlocks sort option considers subsystems as blocks.

```
sortedList = sortSystems(sysList,"numBlocks");
disp([sortedList.Path]');
```

```
"sortSystemsExampleModel/System4"
"sortSystemsExampleModel/System1"
"sortSystemsExampleModel/System3"
"sortSystemsExampleModel"
```

Input Arguments

systemList — List of systems to sort

string array | handle array | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult array

List of Simulink and Stateflow systems to sort, specified as one of these values:

Value	Example	
String array of model names	<pre>systemList = ["slrgex_f14", "slrgex_sf_car", "slrgex_fuelsys", "slrgex_radar_eml"];</pre>	
Array of system handles	<pre>load_system("slrgex_f14"); systemList = find_system("slrgex_f14",finda</pre>	
<pre>slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult array returned by slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder objects</pre>	<pre>import slreportgen.finder.* load_system("slrgex_f14"); load_system("slrgex_sf_car");</pre>	
	<pre>finder1 = DiagramFinder("slrgex_sf_car"); finder2 = DiagramFinder("slrgex_fuelsys"); systemList = [find(finder1) find(finder2)];</pre>	;

sortMethod — Method for sorting

"alphabetical" | "numBlocks" | "depth"

Method for sorting, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description		
"alphabetical"	Sort objects alphabetically by name.		
"numBlocks"	Sort systems by the number of blocks in the system, from large to small.		
"depth"	Sort objects by depth in the model hierarchy, where a subsystem is preceded by the subsystem that contains it.		

Output Arguments

sortedList — Sorted list

string array | handle array | slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult array

Sorted list, returned as a string array, handle array, or slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult object array. The returned array is the same type as systemList.

Version History

Introduced in R2022b

See Also

```
slreportgen.utils.sortObjects|slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks|find_system|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder
```

slreportgen.utils.sortObjects

Package: slreportgen.utils

Sort Simulink and Stateflow objects

Syntax

```
sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortObjects(objectList)
sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortObjects(objectList,sortMethod)
```

Description

sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortObjects(objectList) sorts the elements in objectList alphabetically by name. You must load the models that contain the objects before using the sortObjects function. The function ignores and excludes invalid elements.

sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortObjects(objectList,sortMethod) uses sortMethod to sort the elements in objectList.

Examples

Sort Simulink[®] Objects by Depth

This example shows how to use the slreportgen.utils.sortObjects function to sort Simulink objects by depth.

Import these packages so you do not have to use long, fully qualified function and class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
```

Load the Simulink model sortByDepthExampleModel.

```
model_name = "sortByDepthExampleModel";
load_system(model_name)
```

Use an slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder object to find all the systems in the model, including the model itself. Then create an empty slreportgen.finder.BlockResult array.

```
sysArray = find(DiagramFinder(model_name));
unsortedList = BlockResult.empty;
```

Iterate through sysArray and use an slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder object to search for blocks in each subsystem. For each subsystem, append the search result block array to the end of the unsortedList array.

```
for idx = 1:length(sysArray)
  curBlockFinder = BlockFinder(sysArray(idx));
  curBlockFinder.BlockTypes = ["Inport","Gain","Outport"];
  curSysBlocks = find(curBlockFinder);
```

```
unsortedList(end+1:end+length(curSysBlocks)) = curSysBlocks;
end
```

Display the paths of the blocks in unsortedList to see how they are sorted.

```
disp([unsortedList.BlockPath]');
```

```
"sortBvDepthExampleModel/In0"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Gain0"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Out0"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/In1"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Gain1"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Out1"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/In3"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Gain3"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Out3"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Sub4/In4"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Sub4/Gain4"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Sub4/Out4"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub5/In5"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub5/Gain5"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub5/Out5"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub2/In2"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub2/Gain2"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub2/Out2"
```

Use the slreportgen.utils.sortObjects function to sort the blocks in unsortedList by depth. Then display the paths of the sorted blocks to verify they are sorted by depth.

```
sortedList = sortObjects(unsortedList,"depth");
disp([sortedList.BlockPath]');
```

```
"sortByDepthExampleModel/In0"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Gain0"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Out0"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/In1"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Gain1"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Out1"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub2/In2"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub2/Gain2"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub2/Out2"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/In3"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Gain3"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Out3"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub5/In5"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub5/Gain5"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub5/Out5"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Sub4/In4"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Sub4/Gain4"
"sortByDepthExampleModel/Sub1/Sub3/Sub4/Out4"
```

Input Arguments

objectList — List of objects to sort

string array | handle array | search result object array

List of Simulink and Stateflow objects to sort, specified as one of these values:

Value	Example	
String array of model names and block paths	<pre>objectList = ["slrgex_f14", "slrgex_f14/Actuator Model", "slrgex_f14/Aircraft Dynamics Mode" "slrgex_sf_car", "slrgex_fuelsys", "slrgex_radar_eml"];</pre>	el",
Array of model and block handles	<pre>load_system("slrgex_f14"); objectList = find_system("slrgex_f14",findall=tr</pre>	ue);
Search result object array, returned by DiagramElementFinder, BlockFinder, SignalFinder, and AnnotationFinder objects of the slreportgen.finder package	<pre>import slreportgen.finder.* load_system("slrgex_sf_car"); load_system("slrgex_fuelsys"); blockFinder = BlockFinder("slrgex_sf_car"); sigFinder = SignalFinder("slrgex_fuelsys"); objectList = [find(blockFinder) find(sigFirder)]</pre>	:

sortMethod — Method for sorting

"alphabetical" | "systemAlpha" | "depth"

Method for sorting, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"alphabetical"	Sort objects alphabetically by name
"systemAlpha"	Sort objects alphabetically by parent system name
"depth"	Sort objects by depth in the model hierarchy, where a subsystem is preceded by the subsystem that contains it. For an example, see "Sort Simulink® Objects by Depth" on page 8-280.

Output Arguments

sortedList — Sorted list

string array | handle array | search result object array

Sorted list, returned as a string array, handle array, or search result object array. The returned array is the same type as objectList.

Version History

Introduced in R2022b

See Also

```
slreportgen.utils.sortSystems|slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks|find_system|
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder|slreportgen.finder.SignalFinder
```

slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks

Package: slreportgen.utils

Sort Simulink and Stateflow blocks

Syntax

```
sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks(unsortedBlocks)
sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks(unsortedBlocks,sortMethod)
```

Description

sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks(unsortedBlocks) sorts the elements in unsortedBlocks alphabetically by name. You must load the models that contain the blocks before using the sortBlocks function. The function ignores and excludes invalid elements.

sortedList = slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks(unsortedBlocks,sortMethod) uses
sortMethod to sort the elements in unsortedBlocks.

Examples

Sort Simulink[®] Blocks from Left to Right

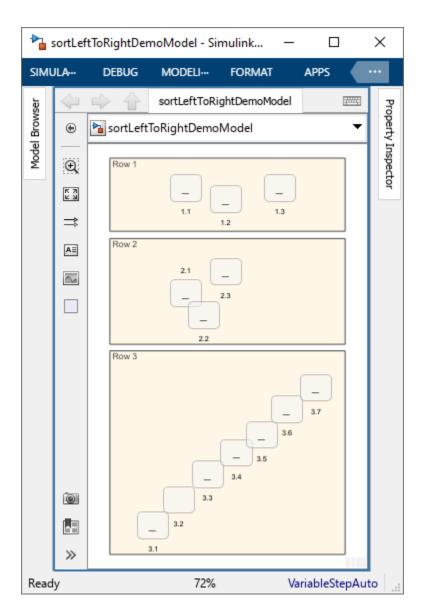
This example shows how to use the slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks function to sort model blocks by their location in the model layout from left to right.

Import these packages so you do not have to use long, fully qualified function and class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
```

Open and observe the model to see how the blocks are divided to rows and how each row is sorted from left to right.

```
model_name = "sortLeftToRightDemoModel";
open_system(model_name);
```



Use an slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder object to find the block elements in the model. Save the list of blocks in the variable unsortedBlocks.

unsortedBlocks = find(BlockFinder(model_name));

Use the slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks function to sort the blocks with the sorting method leftToRight, and display the names of the sorted blocks. Verify that the blocks are sorted correctly.

```
sortedBlocks = sortBlocks(unsortedBlocks,"leftToRight");
disp([sortedBlocks.Name]');
```

"1.1" "1.2" "1.3" "2.1" "2.2" "2.3"

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- "3.1" "3.2" "3.3" "3.4" "3.5" "3.6"
- "3.7"

Sort Simulink[®] Blocks from Top to Bottom

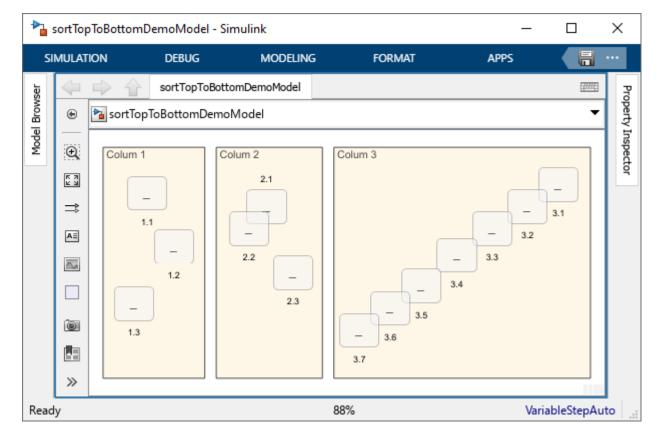
This example shows how to use the slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks function to sort model blocks by their location in the model layout from top to bottom.

Import these packages so you do not have to use long, fully qualified function and class names.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
```

Open and observe the model to see how the blocks are divided to columns, and how each column is sorted from top to bottom.

```
model_name = "sortTopToBottomDemoModel";
open_system(model_name);
```



Use an slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder object to find the block elements in the model. Save the list of blocks in the variable unsortedBlocks.

unsortedBlocks = find(BlockFinder(model_name));

Use the slreportgen.utils.sortBlocks function to sort the blocks with the sorting method topToBottom, and display the names of the sorted blocks. Verify that the blocks are sorted correctly.

```
sortedBlocks = sortBlocks(unsortedBlocks,"topToBottom");
disp([sortedBlocks.Name]');
```

"1.1" "1.2" "2.1" "2.2" "3.1" "3.2" "3.3" "3.4" "3.5" "3.6" "3.7"

Input Arguments

unsortedBlocks — List of blocks to sort

string array | handle array | search result object array

List of Simulink and Stateflow blocks to sort, specified as one of these values:

Value	Example	ľ
String array of block paths	<pre>unsortedBlocks = ["slrgex_f14/Actuator Mode "slrgex_f14/Aircraft Dynamics Mode "slrgex_f14/alpha (rad)"];</pre>	del
Array of block handles	<pre>load_system("slrgex_f14"); unsortedList = find_system("slrgex_f14", findall=true,type="block");</pre>	
Search result object array, returned by DiagramFinder, BlockFinder, and ChartDiagramFinder objects of the slreportgen.finder package	<pre>import slreportgen.finder.* load_system("slrgex_sf_car"); load_system("slrgex_f14"); diagFinder = DiagramFinder("slrgex_f14"); blockFinder = BlockFinder("slrgex_sf_car"); unsortedBlocks = [find(diagFinder),find(blockFinde</pre>	÷r)]

sortMethod — Method for sorting

```
"alphabetical" | "systemAlpha" | "fullPathAlpha" | "blockType" | "depth" |
"leftToRight" | "topToBottom" | "runtime"
```

Method for sorting, specified as one of these values:

Value	Description
"alphabetical"	Sort blocks alphabetically by name.

Value	Description
"systemAlpha"	Sort blocks alphabetically by parent system name.
"fullPathAlpha"	Sort blocks alphabetically by full block path.
"blockType"	Sort blocks alphabetically by block type.
"depth"	Sort blocks by depth in the model hierarchy, where a subsystem is preceded by the subsystem that contains it.
"leftToRight"	Sort objects by their location in the model layout using rows from left to right. A row of blocks in the model is a subgroup of blocks that are positioned between two horizontal lines. A minimal row is a row that cannot be divided to subrows.
	The algorithm first groups the blocks to minimal rows and sorts each row from left to right. The algorithm then concatenates the sorted rows from top to bottom.
	For an example, see "Sort Simulink® Blocks from Left to Right" on page 8-283.
"topToBottom"	Sort objects by their location in the model layout using columns from top to bottom. A column of blocks in the model is a subgroup of blocks that are positioned between two vertical lines. A minimal column is a column that cannot be divided into subcolumns.
	The algorithm first groups the blocks to minimal columns and sorts each column from top to bottom. The algorithm then concatenates the sorted columns from left to right.
	For an example, see "Sort Simulink® Blocks from Top to Bottom" on page 8-285.
"runtime"	Sort only the nonvirtual blocks in model that contains the first block in the unsortedBlocks list, by their order of execution. Virtual blocks and blocks that are not in the model of the first block are appended to the end, unsorted. Blocks in multitasking systems are grouped by the task in which they execute.

Output Arguments

sortedList — Sorted list

string array | handle array | search result object array

Sorted list, returned as a string array, handle array, or search result object array. The returned array is the same type as unsortedList.

Version History

Introduced in R2022b

See Also

```
slreportgen.utils.sortSystems|slreportgen.utils.sortObjects|find_system|
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder
```